

MEMORANDUM

To: Mr. B. R. Davis,  
Bridge Engineer,  
Bridge Office,  
Admin. Bldg.

From: Foundation Section,  
Materials & Testing Office,  
Room 107, Lab. Bldg.

ATTENTION: Mr. S. McCombie

DATE: March 5, 1970

OUR FILE REF.

IN REPLY TO

**MAR 10 1970**

SUBJECT:

FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION REPORT  
For  
Proposed Crossing at Brown's Creek  
Diversion and Highway #79  
Twp. of Brooke -- Co. of Lambton  
District No. 1 (Chatham)  
W.J. 69-F-117 -- W.P. 91-68-01

Attached, we are forwarding to you our detailed  
foundation investigation report on the subsoil conditions  
existing at the above structure site.

We believe that the factual data and recommendations  
contained therein, will prove adequate for your design  
requirements. Should additional information be required,  
please feel free to contact our Office.

AGS/EdieF  
Attach.

*A. G. Sternac*  
A. G. Sternac  
PRINCIPAL FOUNDATION ENGINEER

cc: Messrs. B. R. Davis  
E. A. Tregaskes  
D. W. Farren  
W. Zondenberg  
F. C. Brown  
A. P. Watt (2)  
J. Roy  
B. A. Singh

Foundations Files ✓  
Gen. Files

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION
2. DESCRIPTION OF THE SITE
3. FIELD AND LABORATORY WORK
4. SUBSOIL CONDITIONS:
  - 4.1) General
  - 4.2) Silty Clay to clayey silt
  - 4.3) Silt to Silty Sand
  - 4.4) Silt to clayey silt
  - 4.5) Shale bedrock
5. GROUNDWATER CONDITIONS
6. DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS:
  - 6.1) General
  - 6.2) Structure Foundations
  - 6.3) Approaches
7. MISCELLANEOUS

FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION REPORT  
For  
Proposed Crossing at Brown's Creek  
Diversion and Highway #79  
Twp. of Brooke -- Co. of Lambton  
District No. 1. (Chatham)  
W.J. 69-F-117 -- W.P. 91-68-01

---

1. INTRODUCTION:

A request for a foundation investigation at the proposed crossing of Brown's Creek Diversion and Hwy. #79, was received from Mr. A. Watt in a memo dated December 2nd, 1969.

A field investigation was subsequently carried out by the Foundation Section to determine the subsoil conditions existing at the site. This report contains the results of this investigation and our recommendations pertaining to the design of the proposed structure foundations and approach embankments.

2. DESCRIPTION OF THE SITE:

The site of the proposed crossing is situated about 2 miles south of Watford on Hwy. #79. The existing bridge is a 57 foot clear span simple steel truss structure.

At this point, the Creek flows in an east to west direction through a valley about 600 feet in width and 15 - 20 feet in depth. The south banks are steeper than the north banks. The land in the immediate vicinity of the bridge is barren.

Physiographically, the site is located in the region referred to as the St. Clair Clay Plain

### 3. FIELD AND LABORATORY WORK

The field work at the proposed bridge site consisted of a total of three sampled boreholes and three dynamic core penetration tests, i.e. one adjacent to each borehole. The boreholes were advanced by means of a continuous flight auger and two conventional diamond drills adapted for soil sampling purposes. A driving energy of 350 ft.- lbs. per blow was used for the dynamic core penetration tests.

Disturbed samples were obtained using a 2-inch O.D. split-spoon sampler driven according to the specifications for the Standard Penetration Test. Only one undisturbed sample was obtained by means of a 2-inch I.D. Shelby tube, which was pushed into the soil manually. One bedrock sample was obtained using BXL coring equipment.

Samples were visually examined in the field and subsequently, in the laboratory, tests were carried out on selected samples to determine the following physical properties:

1. Grain-size distribution
2. Atterberg limits
3. Natural moisture content
4. Organic content
5. Bulk density

The results of field and laboratory tests are summarized in the Record of Borehole sheets, which are contained in the Appendix to the Report.

All boreholes were surveyed in the field by personnel from London Region Engineering Surveys Section. The locations and elevations of the borings are shown on Drawing No. 69-F-117A which accompanies this report.

### 4. SUBSOIL CONDITIONS:

#### 4.1) General:

In general, the subsoil at the site consists of two

layers of clayey silt to silty clay with some sand and traces of gravel, with one or more layers of silt to silty sand in between. Overburden is underlain by shale bedrock.

The boundaries between the various soil types and the bedrock are shown on the Record of Borehole sheets. The estimated stratigraphical profile shown on the Drawing #69-F-117A, is based upon this information.

From ground level downward, the various strata are described in some detail with regard to soil type and soil properties, as follows:

4.2) Silty clay to clayey silt:

This was the predominant deposit and was encountered in all boreholes. In BHs #1 and #2 it extended down to approximate elevation 727.0. This includes the fill which was probably the local material obtained from the same or similar deposits. In BH #3 it was found only down to elevation 732.6. This deposit was interrupted by a silt to silty sand deposit, below which it was intersected again in BHs #1, 2 and 3 at elevations 706.8, 718.0 and 716.1 respectively. In BH #1 it was underlain by a silt to clayey silt layer and in BHs #2 and 3 it was underlain by bedrock.

The material consists of silty clay to clayey silt with some sand and traces of gravel. In the lower deposit the proportion of sand and gravel increases with depth. Traces of organics were found in some samples near the ground surface. A plot of plasticity index versus liquid limit shows that the points fall within the CL and CI zones. The natural moisture content is, in general, close to the plastic limit. The colour of the soil was grey except near the ground surface, where it was brown. The standard penetration test results indicate that the consistency of the upper deposit ranges from firm to stiff and that the lower deposit ranges from very stiff to hard.

The test results are plotted on the Record of Borehole sheets and also on Figs. 1 and 2 of the Appendix. The physical properties of the material are as follows:

Liquid Limit	27 - 45%
Plastic Limit	16 - 24%
Moisture Content	14 - 32%

The sample with the highest Atterberg limits contained 4% organics.

The grain-size analysis indicates the following distributions:

Gravel	2 - 16%
Sand	13 - 26%
Silt	42 - 56%
Clay	16 - 28%

#### 4.3 Silt to Silty Sand

This deposit was found sandwiched between the two silty clay to clayey silt strata described above. The total thickness of the deposit varies from 9.0 ft. in BH #2 to 20.0 ft. in BH #1.

The composition of this water deposited material varies all the way from grey silt to silty sand. In BH #1 it is essentially sandy silt while in BH #2 it is silty fine sand. In BH #3 the material is very variable at various depths, because of its being a recently deposited material. In this hole, underlying 5 ft. of clayey silt, there is a 3 ft. thick layer of silty sand with some gravel and clay and traces of organics, followed by 8 ft. of silt to sandy silt, followed by a 2 ft. clayey silt layer and 3.5 ft. of silt containing thin layers of clay and sand. This overall deposit is underlain by a clayey silt stratum.

This material is very susceptible to 'boiling' under an unbalanced hydrostatic head.

The 'N' values indicate a compact to very dense denseness. However, it is possible that because of unbalanced hydrostatic conditions created in the borehole during drilling, these 'N' values may not be very representative of the material.

The grain-size analyses indicate the following ranges of distribution and are plotted on Fig. 3.

Gravel	0 - 14%
Sand	13 - 60%
Silt	36 - 70%
Clay	1 - 17%

4.4) Silt to clayey silt:

This deposit was intersected in BH #1. It immediately overlies the bedrock. As already mentioned, the proportion of granular material in the lower silty clay to clayey silt stratum increases with depth. Therefore, immediately above the bedrock it may be described as silt to clayey silt. The 'N' values indicate a hard consistency. The only sample from this layer has the following physical properties:

Liquid Limit	20%
Plastic Limit	15%
Moisture Content	11%

The grain-size analysis indicates the following distribution and are plotted on Fig. 4.

Gravel	16%
Sand	29%
Silt	42%
Clay	13%

4.5) Shale bedrock:

The bedrock was proven in BH #1 by obtaining a BXL core. The rock core showed the bedrock to be shale. In BH #2 weathered bedrock was recovered by a split spoon. In BH #3, the bedrock surface was assumed to be the level at which refusal to washboring was reached. The bedrock surface is relatively even and varies from elevation 679.3 to 681.5.

5. GROUNDWATER CONDITIONS:

The water level in BH #3 was observed to be at elevation 736.8, the same as the water level in the Creek. In other boreholes the water level could not be established due to short duration of the field work. However, it is estimated that water level in BHs #2 and 3 would lie between elevation

737.0 and 740.0.

6. DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

6.1) General:

It is proposed to replace the existing bridge over Brown's Creek with a new one. The new structure is presently proposed to be an 80-ft. single span bridge and is located about 50 ft. south of the existing structure. For this reason the creek will be diverted about 50 ft. The proposed grade is about 8 ft. higher than the existing one, resulting in maximum approach heights of about 20 ft. above the river bed.

Subsoil at the site consists generally of deposits of firm to stiff silty clay overlying compact to very dense silty sand followed by very stiff to hard clayey silt followed by shale bedrock. Depth to bedrock is about 58 - 65 ft.

6.2) Structure Foundations:

The new structure may be founded on spread footings placed at or below elevation 727.0, assuming a net rate pressure of 2.0 t.s.f. for design purposes. This depth is considered sufficient for frost protection purposes but hydrological considerations may dictate otherwise.

As an alternative, the new structure may be founded on steel 'H' piles or precast concrete piles driven to bedrock. The capacity of piles in this case will be governed by their structural strength.

Excavations carried out for footings or pile caps below the ground water level will require a de-watering scheme to enable construction to be carried out in the dry. With regard to this matter, it is pointed out that the upper sub-soil layers consist generally of fine grained granular type material which can become 'quick' under conditions of unbalanced hydrostatic heads. The following method of de-watering is recommended:



Excavation should be carried out down to the level of the prevailing ground water. At this point, interlocking steel sheeting should be driven to a depth equal to twice the distance between the ground water level and the footing or pile cap base. Excavation and unwatering may then be proceeded with without danger of 'boiling'. It may be necessary of course to brace the sheeting laterally. Sheeting may be left in place for scour protection purposes if required.

Settlements under spread footings are anticipated to be not more than  $1\frac{1}{2}$  inches.

6.3) Approaches:

The proposed 8-ft. raise in grade will result in a maximum height of embankment of 20 ft. above the bottom of the creek. The shear strength of the subsoil is such that it will be able to support the approach embankments constructed with 2:1 forward and side slopes. The fill should consist of well compacted acceptable material. Care should be taken to ensure that no bouldery fill is placed within the approaches through which piles have to be driven, and it is recommended that this portion of the fill contain no larger grain sizes than 3 inches.

Based on past experience of structures with somewhat similar subsoil conditions, it is anticipated that maximum settlement of 2 inches will occur under the approaches.

Pile caps or spread footings should be founded at sufficient depth to ensure frost protection.

The topsoil and any organic material should be removed in accordance with the pertinent D.H.O. standards within the construction area.

7. MISCELLANEOUS:

The field work for this project was carried out during the period Dec. 18-19, 1969, under the supervision of Mr. A. Prakash, Project Foundation Engineer, who also prepared this report

The equipment used was owned and operated by George Wimpey & Co., Ltd., and Dominion Soil Investigation Ltd.

This report was reviewed by Mr. K.G. Selby, Supervising Foundation Engineer.

March, 1970

APPENDIX I

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS - ONTARIO

MATERIALS & TESTING OFFICE

JOB 69-F-117

LOCATION Hwy. 79 Sta. 645 + 41 o/s 20' Rt.

ORIGINATED BY AP

W P 91-68-01

BORING DATE Dec. 18 - 19, 1969

COMPILED BY AP

DATUM Geodetic

BOREHOLE TYPE Bombardier Flight Auger, Cone & Core

CHECKED BY

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No.1

FOUNDATION SECTION

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE					LIQUID LIMIT — w <sub>L</sub> PLASTIC LIMIT — w <sub>p</sub> WATER CONTENT — w			BULK DENSITY X	REMARKS
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS / FOOT	20	40	60	80	100	SHEAR STRENGTH PSF			
										O UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL X LAB VANE			
										WATER CONTENT %			
										10	20	30	
744.8	Ground Level												
0.0													
	Silty clay to clayey silt, some sand, traces of gravel	1	SS	9									16 26 42 16
		2	SS	14									Estimated el. 737-740
		3	SS	12									
	Grey	4	SS	15									
726.8	Stiff	5	TW	PH								125	
18.0		6	SS	20									4 23 68 5
	Sandy silt, traces of gravel & clay	7	SS	47									
	Grey	8	SS	64									0 44 51 5
	Compact to very dense												
706.8													
38.0		9	SS	32									
	Silty clay to clayey silt, some sand, traces of gravel.	10	SS	33									
	Grey												
	Hard												
686.8													
58.0	Silt to clayey silt with sand & some grav. Dark Grey.	11	SS	37									16 29 42 13
680.8	Hard												
64.0	Shale												
	Bedrock	12	BXL	60%									
673.8													
71.0	End of Borehole												

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS - ONTARIO MATERIALS & TESTING OFFICE				RECORD OF BOREHOLE No. 2				FOUNDATION SECTION			
JOB 69-F-117		LOCATION Hwy. 70 Sta. 645 + 41 o/s 21' Lt.		ORIGINATED BY AP							
W.P. 91-68-01		BORING DATE Dec. 18-19, 1969		COMPILED BY AP							
DATUM Geodetic		BOREHOLE TYPE Washboring, NX Casing, Augering & Cone		CHECKED BY							
SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE		LIQUID LIMIT — W <sub>L</sub>		PLASTIC LIMIT — W <sub>P</sub>		BULK DENSITY	
				BLOWS / FOOT							
				20 40 60 80 100							
				SHEAR STRENGTH PSF							
				○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE							
				● QUICK TRIAXIAL × LAB VANE							
						WATER CONTENT %					
						10 20 30					
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STR. PLCT	NUMBER	TYPE	BLVS./FOOT	ELEV. SCALE					REMARKS
744.0	Ground Level										
0.0	Silty clay to clayey silt, some sand, traces of gravel and organics.		1	SS	16	740					Estimated bl. 737-740
			2	SS	19						Org. 4.0%
			3	SS	8						
			4	SS	22						
727.0	Firm to very stiff					730					
17.0	Silty fine sand		5	TW	PH						0 60 39 1
	Grey										
718.0	Compact					720					
26.0			6	SS	27						
	Clayey silt, some sand, traces of gravel					710					
	Grey		7	SS	43						
						700					
	Very stiff to hard		8	SS	57						9 13 53 25
						690					
681.5	Shale Bedrock		9	SS	158	680					
679.7											
64.3	End of Borehole										

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS - ONTARIO

MATERIALS &amp; TESTING OFFICE

## RECORD OF BOREHOLE No. 3

FOUNDATION SECTION

JOB 69-F-117

LOCATION

Hwy. 79 Sta. 645 + 95 o/s 27' Lt.

ORIGINATED BY AP

W.P. 91-68-01

BORING DATE

Dec. 18 - 19, 1969

COMPILED BY AP

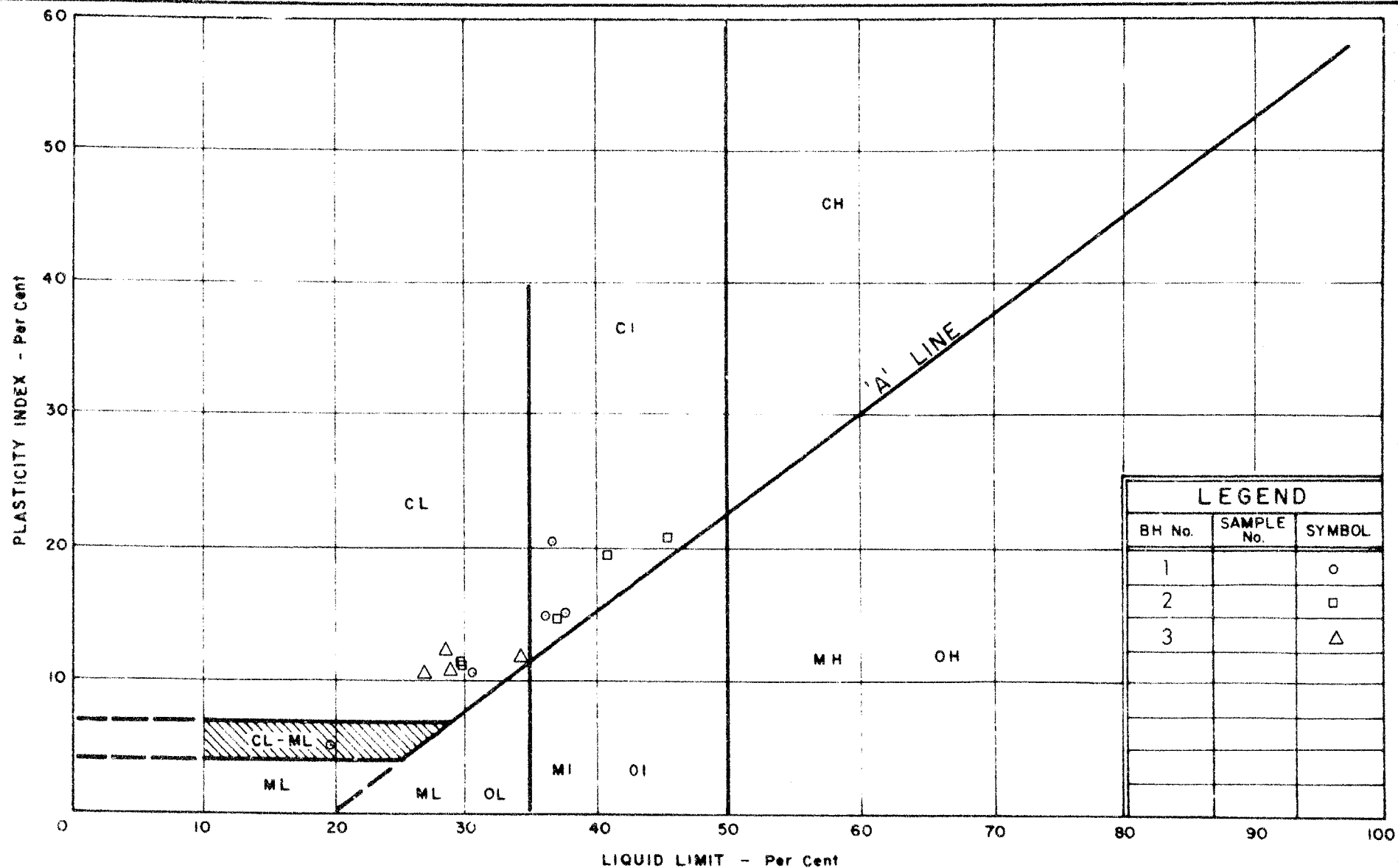
DATUM Geodetic

BOREHOLE TYPE

Washboring, NX Casing &amp; Cone

CHECKED BY

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES		BLOWS/FOOT	ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE BLOWS / FOOT					LIQUID LIMIT — % PLASTIC LIMIT — % WATER CONTENT — %			BULK DENSITY P.C.F.	REMARKS
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STR. PLCT	NUMBER	TYPE			20	40	60	80	100	W <sub>L</sub>	W <sub>P</sub>	W		
737.6	Ground Level															
0.0	Clayey silt, some sand & traces of gravel.															
732.6	Brown. Firm		1	SS	5											
5.0	Silty sand, some gray & clay, traces of organic.		2	SS	13											Org. 1.8%
729.6	Brown. Compact.															14 40 36 10
8.0	Silt to sandy silt, some clay		3	SS	15											0 13 70 17
	Grey		4	SS	36											0 17 70 13
721.6	Compact to dense															
15.0	Clayey silt. Grey		5	SS	37											
719.0	Hard															
18.0	Silt, layers of clay & sand. Grey. Dense		6	SS	54											3 29 51 17
716.1			7	SS	-											
21.5			8	SS	37											2 14 56 28
	Clayey silt, some sand, traces of gravel.		9	SS	82											
	Grey		10	SS	43											
	Hard															
679.3			11	SS	66											
58.3	End of Borehole Probable Bedrock															



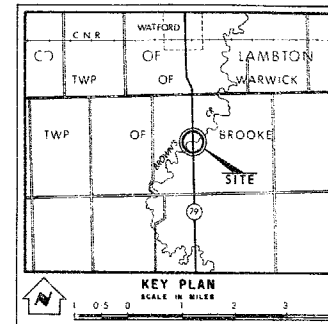
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS  
**MATERIALS and  
TESTING  
DIVISION**

## PLASTICITY CHART

WP No. 91-68-01

JOB No. 69-F-117

FIG. 1



LEGEND			
	Bore Hole		
	Cone Penetration Hole		
	Bore & Cone Penetration Hole		
	Water Levels established at time of field investigation, DEC. 1969		
NO.	ELEVATION	STATION	OFFSET
1	744.8	645+41	20' RT
2	744.0	645+41	21' LT
3	737.6	645+95	27' LT

**- NOTE -**  
The boundaries between soil strata have been established only at Bore Hole locations. Between Bore Holes the boundaries are assumed from geological evidence and may be subject to considerable error.

NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION

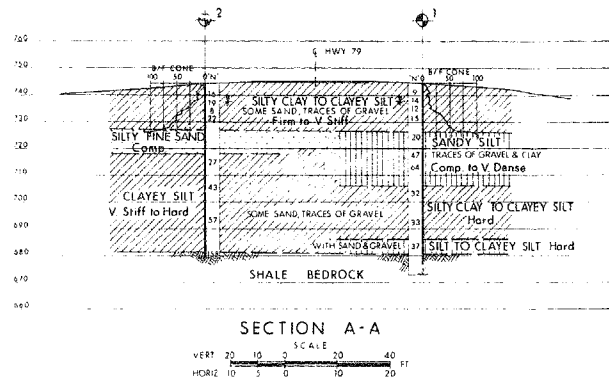
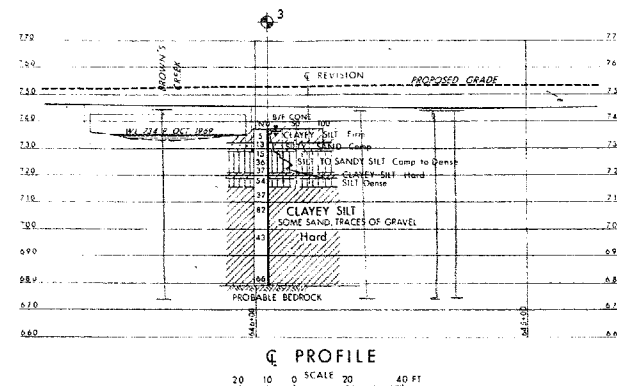
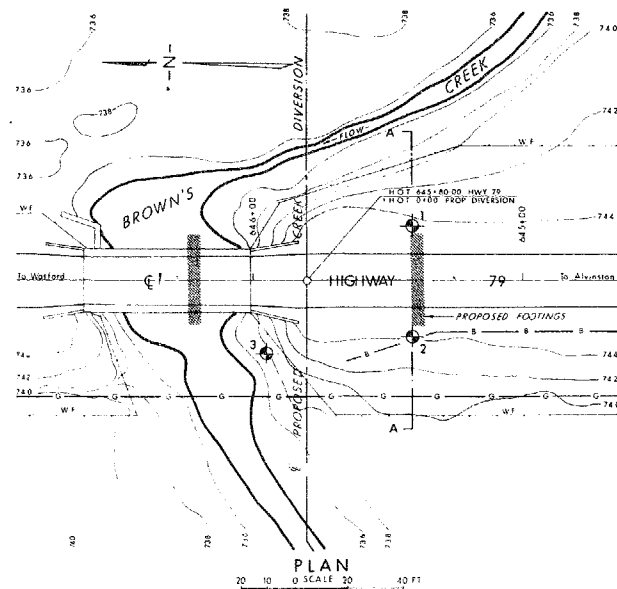
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS - ONTARIO  
MATERIALS & TESTING OFFICE - FOUNDATION SECTION

**BROWN'S CREEK DIVERSION**

KING'S HIGHWAY NO. 79 DIST. NO. 1  
CO. LAMBTON  
TWP. BROOKE LOT 17 & 18 CON. 14

**BORE HOLE LOCATIONS & SOIL STRATA**

SUBNO. A.P. CHECKED *PP* W.P. NO. 91-68-01 H.B.T. DRAWING NO.  
DRAWN 5 C. CHECKED JOB NO. 69-F-117 69-F-117A  
DATE 25 FEB 1970 SITE NO. BRIDGE DRAWING NO.  
APPROVED *Adrian* CONT.



PRINT RECORD  
NO. FOR DATE



SITE BROWN'S CREEK & HWY# 79

HAMMER TYPE DELMAZ D22 WEIGHT 5 TON ENERGY 39000

[illegible]

OVER

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS — ONTARIO  
MATERIALS & TESTING DIVISION  
FOUNDATION SECTION

## BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION - PILE DRIVING RECORD

DISTRICT NO. 1 CONTRACT NO. 71-183 STRUCTURE BROWN CREEK No 2  
 CONTRACTOR BERMINGHAM DESIGN LOAD OF PILE 70 TONS  
 HAMMER DETAILS: TYPE DELMAC D 22 WEIGHT 5 TONS HEIGHT OF FALL OR ENERGY 39 FT  
 TYPE OF ANVIL OR CAP \_\_\_\_\_ WEIGHT OF ANVIL OR CAP 7 TONS  
 PILE DETAILS H 12-53 LBS PER FT STRAIGHT PILE  
 PILE NO. 23 LOCATION SOUTH ABUTMENT FOOTING DATE DRIVEN MAY 31/72

TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.
25 FT	1		26	12		51	3-8		76		
	2		27	13		52	5-6		77		
	3		28	13		53	5-8		78		
	4		29	14		54	3-7		79		
	5		30	15		55	6-4		80		
	6		31	15		56	6-1		81		
	7		32	17		57	5-7		82		
	8		33	18		58	5-6		83		
	9	2	34	19		59	5-4		84		
	10	3	35	23		60	5-3		85		
	11	3	36	23		61	5-2		86		
	12	4	37	25		62	5-0		87		
	13	4	38	29		63	5-2		88		
	14	4	39	30		64	5-7		89		
	15	5	40	33		65	6-9		90		
	16	5	41	34		66	4-5		91		
	17	6	42	39		67			92		
	18	6	43	38		68			93		
	19	6	44	45		69			94		
	20	6	45	46		70			95		
	21	7	46	50		71			96		
	22	9	47	51		72			97		
	23	12	48	51		73			98		
	24	12	49	54		74			99		
	25	11	50	57		75			100		

DETAILS FOR FINAL SIX INCHES OF PENETRATION	1	2	3	4	5	6
BLOWS PER INCH	15					
MEASURED REBOUND IN INCHES	3					
FINAL LENGTH OF PILE	70 FT					
FINAL CUT OFF ELEVATION	744.0					

REPORT TO BE SENT TO: - PRINCIPAL FOUNDATION ENGINEER  
 MATERIALS & TESTING DIVISION  
 DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS  
 DOWNSVIEW, ONTARIO

SIGNED C. Stevenson  
 NAME (PRINT) C. STEVENSON  
 DATE MAY 31/72

ATTACH SKETCH OF PILE NUMBERING SYSTEM

**Notes:-**

In general this form should be completed for every tenth pile in a group, but at least one is required for every pier and abutment.

Piles driven vertically should be selected where possible.

Pile Details must include type, dimensions and weight per foot, details of shoe, and slope of batter: e.g. 12 $\frac{3}{4}$ " O.D. steel tube x 0.251" @ 33 lbs. per ft. Vertical. 12 $\frac{3}{4}$ " x  $\frac{1}{2}$ " steel plate shoe.

Details for the final six inches of penetration must be completed for all piles except in the case of an end bearing pile driven to bedrock. Final length of pile, and final cut off elevation must always be given.

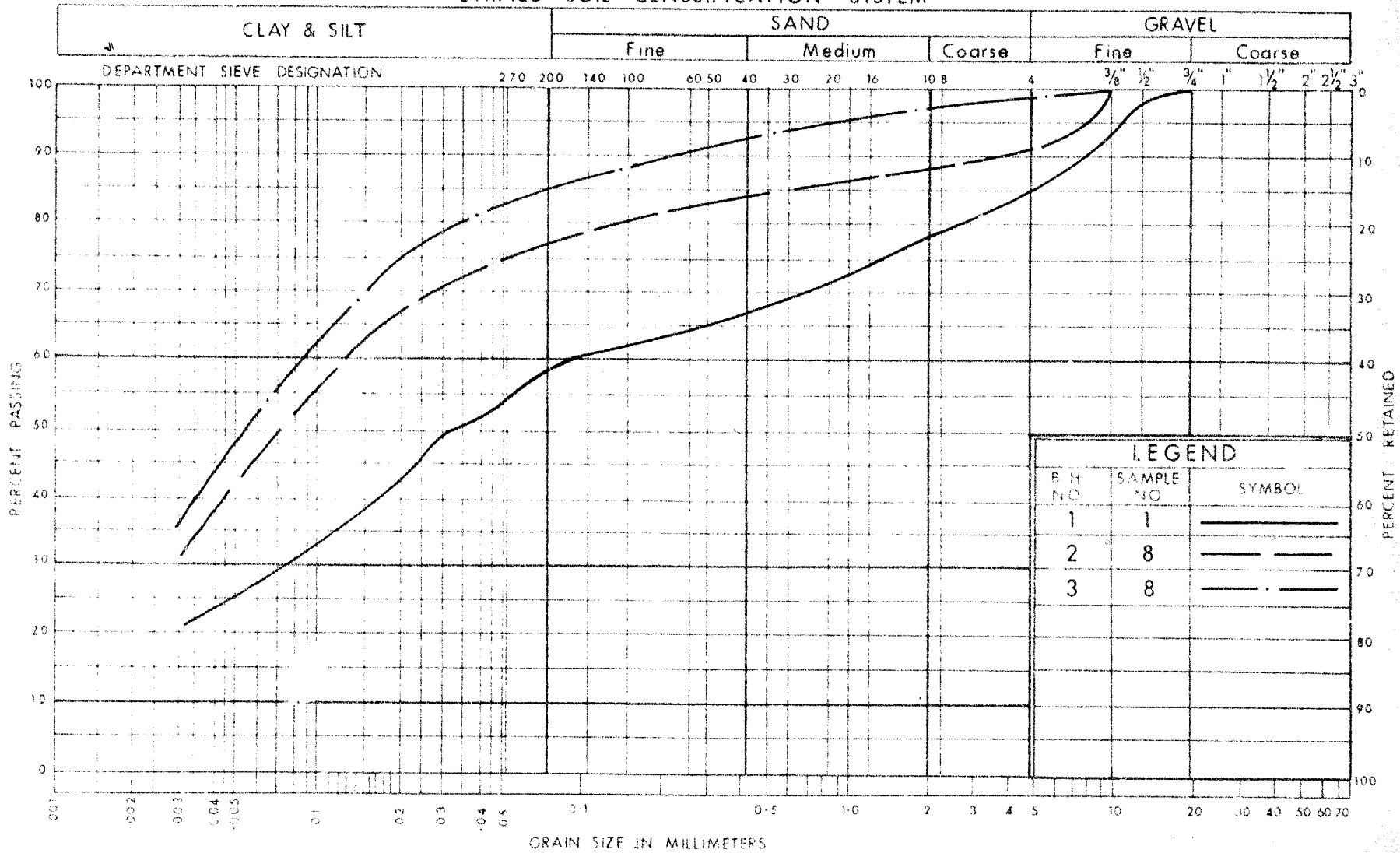
The total length being driven is the full length of the pile and remains unchanged until a length is cut off or spliced on.

The penetration in blows per foot must be recorded for every foot of penetration of the pile.

Measured rebounds recorded on this form must be the average for each individual inch for the final six inches of penetration.

17  
17

# UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

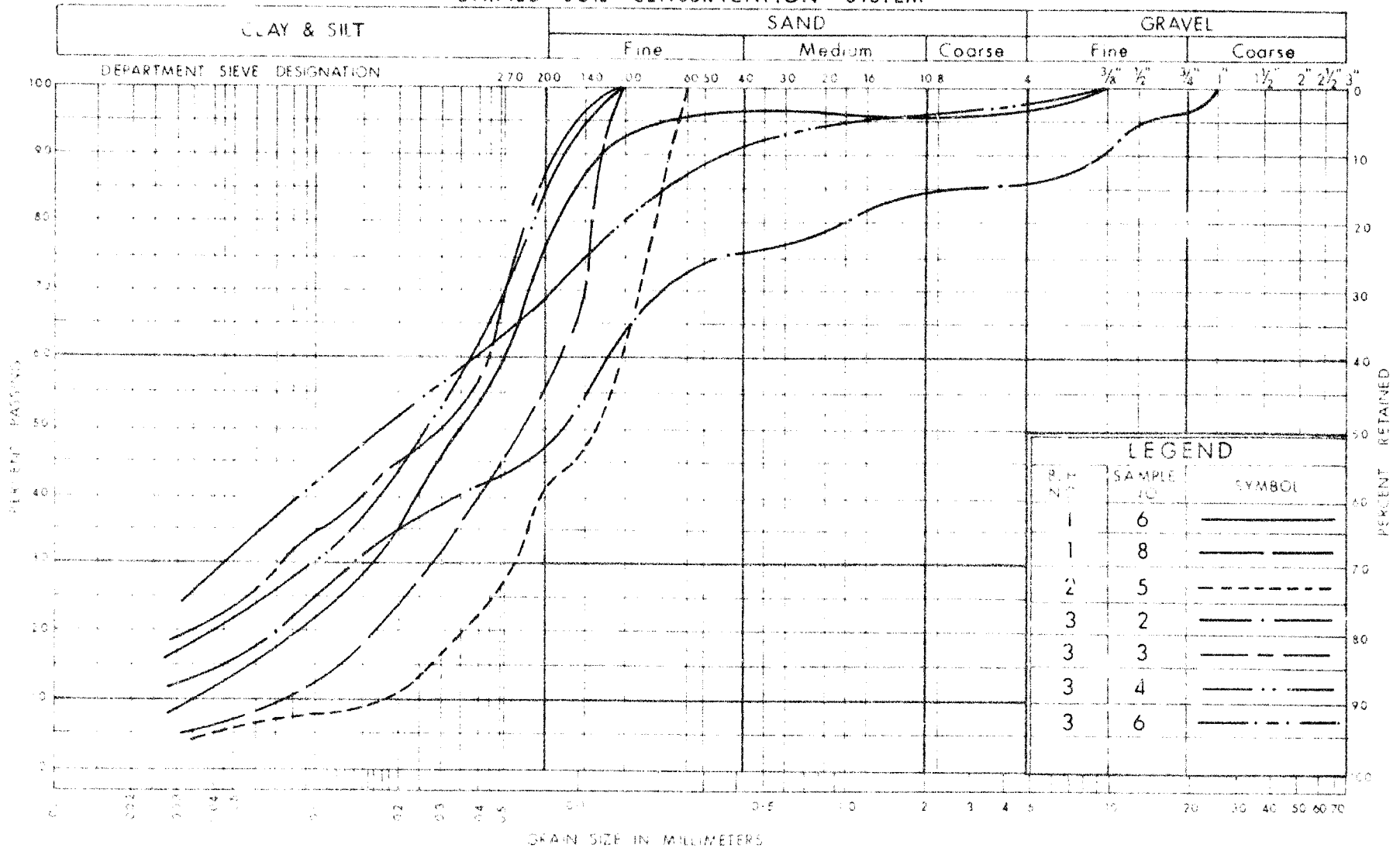


DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS  
MATERIALS and  
TESTING  
DIVISION

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION  
SILTY CLAY TO CLAYEY SILT

W.P. No. 91-68-01  
JOB No. 69-F-117  
FIG. 2

# UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

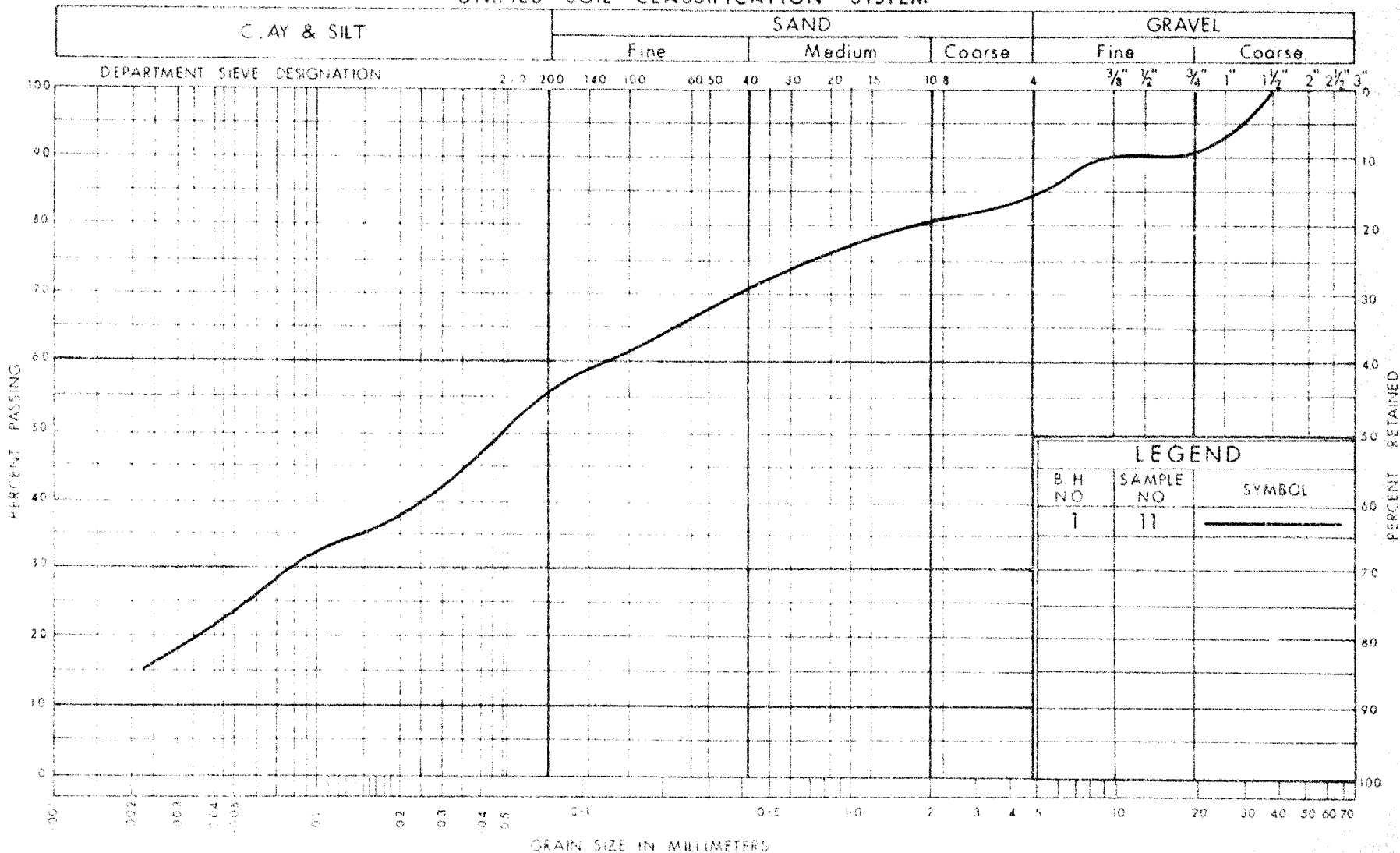


DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS  
MATERIALS and  
TESTING  
DIVISION

## GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION SILT TO SILTY SAND

WP No. 91-61-01  
JOB No. 69-F-117  
FIG. 3

# UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM



DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS  
MATERIALS and  
TESTING  
DIVISION

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION  
SILT TO CLAYEY SILT

W.P. No. 91-68-01

JOB No. 69-F-117

FIG 4

## ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS REPORT

### PENETRATION RESISTANCE

STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE 'N' : - THE NUMBER OF BLOWS REQUIRED TO ADVANCE A STANDARD SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER 12 INCHES INTO THE SUBSOIL, DRIVEN BY MEANS OF A 140 POUND HAMMER FALLING FREELY A DISTANCE OF 30 INCHES.

DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE :- THE NUMBER OF BLOWS REQUIRED TO ADVANCE A 2 INCH, 60 DEGREE CONE, FITTED TO THE END OF DRILL RODS, 12 INCHES INTO THE SUBSOIL, THE DRIVING ENERGY BEING 350 FOOT POUNDS PER BLOW.

### DESCRIPTION OF SOIL

THE CONSISTENCY OF COHESIVE SOILS AND THE RELATIVE DENSITY OR DENSENESS OF COHESIONLESS SOILS ARE DESCRIBED IN THE FOLLOWING TERMS :-

<u>CONSISTENCY</u>	<u>'N' BLOWS / FT.</u>	<u>c LB. / SQ. FT.</u>	<u>DENSENESS</u>	<u>'N' BLOWS / FT.</u>
VERY SOFT	0 - 2	0 - 250	VERY LOOSE	0 - 4
SOFT	2 - 4	250 - 500	LOOSE	4 - 10
FIRM	4 - 8	500 - 1000	COMPACT	10 - 30
STIFF	8 - 15	1000 - 2000	DENSE	30 - 50
VERY STIFF	15 - 30	2000 - 4000	VERY DENSE	> 50
HARD	> 30	> 4000		

### TYPE OF SAMPLE

S.S.	SPLIT SPOON	T.W.	THINWALL OPEN
W.S.	WASHED SAMPLE	T.P.	THINWALL PISTON
S.B.	SCRAPER BUCKET SAMPLE	O.S.	OESTERBERG SAMPLE
A.S.	AUGER SAMPLE	F.S.	FOIL SAMPLE
C.S.	CHUNK SAMPLE	R.C.	ROCK CORE
S.T.	SLOTTED TUBE SAMPLE		
	P.H. SAMPLE ADVANCED HYDRAULICALLY		
	P.M. SAMPLE ADVANCED MANUALLY		

### SOIL TESTS

Qu	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION	L.V.	LABORATORY VANE
Q	UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL	F.V.	FIELD VANE
Qcu	CONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL	C	CONSOLIDATION
Qd	DRAINED TRIAXIAL	S	SENSITIVITY

# ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS REPORT

## SOIL PROPERTIES

$\gamma$	UNIT WEIGHT OF SOIL (BULK DENSITY)
$\gamma_s$	UNIT WEIGHT OF SOLID PARTICLES
$\gamma_w$	UNIT WEIGHT OF WATER
$\gamma_d$	UNIT DRY WEIGHT OF SOIL (DRY DENSITY)
$\gamma'$	UNIT WEIGHT OF SUBMERGED SOIL
G	SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF SOLID PARTICLES $G = \frac{\gamma_s}{\gamma_w}$
e	VOID RATIO
n	POROSITY
w	WATER CONTENT
$S_r$	DEGREE OF SATURATION
$w_L$	LIQUID LIMIT
$w_p$	PLASTIC LIMIT
$I_p$	PLASTICITY INDEX
s	SHRINKAGE LIMIT
$I_L$	LIQUIDITY INDEX $= \frac{w - w_p}{I_p}$
$I_C$	CONSISTENCY INDEX $= \frac{w_L - w}{I_p}$
$e_{max}$	VOID RATIO IN LOOSEST STATE
$e_{min}$	VOID RATIO IN DENSEST STATE
$I_D$	DENSITY INDEX $= \frac{e_{max} - e}{e_{max} - e_{min}}$
	RELATIVE DENSITY $D_r$ IS ALSO USED
h	HYDRAULIC HEAD OR POTENTIAL
q	RATE OF DISCHARGE
v	VELOCITY OF FLOW
i	HYDRAULIC GRADIENT
k	COEFFICIENT OF PERMEABILITY
j	SEEPAGE FORCE PER UNIT VOLUME
$m_v$	COEFFICIENT OF VOLUME CHANGE $= \frac{-\Delta e}{(1+e)\Delta\sigma}$
$c_v$	COEFFICIENT OF CONSOLIDATION
$C_c$	COMPRESSION INDEX $= \frac{\Delta e}{\Delta \log_{10} \sigma}$
$T_v$	TIME FACTOR $= \frac{c_v t}{d^2}$ (d, DRAINAGE PATH)
U	DEGREE OF CONSOLIDATION
$\tau_f$	SHEAR STRENGTH
$c'$	EFFECTIVE COHESION INTERCEPT
$\phi'$	EFFECTIVE ANGLE OF SHEARING RESISTANCE, OR FRICTION
$c_u$	APPARENT COHESION
$\phi_u$	APPARENT ANGLE OF SHEARING RESISTANCE, OR FRICTION
$\mu$	COEFFICIENT OF FRICTION
$S_t$	SENSITIVITY

## GENERAL

$\pi$	= 3.1416
e	BASE OF NATURAL LOGARITHMS 2.7183
$\log_e a$ OR $\ln a$	NATURAL LOGARITHM OF a
$\log_{10} a$ OR $\log a$	LOGARITHM OF a TO BASE 10
t	TIME
g	ACCELERATION DUE TO GRAVITY
V	VOLUME
W	WEIGHT
M	MOMENT
F	FACTOR OF SAFETY

## STRESS AND STRAIN

u	PORE PRESSURE
$\sigma$	NORMAL STRESS
$\sigma'$	NORMAL EFFECTIVE STRESS ( $\bar{\sigma}$ IS ALSO USED)
$\tau$	SHEAR STRESS
$\epsilon$	LINEAR STRAIN
$\gamma$	SHEAR STRAIN
$\nu$	POISSON'S RATIO ( $\mu$ IS ALSO USED)
E	MODULUS OF LINEAR DEFORMATION (YOUNG'S MODULUS)
G	MODULUS OF SHEAR DEFORMATION
K	MODULUS OF COMPRESSIBILITY
$\eta$	COEFFICIENT OF VISCOSITY

## EARTH PRESSURE

d	DISTANCE FROM TOP OF WALL TO POINT OF APPLICATION OF PRESSURE
$\delta$	ANGLE OF WALL FRICTION
K	DIMENSIONLESS COEFFICIENT TO BE USED WITH VARIOUS SUFFIXES IN EXPRESSIONS REFERRING TO NORMAL STRESS ON WALLS
$K_0$	COEFFICIENT OF EARTH PRESSURE AT REST

## FOUNDATIONS

B	BREADTH OF FOUNDATION
L	LENGTH OF FOUNDATION
D	DEPTH OF FOUNDATION BENEATH GROUND
N	DIMENSIONLESS COEFFICIENT USED WITH A SUFFIX APPLYING TO SPECIFIC GRAVITY, DEPTH AND COHESION ETC. IN THE FORMULA FOR BEARING CAPACITY
$k_s$	MODULUS OF SUBGRADE REACTION

## SLOPES

H	VERTICAL HEIGHT OF SLOPE
D	DEPTH BELOW TOE OF SLOPE TO HARD STRATUM
$\beta$	ANGLE OF SLOPE TO HORIZONTAL



OVER

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS — ONTARIO  
MATERIALS & TESTING DIVISION  
FOUNDATION SECTION

## BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION - PILE DRIVING RECORD

DISTRICT NO. 1 CONTRACT NO. 71-18.3 STRUCTURE BROWN CREEK NO 2CONTRACTOR BERMINGHAM DESIGN LOAD OF PILE 70 TONSHAMMER DETAILS: TYPE DEL MAC D32 WEIGHT 5 TON HEIGHT OF FALL OR ENERGY 39000TYPE OF ANVIL OR CAP \_\_\_\_\_ WEIGHT OF ANVIL OR CAP 700 LBSPILE DETAILS H - 12-5363 PER FT. BATTER PILE 12-3PILE NO. 21 LOCATION SOUTH ABUTMENT DATE DRIVEN JUNE 1/72

TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.
35'	1			26	11		51	48		76	
	2			27	12		52	49		77	
	3			28	13		53	51		78	
	4			29	14		54	54		79	
	5			30	14		55	60		80	
	6		STARTED	31	15		56	61		81	
	7	1	PILE NO	32	20		57	62		82	
	8	2	21-14.35	33	21		58	67		83	
	9	2	SPICING	34	25		59	65		84	
	10	3	11.3 TON	35	2.5		60	60		85	
	11	7	FINISHED	36	26		61	54		86	
	12	4	DRILLING	37	27		62	57		87	
	13	5	12.10	38	29		63	55		88	
	14	5		39	30		64	53		89	
	15	6	ADDED	40	36		65	55		90	
	16	6	35 FT	41	35		66	57		91	
	17	6		42	36		67	71		92	
	18	7		43	36		68			93	
	19	8		44	38		69			94	
	20	8		45	40		70			95	
	21	9		46	41		71			96	
	22	10		47	42		72			97	
	23	12		48	46		73			98	
	24	13		49	46		74			99	
	25	11		50	78		75			100	

DETAILS FOR FINAL SIX INCHES OF PENETRATION	1	2	3	4	5	6
BLOWS PER INCH	20					
MEASURED REBOUND IN INCHES	5"					
FINAL LENGTH OF PILE	70'					
FINAL CUT OFF ELEVATION	744.0					

REPORT TO BE SENT TO: - PRINCIPAL FOUNDATION ENGINEER  
MATERIALS & TESTING DIVISION  
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS  
DOWNSVIEW, ONTARIO

SIGNED

NAME (PRINT) C. STEVENSONDATE JUNE 1/72

ATTACH SKETCH OF PILE NUMBERING SYSTEM

744.0  
20  
674.0

MAILED 1145 JUN 1 1962 FBI - NEW YORK 15 OF 15

### Notes:-

Measured rebounds recorded on this form must be the average for each individual inch for the final six inches of penetration.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

[illegible]

OVER

 DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS - ONTARIO  
 MATERIALS & TESTING DIVISION  
 FOUNDATION SECTION

## BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION - PILE DRIVING RECORD

DISTRICT NO. 1, CONTRACT NO. 71-183 STRUCTURE BROWN STRUCTURE #2  
 CONTRACTOR BERMINGHAM DESIGN LOAD OF PILE 70 TONS  
 HAMMER DETAILS: TYPE DOLMAC D 22 WEIGHT 5 TONS HEIGHT OF FALL OR ENERGY 39000  
 TYPE OF ANVIL OR CAP \_\_\_\_\_ WEIGHT OF ANVIL OR CAP 700 LBS  
 PILE DETAILS H PILE 12 B P 53 VERTICAL  
 PILE NO. 1 LOCATION NORTH ABUTMENT DATE DRIVEN JUNE 5/72

TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS / FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS / FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS / FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS / FT.
35'	1		26	11		51	89			76	
	2		27	11		52	82			77	
	3		28	12		53	89			78	
	4		29	13		54	86			79	
	5		30	14		55	83			80	
	6		31	15		56	82			81	
	7		32	16		57	75			82	
	8		33	17		58	61			83	
	9		34	18		59	59			84	
	10		35	19		60	60			85	
	11		36	20		61	60			86	
	12		37	21		62	66			87	
	13		38	22		63	70			88	
	14		39	23		64	66			89	
	15		40	24		65	72			90	
	16		41	25		66	84			91	
	17		42	26		67	94			92	
	18		43	27		68				93	
	19		44	28		69				94	
	20		45	29		70				95	
	21		46	30		71				96	
	22		47	31		72				97	
	23		48	32		73				98	
	24		49	33		74				99	
	25		50	34		75				100	

DETAILS FOR FINAL SIX INCHES OF PENETRATION	1	2	3	4	5	6
BLOWS PER INCH						22
MEASURED REBOUND IN INCHES						
FINAL LENGTH OF PILE	70'					FINAL CUT OFF ELEVATION 743.5

REPORT TO BE SENT TO: - PRINCIPAL FOUNDATION ENGINEER  
 MATERIALS & TESTING DIVISION  
 DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS  
 DOWNSVIEW, ONTARIO

SIGNED C. S. Stevenson  
 NAME (PRINT) C-S STEVENSON

DATE JUNE 5/72

ATTACH SKETCH OF PILE NUMBERING SYSTEM

DEFECTS IN NEGATIVE DUE TO  
 CONDITION OF ORIGINAL DOCUMENT

**Notes:-**

In general this form should be completed for every tenth pile in a group, but at least one is required for every pier and abutment.

Piles driven vertically should be selected where possible.

Pile Details must include type, dimensions and weight per foot, details of shoe, and slope of batter: e.g. 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ " O.D. steel tube x 0.251" @ 33 lbs. per ft. Vertical. 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ " x  $\frac{1}{2}$ " steel plate shoe.

Details for the final six inches of penetration must be completed for all piles except in the case of an end bearing pile driven to bedrock. Final length of pile, and final cut off elevation must always be given.

The total length being driven is the full length of the pile and remains unchanged until a length is cut off or spliced on.

The penetration in blows per foot must be recorded for every foot of penetration of the pile.

Measured rebounds recorded on this form must be the average for each individual inch for the final six inches of penetration.

OVER

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS — ONTARIO  
MATERIALS & TESTING DIVISION  
FOUNDATION SECTION

## BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION — PILE DRIVING RECORD

DISTRICT NO. 1 CONTRACT NO. 71-183 STRUCTURE BROWN CREEK NO. 2  
 CONTRACTOR BERMINGHAM DESIGN LOAD OF PILE 70 TONS  
 HAMMER DETAILS: TYPE D 22 WEIGHT 5 TONS HEIGHT OF FALL OR ENERGY 39000  
 TYPE OF ANVIL OR CAP DELMAG WEIGHT OF ANVIL OR CAP 707 LBS  
 PILE DETAILS STEEL H. PILE 12-BP 53 BATTER PILE  
 PILE NO. 5 LOCATION NORTH ABUTMENT DATE DRIVEN JUNE 2/72

TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.
35 FT	1			26	11		51	72		76	
	2		STARTED	27	11		52	75		77	
	3		1:35 AM	28	10		53	83		78	
	4		SPICING	29	11		54	85		79	
	5	1	FROM	30	12		55	87		80	
	6	1	12:30 TO	31	12		56	88		81	
	7	1	12:20	32	20		57	82		82	
	8	1	FINISHED	33	21		58	82		83	
	9	1	1:15 PM	34	22		59	77		84	
	10	1		35	25		60	72		85	
	11	1	ADDED	36	28		61	68		86	
	12	1	35 FT	37	29		62	70		87	
	13	1		38	30		63	68		88	
	14	1		39	33		64	69		89	
	15	1		40	35		65	79		90	
	16	2		41	36		66	77		91	
	17	3		42	39		67	103		92	
	18	4		43	42		68			93	
	19	4		44	50		69			94	
	20	5		45	57		70			95	
	21	6		46	59		71			96	
	22	6		47	55		72			97	
	23	7		48	49		73			98	
	24	9		49	68		74			99	
	25	11		50	73		75			100	

DETAILS FOR FINAL SIX INCHES OF PENETRATION	1	2	3	4	5	6
BLOWS PER INCH						20
MEASURED REBOUND IN INCHES	58					
FINAL LENGTH OF PILE	70 FT					
FINAL CUT OFF ELEVATION	743.5'					

REPORT TO BE SENT TO: — PRINCIPAL FOUNDATION ENGINEER  
 MATERIALS & TESTING DIVISION  
 DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS  
 DOWNSVIEW, ONTARIO

SIGNED B. Stevenson  
 NAME (PRINT) B. STEVENSON  
 DATE JUNE 2/72

DEFECTS IN NEGATIVE DUE TO  
 CONDITION OF ORIGINAL DOCUMENT

ATTACH SKETCH OF PILE NUMBERING SYSTEM

743.5'  
 70.0'  
 673.5'

**Notes:-**

In general this form should be completed for every tenth pile in a group, but at least one is required for every pier and abutment.

Piles driven vertically should be selected where possible.

Pile Details must include type, dimensions and weight per foot, details of shoe, and slope of batter: e.g. 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ " O.D. steel tube x 0.251" @ 33 lbs. per ft. Vertical. 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ " x  $\frac{1}{2}$ " steel plate shoe.

Details for the final six inches of penetration must be completed for all piles except in the case of an end bearing pile driven to bedrock. Final length of pile, and final cut off elevation must always be given.

The total length being driven is the full length of the pile and remains unchanged until a length is cut off or spliced on.

The penetration in blows per foot must be recorded for every foot of penetration of the pile.

Measured rebounds recorded on this form must be the average for each individual inch for the final six inches of penetration.



OVER

Form OB-MT-285

 DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS — ONTARIO  
 MATERIALS & TESTING DIVISION  
 FOUNDATION SECTION

## BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION — PILE DRIVING RECORD

DISTRICT NO. 1 CONTRACT NO. 71-183 STRUCTURE BROWN CREEK NO 2  
 CONTRACTOR BERMINGHAM DESIGN LOAD OF PILE 70 TONS  
 HAMMER DETAILS: TYPE DEMAG D 22 WEIGHT 570N HEIGHT OF FALL OR ENERGY 39600  
 TYPE OF ANVIL OR CAP \_\_\_\_\_ WEIGHT OF ANVIL OR CAP 700 LBS  
 PILE DETAILS H 12-53 LBS  
 PILE NO. 16 LOCATION SOUTH PIER ABUTMENT DATE DRIVEN MAY 31/72

TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.	TOTAL LENGTH BEING DRIVEN	LENGTH IN GROUND	PENETRATION BLOWS/FT.
35 FT	1		26	13		51	37			76	
	2		27	13		52	38			77	
	3		28	13		53	39			78	
	4		29	17		54	38			79	
	5		30	14		55	36			80	
	6		31	27		56	36			81	
	7	1	32	24		57	38			82	
	8	1	33	26		58	46			83	
	9	1	34	30		59	67			84	
	10	2	35	34		60				85	
	11	2	36	34		61				86	
	12	2	37	35		62				87	
	13	3	38	35		63				88	
	14	4	39	38		64				89	
	15	5	40	40		65				90	
	16	8	41	41		66				91	
	17	10	42	46		67				92	
	18	13	43	47		68				93	
	19	15	44	56		69				94	
	20	13	45	56		70				95	
	21	12	46	54		71				96	
	22	11	47	52		72				97	
	23	12	48	51		73				98	
	24	14	49	37		74				99	
	25	14	50	37		75				100	

DETAILS FOR FINAL SIX INCHES OF PENETRATION	1	2	3	4	5	6
BLOWS PER INCH	20	20	20	20	20	20
MEASURED REBOUND IN INCHES	5/8"					
FINAL LENGTH OF PILE	70 FT					FINAL CUT OFF ELEVATION 744.0

REPORT TO BE SENT TO: — PRINCIPAL FOUNDATION ENGINEER  
 MATERIALS & TESTING DIVISION  
 DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS  
 DOWNSVIEW, ONTARIO

SIGNED \_\_\_\_\_

NAME (PRINT) \_\_\_\_\_

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

ATTACH SKETCH OF PILE NUMBERING SYSTEM

 744.0  
 70 FT  
 674.0

**Notes:-**

In general this form should be completed for every tenth pile in a group, but at least one is required for every pier and abutment.

Piles driven vertically should be selected where possible.

Pile Details must include type, dimensions and weight per foot, details of shoe, and slope of batter: e.g. 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ " O.D. steel tube x 0.251" @ 33 lbs. per ft. Vertical. 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ " x  $\frac{1}{2}$ " steel plate shoe.

Details for the final six inches of penetration must be completed for all piles except in the case of an end bearing pile driven to bedrock. Final length of pile, and final cut off elevation must always be given.

The total length being driven is the full length of the pile and remains unchanged until a length is cut off or spliced on.

The penetration in blows per foot must be recorded for every foot of penetration of the pile.

Measured rebounds recorded on this form must be the average for each individual inch for the final six inches of penetration.



## MEMORANDUM

TO: Mr. A. Stermac,  
Principal Foundation Engineer,  
Room 107, Lab. Bldg.

FROM: C.S. Grebski,  
Bridge Office

ATTENTION:

DATE: January 6, 1971

OUR FILE REF.

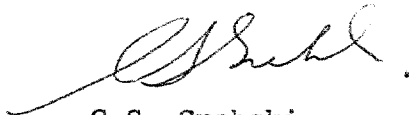
IN REPLY TO

SUBJECT: Brown Creek Bridge No. 2  
7.8 Miles North of Hwy. 80  
W.P. 91-68-01, Site No. 14-112  
Highway 79, District No. 1

69-F-117

Attached herewith we are submitting the final bridge drawings which show the foundation design for this structure.

Kindly give us your comments at your earliest convenience.


  
C.S. Grebski,  
Bridge Design Engineer

CSG:rd

Attach.

c.c. Foundation Office

The structure is supported on steel piles driven to bedrock. Pile lengths for the abutments are 68 ft and for the pier 70 ft. It is recommended that all the piles ordered should be 70 ft long. Slopes are 2:1 OK. No other comments.

  
3 Feb 71

APR 11/1/71  
K. S. Grebski

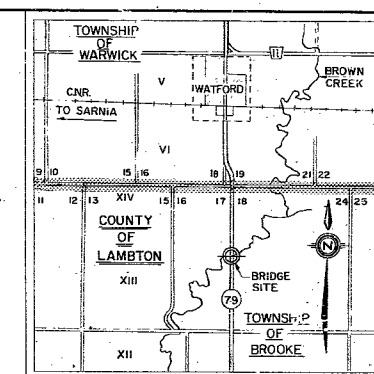
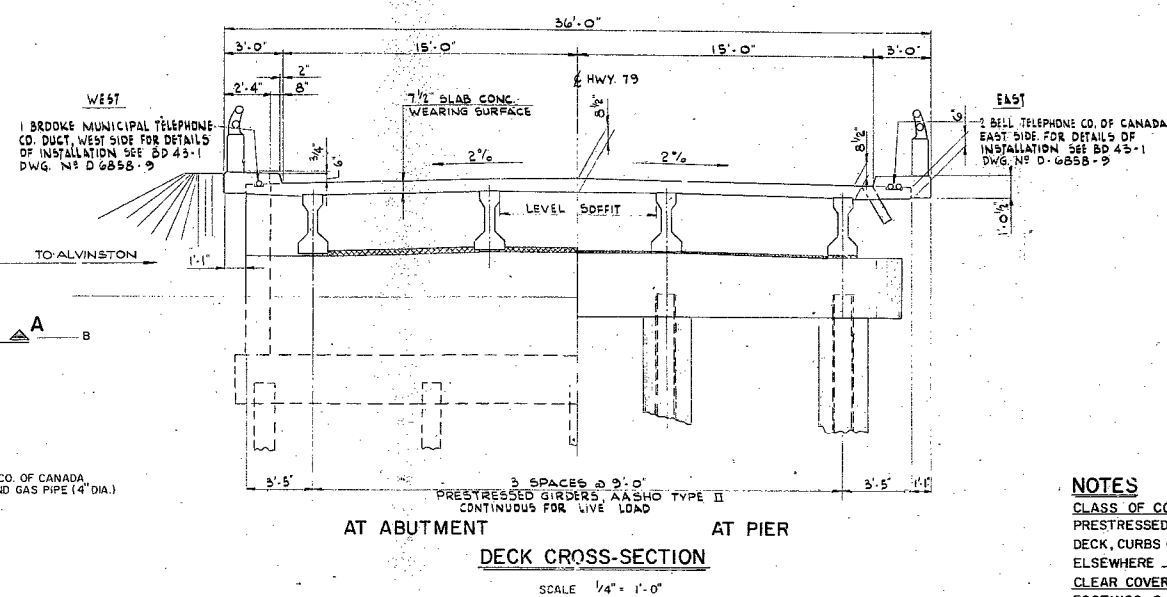
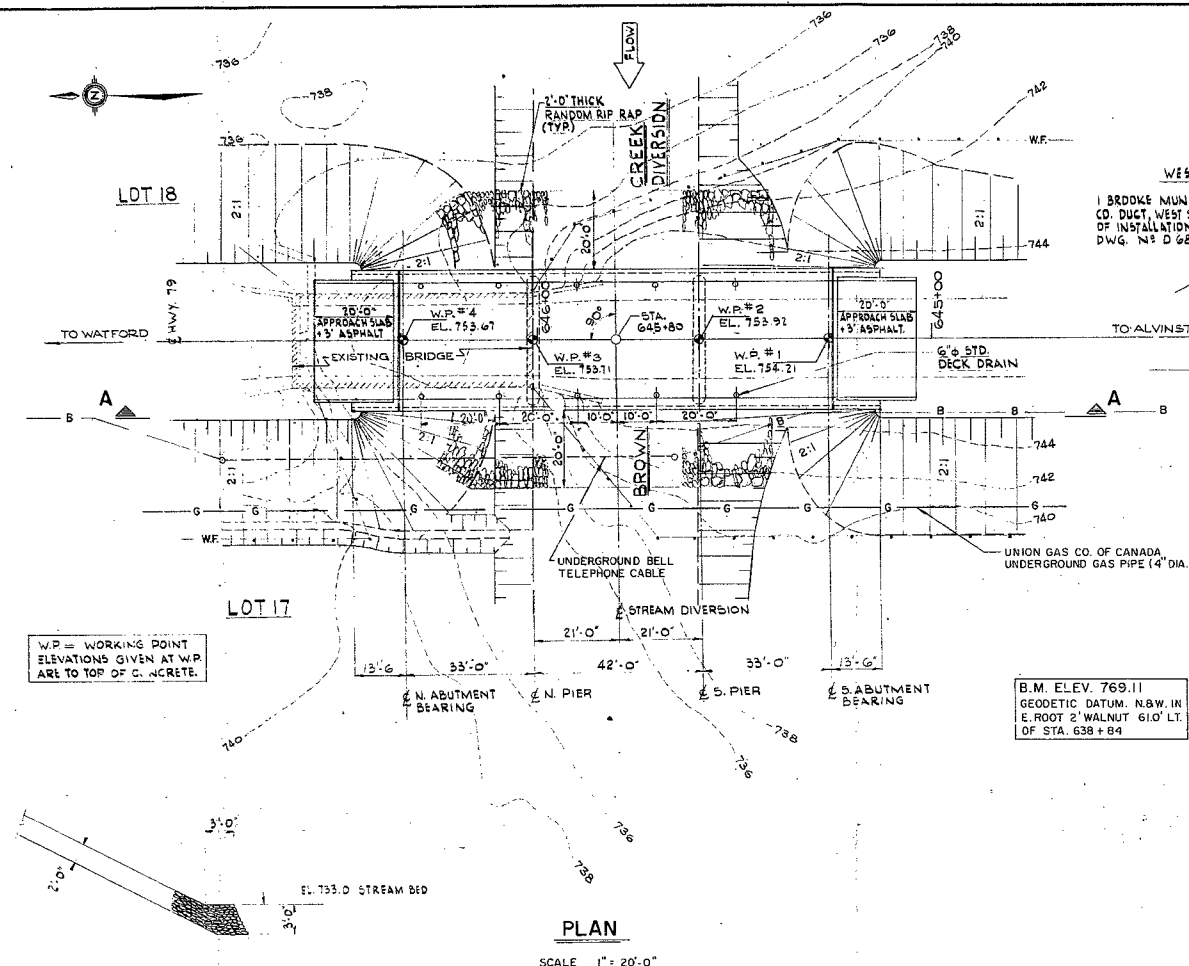
#69-F-117

W.P. 91-68-01

H.W.Y. #79

BROWN'S CREEK

DIVERSION.

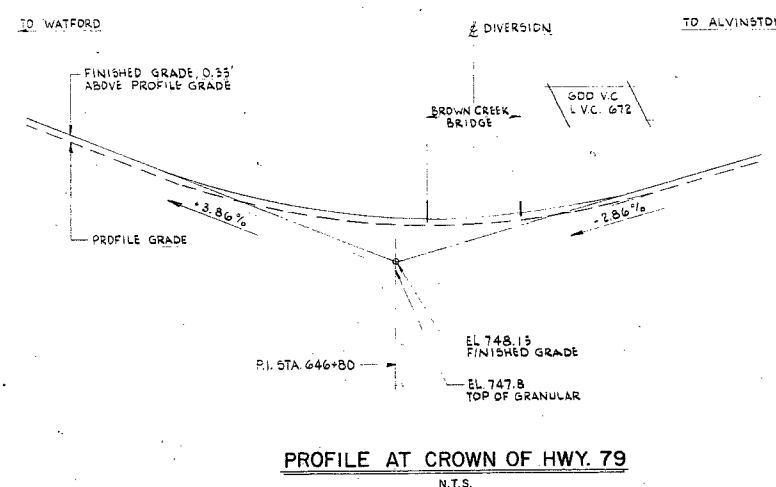
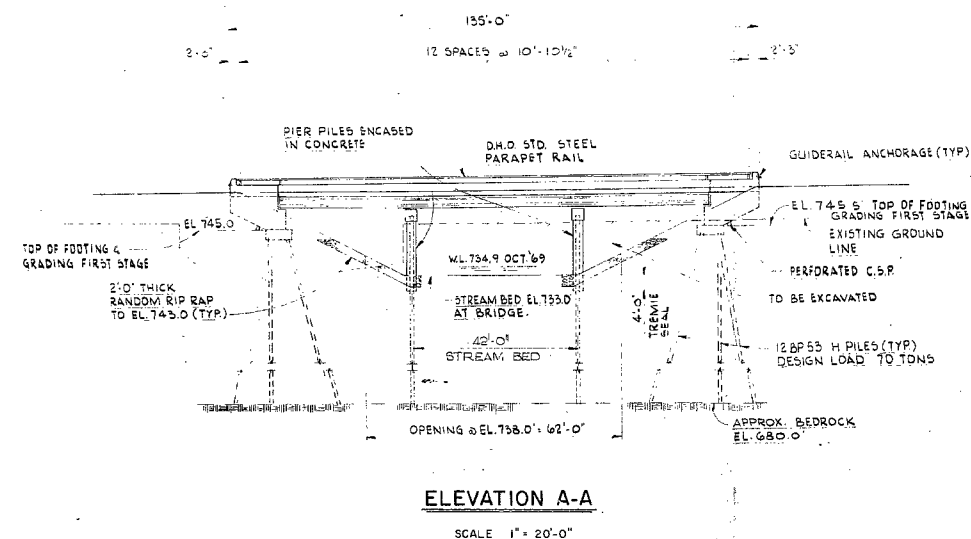
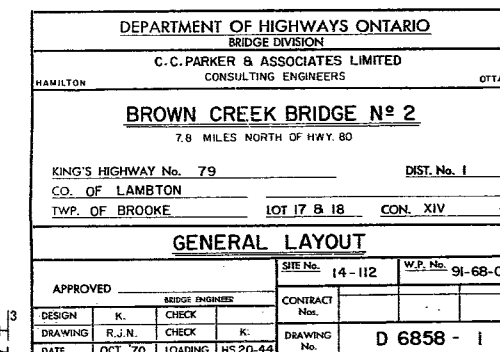


## NOTES

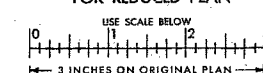
CLASS OF CONCRETE  
PRESTRESSED CONCRETE GIRDERS ——— 5,000 P.S.I.  
DECK, CURBS ON DECK & PARAPET WALL — 4,000 P.S.I.  
ELSEWHERE ——— ——— 3,000 P.S.I.

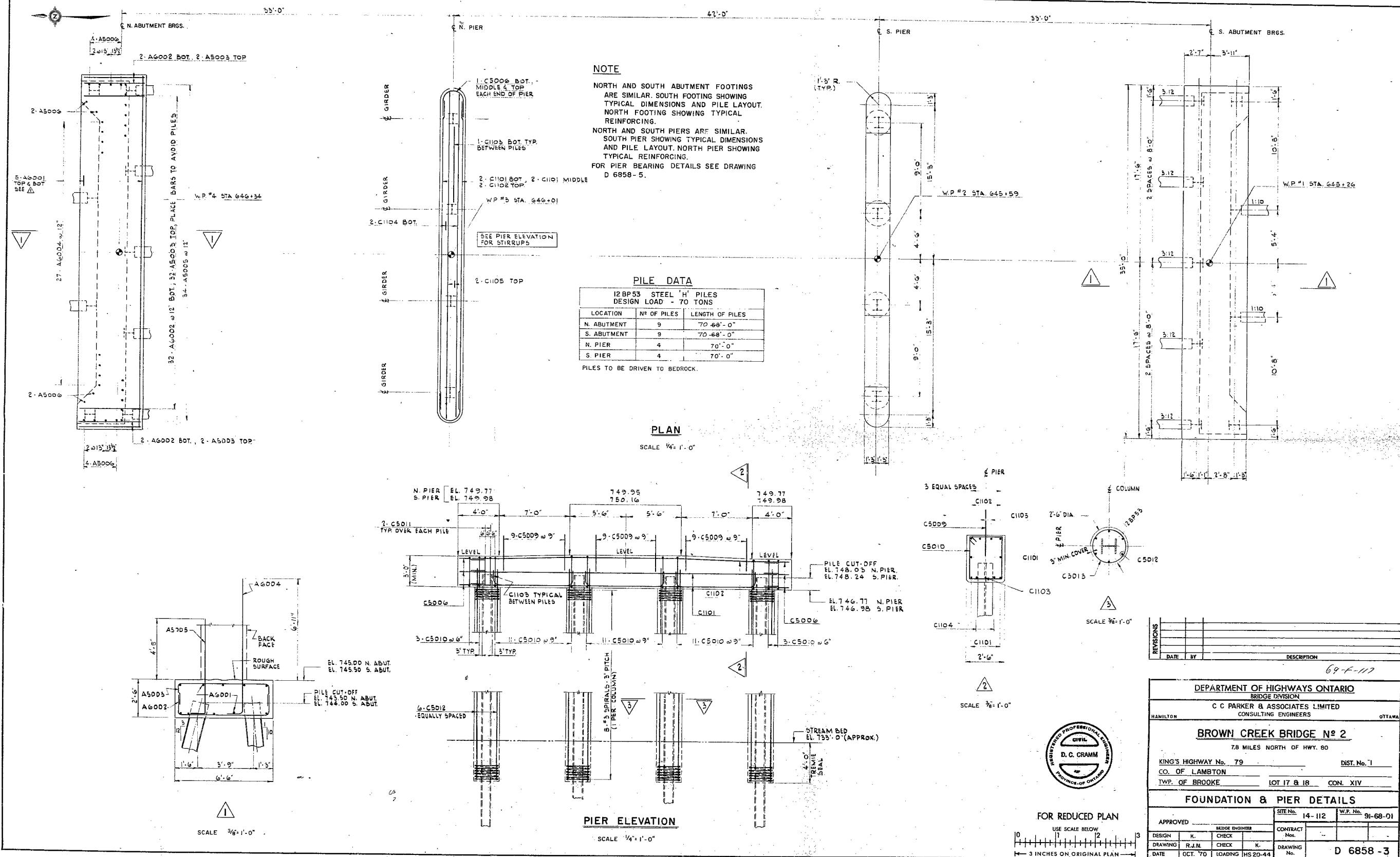
CLEAR COVER ON REINFORCING STEEL  
FOOTINGS & ABUTMENTS — 3"  
PIERS & CURBS ——— 2"  
DECK: TOP, 1/2", BOTTOM — 1"  
PARAPET WALLS ——— 1 1/2"

CONSTRUCTION NOTES  
THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR FINISHING THE BEARING SEATS DEAD LEVEL TO THE SPECIFIED ELEVATIONS WITH A TOLERANCE OF  $\pm 1/8"$ . NO CONCRETE SHALL BE PLACED ABOVE THE ABUTMENT BEARING SEATS UNTIL THE CONCRETE IN THE DECK HAS BEEN PLACED.



FOR REDUCED PLAN





I2 BP 53 STEEL 'H' PILES DESIGN LOAD - 70 TONS		
LOCATION	Nº OF PILES	LENGTH OF PILES
N. ABUTMENT	9	70'-6 1/2" - 0"
S. ABUTMENT	9	70'-6 1/2" - 0"
N. PIER	4	70' - 0"
S. PIER	4	70' - 0"

[illegible]

<div style="text-align: center;"> <u>DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS ONTARIO</u>  <u>BRIDGE DIVISION</u>  C C PARKER &amp; ASSOCIATES LIMITED  CONSULTING ENGINEERS </div>									
HAMILTON				OTTAWA					
<u>BROWN CREEK BRIDGE No 2</u> 7.8 MILES NORTH OF HWY. 80									
KING'S HIGHWAY No. 79				DIST. No. 1					
CO. OF LAMBTON									
TWP. OF BROOKE				LOT 17 & 18		CON. XIV			
<h2 style="margin: 0;">FOUNDATION &amp; PIER DETAILS</h2>									
APPROVED _____ BRIDGE ENGINEER					SITE No. 14 - 112		W.P. No. 91-68-01		
DESIGN K. CHECK K.					CONTRACT No.				
DRAWING R.J.N. CHECK K.									
DATE OCT. 70 FOUNDATION HS 20-44					DRAWING No.		D 6858-3		