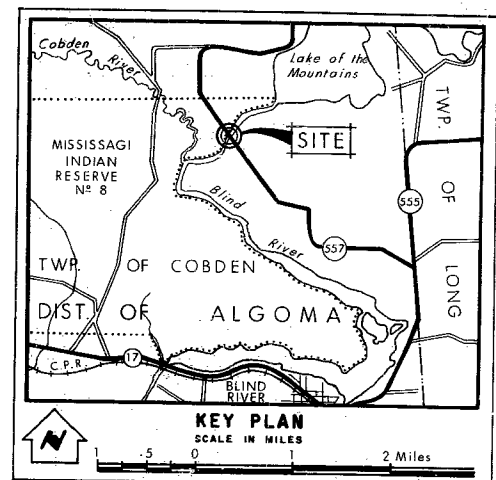
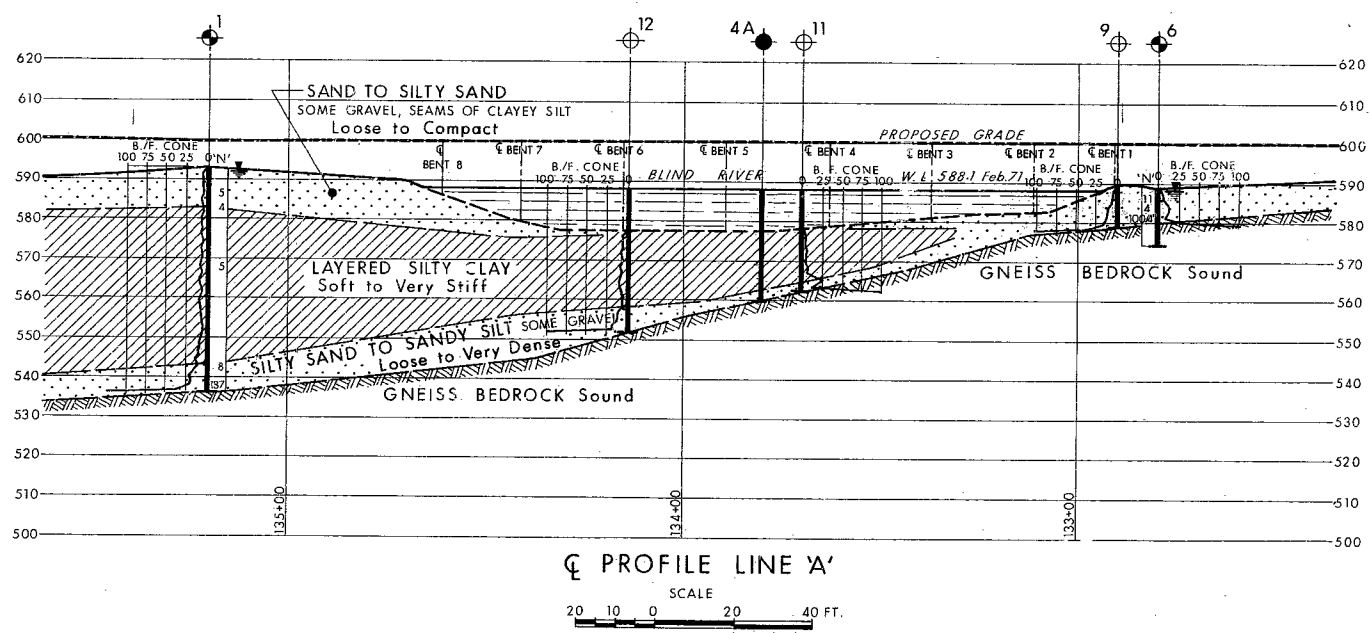
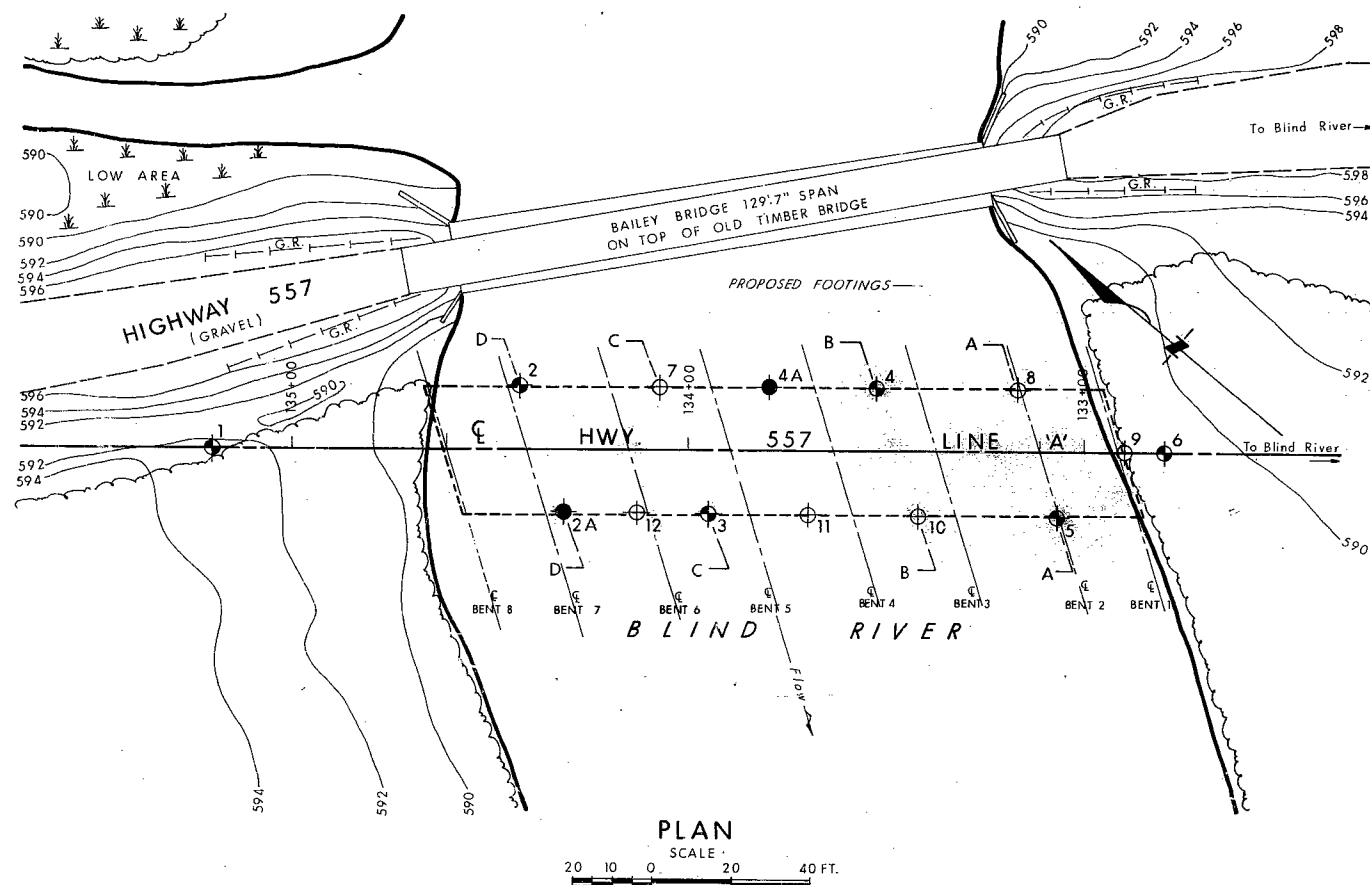
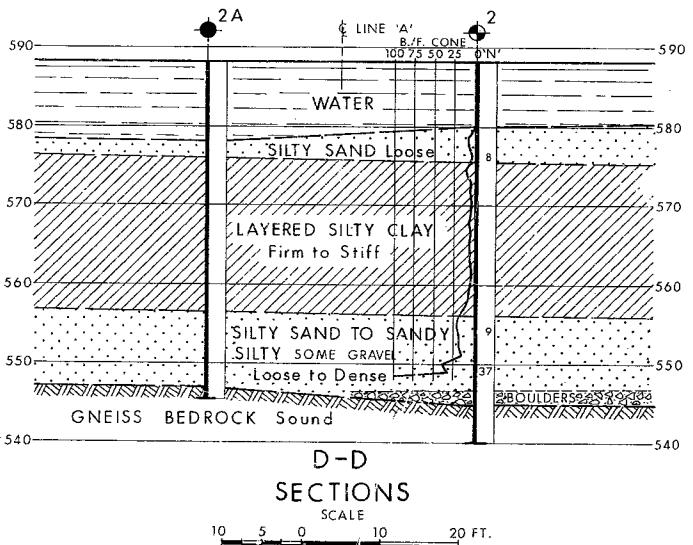
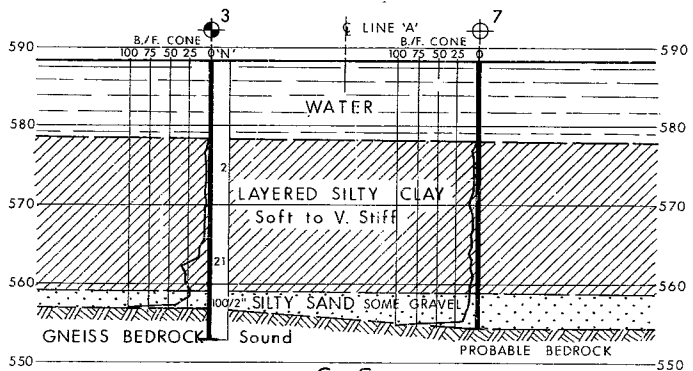
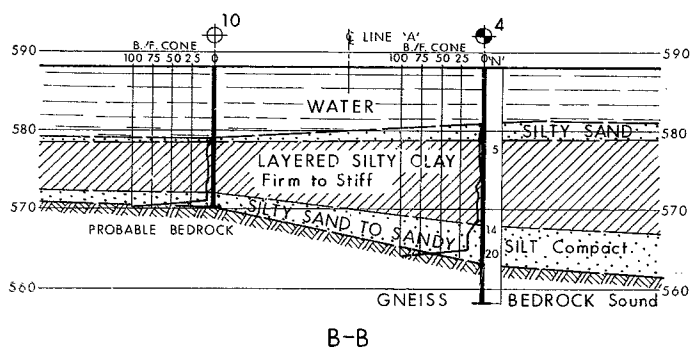
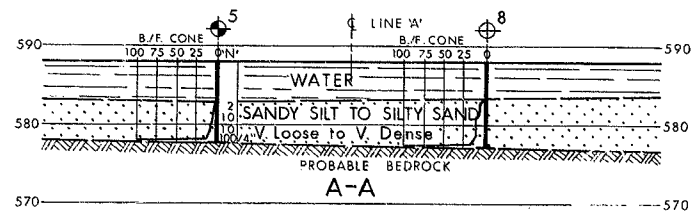


CONT. 73-84

HWY. 557 &

BLIND RIVER

41J-19



- LEGEND**
- Bore Hole
 - ⊕ Cone Penetration Hole
 - ⊕ Bore & Cone Penetration Hole
 - Water Levels established at time of field investigation, Feb. 1971

NO.	ELEVATION	STATION	OFFSET
1	593.5	135+20	10' LT.
2	580.0	134+43	16' RT.
2A	578.0	134+31	16' LT.
3	578.3	133+95	16' LT.
4	581.0	133+53	16' RT.
4A	578.0	133+80	16' RT.
5	583.0	133+07	16' LT.
6	589.9	132+80	Q
7	578.0	134+07	16' RT.
8	583.5	133+17	16' RT.
9	589.0	132+90	Q
10	579.0	133+42	16' LT.
11	578.5	133+70	16' LT.
12	577.5	134+13	16' LT.

NOTE
The boundaries between soil strata have been established only at Bore Hole locations. Between Bore Holes the boundaries are assumed from geological evidence and may be subject to considerable error.

REVISIONS	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS - ONTARIO
MATERIALS & TESTING OFFICE - FOUNDATION SECTION

BLIND RIVER

KING'S HIGHWAY NO. 557 LINE 'A' DIST. NO. 8
Dist. of ALGOMA MISSISSAGI INDIAN RESERVE
TWP. COBDEN LOT 4 CON. IV

BORE HOLE LOCATIONS & SOIL STRATA

SUBM'D. S.A. CHECKED *[Signature]* W.P. NO. 202-66 M.B.T. DRAWING NO.
DRAWN *[Signature]* CHECKED *[Signature]* JOB NO. 71-11012 71-11012A
DATE March 16, 1971 SITE NO. BRIDGE DRAWING NO.
APPROVED *[Signature]* CONT. NO.

PRINT RECORD	NO.	FOR	DATE

REF. NO. E-4497-1

GEORES. NO. 413-19

MEMORANDUM

To: Mr. B. R. Davis,
Bridge Engineer,
Bridge Office,
Admin. Bldg.

From: Foundation Section,
Materials & Testing Office,
Room 107, Lab. Bldg.

ATTENTION: Mr. S. McCombie

DATE: March 24, 1971

OUR FILE REF.

IN REPLY TO

APR 2 1971

41 J - 19

CEILING No.

SUBJECT:

FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION REPORT
For
Proposed Structure
At the
Crossing of Hwy. #557 (Line 'A')
And Blind River
District No. 17 (Sudbury)
W.O. 71-11012 -- W.P. 202-66-02
CONT-73-84

BLIND RIV. BR. 3.7 mi N. of Hwy 17

Attached, we are forwarding to you our detailed foundation investigation report on the subsoil conditions existing at the above structure site.

We believe that the factual data and recommendations contained therein, will prove adequate for your design requirements. Should additional information be required, please feel free to contact our Office.

AGS/MdEF
Attech.

cc: Messrs. B. R. Davis
F. G. Allen
D. W. Farren
H. McArthur
J. M. Childs
J. C. McAllister (2)
E. R. Saint
B. J. Giroux
B. A. Singh

Althman
A. G. Stermac
PRINCIPAL FOUNDATION ENGINEER

Foundations Files
Gen. Files

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-

FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION REPORT
For
Proposed Structure
At the
Crossing of Hwy. #557 (Line 'A')
And Blind River
District No. 17 (Sudbury)
W.O. 71-11012 -- W.P. 202-66-02

1. INTRODUCTION:

The Foundation Section was requested to carry out a subsurface investigation at the proposed structure crossing of Hwy. #557 (Line 'A') and Blind River, in Cobden Township, District of Algoma. This structure is to replace the existing one. The request was contained in a memo from Northern Regional Bridge Office (Mr. J. C. McAllister, Regional Bridge Planning Supervisor), dated February 4, 1971. Subsequently an investigation was carried out by this Section to determine the subsoil, bedrock and groundwater conditions at the site.

The factual information obtained from the investigation is presented in this report, together with our recommendations pertaining to the design of the structure foundations and related earthworks.

2. DESCRIPTION OF THE SITE AND GEOLOGY:

The site is located at the intersection of Hwy. #557 (Line 'A') and Blind River, about 2.5 miles west of Sec. Hwy. #555 and about 5 miles northwest of the Town of Blind River, in Cobden Township, District of Algoma. The ground surface in this area consists generally of a rolling topography. The area is heavily wooded with scattered cottages and cabins. West of the river is the Mississagi Indian Reserve. The river starts its flow from the Lake of the Mountains, which is directly north of the site.

2. DESCRIPTION OF THE SITE AND GEOLOGY: (cont'd.) ...

The river channel, at the crossing, is approximately 170 ft. wide and 15 ft. deep. The water level in the river, on February 17, 1971, was found to be at elevation 588 - i.e., it is some 10 feet deep. There is an existing structure at the crossing, the pertinent details of which will be discussed in Section #6.

Geologically, the area is in the Precambrian Shield, which consists of crystalline rocks over 1 billion years old. The area has been deeply buried in the earth's crust and the rocks have been highly metamorphosed or changed by intense heat and pressure. The characteristic bedrock belongs to the Gowganda formation, which is a peculiarly heterogeneous assemblage of conglomerates of various soils, greywacke, impure quartzite, and even a little siliceous limestone. The different rock types merge imperceptively into each other. Two major faults have been recorded to exist in this vicinity.

The bedrock in the immediate vicinity is generally overlain by geologically recent deposits of clays and silts of lacustrine origin.

3. FIELD AND LABORATORY WORK:

A total of 8 boreholes was carried out during the course of the field investigation; all were accompanied by a dynamic cone penetration test. In addition, five dynamic cone penetration tests were also carried out to delineate the subsoil and bedrock boundaries more accurately. The boreholes and the dynamic cone penetration tests were advanced by means of a diamond drill rig adapted for soil sampling purposes.

Samples of the overburden were obtained at required depths in a 2-inch O.D. split-spoon sampler which was hammered into the soil in accordance with the specifications for the Standard Penetration Test. The same method was used to advance

3. FIELD AND LABORATORY WORK: (cont'd.) ...

the dynamic cone penetration tests. In addition, 2-inch I.D. Shelby tube samples were obtained in the cohesive stratum; the tubes were pushed manually into the soil. Field vane tests were carried out in order to determine the undrained shear strength of the subsoil.

Bedrock was proven by obtaining BX and AXT size rock core samples in 5 boreholes. During sampling and drilling operations, detailed logs of the boring were made; these logs contain a record of the drilling and sampling techniques used, together with the soil and bedrock types encountered.

The location and elevation of all the boreholes are shown on Drawing #71-11012A, together with a number of estimated stratigraphical sections across the site. Surveying at the site was carried out by the personnel from the Department of Highways, Sudbury District. The elevations given in this report are referred to a geodetic datum.

All samples were subjected to a careful visual examination in the field and subsequently in the laboratory. Following this examination, laboratory testing was carried out on selected representative samples to determine the following physical properties of the overburden:

- Natural Moisture Content
- Atterberg Limits
- Bulk Density
- Grain-Size Distribution
- Undrained Shear Strength
- Consolidation Characteristics

The results of these tests are plotted on the Record of Borelog sheets as well as on the figures in the Appendix.

4. SUBSOIL AND BEDROCK CONDITIONS:

4.1) General:

The surficial deposit across the site is generally composed of a loose to compact silty sand to sandy silt varying from 1 to 10 feet in thickness. Beneath the river bed, as well as along the west bank, the granular deposit is underlain by a soft to very stiff layered silty clay stratum, which ranges from 11 to 39.5 feet in thickness. Where encountered, the cohesive stratum is underlain by a 2 to 11 foot thick deposit composed of a loose to very dense silty sand to sandy silt.

The overburden sequence is underlain by a sound metamorphic gneiss bedrock.

The boundaries of the various deposits are shown on the accompanying borelog sheets. Estimated stratigraphical sections across the site are shown on Drawing No. W.O. 71-11012A.

The various soil and bedrock types encountered are as follows:

4.2) Silty Sand to Sandy Silt - Upper Deposit:

A surficial deposit of loose to compact ('N' values 2 to 11 blows/ft.) silty sand to sandy silt with a trace to some gravel was encountered along the east and west river banks. This deposit extends out onto the river bed; it was not encountered, however, in the central deeper portion of the river channel. The thickness of the deposit varies from 1 to 10 feet. Occasional seams of clayey silt, up to 2" in thickness, are present throughout the deposit. Grain-size distribution testing was carried out on typical samples of this deposit. The results are plotted on Figure No. 1 in Appendix I.

4.3) Silty Clay (Layered):

Along the west bank of the river the surficial granular deposit is underlain by a layered silty clay stratum. This stratum extends out into the river channel; it is absent, however,

4. SUBSOIL AND BEDROCK CONDITIONS: (cont'd.) ...

4.3) Silty Clay (Layered): (cont'd.) ...

along the east bank. Where encountered, the thickness of the cohesive stratum varies from 11 (B.H. #4) to 39.5 feet (B.H. #1); it generally increases in a westerly direction. The individual layers, which vary from 1/4 to 1 inch in thickness, are distinguished by colour, varying from red-brown to light grey to dark grey. The gradational composition of the individual layers is quite similar. Some clayey silt inclusions were encountered in B.H. #1.

The engineering properties of the layered silty clay stratum, which are plotted on the Record of Borelog sheets, are also summarized in tabular form as follows:

4. SUBSOIL AND BEDROCK CONDITIONS: (cont'd.) ...

4.3) Silty Clay (Layered): (cont'd.) ...

Identity Tests:

Range

Bulk Density (p.c.f.)	(γ)	110 - 124
Liquid Limit (%)	(W_L)	20 - 45
Plastic Limit (%)	(W_P)	14 - 22
Natural Moisture Content (%)	(W)	25 - 49
Liquidity Index	(W_L)	1.0 - 1.5

Compressibility Characteristics:

Initial Void Ratio	(e_o)	Two Tests (((0.9 - 1.3
Compression Index	(C_c)		0.4 - 0.7
Degree of Preconsolidation (p.s.f.)	($P_c - P_o'$)		3,600

Undrained Shear Strength (C_u)
(p.s.f.)

- Field Vanes	800 - 1,120
- Lab. Tests	437 - 935

Standard Penetration Resistance ('N')
(blows/ft.)

2 - 21

Sensitivity (S_t)

5.5 - 9.5

4. SUBSOIL AND BEDROCK CONDITIONS: (cont'd.) ...

4.3) Silty Clay (Layered): (cont'd.) ...

The Atterberg limit test results, given in the table, are also summarized on the Plasticity Chart, Fig. #2. The testing indicates that the cohesive subsoil is inorganic with the plasticity generally in the intermediate range.

The field and laboratory undrained shear strength testing results indicate that the consistency of the clayey silt to silty clay varies from soft to stiff.

The consolidation characteristics of the subsoil were determined by carrying out three laboratory oedometer tests, the results of which are shown as Void Ratio vs. Pressure plots on Fig. #3. The results of these tests indicate that the cohesive stratum is preconsolidated by about 3,600 p.s.f. in excess of the existing overburden pressure.

4.4) Silty Sand to Sandy Silt - Lower Deposit:

The layered silty clay stratum, where encountered, is underlain by a deposit composed of a loose to very dense ('N' values between 8 and 187 blows/ft.) silty sand to sandy silt with a trace to some gravel. The thickness of this deposit varies randomly from 2 to 10 feet. At a few of the boring locations a bouldery zone is present near the base of the granular deposit. This zone is generally about 2 to 3 feet thick; the boulders encountered were up to 4 inches in size.

4.5) Bedrock:

Bedrock was established at B.H.'s 2, 2A, 3, 4 and 6 by obtaining up to 6.5 ft. of either AXT or BX size rock core samples. The bedrock was encountered at depths which vary from 9 feet to 57 feet below ground surface or the river bed - i.e., between elevations 581 and 537. As indicated on Drawing No. W.O. 71-11012A the surface of the bedrock dips in a westerly direction.

4. SUBSOIL AND BEDROCK CONDITIONS: (cont'd.) ...

4.5) Bedrock: (cont'd.) ...

The bedrock is composed of a grey metamorphosed gneiss with inclusions of meta-greywacke and meta-arkose. The bedrock is sound as indicated by the high percentage of core recovered.

5. GROUNDWATER CONDITIONS:

In order to establish the groundwater level across the site, water level observations were carried out, during the period of field investigation, in the open boreholes. These observations indicated that the groundwater level, encountered along the banks of the river, varied from elevation 589 to 591, which is within 1 foot of the ground surface. The river water level, at the time of investigation, was found to be at elev. 588; the water is up to 10 feet deep at this location.

6. EXISTING STRUCTURE:

The existing structure is a steel and timber Bailey Bridge (single span 129.6 ft.), constructed on top of the old timber bridge foundations. The exact type of foundations used in either of the two structures is not known.

The profile grade of Hwy. #557, in the vicinity of the structure, varies from elevation 590 to 592. The heights of the existing east and west approach embankments are of the order of 8 and 6 feet, respectively. The slopes of the approaches in the transverse and longitudinal directions are of the order of 2:1.

In general, the approaches appear to be performing satisfactorily. The structure, however, is in a state of poor repair. Signs posted on either end of the bridge warn that the vehicular traffic over the structure is restricted to a 5-ton total capacity.

7. DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

7.1) General:

It is proposed to construct a new structure at the crossing of Hwy. #557 (Line 'A') and Blind River, approximately 60 ft. south of the existing bridge about 5 miles northwest of the Town of Blind River, in Cobden Township, District of Algoma. The present proposal calls for either a three-span (30'-50'-30') structure with capped steel pile piers and concrete beams, or timber trestle, six spans 22 ft. each with composite laminated timber concrete deck. In both cases, the width of the structure will be of the order of 32 ft. The proposed profile grade of Hwy. #557 (Line 'A') in the vicinity of the new structure, is at elev. 600. At this grade the maximum height of the approach fills will be of the order of 22 feet.

The surficial deposit across the site is composed of a 1 to 10-foot thick deposit of loose to compact silty sand to sandy silt. Beneath the river bed as well as along the west bank, the granular deposit is underlain by a soft to very stiff layered silty clay which ranges from 11 to 39.5 feet in thickness. Where encountered, the cohesive stratum is underlain by a 2 to 11-foot thick deposit of loose to very dense silty sand to sandy silt. The overburden sequence is underlain by a sound metamorphic gneiss bedrock which dips in a westerly direction across the site.

As mentioned elsewhere, two possible schemes may be considered at the crossing of Hwy. #557 (Line 'A') and Blind River, and the foundation recommendations pertaining to respective structure proposals will be discussed in detail in the sub-sections to follow.

7.2) Structure Foundations:

7.2.1) Three-span Structure (Scheme I):

Piers - (refer to E.H.'s #2, 4, 7 and 10) -

The piers can be founded on end-bearing piles driven to bedrock. For estimating purposes, it can be assumed that the

7. DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS: (cont'd.) ...

7.2) Structure Foundations: (cont'd.) ...

7.2.1) Three-span Structure (Scheme I): (cont'd.) ...

Piers - (refer to B.H.'s #3, 4, 7 and 10) - (cont'd.) ...

pile tips for the east and west piers will be as follows:

East Pier -- Elev. 563 - Elev. 570

West Pier -- Elev. 554 - Elev. 557

Allowable loads will depend on the pile section chosen - (e.g., 12 BP 74 steel H-piles may be designed for 95 tons/pile).

East Abutment - (refer to B.H. #5) -

At the east abutment location sound bedrock is located at a shallow depth below ground surface - elev. 578. The closed-type abutment can, therefore, be supported on spread footing bearing on or within sound bedrock. If the footing is founded as recommended, an allowable bearing value of up to 20 t.s.f. can be used in design.

West Abutment - (refer to B.H.'s #2 and 2A) -

At the west abutment location the presence of soft cohesive and loose granular deposits extending some 35 ft. above the bedrock, precludes the economical use of a spread footing type of foundation at a shallow depth. It is recommended, therefore, that this abutment be supported on end-bearing piles driven to sound bedrock surface at approximate elev. 545. Allowable loads will depend on the pile section chosen (e.g., 12 BP 74 steel H-piles may be designed for 95 tons/pile).

In all cases, the base of the pile caps should be located at least 7 ft. below the lowest river water level in order to provide adequate frost cover. No bouldery or rock fill should be used in areas where piles are to be driven.

7. DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS: (cont'd.) ...

7.2) Structure Foundations: (cont'd.) ...

7.2.1) Three-span Structure (Scheme I): (cont'd.) ...

A temporary dewatering scheme will be required to prevent water from the river flowing into pile cap excavations of the abutments located within the close proximity of the Blind River channel. A relatively impervious dyke located between the excavation and the river would be a suitable solution. This dyke could be composed of the locally available cohesive soil. Any minor seepage or surface run-off into the excavations could be controlled by pumping from sumps.

7.2.2) Timber Trestle (Scheme II):

As an alternative, a timber trestle, with six spans 22 feet each having a composite laminated timber concrete deck, may be considered at this crossing.

The bents for the timber trestle should be supported on end-bearing piles driven to the bedrock surface. Since the bedrock surface varies considerably over the general area, no attempt was made to estimate the pile tip elevations for the respective bents; however, these can be established by referring to Drawing #70-11012A. For piles driven to bedrock, a design load of 25 tons per #14 timber pile may be used. Due to the shallow depth to bedrock along the east side of the river channel pile bents should be located in such a manner that they will have minimum embedment of 10 ft. into the subsoil in order to provide adequate lateral support. If this cannot be achieved, it will be necessary to provide lateral and longitudinal bracings between the pile bents.

No bouldery or rock fill should be placed in areas where piles are to be driven.

7. DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS: (cont'd.) ...

7.3) Approach Fills:

The proposed approach fills will be about 22 ft. above the river bed in the longitudinal direction and approximately 10 ft. above the existing ground in the transverse direction.

Stability analyses have been carried out in terms of total stresses by the use of the electronic computer. In this approach the stability is governed by the applied loads and by the stress-strain and undrained characteristics of the foundation and embankment soils. The following parameters were assumed for various soil strata.

<u>Type of Soil</u>	<u>Bulk Density</u>	<u>Undrained Shear Strength (C_u)</u>	<u>ϕ</u>
Embankment Fill	125 p.c.f.	-	30°
Subsoil			
i) Sand (upper)	125 p.c.f.	-	30°
ii) Clay	110 p.c.f.	800 p.s.f.	-
iii) Sand (lower)	125 p.c.f.	-	30°

The computations indicate that the proposed embankments will be stable both in the longitudinal and transverse directions with standard 2:1 slopes.

The earth embankments within the confines of the Blind River, should be protected against scour action of the river; this protection should extend above the maximum high water level recorded. It is understood that recommendations pertaining to this will be presented by the Hydrology Section.

The compressible cohesive stratum beneath the sand layer will undergo settlement due to consolidation, over a period of time, under the weight of the west approach fill. It is estimated that the magnitude of this settlement could be about 6 to 8 inches; it should be realized in a period of about 10 years. In our

7. DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS: (cont'd.) ...

7.3) Approach Fills: (cont'd.) ...

estimate, 50% of this settlement should occur within a period of about 3 years. At the east approach fill location, the subsoil is mainly sand and the settlements will be elastic in nature. These will be negligible and take place during construction of the approach fills.

8. MISCELLANEOUS:

The field work, performed between February 16 - 27, 1971, was supervised by Mr. S. Ahmad, Project Foundation Engineer, who also prepared this report.

The investigation was carried out under the general supervision of Mr. M. Devata, Supervising Foundation Engineer, who also reviewed this report.

The equipment used was provided and operated by Canadian Longyear Co. Ltd., Toronto.

March, 1971

APPENDIX I

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS - ONTARIO

MATERIALS & TESTING OFFICE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No. 1

FOUNDATION SECTION

JOB 71-11012

LOCATION

Sta. 135 + 20 o/s 10' Lt. Line A

ORIGINATED BY

SAA

W.P. 202-66-02

BORING DATE

Feb. 26, 1971

COMPILED BY

SAA

DATUM Geodetic

BOREHOLE TYPE

Diamond Drill - Washboring

CHECKED BY

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE BLOWS / FOOT					LIQUID LIMIT --- W _L PLASTIC LIMIT --- W _P WATER CONTENT --- W			BULK DENSITY γ	REMARKS
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS / FOOT		20	40	60	80	100	W _p	W	W _L		
593.5	Ground Level															
592.5	Topsoil															GR. SA. SI. CL.
1.0	Sand to silty sand, occ. seams of clayey silt. Loose		1	SS	5	590										WL in open BH Feb. 26/71
583.0	Brown															
10.5	Layered silty clay with inclusions of clayey silt Firm		3	TW	PM	580										0 9 75 16
	Red-Brown, light Grey and Dark Grey		4	TW	PM	570									124	
			5	SS	5											
			6	TW	PM	560									107.5	0 0 40 60 0 0 53 47
			7	TW	PM											
			8	TW	PM	550									111.5	
			9	TW	PM											
543.5																
50.0	Silty sand to sandy silt with some gravel Loose to Very Dense Grey		10	SS	8	540										7 33 58 2
536.5			11	SS	187											8 57 28 7
57.0	Probable Bedrock End of Borehole					530										

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS- ONTARIO
MATERIALS & TESTING OFFICE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No. 2

FOUNDATION SECTION

JOB 71-11012 LOCATION Sta. 134 + 42 o/s 16' Rt. Line A ORIGINATED BY SAA
W.P. 202-66 02 BORING DATE Feb. 22/71 COMPILED BY SAA
DATUM Geodetic BOREHOLE TYPE Diamond Drill - Washboring CHECKED BY

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE					LIQUID LIMIT — W _L PLASTIC LIMIT — W _P WATER CONTENT — W			BULK DENSITY γ	REMARKS			
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/FOOT		BLOWS / FOOT					SHEAR STRENGTH P.S.F.					WATER CONTENT %		
							20	40	60	80	100	○ UNCONFINED ● QUICK TRIAXIAL	+ FIELD VANE x LAB. VANE	W _P				W	W _L
							400	800	1200	1600	2000								
588.1	River Level														P.C.F.	GR. SA. SI. CL.			
	Water																		
580.0																			
0.0	Silty sand with seams of clayey silt up to 2". Loose. Grey		1	SS	8														
4.5	Layered silty clay Firm to Stiff		2	TW	PM														
			3	TW	PM														
			4	TW	PM														
	Red-brown, Light Grey and Dark Grey		5	TW	PM														
556.0																			
24.0	Silty sand to sandy silt with some gravel Loose to Dense Grey		6	SS	9														
			7	SS	37														
545.0	Boulders up to 2" size		8	AXT	16%														
35.0	Bedrock-Gneiss with inclusions of meta-greywacke & meta-arkose		9	AXT	85%														
540.0	Sound																		
40.0	End of Borehole																		



110

7 11 79 3

FOUNDATION SECTION

JOB	71-11012	LOCATION	Sta. 134 + 31 o/s 16' Lt. Line A	ORIGINATED BY	SAS
W.P.	202-56-02	BORING DATE	February 22, 1971	COMPILED BY	SAA
DATUM	Geodetic	BOREHOLE TYPE	Diamond Drill Washboring	CHECKED BY	

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE BLOWS / FOOT		LIQUID LIMIT ——— w_L PLASTIC LIMIT ——— w_p WATER CONTENT ——— w		BULK DENSITY γ P.C.F.	REMARKS
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLT	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS / FOOT		SHEAR STRENGTH P.S.F. ○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL X LAB. VANE		WATER CONTENT % w_p ——— w ——— w_L			
588.1	River Water Level											
	Water					580						
578.0												
576.0	Probable Silty Sand											
2.0												
	Probable layered silty clay					570						
	Firm to stiff											
	Red-brown, light grey and dark grey					560						
557.0												
21.0	Probable silty sand to sandy silt.											
	Loose to Dense											
	Grey					550						
545.5	Bedrock - Sound		1	BX	75%							
32.5	End of Borehole					540						

CHECKED BY *AK*

FOUNDATION SECTION

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE BLOWS / FOOT					LIQUID LIMIT ——— w_L PLASTIC LIMIT ——— w_p WATER CONTENT ——— w			BULK DENSITY γ P.C.F.	REMARKS
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLT	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS / FOOT		20	40	60	80	100	WATER CONTENT % w_p ——— w ——— w_L				
588.1	River Water Level						SHEAR STRENGTH P.S.F. ○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE 400 800 1200 1600 2000									
578.3	Water					580										
0.0	Layered silty clay Soft to Very Stiff Red-brown, light grey and dark grey		1 2 3 4 5	SS TW TW TW SS	2 PM PM PM 21	570	+ 55.5 + 55.5					○ ——— ○ ○ ——— ○			110	
559.3	Silty sand with some gravel		6	SS	100/2"	560	100/1"					○				0 0 40 60
551.1	Bedrock Gneiss with incs. of meta-greywacke and meta-arkose. Sound		7	BX	80%											
552.6	End of Borehole					550										

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS- ONTARIO
MATERIALS & TESTING OFFICE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No. 4

FOUNDATION SECTION

JOB 71-11012

LOCATION Sta. 133 + 53 16' Rt. Line A

ORIGINATED BY SAA

W.P. 202-66-02

BORING DATE Feb. 24 - 25, 1971

COMPILED BY SAA

DATUM Geodetic

BOREHOLE TYPE Diamond Drill - Washboring

CHECKED BY

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE					LIQUID LIMIT ——— w_L PLASTIC LIMIT ——— w_p WATER CONTENT ——— w			BULK DENSITY γ P.C.F.	REMARKS	
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLT	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS / FOOT		BLOWS / FOOT					SHEAR STRENGTH P.S.F.					WATER CONTENT % 20 40 60
							20	40	60	80	100	O UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB. VANE					
							400	800	1200	1600	2000						
568.1	River Water Level																
	Water																
581.0																	
579.0	Silty Sand Grey					580											
2.0	Layered silty clay Firm to Stiff		1	SS	5												
	Red-brown, light grey and dark grey		2	TW	PM												
			3	TW	PM												
568.0						570											
13.0	Silty sand to sandy silt.		4	SS	14												
563.0	Compact. Grey		5	SS	20												
18.0	Bedrock-Gneiss with inclusions of meta- greywacke & meta-arkose Sound		6	AXT	90%	560											
558.0																	
23.0	End of Borehole					550											

580

570

560

550

+ s6.6

+ s8.7

100/10"

0 0 50 50

0 32 68 0

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS- ONTARIO
MATERIALS & TESTING OFFICE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No. 4A

FOUNDATION SECTION

JOB 71-11012 LOCATION Sta. 133 + 80 o/s 16' Rt. Line A ORIGINATED BY SAA
 W.P. 200-66-02 BORING DATE February 24, 1971 COMPILED BY SAA
 DATUM Geodetic BOREHOLE TYPE Diamond Drill - Washboring CHECKED BY Y

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE		LIQUID LIMIT — W_L		BULK DENSITY γ	REMARKS
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/FOOT		BLOWS/FOOT	SHEAR STRENGTH P.S.F.	PLASTIC LIMIT — W_p	WATER CONTENT — W		
588.1	River Water Level											
	Water											
573.0						580						
0.0												
						570						
560.0						560						
18.0	Probable Bedrock End of Borehole											
						550						

FOUNDATION SECTION

ORIGINATED BY SAA

COMPILED BY SAA

CHECKED BY

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE		LIQUID LIMIT — w_L		BULK DENSITY	REMARKS
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLT	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS / FOOT		BLOWS / FOOT	20 40 60 80 100	PLASTIC LIMIT — w_p	WATER CONTENT — w		
589.9	Ground Surface											
0.0	Silty sand to sandy silt with some gravel, occ. seams of clayey silt. Loose to Compact.		1	SS	11							
580.6	Grey		2	SS	4							
0.3	Bedrock-Gneiss with inclusions of meta-greywacke & meta-arkose. Sound		3	SS	100/4"	580						
574.0			4	AXT	96%							
15.9	End of Borehole		5	AXT	90%							
						570						

FOUNDATION SECTION

CHECKED BY 

[illegible]

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS - ONTARIO
MATERIALS & TESTING OFFICE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No. 9

FOUNDATION SECTION

JOB 71-11012 LOCATION Sta. 132 + 90 E Hwy. 557 Line A ORIGINATED BY SAA
 W.P. 202-56-02 BORING DATE Feb. 17/71 COMPILED BY SAA
 DATUM Geodetic BOREHOLE TYPE Standard Penetration Test CHECKED BY AK

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE					LIQUID LIMIT — w_L		BULK DENSITY γ	REMARKS	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/FOOT	ELEV SCALE	BLOWS/FOOT	20	40	60	80	100			PLASTIC LIMIT — w_p
589.0	Ground Surface														
578.7	11.3 End of Cone Test Probable Bedrock														

SHEAR STRENGTH P.S.F.
 ○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE
 ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB. VANE

WATER CONTENT %
 w_p — w — w_L

P.C.F. GR. SA. SI. CL.

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS- ONTARIO
MATERIALS & TESTING OFFICE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No. 10

FOUNDATION SECTION

JOB 71-11012

LOCATION Sta. 133 + 42 o/s 16' Lt. Line A

ORIGINATED BY SAA

W.P. 202-66 - C2

BORING DATE February 18, 1971

COMPILED BY SAA

DATUM Geodetic

BOREHOLE TYPE Standard Penetration Test

CHECKED BY

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE		LIQUID LIMIT — w_L PLASTIC LIMIT — w_p WATER CONTENT — w		BULK DENSITY γ P.C.F.	REMARKS
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS / FOOT		SHEAR STRENGTH P.S.F. ○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB. VANE		WATER CONTENT % w_p — w — w_L			
	Water											
579.0	River Bed Surface											
0.0	Probable layered silty clay											
572.0	Firm											
570.1	Probable Silty Sand					570						
8.9	End of Cone Test Probable Bedrock					560						

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS- ONTARIO
MATERIALS & TESTING OFFICE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No. 11

FOUNDATION SECTION

JOB 71-11012 LOCATION Sta. 133 + 70 o/s 16' Lt. Line A ORIGINATED BY SAA
 W.P. 202-66-02 BORING DATE Feb. 18, 1971 COMPILED BY SAA
 DATUM Geodetic BOREHOLE TYPE Standard Penetration Test CHECKED BY SA

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE BLOWS / FOOT					LIQUID LIMIT ——— w_L PLASTIC LIMIT ——— w_p WATER CONTENT ——— w			BULK DENSITY γ P.C.F.	REMARKS GR. SA. SI. CL.
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS / FOOT		SHEAR STRENGTH P.S.F.					WATER CONTENT %				
	Water															
578.5	River Bed Surface															
563.2																
15.3	End of Cone Test Probable Bedrock															

570

560

100/3"

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS- ONTARIO
MATERIALS & TESTING OFFICE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No. 12

FOUNDATION SECTION

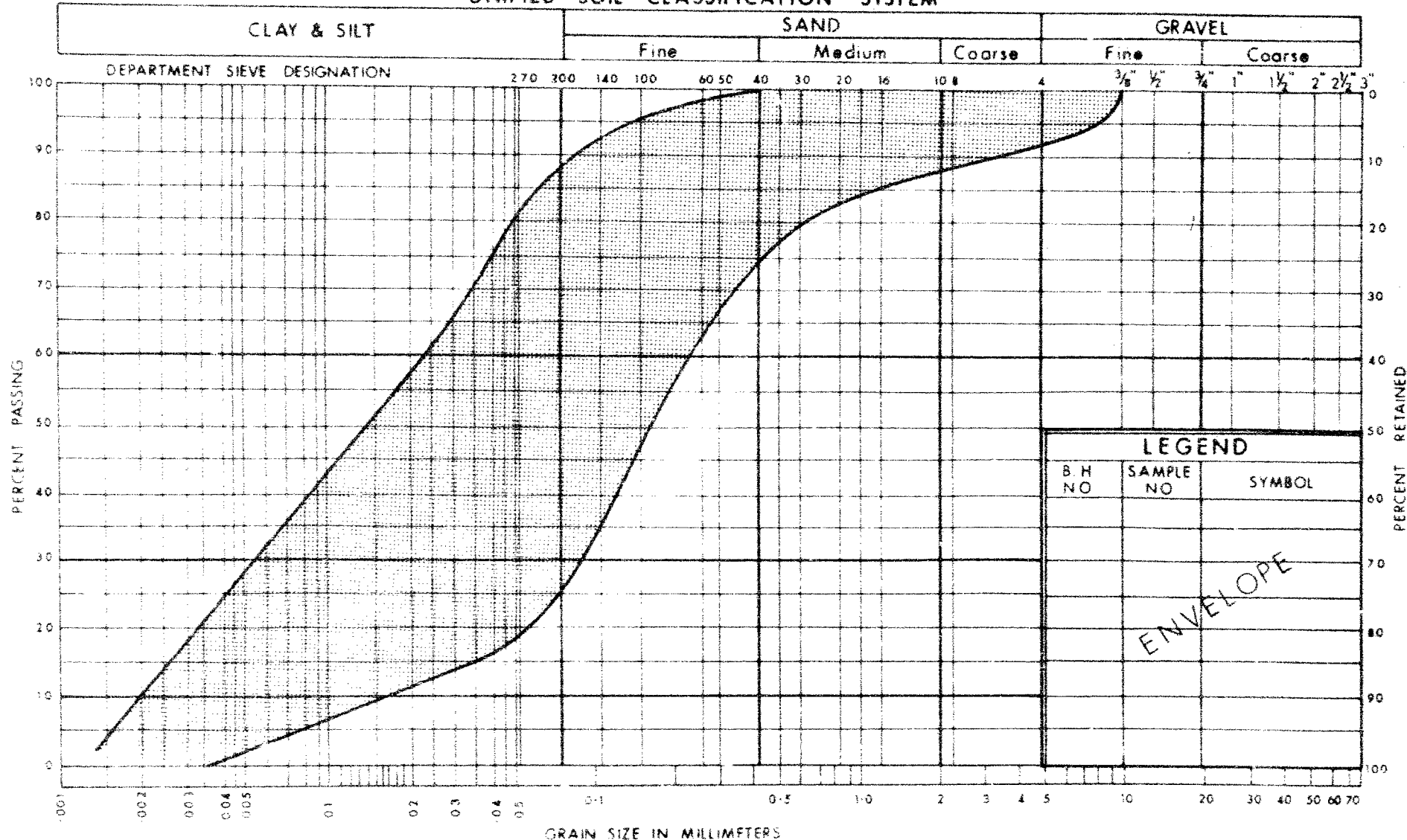
JOB 71-11012 LOCATION Sta. 134 + 13 o/s 16' Lt. Line A ORIGINATED BY SAA
 W.P. 202-06-02 BORING DATE Feb. 20, 1971 COMPILED BY SAA
 DATUM Geodetic BOREHOLE TYPE Standard Penetration Test CHECKED BY HL

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE					LIQUID LIMIT ——— w_L PLASTIC LIMIT ——— w_p WATER CONTENT ——— w			BULK DENSITY γ P.C.F.	REMARKS
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/FOOT		20	40	60	80	100	SHEAR STRENGTH P.S.F. ○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB. VANE				
583																
	Water															
577.5	River Bed Surface															
552.2																
25.3	End of Cone Test Probable Bedrock															

570
560
550

100/4"

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM



LEGEND

B.H. NO	SAMPLE NO	SYMBOL

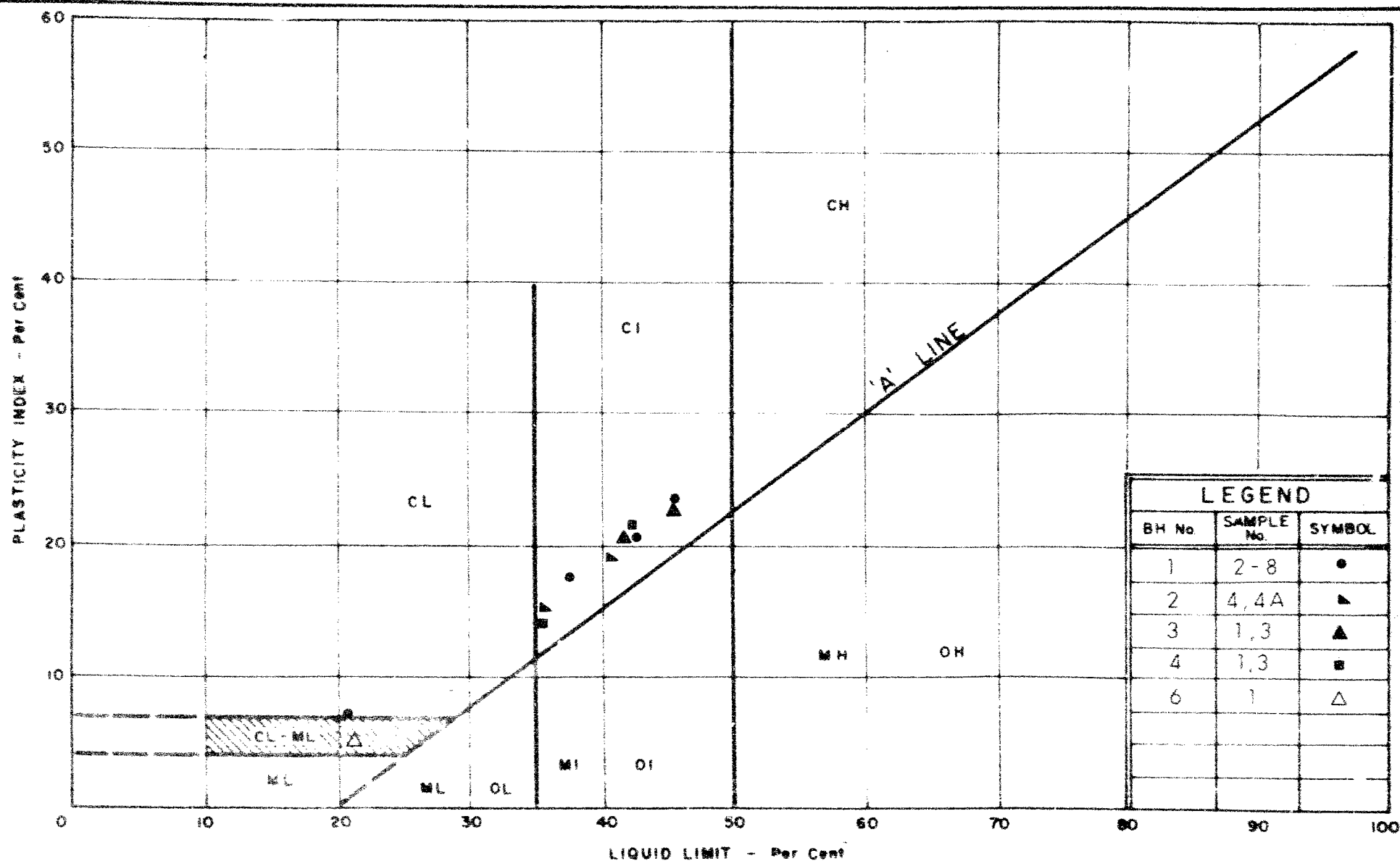
ENVELOPE



DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
MATERIALS and
TESTING
DIVISION

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION
SILTY SAND TO SANDY SILT
TRACE OF GRAVEL

W.P. No. 202-60-02
JOB No. 71-11012
FIG. NO. 1



DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
MATERIALS and
TESTING
DIVISION

PLASTICITY CHART LAYERED SILTY CLAY

WP No. 202-66-02

JOB No. 71-11012

FIG. NO. 2

VOID RATIO - PRESSURE CURVES

JOB NO. 71-11012

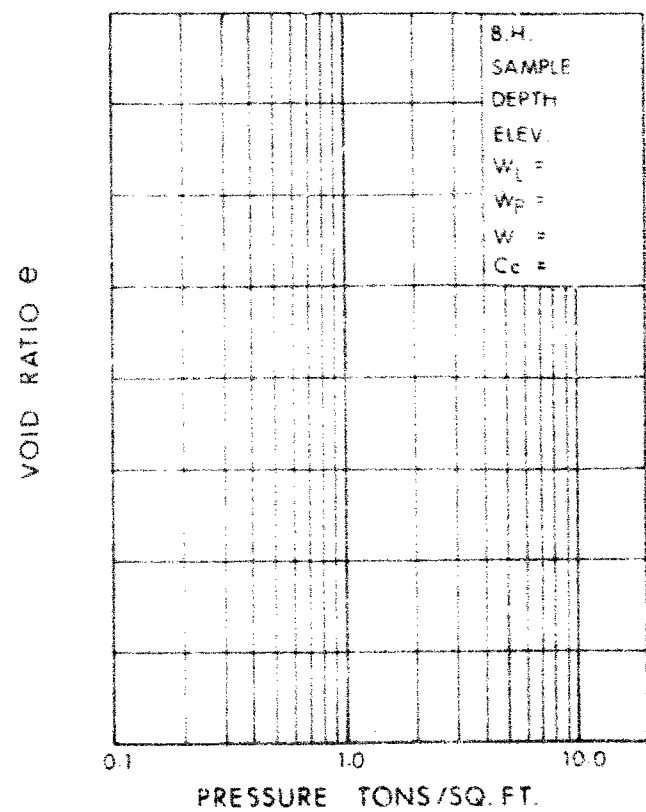
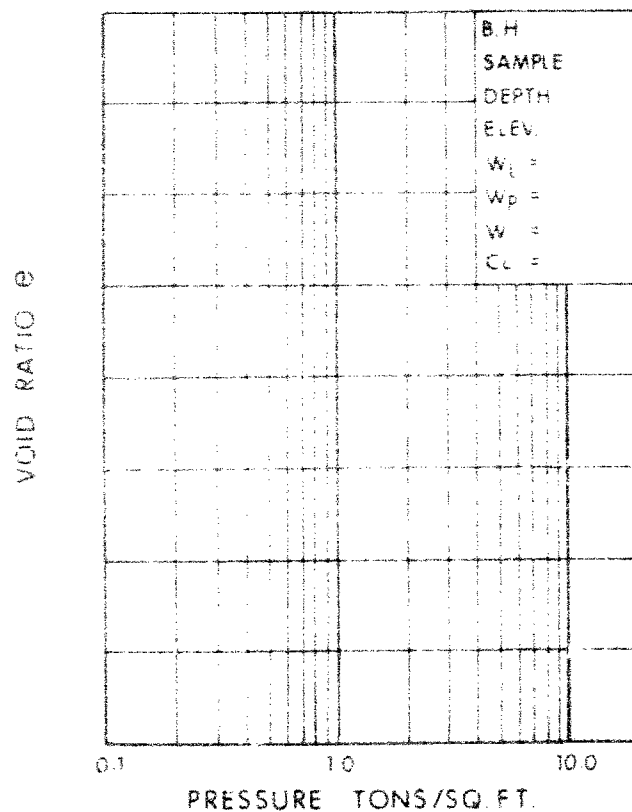
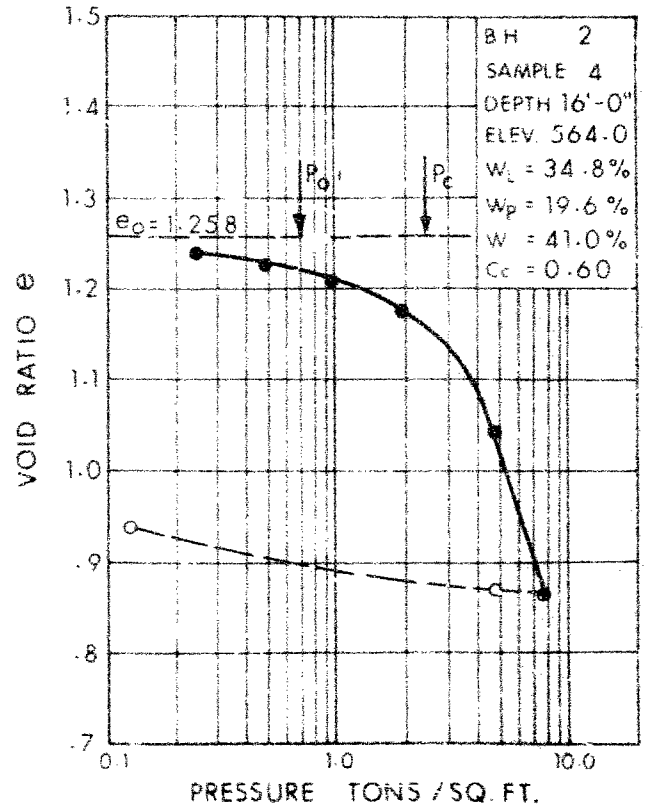
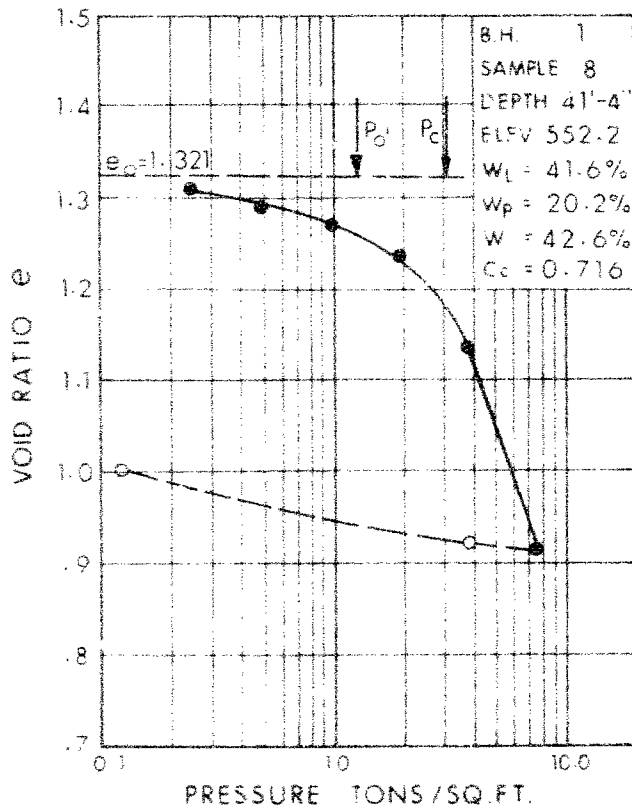


FIG. 3

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W.O. 71-11012 W.P. 202-66 CONT. 73-84 DIST. 18

SITE BLIND RIVER

DATE DRIVEN SEPT. 26 - OCT 9/73 WEIGHT OF ANVIL 1300 lb

HAMMER TYPE DROP HAMMER WEIGHT 2800 LB ENERGY 28 000 FT/LB

[illegible]

OVER

Form OB-KL-235
300 Pads - 61-6025DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS - ONTARIO
MATERIALS & RESEARCH DIVISION
FOUNDATION SECTION

BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION - PILE DRIVING RECORD

DISTRICT NO. 5 CONTRACT NO. 7384 STRUCTURE BLIND RIVER
 CONTRACTOR BAILEY CONSTRUCTION DESIGN LOAD OF PILE _____
 HAMMER DETAILS: TYPE DROP HAMMER WEIGHT 2800^{LB} HEIGHT OF FALL OR ENERGY 10'
WOODEN CUSHION ON STEEL
 TYPE OF ANVIL OR CAP BOUGLED WEIGHT OF ANVIL OR CAP 1300^{LB}
 PILE DETAILS: N^o 4 CREOSOTE TIMBER PILE 45.0
 PILE NO. 4 LOCATION BENT N^o 4 STA 133+62 DATE DRIVEN SEPT 26/73

TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.
45.0	1		26	1		51			76		
	2		27	11		52			77		
	3		28	11		53			78		
	4	1	29	12		54			79		
	5	1	30	10		55			80		
	6	1	31	11		56			81		
	7	1	32	12		57			82		
	8	1	33	16		58			83		
	9	1	34			59			84		
	10	2	35			60			85		
	11	2	36			61			86		
	12	2	37			62			87		
	13	1	38			63			88		
	14	2	39			64			89		
	15	3	40			65			90		
	16	3	41			66			91		
	17	3	42			67			92		
	18	3	43			68			93		
	19	3	44			69			94		
	20	4	45			70			95		
	21	4	46			71			96		
	22	4	47			72			97		
	23	5	48			73			98		
	24	5	49			74			99		
	25	5	50			75			100		

DETAILS FOR FINAL SIX INCHES OF PENETRATION	1	2	3	4	5	6
BLOWS PER INCH						9
MEASURED REBOUND IN INCHES						
FINAL LENGTH OF PILE	41.0					
FINAL CUT OFF ELEVATION	598.14					

REPORT TO BE SENT TO: - PRINCIPAL FOUNDATION ENGINEER
 MATERIALS & RESEARCH DIVISION
 DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
 PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS
 TORONTO, ONTARIO

SIGNED D.R. Cameron
 NAME (PRINT) D.R. CAMERON
 DATE SEPT. 26/73

ATTACH SKETCH OF PILE NUMBERING SYSTEM

WOODEN CUSHION ON STEEL
PILINGS

Notes:-

In general this form should be completed for every tenth pile in a group, but at least one is required for every pier and abutment.

Piles driven vertically should be selected where possible.

Pile Details must include type, dimensions and weight per foot, details of shoe, and slope of batter: e.g. 12 $\frac{3}{4}$ " O.D. steel tube x 0.251" @ 33 lbs. per ft. Vertical. 12 $\frac{3}{4}$ " x $\frac{1}{2}$ " steel plate shoe.

Details for the final six inches of penetration must be completed for all piles except in the case of an end bearing pile driven to bedrock. Final length of pile, and final cut off elevation must always be given.

The total length being driven is the full length of the pile and remains unchanged until a length is cut off or spliced on.

The penetration in blows per foot must be recorded for every foot of penetration of the pile.

Measured rebounds recorded on this form must be the average for each individual inch for the final six inches of penetration.

BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION - PILE DRIVING RECORD

DISTRICT NO. 13 CONTRACT NO. 73-84 STRUCTURE BLIND RIVER
 CONTRACTOR BAILEY CONSTRUCTION DESIGN LOAD OF PILE _____
 HAMMER DETAILS: TYPE DROP HAMMER WEIGHT 2800 HEIGHT OF FALL OR ENERGY 10'
 TYPE OF ANVIL OR CAP WOODEN CUSHION ON STEEL WEIGHT OF ANVIL OR CAP 1300 LB.
 PILE DETAILS N° 14 CROSOTE PILE
 PILE NO. 6 LOCATION PONT N° 3 STA 133+36 DATE DRIVEN SEPT 27/73

TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.
17	1	4	17	26	17	51				76	
	2	1		27	10 ING	52				77	
	3	4		28	NOT TO BED	53				78	
	4	4		29	ROCK	54				79	
	5	4		30		55				80	
	6	5		31		56				81	
	7	7		32		57				82	
	8	6		33		58				83	
	9	7		34		59				84	
	10	7		35		60				85	
	11	8		36		61				86	
	12	6		37		62				87	
	13	6		38		63				88	
	14	6		39		64				89	
	15	5		40		65				90	
	16	5		41		66				91	
	17	5		42		67				92	
	18	5		43		68				93	
	19	5		44		69				94	
	20	6		45		70				95	
	21	6		46		71				96	
	22	5		47		72				97	
	23	5		48		73				98	
	24	14		49		74				99	
	25	13		50		75				100	

DETAILS FOR FINAL SIX INCHES OF PENETRATION	1	2	3	4	5	6
BLOWS PER INCH						10
MEASURED REBOUND IN INCHES						
FINAL LENGTH OF PILE	34.8			FINAL CUT OFF ELEVATION		
				598.81		

REPORT TO BE SENT TO: - PRINCIPAL FOUNDATION ENGINEER
 MATERIALS & RESEARCH DIVISION
 DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
 PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS
 TORONTO, ONTARIO

SIGNED D.P. Cameron
 NAME (PRIN.) D.P. Cameron
 DATE SEPT 27/73

ATTACH SKETCH OF PILE NUMBERING SYSTEM

Notes:-

In general this form should be completed for every tenth pile in a group, but at least one is required for every pier and abutment.

Piles driven vertically should be selected where possible.

Pile Details must include type, dimensions and weight per foot, details of shoe, and slope of batter: e.g. 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ " O.D. steel tube x 0.251" @ 33 lbs. per ft. Vertical. 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ " x $\frac{1}{2}$ " steel plate shoe.

Details for the final six inches of penetration must be completed for all piles except in the case of an end bearing pile driven to bedrock. Final length of pile, and final cut off elevation must always be given.

The total length being driven is the full length of the pile and remains unchanged until a length is cut off or spliced on.

The penetration in blows per foot must be recorded for every foot of penetration of the pile.

Measured rebounds recorded on this form must be the average for each individual inch for the final six inches of penetration.

BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION - PILE DRIVING RECORD

DISTRICT NO. 18 CONTRACT NO. 73-84 STRUCTURE BAND RIVERCONTRACTOR BAILEY CONSTRUCTION DESIGN LOAD OF PILE _____HAMMER DETAILS: TYPE DROP HAMMER WEIGHT 2800 ^{LB} HEIGHT OF FALL OR ENERGY 10'TYPE OF ANVIL OR CAP WOODEN CUSHION ON STEEL WEIGHT OF ANVIL OR CAP 1300 ^{LB}PILE DETAILS N^o 14 CREOSOTE TIMBER PILE 12x14PILE NO. 6 LOCATION BENT N^o 2 Sta 133+10 DATE DRIVEN SEP. 28/73

TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.
25.0	1	1		26			51			76	
	2	3		27			52			77	
	3	3		28			53			78	
	4	3		29			54			79	
	5	7		30			55			80	
	6	10		31			56			81	
	7	10		32			57			82	
	8	9		33			58			83	
	9	7		34			59			84	
	10	7		35			60			85	
	11	8		36			61			86	
	12	7		37			62			87	
	13	13		38			63			88	
	14	16 IN G		39			64			89	
	15	DRIVEN TO		40			65			90	
	16	BEG ROCK		41			66			91	
	17			42			67			92	
	18			43			68			93	
	19			44			69			94	
	20			45			70			95	
	21			46			71			96	
	22			47			72			97	
	23			48			73			98	
	24			49			74			99	
	25			50			75			100	

DETAILS FOR FINAL SIX INCHES OF PENETRATION	1	2	3	4	5	6
BLOWS PER INCH						16
MEASURED REBOUND IN INCHES						
FINAL LENGTH OF PILE	21.9					FINAL CUT OFF ELEVATION 598.83

REPORT TO BE SENT TO: - PRINCIPAL FOUNDATION ENGINEER
MATERIALS & RESEARCH DIVISION
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS
TORONTO, ONTARIO

SIGNED D. P. Cameron
NAME (PRINT) D. P. CAMERON
DATE SEPT. 28/73

ATTACH SKETCH OF PILE NUMBERING SYSTEM

Notes:-

In general this form should be completed for every tenth pile in a group, but at least one is required for every pier and abutment.

Piles driven vertically should be selected where possible.

Pile Details must include type, dimensions and weight per foot, details of shoe, and slope of batter: e.g. 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ " O.D. steel tube x 0.251" @ 33 lbs. per ft. Vertical. 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ " x $\frac{1}{2}$ " steel plate shoe.

Details for the final six inches of penetration must be completed for all piles except in the case of an end bearing pile driven to bedrock. Final length of pile, and final cut off elevation must always be given.

The total length being driven is the full length of the pile and remains unchanged until a length is cut off or spliced on.

The penetration in blows per foot must be recorded for every foot of penetration of the pile.

Measured rebounds recorded on this form must be the average for each individual inch for the final six inches of penetration.

BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION - PILE DRIVING RECORD

DISTRICT NO. 18 CONTRACT NO. 73-84 STRUCTURE BLIND RIVERCONTRACTOR BAILEY CONSTRUCTION DESIGN LOAD OF PILE _____HAMMER DETAILS: TYPE DROP HAMMER WEIGHT 2800 HEIGHT OF FALL OR ENERGY 10'TYPE OF ANVIL OR CAP STEEL WEIGHT OF ANVIL OR CAP 1300 LB.PILE DETAILS N^o 14 CREOSOTE TIMBER PILEPILE NO. 2 LOCATION BENEF^o 1 Sta 132+89 DATE DRIVEN Sept. 28/73

TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.
25 3	1	1		26			51			76	
	2	3		27			52			77	
	3	7		28			53			78	
	4	6		29			54			79	
	5	9		30			55			80	
	6	7		31			56			81	
	7	10		32			57			82	
	8	12		33			58			83	
	9	10		34			59			84	
	10	8		35			60			85	
	11	10		36			61			86	
	12	20		37			62			87	
	13			38			63			88	
	14	3 BLOWS TO 1"		39			64			89	
	15	PENETRATION		40			65			90	
	16			41			66			91	
	17			42			67			92	
	18			43			68			93	
	19			44			69			94	
	20			45			70			95	
	21			46			71			96	
	22			47			72			97	
	23			48			73			98	
	24			49			74			99	
	25			50			75			100	

DETAILS FOR FINAL SIX INCHES OF PENETRATION	1	2	3	4	5	6
BLOWS PER INCH						20
MEASURED REBOUND IN INCHES						
FINAL LENGTH OF PILE	19.5					
FINAL CUT OFF ELEVATION	558.86					

REPORT TO BE SENT TO: PRINCIPAL FOUNDATION ENGINEER
MATERIALS & RESEARCH DIVISION
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS
TORONTO, ONTARIOSIGNED D.R. Cameron
NAME (PRINT) D.R. CAMERON
DATE SEPT. 28/73

ATTACH SKETCH OF PILE NUMBERING SYSTEM

Notes:-

In general this form should be completed for every tenth pile in a group, but at least one is required for every pier and abutment.

Piles driven vertically should be selected where possible.

Pile Details must include type, dimensions and weight per foot, details of shoe, and slope of batter: e.g. 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ " O.D. steel tube x 0.251" @ 33 lbs. per ft. Vertical. 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ " x $\frac{1}{2}$ " steel plate shoe.

Details for the final six inches of penetration must be completed for all piles except in the case of an end bearing pile driven to bedrock. Final length of pile, and final cut off elevation must always be given.

The total length being driven is the full length of the pile and remains unchanged until a length is cut off or spliced on.

The penetration in blows per foot must be recorded for every foot of penetration of the pile.

Measured rebounds recorded on this form must be the average for each individual inch for the final six inches of penetration.

BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION - PILE DRIVING RECORD

DISTRICT NO. 18 CONTRACT NO. 73-84 STRUCTURE BUND RIVERCONTRACTOR BAILEY CONSTRUCTION DESIGN LOAD OF PILEHAMMER DETAILS: TYPE DROP HAMMER WEIGHT 2800^{LB} HEIGHT OF FALL OR ENERGY 10'TYPE OF ANVIL OR CAP WOODEN CUSHION ON STEEL WEIGHT OF ANVIL OR CAP 1300^{LB}PILE DETAILS N^o 14 CREOSOTE TIMBER PILESPILE NO. 5 LOCATION BENT N^o 3 - STA. 133+88 DATE DRIVEN OCT. 4/73

TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.
43.1	1	1	HEIGHT OF DROP	26	10	80	51			76	
	2	1		27	11		52			77	
	3	5	2	28	13		53			78	
	4	6	3	29	13		54			79	
	5	6	3	30	17		55			80	
	6	8	3	31	18	8	56				
	7	8	4	32	15	10	57				
	8	6	4	33	14		58			83	
	9	5	5	34	17		59			84	
	10	5	1	35	24	10	60			85	
	11	5	1	36	39					86	
	12	5	5	37			62			87	
	13	5	6	38			63			88	
	14	5	6	39			64			89	
	15	5	7	40			65			90	
	16	5		41			66			91	
	17	5		42			67			92	
	18	5		43			68			93	
	19	5		44			69			94	
	20	6		45			70			95	
	21	6	8	46			71			96	
	22	6		47			72			97	
	23	6		48			73			98	
	24	6		49			74			99	
	25	6	8	50			75			100	

DETAILS FOR FINAL SIX INCHES OF PENETRATION	1	2	3	4	5	6
BLOWS PER INCH	6 BLOWS TO 1 INCH = REFUSAL					
MEASURED REBOUND IN INCHES						
FINAL LENGTH OF PILE	FINAL CUT OFF ELEVATION 598.85					

REPORT TO BE SENT TO: - PRINCIPAL FOUNDATION ENGINEER
MATERIALS & RESEARCH DIVISION
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS
TORONTO, ONTARIOSIGNED D. R. Cameron
NAME (PRINT) D. R. CAMERON
DATE OCT. 4/73

ATTACH SKETCH OF PILE NUMBERING SYSTEM

Notes:-

In general this form should be completed for every tenth pile in a group, but at least one is required for every pier and abutment.

Piles driven vertically should be selected where possible.

Pile Details must include type, dimensions and weight per foot, details of shoe, and slope of batter: e.g. 12 $\frac{3}{4}$ " O.D. steel tube x 0.251" @ 33 lbs. per ft. Vertical. 12 $\frac{3}{4}$ " x $\frac{1}{2}$ " steel plate shoe.

Details for the final six inches of penetration must be completed for all piles except in the case of an end bearing pile driven to bedrock. Final length of pile, and final cut off elevation must always be given.

The total length being driven is the full length of the pile and remains unchanged until a length is cut off or spliced on.

The penetration in blows per foot must be recorded for every foot of penetration of the pile.

Measured rebounds recorded on this form must be the average for each individual inch for the final six inches of penetration.

BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION - PILE DRIVING RECORD

DISTRICT NO. 18 CONTRACT NO. 73-84 STRUCTURE BLIND RIVER Hwy 557CONTRACTOR W. J. H. Co. Ltd. DESIGN LOAD OF PILE Bed RockHAMMER DETAILS: TYPE Drop WEIGHT 2800 HEIGHT OF FALL OR ENERGY 11TYPE OF ANVIL OR CAP Steel Pipe WEIGHT OF ANVIL OR CAP 1000PILE DETAILS Concrete F.R.PILE NO. 2 LOCATION Cont'd DATE DRIVEN OCT 9/73

TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.
51	1	51	51	26	2		51			76	
	2			27	13		52			77	
	3			28	13		53			78	
	4			29	7		54			79	
	5			30	8		55			80	
	6			31	7		56			81	
	7			32	13		57			82	
	8			33	10		58			83	
	9			34	10		59			84	
	10			35	11		60			85	
	11			36	13		61			86	
	12			37	12		62			87	
	13	4		38	14		63			88	
	14	4		39	17		64			89	
	15	4		40	24		65			90	
	16	4		41	42		66			91	
	17	4		42			67			92	
	18	4		43			68			93	
	19	5		44			69			94	
	20	4		45			70			95	
	21	5		46			71			96	
	22	6		47			72			97	
	23	6		48			73			98	
	24	5		49			74			99	
	25	5		50			75			100	

DETAILS FOR FINAL SIX INCHES OF PENETRATION	1	2	3	4	5	6
BLOWS PER INCH						
MEASURED REBOUND IN INCHES						
FINAL LENGTH OF PILE	FINAL CUT OFF ELEVATION <u>598.13</u>					

REPORT TO BE SENT TO: - PRINCIPAL FOUNDATION ENGINEER
MATERIALS & RESEARCH DIVISION
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS
TORONTO, ONTARIO

SIGNED R.H. BeemerNAME (PRINT) R.H. BEEMERDATE OCT 9/73

ATTACH SKETCH OF PILE NUMBERING SYSTEM

Notes:-

In general this form should be completed for every tenth pile in a group, but at least one is required for every pier and abutment.

Piles driven vertically should be selected where possible.

Pile Details must include type, dimensions and weight per foot, details of shoe, and slope of batter: e.g. 12 $\frac{3}{4}$ " O.D. steel tube x 0.251" @ 33 lbs. per ft. Vertical. 12 $\frac{3}{4}$ " x $\frac{1}{2}$ " steel plate shoe.

Details for the final six inches of penetration must be completed for all piles except in the case of an end bearing pile driven to bedrock. Final length of pile, and final cut off elevation must always be given.

The total length being driven is the full length of the pile and remains unchanged until a length is cut off or spliced on.

The penetration in blows per foot must be recorded for every foot of penetration of the pile.

Measured rebounds recorded on this form must be the average for each individual inch for the final six inches of penetration.

BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION - PILE DRIVING RECORD

DISTRICT NO. 12 CONTRACT NO. 73 84 STRUCTURE BLIND RIVER HWY 557
 CONTRACTOR BALBY Concrete DESIGN LOAD OF PILE 13 tons
 HAMMER DETAILS: TYPE Drop WEIGHT 2 tons HEIGHT OF FALL OR ENERGY 11
 TYPE OF ANVIL OR CAP wood Filled C p WEIGHT OF ANVIL OR CAP 13 tons
 PILE DETAILS Steel Pipe Pile 16
 PILE NO. 7 LOCATION BENT 7 BATTER 1/2 DATE DRIVEN Oct 7/73

TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.
60	1	26	61	2	27	62	3	28	63	4	29
	2	27		3	28		4	29		5	30
	3	28		4	29		5	30		6	31
	4	29		5	30		6	31		7	32
	5	30		6	31		7	32		8	33
	6	31		7	32		8	33		9	34
	7	32		8	33		9	34		10	35
	8	33		9	34		10	35		11	36
	9	34		10	35		11	36		12	37
	10	35		11	36		12	37		13	38
	11	36		12	37		13	38		14	39
	12	37		13	38		14	39		15	40
	13	38		14	39		15	40		16	41
	14	39		15	40		16	41		17	42
	15	40		16	41		17	42		18	43
	16	41		17	42		18	43		19	44
	17	42		18	43		19	44		20	45
	18	43		19	44		20	45		21	46
	19	44		20	45		21	46		22	47
	20	45		21	46		22	47		23	48
	21	46		22	47		23	48		24	49
	22	47		23	48		24	49		25	50
	23	48		24	49		25	50			
	24	49		25	50						
	25	50									

DETAILS FOR FINAL SIX INCHES OF PENETRATION	1	2	3	4	5	6
BLOWS PER INCH						
MEASURED REBOUND IN INCHES						
FINAL LENGTH OF PILE	54.0			FINAL CUT OFF ELEVATION 598.07		

REPORT TO BE SENT TO: - PRINCIPAL FOUNDATION ENGINEER
 MATERIALS & RESEARCH DIVISION
 DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
 PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS
 TORONTO, ONTARIO

SIGNED R.H. Beecher
 NAME (PRINT) R.H. Beecher
 DATE Oct 7/73

ATTACH SKETCH OF PILE NUMBERING SYSTEM

Notes:-

In general this form should be completed for every tenth pile in a group, but at least one is required for every pier and abutment.

Piles driven vertically should be selected where possible.

Pile Details must include type, dimensions and weight per foot, details of shoe, and slope of batter: e.g. 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ " O.D. steel tube x 0.251" @ 12 lbs. per ft. Vertical. 12 $\frac{3}{4}$ " x $\frac{1}{2}$ " steel shoe.

Details for the final six inches of penetration must be completed for all piles except in the case of an end bearing pile driven to bedrock. Final length of pile, and final cut off elevation must always be given.

The total length being driven is the full length of the pile and remains unchanged until a length is cut off or spliced on.

The penetration in blows per foot must be recorded for every foot of penetration of the pile.

Measured rebounds recorded on this form must be the average for each individual inch for the final six inches of penetration.

BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION - PILE DRIVING RECORD

DISTRICT NO. 18 CONTRACT NO. 73-24 STRUCTURE BLIND RIVER Hwy 557
 CONTRACTOR BAILEY Const DESIGN LOAD OF PILE To Bedrock
 HAMMER DETAILS: TYPE DROP WEIGHT 2500 HEIGHT OF FALL OR ENERGY 11'
 TYPE OF ANVIL OR CAP STEEL CAP Wood Fill WEIGHT OF ANVIL OR CAP 1300
 PILE DETAILS *14 CREOSOTE TIMBER JACKPINE (60' Lgth)
 PILE NO. 4 LOCATION BENT # 8 DATE DRIVEN OCT 10/73

TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS / FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS / FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS / FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS / FT.
60.9	1	4	60	26	5		51			76	
	2	3		27	5		52			77	
	3	5		28	5		53			78	
	4	5		29	5		54			79	
	5	5		30	5		55			80	
	6	5		31	6		56			81	
	7	5		32	6		57			82	
	8	5		33	6		58			83	
	9	5		34	6		59			84	
	10	3		35	8		60			85	
	11	3		36	10		61			86	
	12	3		37	22		62			87	
	13	3		38	24		63			88	
	14	3		39	24		64			89	
	15	3		40	30		65			90	
	16	3		41	36		66			91	
	17	4		42	38		67			92	
	18	4		43	24		68			93	
	19	4		44	14		69			94	
	20	4		45	52		70			95	
	21	4		46			71			96	
	22	4		47			72			97	
	23	4		48			73			98	
	24	4		49			74			99	
	25	4		50			75			100	

DETAILS FOR FINAL SIX INCHES OF PENETRATION	1	2	3	4	5	6
BLOWS PER INCH	Last 6 inches = 7-9 Blows per inch					
MEASURED REBOUND IN INCHES	Stick Reference					
FINAL LENGTH OF PILE	54.3					
FINAL CUT OFF ELEVATION	598.04					

REPORT TO BE SENT TO: - PRINCIPAL FOUNDATION ENGINEER
 MATERIALS & RESEARCH DIVISION
 DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
 PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS
 TORONTO, ONTARIO

SIGNED R. H. Beemer
 NAME (PRINT) R. H. BEEMER
 DATE OCT 12/73

ATTACH SKETCH OF PILE NUMBERING SYSTEM

Notes:-

In general this form should be completed for every tenth pile in a group, but at least one is required for every pier and abutment.

Piles driven vertically should be selected where possible.

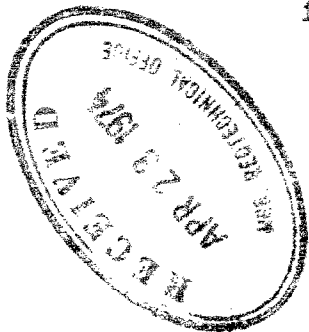
Pile Details must include type, dimensions and weight per foot, details of shoe, and slope of batter: e.g. 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ " O.D. steel tube x 0.251" @ 33 lbs. per ft. Vertical. 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ " x $\frac{1}{2}$ " steel plate shoe.

Details for the final six inches of penetration must be completed for all piles except in the case of an end bearing pile driven to bedrock. Final length of pile, and final cut off elevation must always be given.

The total length being driven is the full length of the pile and remains unchanged until a length is cut off or spliced on.

The penetration in blows per foot must be recorded for every foot of penetration of the pile.

Measured rebounds recorded on this form must be the average for each individual inch for the final six inches of penetration.



FIELD RECONNAISSANCE REPORT
REQUIRED BY FOUNDATION SECTION
FOR

FF-69
SEPT. 1968

70-11-012

W.P. NO. 202-66-02 HIGHWAY NO. 557 DISTRICT 17 SITE PLAN NO. E4497-1 PROFILE NO. _____
RIVER CROSSING ☒ GRADE SEPARATION ☐ R.R.X. ☐ OTHER (SPECIFY) _____
ALTERNATE SCHEME (IF ANY) none

EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS

DESCRIPTION:

TOPOGRAPHY: HILLY ☐ ROLLING ☒ VALLEY ☐ GULLIED ☐ FLAT ☐
VEGETATION: TREES ☒ BRUSH ☒ GRASS ☐ SWAMP ☐ FARM CROPS ☐ CLEARED ☐
SNOW COVER: 0"-6" ☐ 6"-12" ☐ >12" ☐
ROCK OUTCROP (SPECIFY LOCATIONS) _____

UNDERGROUND UTILITIES: UTILITY COMPANY TELEPHONE NO. FOR DEFINITE LOCATION

1 _____
2 _____
3 _____
4 _____
5 _____

EXISTING STRUCTURE(S):

FOUNDATIONS: SPREAD FOUNDATIONS ☐ SIZE _____ ELEVATION(S) _____
PILES ☒ TYPE Timber LENGTH(S) not known
DESIGN LOAD _____ TONS / PILE _____
CONDITION OF STRUCTURE poor Bailey Reinforced

APPROACHES: CUT ☐ FILL ☒ SIDE SLOPES 1 1/2:1
BERMS YES ☐ NO ☒

OTHER OBSERVATIONS (USE BACK OF SHEET TO DESCRIBE ANY FAILURES IN AREA, PAST PERFORMANCE OF EXISTING APPROACHES & STRUCTURE, ETC.)

ACCESSIBILITY

IS STRUCTURE LOCATED ON D.H.O. RIGHT OF WAY? YES ☐ NO ☒ IF NO,
HAS PERMISSION BEEN OBTAINED TO ENTER PROPERTY? YES ☐ NO ☒ IF NO,

PROPERTY OWNER(S):

	NAME	ADDRESS	TELEPHONE NO.
1	<u>W. Mallette</u>	<u>S. E. of crossing</u>	
2			
3			
4			

WHO WILL OBTAIN NECESSARY PERMISSION? Foundation Project Eng.

HAS SITE BEEN SURVEYED & STAKED? YES ☐ NO ☐ IF YES, DATE OF MOST RECENT SURVEY January, 1969

WILL CLEARING BE NECESSARY TO ENTER SITE AREA? YES ☒ NO ☐ on west side

IS SITE ACCESSIBLE TO WHEELED VEHICLES? YES ☒ NO ☐

IF RIVER CROSSING:

WILL A RAFT BE NECESSARY? YES ☒ NO ☐ if ice not thick enough
CURRENT: SWIFT ☐ MODERATE ☐ SLOW ☒ IF YES, GIVE MAX. DEPTH OF WATER 9/10' FT.

DRILLING OPERATIONS

NEAREST SOURCE OF WATER (GIVE HAULING DISTANCE, IF KNOWN) at site

ADDITIONAL INVESTIGATION REQUIRED FOR THE FOLLOWING PURPOSES:

ALTERNATE SCHEME: YES ☐ NO ☒ IF YES, SPECIFY _____

HYDROLOGIC REASONS: YES ☐ NO ☐ IF YES, SPECIFY (SCOUR, ETC.) holes necessary in river to determine bed material

REMARKS

NEAREST AVAILABLE ACCOMODATION: Blind River

OTHER COMMENTS: It is most unlikely that survey stakes from 1969 are still in place. New

Line 'A' can be located relative to existing structure

DATE February 3/71

REGIONAL BRIDGE LOCATION ENGINEER

J. C. McAllister

MEMORANDUM

TO: Mr. A. Stermac
Principal Foundation Engineer
Materials & Testing, Downsview

FROM: Bridge Planning
North Bay

DATE: February 4, 1971

OUR FILE REF.

IN REPLY TO

SUBJECT:

WP 202-66-02 BS 38-238
Blind River Bridge
Sec. Rd. 557, Distr. #17

71-11-012

The above structure has been programmed for replacement and will require a foundation investigation.

Attached are two prints of site plan E4497-1 showing the proposed revision line and grade and the probable limits of the structure.

Two types of structure have been considered for this crossing:

- (a) Three spans, 30'/50'/30', with capped steel pile piers and concrete beams.
- (b) Timber pile bents, six spans 22' each with composite laminated timber concrete deck.

The latter would seem more feasible because of economy and location.

Should you require any further information please do not hesitate to call.

J. C. McAllister
J. C. McAllister
Regional Bridge
Planning Supervisor

JCMcA/pc
c. c. - R. Murphy

BLIND RIVER OVERPASS

MAR 4, 1971 71-11012

RUN DATE MAR 05, 1971

SLICES	X-INIT.	Y-INIT.	DELY	DELY	TANG.	R.L.	INCR.	NO. R	TENSION CRACK	NO.	PTS.%-X<	NO.	PTS.%&X<	CUT-OFF%-X<	CUT-OFF%&X<
25	15	-15	4.0	4.0	22.0	5.0	8	3.00	1	2	-100.0	300.0			

X COORD	Y COORD	X COORD	Y COORD	X COORD	Y COORD	X COORD	Y COORD	X COORD	Y COORD	X COORD	Y COORD
-100.00	0.0	20.00	10.00	300.00	10.00						

SECTIONAL DETAILS

SECTION	X COORD	SOIL TYPE	Y COORD	WATER TABLE
1	-100.00	1	0.0	13.00
1		2	10.00	
1		3	13.00	
1		4	20.00	
2	20.00	1	0.0	13.00
2		2	10.00	
2		3	13.00	
2		4	20.00	
3	300.00	1	0.0	13.00
3		2	10.00	
3		3	13.00	
3		4	20.00	

SOIL PROPERTIES

SOIL TYPE	COHESION	PHI	BULK DENSITY	SUBMERGED DENSITY
1	0.	30.0	120.0	58.0
2	0.	30.0	120.0	58.0
3	0.	30.0	58.0	58.0
4	300.	0.0	48.0	48.0

CRITICAL CIRCLE

RADIUS	XC	YC	F. OF S.
10.00	15.00	1.00	1.079
22.00	15.00	-3.00	1.000
23.00	10.00	-3.00	2.042
27.00	10.00	-7.00	2.076
27.00	15.00	-7.00	2.017
13.00	10.00	1.00	2.004
23.00	11.00	-3.00	2.124
31.00	10.00	-11.00	2.146
25.00	15.00	-11.00	2.172
27.00	11.00	-7.00	2.211

BLIND RI BR (LONGITUDINAL)

MAR 16/71 71-11012

RUN DATE MAR 17, 1971

SLICES	X-INIT.	Y-INIT.	DELX	DELY	TANG. R.L.	INCR.	NO. R	TENSION CRACK	NO. PTS.%-X<	NO. PTS.%&X<	CUT-OFF%-X<	CUT-OFF%&X<
20	25	-5	4.0	4.0	20.0	4.0	5	7.00	1	2	-100.0	300.0

X COORD	Y COORD	X COORD	Y COORD	X COORD	Y COORD	X COORD	Y COORD	X COORD	Y COORD	X COORD	Y COORD
-100.00	0.0	40.00	20.00	300.00	20.00						

SECTIONAL DETAILS

SECTION	X COORD	SOIL TYPE	Y COORD	WATER TABLE
1	-100.00	1	0.0	10.00
1		2	10.00	
1		3	20.00	
1		4	60.00	
2	40.00	1	0.0	10.00
2		2	10.00	
2		3	20.00	
2		4	36.00	
3	120.00	1	0.0	10.00
3		2	10.00	
3		3	20.00	
3		4	20.00	
4	300.00	1	0.0	10.00
4		2	10.00	
4		3	20.00	
4		4	20.00	

SOIL TYPE	COHESION	SOIL PROPERTIES		
		PHI	BULK DENSITY	SUBMERGED DENSITY
1	0.	30.0	125.0	62.0
2	0.	30.0	62.0	62.0
3	800.	0.0	48.0	48.0
4	0.	30.0	62.0	62.0

*Longitudinal
direction*

CRITICAL CIRCLE

RADIUS	XC	YC	F. OF S.
41.00	29.00	-21.00	1.284
33.00	25.00	-13.00	1.287
25.00	21.00	-5.00	1.308
45.00	29.00	-25.00	1.330
37.00	25.00	-17.00	1.336
29.00	21.00	-9.00	1.353
41.00	25.00	-21.00	1.390
21.00	17.00	-1.00	1.409
33.00	21.00	-13.00	1.410
45.00	25.00	-25.00	1.448

Department of Highways Ontario

Copy for the information of

A. Stermac

J.C. McMillister,
Reg. Bridge Planning Supervisor,
North Bay Regional Office.

Structural Office,
West Building,
Kovassview.

November 12, 1971.

Blind River bridge,
Mississagi Indian Reserve,
H.P. #202-66⁰², Site #38-238,
Rwy. No. 557, District No. 17.

71-11-012

Attached herewith are prints of the Preliminary Bridge
Plan Drawing D-7033-P1 for the above-mentioned structure.

The estimated cost of the proposed structure is
\$80,000.00 which includes tender, materials, engineering and
sundry construction.

Any comments or revisions you may have should be
submitted within three weeks.

C.S. Grebski,
Structural Design Engineer.

CSG:sz
Attach.

c.c. A. McKim
B. Davis
A. Stermac (2)
J. Anderson
R. Murphy.

*Timber Trestle Structure designed
according to the above conditions*

V. Kozlov

M. Derata

Nov 22/71

Nov 16/71

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

MEMORANDUM

TO: A. Stermac,
Principal Foundation Engineer,
Room 107, Central Bldg.

FROM: Structural Office,
West Bldg., Downsview.

ATTENTION:

DATE: January 24, 1972.

OUR FILE REF.

IN REPLY TO


SUBJECT:

Re: Blind River Bridge,
W.P. #202-66-02, Site 38-238,
Hwy. No. 557, District #17.

71-11-012

Attached herewith we are submitting the final bridge drawings which show the foundation design for this structure.


Kindly give us your comments at your earliest convenience.



C.S. Grebski,
Structural Design Engineer.

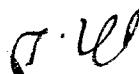
CSG/sr

c.c. Foundation Office

Pile lengths are not detailed on the final bridge drawings

 10 Nov 72


D. L. Devata
Jan 28/72



202-66-02
71-11012

Foundation Report by: SHAHEEN AHMAD
Review of Design Drawings by: SHAHEEN AHMAD
Design Drawing No.'s.: 38-238-1

1. Does footing design comply with our report or subsequent memos? YES
2. If answer to 1. is No, is present design acceptable? N/A
3. Has sufficient field work been done? YES
4. Are estimated pile lengths shown on Drawings correct? N/A PILE LENGTHS ARE NOT GIVEN. ONLY TOLD TO DRIVE TO BEDROCK.
If not, make a new list.
5. If excavation of unsuitable soil is recommended, is this shown on Drawings? N/A
6. Are approaches designed in accordance with our report? Check slopes and berm lengths. YES
7. Do you anticipate any construction problems? i.e. dewatering, stability of temporary slopes or excavations. No
8. Summarize your comments on separate sheet if necessary.

It appears that line 'A' has been adopted, but pile cut-off elevation for all other lines are shown.

Test O.K.

Drawings received JANUARY 26.....1972..
Approved JANUARY 26.....1972..

Shahen Ahmad



ONTARIO

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

MINISTER: HONOURABLE GORDON CARTER, O.C.

DEPUTY MINISTER: A. T. C. McNAB

PARLIAMENTARY ASSISTANT: WILLIAM NEWMAN, M.P.P.

P. O. Box 500
Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario
P6A 5H6
October 10th, 1973

CMT 73-84

Bailey Construction Co. Ltd.
P. O. Box 700
ORILLIA, Ontario

73-84

ATTENTION: J. P. Alexander
President

38-238

Dear Sir:

Contract 73-84
RE: Blind River Bridge, Hwy. 557
District 13 - SAULT STE. MARIE

At the present date, we require splicing on six piles on the above-noted Contract.

This consists of five piles which were driven to bed-rock and below original cut-off elevation and one pile broken during unloading operations.

We will be supplying the tubular steel for splicing, and the cut-offs from the remaining piles will be used for the required extensions.

Would you please submit, at your earliest convenience, a quotation for splicing piles, in units of "each".

This work will include the following:

- (1) Cutting, shaping, and sizing down the wooden piles at the top and bottom ends for the fitting of the tubular steel splice.
- (2) Cutting the tubular steel into 6' lengths for splicing.
- (3) The additional wire raps at the wood shoulder projections at either end of the tubular steel splice.

.....Continued

Bailey Constuction Co. Ltd.

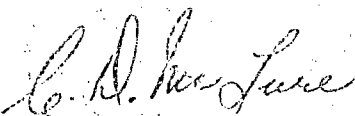
October 10th, 1973

-
- (4) The drilling of 3/4" ϕ holes (six per splice) for spiking through the steel into the pile and pre-drilling of matching 1/2" holes in the pile to avoid splitting.
 - (5) Any necessary hot crosscutting required at the splices.
 - (6) The application of copper bitumastic paint supplied by H.T.C.
 - (7) Any ancillary tools and equipment, including pile driver, which is required to satisfactorily complete the splicing operation to the satisfaction of the engineer, and in accordance with the contract specifications.

A sketch regarding splicing details will be forwarded at a later date.

Total pile lengths in place, including lengths of splice, will be paid by unit under Item 18 of the Contract.

Yours truly,



C. D. McLure
Construction Supervisor

for D. Aspinwall
District Construction Engineer

CDKsL/cu

PURCHASING REQUISITION

QUANTITY		UNITS	DESCRIPTION	THIS COLUMN FOR USE OF PURCHASING OFFICE		
			Supply and deliver Steel Tube Piling for <u>Blind River Bridge</u>	as follows:		
20	Lin.ft.	14" O.D. with a max nominal minimum wall thickness of 0.250", to be supplied as follows:				
		1 pc. 20 feet long				
		Pile shall conform to the A.S.T.M. Specification				
		A252-63 for Grade 2 welded and seamless steel pipe piles				
			Delivery: Urgently required, ship as soon as possible.			
			Confirming verbal order from Mr. K.C. Howe, to Mr. H.B. Sheppard on October 9, 1973.			
			THIS SECTION FOR PURCHASING OFFICE USE ONLY			
FEDERAL SALES TAX		ONT. RETAIL SALES TAX	TERMS	F.O.B.	DELIVERY	REFERENCE

C. C.	%
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SETTLEMENT COMPUTATIONS

Settlement after 1 year

$$U_v = 1.13 \sqrt{T_v}$$

$$z = \frac{d^2 T_v}{c_v}$$

$$\therefore T_v = \frac{z c_v}{d^2}$$

$$= \frac{1 \times 365 \times 24 \times 60 \times 0.049}{40 \times 40 \times 144} = .112$$

$$U_v = 1.13 \sqrt{.112} = 1.13 \times 0.335 = 37.8\%$$

$$\text{settlement after 1 year} = 0.378 \times 8 = 3''$$

$$\text{after 3 years } T_v = \frac{3 \times 365 \times 24 \times 60 \times 0.049}{40 \times 40 \times 144} = .336$$

$$U_v = 1.13 \sqrt{.336} = 1.13 \times 0.582 = .658$$

$$\text{settlement} = 0.658 \times 8 = 5.25''$$

$$\text{after 6 years } T_v = .672$$

$$\therefore U_v = 1.13 \sqrt{.672} = 1.13 \times 0.82 = 0.925$$

$$\therefore \text{Settlement} = 0.925 \times 8 = 7.4 \text{ inches}$$

SETTLEMENT COMPUTATIONS

LAYER	DEPTH OF LAYER	DEPTH TO CENTRE OF LAYER	THICKNESS OF LAYER	INITIAL PRESSURE	PRESSURE DUE TO LOAD	e_1	e_2	$\frac{e_1 - e_2}{1 + e_1}$	Settlement
1	10 - 23	17	13	0.7165	0.575	1.220	1.200	0.009	.117
2	23 - 36	30	13	1.0285	0.500	1.210	1.192	0.0082	.107
3	36 - 50	42	14	1.3165	0.425	1.258	1.186	0.032	0.440

.664 ft

= 8 inches

After applying for Bjerrum - Skempton Correction
a preconsolidated soil settlement
is about 6 inches

$$T_v = 0.848$$

$$C_v = 0.049 \text{ sq ins/min}$$

$$d = 40 \text{ feet}$$

$$T_v = \frac{c_v t}{d^2}$$

$$\therefore t = \frac{d^2 T_v}{C_v} = \frac{40 \times 40 \times 848 \times 144 \times 100}{0.049 \times 60 \times 2.4 \times 12} = 3260 = 9 \text{ yrs}$$

3.5
4.5
5

+10'

FILL $\gamma = 125 \text{ pcf}$

0
-3'



SAND $\gamma = 125 \text{ pcf}$

(I)

-10'

SAND $\gamma' = 62 \text{ pcf}$

(II)

17'

CLAYEY SILT TO SILTY CLAY

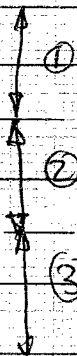
30'

$\gamma = 110 - 62 = 48 \text{ pcf}$

(III)

42'

-50'



DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS — ONTARIO
MATERIALS AND TESTING OFFICE
VISUAL CLASSIFICATION SHEET

PROJECT <u>71-11012</u>		SITE <u>Hwy 557 & BLIND RIVER</u>		BOREHOLE No. <u>1</u>		GROUND ELEVATION _____										
SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH	GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION			DRY STRENGTH	SHINE	DIALATANCY	TOUGHNESS	ODOR	COLOUR	ACID TEST	CONSISTENCY OR UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH	CLASSIFICATION WITH DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL		
		LARGEST GRAIN SIZE	SHAPE	PERCENTAGE												
				GRAVEL	SAND	SILT & CLAY										
1	5'-0" 6'-6"	-	-	-	100	-	LOW	DULL	QUICK		EARTH	GREY	SLOW	LOOSE	UNIFORM SAND.	SW
2	10'-0" 11'-6"	-	-	-	-	100	MED	DULL	SLOW		"	"	"	SOFT	CLAYEY SILT TO SILT	CL-ML
5	25'-0" 26'-6"	-	-	-	-	100	MED	"	MEDIUM		"	"	"	LOOSE	SILT TO CLAYEY SILT	ML-CL
10	50'-0" 51'-6"	-	-	-	-	100	"	"	"		"	"	"	"	SILT	ML
11	53'-0" 56'-6"	-	-	5	60	35	LOW	"	QUICK		"	"	"	V. DENSE	SAND SILTY SAND WITH SOME GRAVEL.	SW

NOTES:- VISUAL CLASSIFICATION MUST BE CARRIED OUT ON ALL SAMPLES BY THE ENGINEER AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AFTER THE SAMPLES REACH THE LABORATORY.

REMARKS:-

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS — ONTARIO
MATERIALS AND TESTING OFFICE
VISUAL CLASSIFICATION SHEET

PROJECT 71-11012 SITE _____ BOREHOLE No. 2 GROUND ELEVATION _____

SAMPLE No.	DEPTH	GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION					DRY STRENGTH	SHINE	DIALATANCY	TOUGHNESS	ODOR	COLOUR	ACID TEST	CONSISTENCY OR UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH	CLASSIFICATION WITH DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL
		LARGEST GRAIN SIZE	SHAPE	PERCENTAGE												
				GRAVEL	SAND	SILT & CLAY										
1	3'-0" 4'-6"	-	-		65	35	Low	Dull	Quick	-	EARTHY	GREY			SILTY SAND.	SP
7	30'-0" 31'-6"	1/8	SUB ROUNDED	3	15	72	"	"	"		"	GREY			SANDY SILT WITH TRACE OF GRAVEL	ML
8	35'-0" 36'-6"	1 1/2"	BOULDER									RED & GREY			BOULDERS	

NOTES:- VISUAL CLASSIFICATION MUST BY CARRIED OUT ON ALL SAMPLES BY THE ENGINEER AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AFTER THE SAMPLES REACH THE LABORATORY.

REMARKS:-

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS — ONTARIO
MATERIALS AND TESTING OFFICE
VISUAL CLASSIFICATION SHEET

PROJECT <u>7-11012</u>		SITE <u> Hwy 557 E Blind River</u>		BOREHOLE No. <u>3</u>		GROUND ELEVATION _____										
SAMPLE No.	DEPTH	GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION					DRY STRENGTH	SHINE	DIALATANCY	TOUGHNESS	ODOR	COLOUR	ACID TEST	CONSISTENCY OR UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH	CLASSIFICATION WITH DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL
		LARGEST GRAIN SIZE	SHAPE	PERCENTAGE												
				GRAVEL	SAND	SILT & CLAY										
1.	3-0" 4-6"	-	-	-	-	100	High	Dull	Slow	-	Earth Grey	Slow		CLAYEY SILT	CL	
5	15-0 16-1/2"	-	-	-	55	65	Low	Dull	Quick		"	"	"	SANDY SILT	ML	
6	20-0 21-8"	-	-	30	50	20	Low	"	"		"	"	"	SAND & GRAVEL		

NOTES:- VISUAL CLASSIFICATION MUST BY CARRIED OUT ON ALL SAMPLES BY THE ENGINEER AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AFTER THE SAMPLES REACH THE LABORATORY.

REMARKS:-

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS — ONTARIO
MATERIALS AND TESTING OFFICE
VISUAL CLASSIFICATION SHEET

PROJECT <u>71-11012</u>		SITE <u>Hwy 557 & BLIND</u>		BOREHOLE No. <u>4</u>		GROUND ELEVATION _____										
SAMPLE No.	DEPTH	GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION					DRY STRENGTH	SHINE	DIALATANCY	TOUGHNESS	ODOR	COLOUR	ACID TEST	CONSISTENCY OR UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH	CLASSIFICATION WITH DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL
		LARGEST GRAIN SIZE	SHAPE	PERCENTAGE												
				GRAVEL	SAND	SILT & CLAY										
1	3-4 1/2		—			100	High	Dull	Slow		Earthy	Grey	Slow		CLAYEY SILT	CL
4	12 7/8		—			100	Low	"	Quick		"	"	"		SILT	ML

NOTES:— VISUAL CLASSIFICATION MUST BY CARRIED OUT ON ALL SAMPLES BY THE ENGINEER AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AFTER THE SAMPLES REACH THE LABORATORY.

REMARKS:—

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS — ONTARIO
MATERIALS AND TESTING OFFICE
VISUAL CLASSIFICATION SHEET

PROJECT 71-11012 SITE HWY 557 E BLIND RIVER BOREHOLE No. 5 GROUND ELEVATION _____

SAMPLE No.	DEPTH	GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION					DRY STRENGTH	SHINE	DIALATANCY	TOUGHNESS	ODOR	COLOUR	ACID TEST	CONSISTENCY OR UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH	CLASSIFICATION WITH DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL
		LARGEST GRAIN SIZE	SHAPE	PERCENTAGE												
				GRAVEL	SAND	SILT & CLAY										
1	0-2'	-	-	85	15	Low	Dull	Quick		EARTH ORG.	GREY			UNIFORM SAND, TRACE OF ORGANIC	SL	
2	2'-3 1/2'	-	-	-	-	100	"	"	"	EARTH	"			SILT	NL	
3	3 1/2'-5'	-	-	-	-	100	"	"	"	"	"			SILT		

NOTES:— VISUAL CLASSIFICATION MUST BE CARRIED OUT ON ALL SAMPLES BY THE ENGINEER AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AFTER THE SAMPLES REACH THE LABORATORY.

REMARKS:—

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS — ONTARIO
MATERIALS AND TESTING OFFICE
VISUAL CLASSIFICATION SHEET

PROJECT <u>71-11012</u> SITE <u>HWY 557 & BUND RIVER</u> BOREHOLE No. <u>6</u> GROUND ELEVATION _____																
SAMPLE No.	DEPTH	GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION					DRY STRENGTH	SHINE	DIALATANCY	TOUGHNESS	ODOR	COLOUR	ACID TEST	CONSISTENCY OR UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH	CLASSIFICATION WITH DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL
		LARGEST GRAIN SIZE	SHAPE	PERCENTAGE												
				GRAVEL	SAND	SILT & CLAY										
1	3'-0" 8'-6"	-	-	-	20	80	Low	Dull	Quick	-	EARTHY	GREY BROWN			SILT TO SANDY SILT	ML
1A	3'-0" 4'-6"	-	-	-	80	20	"	"	"		"	GREY BROWN			SAND WITH SOME SILT	SW
2	6'-0" 7'-6"				85	15	"	"	"		"	"			UNIFORM SAND	SW
3	7'-0" 8'-4"				85	15	"	"	"		"	"			SAND WITH SOME GRAVEL	SW

NOTES:— VISUAL CLASSIFICATION MUST BY CARRIED OUT ON ALL SAMPLES BY THE ENGINEER AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AFTER THE SAMPLES REACH THE LABORATORY.

REMARKS:—