



Memo to Mr. A. M. Toye, Date February 26, 1959.  
Bridge Engineer. Subject Foundation Investigation.  
From Materials & Research Section.

Attention: Mr. S. McCombie.

Re: Proposed Overpass, Hwy. 401,  
3 miles west of Shedden,  
Lot 10, (Conc.III), Southwold Twp.,  
W.P. 19-59.

Submitted herewith is our report on the subsoil conditions existing at the above noted structure location.

Reference to the contents of this report show that:-

- (1) A surface layer of sand varying in thickness from one foot to 9.5 feet was found to overlie a deep deposit of hard clayey till.
- (2) Due to the variable thickness of the upper sand layer, it is recommended that all footings be carried down to elevation 745.0 At this elevation, footings will be founded upon the hard clay layer and a bearing capacity of 3.5 T/sq.ft. can be used in footing design. Settlements consequent upon the application of this footing pressure to the clay stratum will be well within tolerable limits.
- (3) A perched water table condition was observed in the upper sand stratum. This is believed to be seasonal but will necessitate shoring and pumping if encountered.
- (4) Embankment instability will not be a problem for the proposed grade line.

If we can be of assistance in clarifying or substantiating data presented in this report, please contact us.

LGS/MdEF

Attach.

cc: Messrs.

A. M. Toye  
H. A. Tregaskes  
D. G. Ramsay  
W. L. Fraser  
A. Watt  
Dr. P. Karrow

A. Rutka,  
ACTING MAT'L'S. & RESEARCH ENGR.  
per:

*L. G. Soderman*

(L. G. Soderman,  
PRINCIPAL SOILS & FOUNDATION ENGR

FOUNDATION REPORT

on

Proposed Overpass Bridge at Hwy. 401  
Line 'A' and C.N.R. Crossing about  
3 miles North-west of Sheddan, Lot 10,  
(Conc. III), Twp. of Southwold.

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Plan No. F-3530-1

Distribution:

Station: 322+91

Mr. A. Toye,  
Bridge Engineer (2)

Mr. H. Tregaskes,  
Construction Engineer (1)

Mr. D. G. Ramsay,  
Design Engineer (1)

Mr. W. L. Fraser,  
District Engineer,  
London. (1)

Mr. A. Watt,  
Water Resources Commission (1)

Dr. P. Karrow,  
Department of Mines. (1)

Foundation Section (1)

File (1)

W.P. 19-59

W.J. F-58-40

## I. INTRODUCTION:

Reported herein are the results of a sub-surface exploration completed at the above noted site. This report contains the detailed results of field and laboratory findings and recommendations for the foundations of the proposed bridge.

The location of the site is where the proposed Hwy. 401 line 'A' overpasses the C.N.R., some 3 miles north-west of Shedden, Conc. III, lot 10 (station 322+91, profile no. F-3530-2), Twp. of Southwold.

The work started on Oct. 28, 1958 and was completed on Nov. 6, 1958.

## II. DESCRIPTION OF SITE AND GEOLOGY:

The site under consideration is located in a physiographical area referred to as St. Thomas till moraine. From an inspection of the site and available geological information, it is known that the site is covered with brown sand overlying hard till moraine. The till moraine formation in this area is attributed to the movements of late Wisconsin glacier.

## III. FIELD AND LABORATORY WORK:

The field investigations at this site were carried out during the period of October 28 to November 6, 1958. During this investigation, four boreholes with adjacent dynamic cone penetration tests were driven at locations shown on drawing no. F-58-40 A.

The borings were carried out by means of a standard diamond drill adapted for soil sampling. The boreholes were advanced by alternately driving and washing 3 inch BX casing. Boreholes No. 1 and 2 were placed on the western side and No. 3 and 4 on the eastern side of the C.N.R. track. The holes were carried to a depth sufficient

to determine all strata horizons and to obtain sufficient samples of each stratum.

In non-cohesive type soils a 2 inch O.D. split spoon sampler was used, and standard penetration resistance (number of blows required to drive the spoon sampler one foot) was registered. In cohesive material, sampling was carried out by means of thin walled Shelby tube samplers.

The investigations at the site revealed the following stratigraphy:-

Brown Medium Sand:

Underneath the top soil in boreholes No. 1, 3 and 4, a layer of fine brown sand was encountered. The depth of this layer was 9.5, 1.5 and 7 ft. respectively, in holes No. 1, 3 and 4. The standard penetration test results indicate that the material is firm ( $N = 28$ ). The brown fine sand is generally clean and contains a small percentage of gravel.

Grey Silty Clay Till:

Underlying the fine sand a layer of grey silty clay till was intersected in each borehole. The boreholes terminated in this layer.

The material is described as stiff to very hard. The laboratory shear value measurements indicated average shear strength of 3000 p.s.f. in boreholes No. 3 and 4, and 6000 p.s.f. in boreholes No. 1 and 2.

The moisture content in the layer was fairly uniform and gave an average value of 20%. The bulk density of the material was measured to be 130 to 140 p.c.f.

Atterberg limit tests gave average liquid limit 32% and plastic limit 16%. The exact values of all test results are summarized in Table No. 1.

IV. SUBSOIL WATER:

During the boring no definite ground water table was recorded. Subsequent observations showed a perched water table condition in the upper sand stratum. This condition is probably seasonal and seepage into the footing excavation can be expected.

V. FOUNDATION CONSIDERATIONS:

The top sand layer was intersected in holes 1 and 3 to a depth of 10 - 8 ft. below the ground level. In borehole No. 2 the upper sand layer was found to be only 1.5 ft. thick; in hole No. 4 the sand layer was not evidenced. Field observations indicate that the sand layer is saturated.

The underlying hard grey silty clay till layer is considered ideal for the direct support of simple spread footings. In cohesive materials the bearing capacity assessment is calculated from Meyerhof's formula - i.e. -

$$Q = \frac{C N_c + P_o}{F_s}$$

$Q$  = allowable bearing value.

$C$  = average apparent cohesion of the layer.

$N_c$  = bearing capacity factor.

$F_s$  = factor of safety.

$P_o$  = existing total overburden pressure at footing elevation.

Assuming a typical footing width of 7 feet placed at elevation 745.0 substitution in the above bearing capacity using

$C = 3000$ ,  $N = 7$ , and a safety factor of 3 gives an allowable safe bearing pressure of 3.5 tons/sq.ft.

Settlements resulting from the application of a footing pressure intensity of 3.5 T/sq.ft. will be well within tolerable limits.

#### VI. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

From the above discussion it will follow that:-

1. At the site the terrain is basically grey silty clay till overlain by fine brown sand intersected mainly in boreholes No. 1 and 3.
2. The silty clay till layer can provide a safe bearing value of 3.5 t.s.f. for supporting spread footing type foundations.
3. It will be convenient to support the proposed structure on spread footing type foundations placed at elevation about 745 ft. where a safe bearing value of 3.5 t.s.f. with a safety factor of 3 can be provided by the layer.
4. A perched water table condition was noted in the upper layer of sand. It is believed that this condition is seasonal; however, provision should be made for excavation shoring and low capacity sump pump operation during placing of the footings.
5. The approach fills to the new structure do not present a stability problem.

*M.K. Kohli*  
M. KOHLI  
FOUNDATION ENGINEER.

APPENDIX L.



## SUMMARY OF FIELD &amp; LABORATORY TESTS

JOB P-58-40  
W.R. 19-59

HOLE NO.	SAMP. NO.	SAMPLE DEPTH (FEET)	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	PENET'R RESIST. BLOWS/FT.	MOIST. CONT. %	PLASTIC LIMIT %	LIQUID LIMIT %	SHEAR STRENGTH p.s.f.	UNIT WEIGHT p.c.f.	REMARKS
1	S1	5 - 6.5	Brown medium sand	29	15.2	-	-	-	-	
1	T2	10 - 11.8	Grey silty clay	34 for 9"	18.9	18.7	34.1	5750	128.5	
1	S3	15 - 16.5	" " " - (Till)	25	21.7	17.0	33.2	5100	138.0	
1	S4	20 - 21.5	" " " "	47	16.8	10.9	19.3	6700	141.5	
1	S5	25 - 26.5	" " " "	62	17.8	24.2	34.0	7000	135.5	
1	S6	30 - 31.5	" " " "	52	12.2	10.8	20.3	5850	139.0	
1	S7	34 - 35.5	" " " "	35	21.8	17.0	34.4	5500	137.3	
2	T1	5 - 6.7	Brownish grey silty clay	27 for 8"	18.2	18.8	38.3	6000	134.3	
2	T2	10 - 12	" " " "	40	20.7	19.6	38.0	5400	130.8	
2	S3	15 - 16.5	Grey silty clay - (Till)	24	22.5	15.5	32.8	4300	131.5	
2	S4	20 - 21.5	" " " "	25	21.9	14.2	34.5	5700	141.3	
2	S5	25 - 26.5	" " " "	24	18.9	15.4	32.2	5850	139.7	
2	S6	30 - 31.5	" " " "	24	19.1	16.2	34.4	4250	140.0	
2	S7	34 - 35.5	" " " "	24	21.7	18.7	31.6	4650	141.3	
3	T1	5 - 7	Brown clayey sand	27	37.2	-	-	-	-	
3	S2	10 - 11.5	Grey silty clay	41	18.9	17.1	30.7	5600	138.0	
3	S3	15 - 16.5	" " " (Till)	52	19.1	17.8	32.4	7000	135.5	
3	S4	20 - 21.5	" " " "	25	7.8	17.3	35.1	1850	139.0	
3	S5	25 - 26.5	" " " "	20	20.8	14.2	29.9	1850	137.0	
3	S6	30 - 31.5	" " " "	14	19.3	11.1	21.8	2600	137.0	
3	S7	34 - 35	" " " "	10	25.6	-	-	1650	137.0	

cont'd. page 2 ...

## SUMMARY OF FIELD &amp; LABORATORY TESTS

JOB F-58-40  
W.P. 19-59

HOLE NO.	SAMP. NO.	SAMPLE DEPTH (FEET)	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	PENET'N RESIST. BLOWS/FT.	MOIST. CONT. %	PLASTIC LIMIT %	LIQUID LIMIT %	SHEAR STRENGTH p.s.f.	UNIT WEIGHT p.c.f.	REMARKS
4	T1	5 - 7	Silty grey clay	62	17.9	14.6	33.5	6000	134.8	
4	S2	10 - 11.5	" " "	50	20.2	16.8	33.2	4750	136.5	
4	S3	15 - 16.5	" " " - (Till)	29	21.9	13.5	32.9	3300	130.0	
4	S4	20 - 21.5	" " " "	20	23.4	16.5	34.7	2150	131.3	
4	S5	25 - 26.5	" " " "	20	-	-	-	-	-	
4	S6	30 - 31.5	" " " "	20	24.4	15.5	32.9	1750	130.0	

T1 - Denotes thin walled Shelby sample.

S1 - Denotes split spoon sample.



DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS - ONTARIO  
MATERIALS & RESEARCH BRANCH - FOUNDATIONS SECTION - DOWNSVIEW

## OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

DRILL RIG 154-5

OPERATION BORE &amp; PENETR

JOB E-52140 WP 15-150

BORING 2 STA. 324+00 (33 RT)

CASING BX #1A (standard samplers to fit unless noted)

DATUM GEODETIC

DATE REPORT JAN 1959

SAMPLER HAMMER WT. 250 LBS. DROP 15 INCHES

COMPILED BY H.S. CHECKED BY A.L.

DATE BORING 31 OCT 1958

## ABBREVIATIONS

I - INSITU VANE SHEAR TEST  
K - MECHANICAL ANALYSIS  
J - UNCONFINED COMPRESSION  
L - C - TRIAXIAL CONSOLIDATED QUICKQ - TRIAXIAL QUICK  
S - TRIAXIAL SLOW  
WL - WATER LEVEL IN CASINGC - CONSOLIDATION  
CA - CASINGDO - DRIVE OPEN  
DF - DRIVE FOOT VALVED - UNIT WEIGHT  
TO - THIN WALLIED OPENSS - SLEEVE SAMPLE  
PS - PISTON SAMPLE  
WS - WASHED SAMPLE

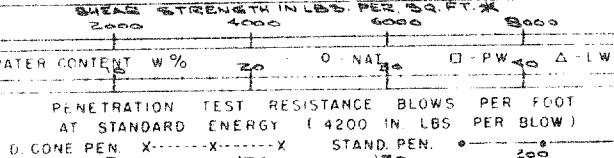
RC - ROCK CORE

- DISTURBED  
- FAIR  
- GOOD  
- LOST

## SOIL PROFILE

ELEVATION  
DEPTHWATER  
CONDITIONS

DESCRIPTION

STRAT. PLOT  
ELEVATION  
SCALE

SAMPLES				
CASING B. HWS (ACTUAL)	OTHER TESTS	TYPE	NO.	ELEV. RECOV. %
5-1243 P.C.T.	T.O. 1	27	95	753.82
5-1308 P.C.T.	T.O. 2	40	83	743.82
5-1310 P.C.T.	D.O. 3	24	100	738.82
5-1413 P.C.T.	D.O. 4	25	100	733.82
5-1297 P.C.T.	D.O. 5	24	100	723.82
5-1409 P.C.T.	D.O. 6	24	100	718.82
5-1412 P.C.T.	D.O. 7	24	100	718.82

GROUND LEVEL  
TOPSOILHARD BROWN  
ISH GREY  
CLAYHARD GREY  
CLAY

END OF BOREHOLE

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS      ONTARIO  
MATERIALS & RESEARCH BRANCH - FOUNDATIONS SECTION - DOWNSVIEW

**OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION**

DRILL RIG 54-5

OPERATION BORE &amp; PENET'N JOB F-5B-40 WR 19-59

BORING 3 STA 32248(SURF)

CASING BX&amp;AX (standard samplers to fit unless noted)

DATUM GEODETIC

DATE REPORT JAN 1959

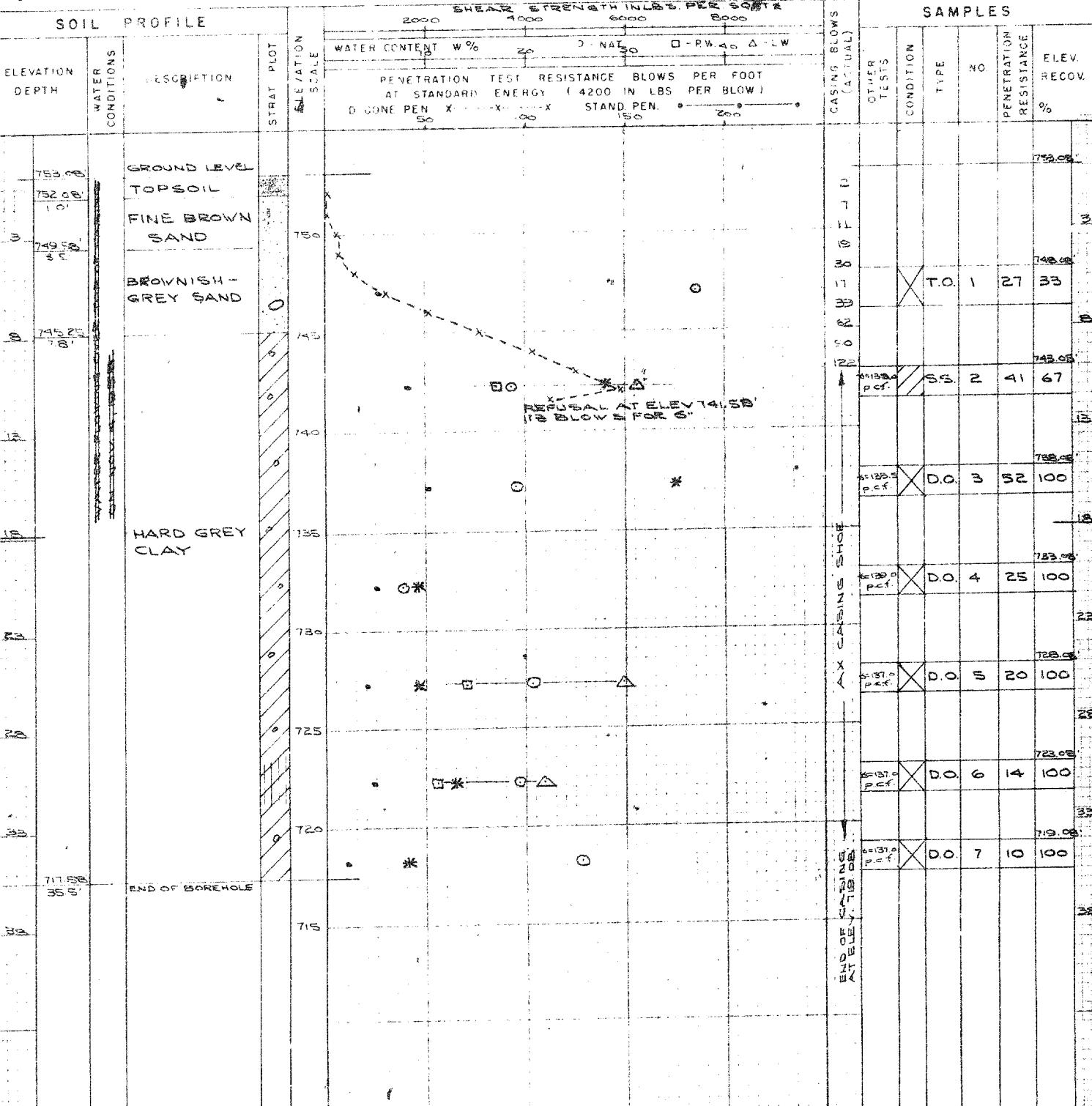
SAMPLER HAMMER WT 250 LBS. DROP 15 INCHES

COMPILED BY H. S. CHECKED BY AL

DATE BORING 3 NOV 1958

**ABBREVIATIONS**

V - INSITU VANE SHEAR TEST	Q - TRIAXIAL QUICK	K - PERMEABILITY	CS - CHUNK	SAMPLE TYPES	SAMPLE CONDITION
M - MECHANICAL ANALYSIS	S - TRIAXIAL SLOW	G - CONSOLIDATION	DO - DRIVE OPEN	SS - SLEEVE SAMPLE	- DISTURBED
U - UNCONFINED COMPRESSION	WL - WATER LEVEL IN CASING	CA - CASING	DF - DRIVE FOOT VALVE	PS - PISTON SAMPLE	- FAIR
QC - TRIAXIAL CONSOLIDATED QUICK	WT - WATER TABLE IN SOIL	Y - UNIT WEIGHT	TO - THIN WALLED OPEN	WS - WASHED SAMPLE	- GOOD
				RC - ROCK CORE	- LOST



DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS - ONTARIO  
MATERIALS & RESEARCH BRANCH - FOUNDATIONS SECTION - DOWNSVIEW  
**OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION**

DRILL RIG 54-5

OPERATION BORE &amp; PENET'N JOB F-58-40 W.P. 19-59

BORING 4 STA. 321+95(29' LT)

CASING BX&amp;AX (standard samplers to fit unless noted)

DATUM GEODETIC

DATE REPORT JAN 1959

SAMPLER HAMMER WT. 250 LBS. DROP 13 INCHES

COMPILED BY H.S. CHECKED BY AL

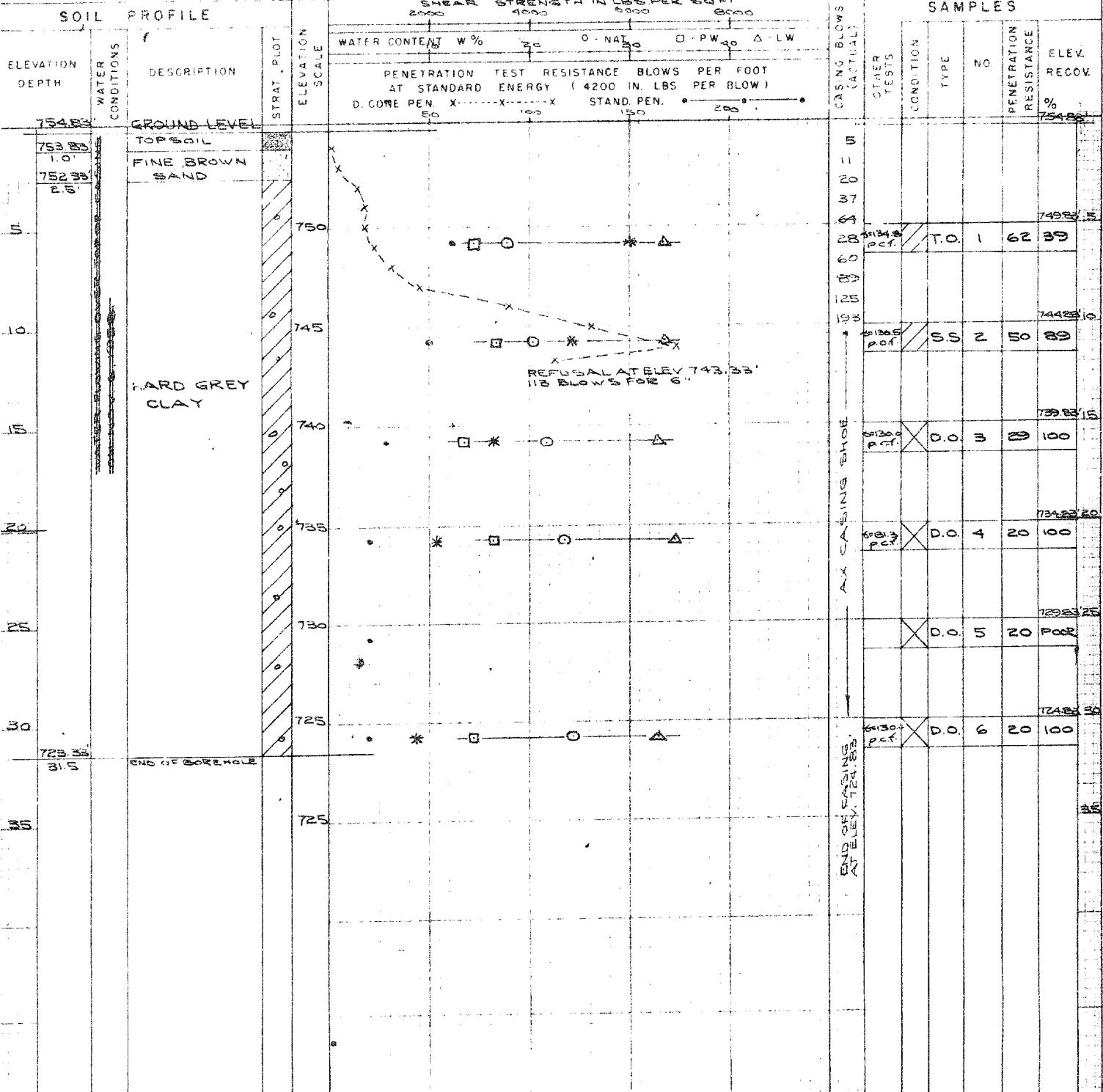
DATE BORING 5 NOV 1958

## ABBREVIATIONS

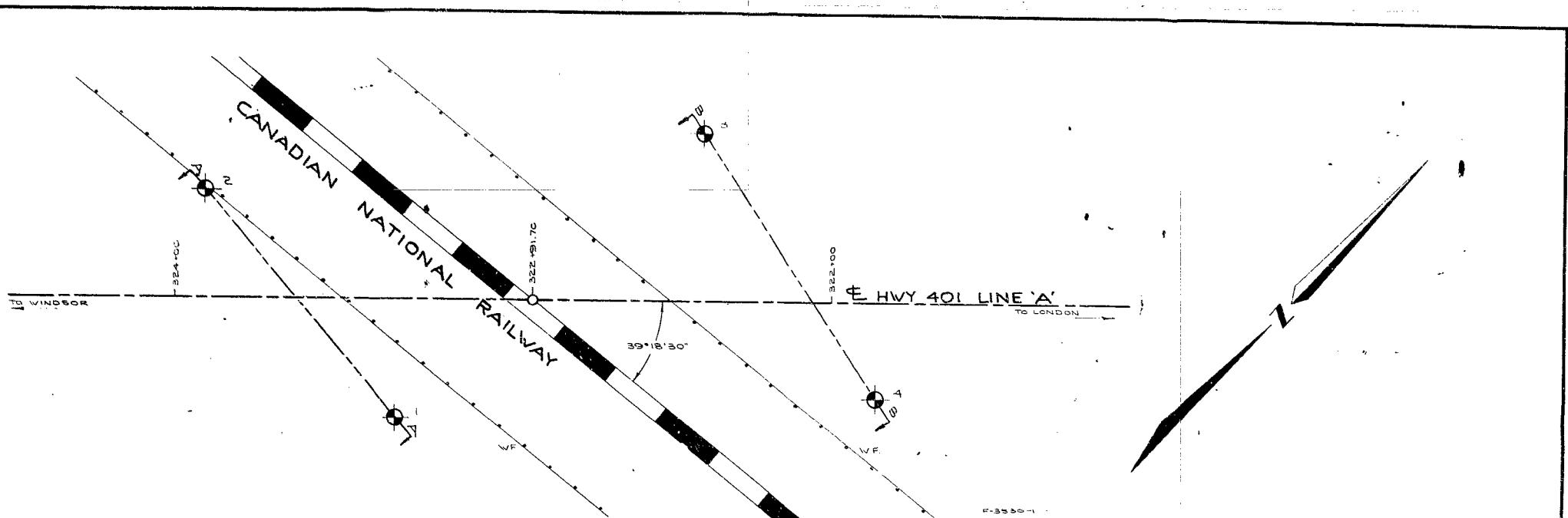
## SAMPLE TYPES

## SAMPLE CONDITION

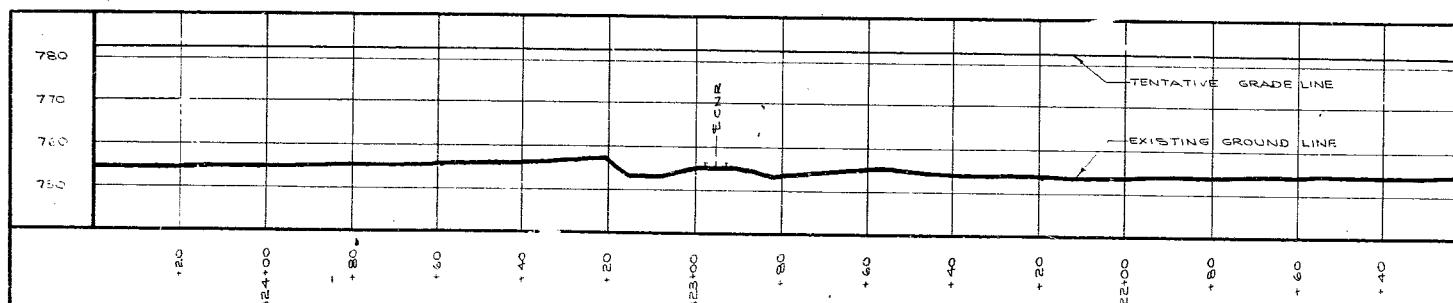
V - INSITU VANE SHEAR TEST	Q - TRIAXIAL QUICK	K - PERMEABILITY	CS - CHUNK	SS - SLEEVE SAMPLE
M - MECHANICAL ANALYSIS	S - TRIAXIAL SLOW	C - CONSOLIDATION	DO - DRIVE OPEN	PS - PISTON SAMPLE
U - UNCONFINED COMPRESSION	WL - WATER LEVEL IN CASING	CA - CASING	DF - DRIVE FOOT VALVE	WS - WASHED SAMPLE
QC - TRIAXIAL CONSOLIDATED QUICK	WT - WATER TABLE IN SOIL	U - UNIT WEIGHT	TO - THIN WALLED OPEN	RC - ROCK CORE



# 58-F-40  
W.P. # 19-59  
Hwy. # 401  
LINE 'A' & C.N.R.  
CROSSING  
3 MILES N.W. OF  
SHEDDEN



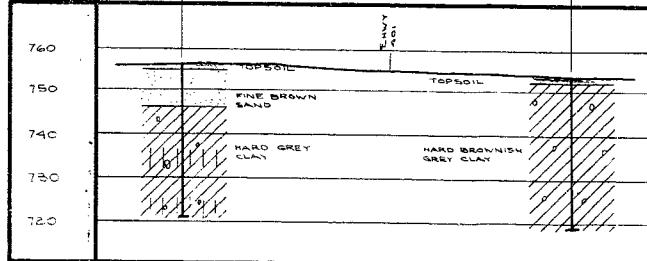
PLAN



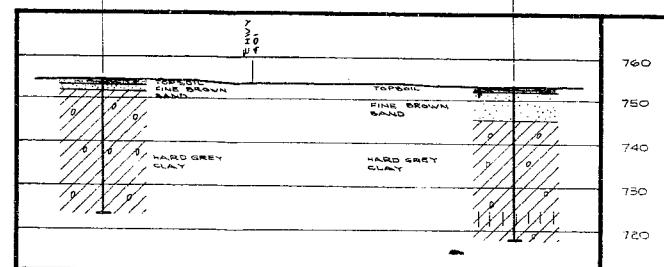
PROFILE

LEGEND			
BORE HOLE	●	PENET'R HOLE	○
BORE & PENET'R HOLE	●○		
HOLE NO.	ELEVATION	STATION	DISTANCE FROM E
1	756+05	323+41	36' LT.
2	753+82	324+00	33' RT.
3	753+08	322+48	51' RT.
4	754+83	321+95	29' LT.

— NOTE —  
THE BOUNDARIES BETWEEN SOIL STRATA HAVE BEEN ESTABLISHED ONLY AT BORE HOLE'S LOCATIONS. BETWEEN BORE HOLES THE BOUNDARIES ARE ASSUMED FROM GEOLOGICAL EVIDENCE AND MAY BE SUBJECT TO CONSIDERABLE ERROR.



A-A



B-B

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS - ONTARIO  
MATERIALS & RESEARCH SECTION DOWNSVIEW

CNR  
PROPOSED CROSSING  
APP. 3 MI.W of SHEDDEN  
SHOWING POSITION & ELEVATION OF HOLES

HWY NO. 401 W.P. 19-59 LOT 10  
CO. ELGIN CON. III DIV. 2  
TWP. SOUTH WOLD

SCALE 1" = 20'	SUBMITTED BY	DATE 2 FEB. 59
DRAWN BY T. MELLORS	APPROVED BY	DRAWING NO. F 58-40A