

GEOCRES No:  
3165-207



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**REPORT ON**

**FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION REPORT  
ISLAND PARK DRIVE STRUCTURE REPLACEMENT  
HIGHWAY 417  
CONSTRUCTION STAGING AREA  
W.P. 236-00-00**

Submitted to:

McCormick Rankin Corporation  
300-1145 Hunt Club Road  
Ottawa, Ontario  
K1V 0Y3

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December 2006

05-1120-210-2700-1



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## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

Golder Associates Ltd. (Golder) has been retained by McCormick Rankin Corporation (MRC) on behalf of the Ministry of Transportation, Ontario (MTO) to carry out foundation investigations associated with the Island Park bridge in the City of Ottawa. The section of Highway 417 included in this assignment (W.P. 236-00-00) extends from approximately Merivale Road to approximately 200 m east of Island Park Drive.

Foundation investigation services are required for the following components under W.P. 236-00-00:

- Construction staging area for Island Park Drive (west of Merivale Road, north of Highway 417).

This report addresses the above staging area.

### 3.0 INVESTIGATION PROCEDURES

The field work for this subsurface investigation was carried out between October 10 and 13, 2006. During this period, three boreholes (Boreholes 06-201 to 06-203, inclusive) were put down at the locations shown on Drawing 1. The boreholes were advanced using a track mounted drill rig supplied and operated by Marathon Drilling Company Ltd. of Ottawa, Ontario. The boreholes were advanced to auger refusal at depths which vary from 9.9 m to 10.6 m below present ground surface. Borehole 06-202 was then cored an additional 3.1 m into the bedrock after practical refusal to augering had been reached.

The boreholes were drilled at the approximate locations of the proposed construction pads. Samples of the overburden were obtained at 0.6 m to 1.2 m intervals of depth using 50 mm outside diameter split-spoon samplers in accordance with the Standard Penetration Test (SPT) procedure. A piezometer was installed in Borehole 06-203 to monitor the groundwater level at the site.

The field work was supervised on a full-time basis by members of Golder's staff who located the boreholes in the field, directed the drilling, sampling, and in situ testing operations, and logged the boreholes. The soil and bedrock samples were identified in the field, placed in labelled containers and transported to Golder Associates' laboratory in Ottawa for further examination, and to Golder Associates' laboratory in Mississauga for testing. Index and classification tests consisting of water content determinations, Atterberg Limits testing and grain size distribution analyses were carried out on selected soil samples. Laboratory oedometer consolidation testing was carried out on one sample of the silty clay deposit.

The borehole locations were selected by McCormick Rankin Corporation (MRC) and located in the field by Golder staff relative to existing site features. The borehole elevations were determined by MRC from a digital terrain model, based on the locations provided by Golder. The borehole locations, including MTM NAD83 northing and easting coordinates and ground surface elevations referenced to geodetic datum, are summarized in the following table and are shown on Drawing 1.

Borehole Number	Borehole Location	MTM NAD83 Northing (m)	MTM NAD83 Easting (m)	Ground Surface Elevation (m)
06-201	Merivale Staging Area	5027905.2	364642.1	74.2
06-202	Merivale Staging Area	5027926.7	364620.8	74.5
06-203	Merivale Staging Area	5027961.7	364624.1	73.3

#### 4.2.1 Topsoil

Topsoil ranging from about 0.2 m to 0.3 m in thickness was encountered at all of the boreholes.

#### 4.2.2 Silty Sand

A very thin layer of silty sand, with traces of gravel at Borehole 06-202, ranging in thickness from about 0.1 m to 0.2 m, underlies the topsoil at all of the boreholes.

#### 4.2.3 Clay to Silty Clay

The topsoil and silty sand are underlain by a deposit of silty clay to clay that is between 8.2 m and 9.1 m thick.

##### Weathered Clay Crust

The upper 2.6 m to 2.8 m of the silty clay to clay deposit has been weathered to a grey-brown crust. The measured SPT "N" values in this portion of the deposit ranged from 2 to 13 blows per 0.3 m of penetration. These test results indicate that the weathered crust has a stiff to very stiff consistency. The results of grain size distribution testing carried out on one selected sample of this material are provided on Figure 1.

The results of Atterberg limit testing on one selected sample of the weathered crust indicate a plasticity index of 47 percent and a liquid limit of 73 per cent. These results, summarized on the plasticity chart on Figure 2, confirm that this material is a clay of high plasticity. The measured natural water content of one sample of the weathered crust was 53 per cent.

##### Unweathered Silty Clay to Clay

The silty clay to clay below the depth of weathering is grey in colour. The results of grain size distribution testing carried out on one selected sample of this material are provided on Figure 3.

In the un-weathered silty clay, standard penetration test N values ranged from 'weight of hammer' to 'manual pressure' per 0.3 metres of penetration. The results of in situ vane testing in this material gave undrained shear strengths ranging from 34 to 65 kilopascals indicating a firm to stiff consistency. In situ vane testing carried out on remoulded silty clay gave undrained shear strengths ranging from 3 to 10 kilopascals, with corresponding sensitivities ranging from 5 to 11. A summary of the results of the in situ vane testing is provided on Figure 4.

surface. However, one measured SPT "N" value of greater than 100 blows per 0.3 m of penetration indicates the deposit to have a very dense relative density, though that result may reflect the cobble and boulder content, rather than the actual state of packing of the soil matrix. Grain size distribution test results obtained from one sample of the glacial till at Borehole 06-201 are shown on Figure 7. Since these results were obtained for a sample retrieved using a 50 mm diameter sampler, they do not reflect the cobble and boulder content of the deposit.

#### 4.2.6 Limestone Bedrock

Limestone bedrock underlies the till deposit at Borehole 06-202. The surface of the bedrock was encountered at Elevation 64.1 m (10.4 m depth).

The limestone bedrock at the site is a member of the Gull River Formation; it is medium-strong and thinly- to medium-bedded. Rock Quality Designation (RQD) values measured on recovered bedrock core samples ranged from 20 to 85 per cent, increasing with depth. The discontinuities observed in the rock core are typically horizontal to sub-horizontal, associated with the bedding planes, although some vertical fracturing was noted in the upper bedrock. A description of some of the terms used in the description of the bedrock samples from this site is provided on the *Lithological and Geotechnical Rock Description Terminology* sheet which precedes the Record of Borehole sheets included with this report.

#### 4.3 Groundwater Conditions

A piezometer was installed in Borehole 06-203 within the overburden, and the water level measured in that piezometer on October 20, 2006, ten days after installation, is given in the following table:

Borehole No.	Depth (m)	Elevation (m)
06-203	0.1	73.2

During the short time between completion of overburden drilling and the start of coring operations in Borehole 06-202 the water level was measured at 3.6 m depth below ground surface.

## LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

The abbreviations commonly employed on Records of Boreholes, on figures and in the text of the report are as follows:

I. SAMPLE TYPE	III. SOIL DESCRIPTION																																	
AS Auger sample BS Block sample CS Chunk sample DO Drive open DS Denison type sample FS Foil sample RC Rock core SC Soil core ST Slotted tube TO Thin-walled, open TP Thin-walled, piston WS Wash sample	<p style="text-align: center;">(a)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Cohesionless Soils</b></p> <table border="0" style="width: 100%; margin-top: 10px;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">Density Index (Relative Density)</th> <th style="text-align: center;">N Blows/300 mm Or Blows/ft.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Very loose</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0 to 4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Loose</td> <td style="text-align: center;">4 to 10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Compact</td> <td style="text-align: center;">10 to 30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dense</td> <td style="text-align: center;">30 to 50</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Very dense</td> <td style="text-align: center;">over 50</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="text-align: center;">(b)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Cohesive Soils</b></p> <table border="0" style="width: 100%; margin-top: 10px;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">Consistency</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Kpa</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Psf</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Very soft</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0 to 12</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0 to 250</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Soft</td> <td style="text-align: center;">12 to 25</td> <td style="text-align: center;">250 to 500</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Firm</td> <td style="text-align: center;">25 to 50</td> <td style="text-align: center;">500 to 1,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Stiff</td> <td style="text-align: center;">50 to 100</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1,000 to 2,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Very stiff</td> <td style="text-align: center;">100 to 200</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2,000 to 4,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Hard</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Over 200</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Over 4,000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Density Index (Relative Density)	N Blows/300 mm Or Blows/ft.	Very loose	0 to 4	Loose	4 to 10	Compact	10 to 30	Dense	30 to 50	Very dense	over 50	Consistency	Kpa	Psf	Very soft	0 to 12	0 to 250	Soft	12 to 25	250 to 500	Firm	25 to 50	500 to 1,000	Stiff	50 to 100	1,000 to 2,000	Very stiff	100 to 200	2,000 to 4,000	Hard	Over 200	Over 4,000
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<p><b>II. PENETRATION RESISTANCE</b></p> <p><b>Standard Penetration Resistance (SPT), N:</b>                      The number of blows by a 63.5 kg. (140 lb.) hammer dropped 760 mm (30 in.) required to drive a 50 mm (2 in.) drive open Sampler for a distance of 300 mm (12 in.)</p> <p><b>Dynamic Penetration Resistance; <math>N_d</math>:</b>                      The number of blows by a 63.5 kg (140 lb.) hammer dropped 760 mm (30 in.) to drive Uncased a 50 mm (2 in.) diameter, 60° cone attached to "A" size drill rods for a distance of 300 mm (12 in.).</p> <p><b>PH:</b> Sampler advanced by hydraulic pressure  <b>PM:</b> Sampler advanced by manual pressure  <b>WH:</b> Sampler advanced by static weight of hammer  <b>WR:</b> Sampler advanced by weight of sampler and rod</p> <p><b>Peizo-Cone Penetration Test (CPT):</b>                      An electronic cone penetrometer with a 60° conical tip and a projected end area of 10 cm<sup>2</sup> pushed through ground at a penetration rate of 2 cm/s. Measurements of tip resistance (<math>Q_t</math>), porewater pressure (PWP) and friction along a sleeve are recorded Electronically at 25 mm penetration intervals.</p>	<p><b>IV. SOIL TESTS</b></p> <p>w water content                      w<sub>p</sub> plastic limited                      w<sub>l</sub> liquid limit                      C consolidation (oedometer) test                      CHEM chemical analysis (refer to text)                      CID consolidated isotropically drained triaxial test<sup>1</sup>                      CIU consolidated isotropically undrained triaxial test with porewater pressure measurement<sup>1</sup>                      D<sub>r</sub> relative density (specific gravity, G<sub>s</sub>)                      DS direct shear test                      M sieve analysis for particle size                      MH combined sieve and hydrometer (H) analysis                      MPC modified Proctor compaction test                      SPC standard Proctor compaction test                      OC organic content test                      SO<sub>4</sub> concentration of water-soluble sulphates                      UC unconfined compression test                      UU unconsolidated undrained triaxial test                      V field vane test (LV-laboratory vane test)                      γ unit weight</p>																																	

**Note:**

1. Tests which are anisotropically consolidated prior shear are shown as CAD, CAU.

## LIST OF SYMBOLS

Unless otherwise stated, the symbols employed in the report are as follows:

### I. GENERAL

$\pi$	= 3.1416
$\ln x$	natural logarithm of x
$\log_{10} x$ or $\log x$	logarithm of x to base 10
$g$	Acceleration due to gravity
$t$	time
$F$	factor of safety
$V$	volume
$W$	weight

### II. STRESS AND STRAIN

$\gamma$	shear strain
$\Delta$	change in, e.g. in stress: $\Delta \sigma'$
$\epsilon$	linear strain
$\epsilon_v$	volumetric strain
$\eta$	coefficient of viscosity
$\nu$	Poisson's ratio
$\sigma$	total stress
$\sigma'$	effective stress ( $\sigma' = \sigma - u$ )
$\sigma'_{vo}$	initial effective overburden stress
$\sigma_1 \sigma_2 \sigma_3$	principal stresses (major, intermediate, minor)
$\sigma_{oct}$	mean stress or octahedral stress = $(\sigma_1 + \sigma_2 + \sigma_3)/3$
$\tau$	shear stress
$u$	porewater pressure
$E$	modulus of deformation
$G$	shear modulus of deformation
$K$	bulk modulus of compressibility

### III. SOIL PROPERTIES

#### (a) Index Properties

$\rho(\gamma)$	bulk density (bulk unit weight*)
$\rho_d(\gamma_d)$	dry density (dry unit weight)
$\rho_w(\gamma_w)$	density (unit weight) of water
$\rho_s(\gamma_s)$	density (unit weight) of solid particles
$\gamma'$	unit weight of submerged soil ( $\gamma' = \gamma - \gamma_w$ )
$D_R$	relative density (specific gravity) of solid particles ( $D_R = \rho_s/\rho_w$ ) formerly ( $G_s$ )
$e$	void ratio
$n$	porosity
$S$	degree of saturation

\* Density symbol is  $\rho$ . Unit weight symbol is  $\gamma$  where  $\gamma = \rho g$  (i.e. mass density x acceleration due to gravity)

#### (a) Index Properties (cont'd.)

$w$	water content
$w_L$	liquid limit
$w_p$	plastic limit
$I_p$	plasticity Index = $(w - w_p)$
$w_s$	shrinkage limit
$I_L$	liquidity index = $(w - w_p)/I_p$
$I_c$	consistency index = $(w - w_p)/I_p$
$e_{max}$	void ratio in loosest state
$e_{min}$	void ratio in densest state
$I_D$	density index = $(e_{max} - e)/(e_{max} - e_{min})$ (formerly relative density)

#### (b) Hydraulic Properties

$h$	hydraulic head or potential
$q$	rate of flow
$v$	velocity of flow
$i$	hydraulic gradient
$k$	hydraulic conductivity (coefficient of permeability)
$j$	seepage force per unit volume

#### (c) Consolidation (one-dimensional)

$C_c$	compression index (normally consolidated range)
$C_r$	recompression index (overconsolidated range)
$C_s$	swelling index
$C_u$	coefficient of secondary consolidation
$m_v$	coefficient of volume change
$c_v$	coefficient of consolidation
$T_v$	time factor (vertical direction)
$U$	degree of consolidation
$\sigma'_p$	pre-consolidation pressure
OCR	Overconsolidation ratio = $\sigma'_p/\sigma'_{vo}$

#### (d) Shear Strength

$\tau_p, \tau_r$	peak and residual shear strength
$\phi'$	effective angle of internal friction
$\delta$	angle of interface friction
$\mu$	coefficient of friction = $\tan \delta$
$c'$	effective cohesion
$c_u, s_u$	undrained shear strength ( $\phi=0$ analysis)
$p$	mean total stress $(\sigma_1 + \sigma_3)/2$
$p'$	mean effective stress $(\sigma'_1 + \sigma'_3)/2$
$q$	$(\sigma_1 - \sigma_3)/2$ or $(\sigma'_1 - \sigma'_3)/2$
$q_u$	compressive strength $(\sigma_1 - \sigma_3)$
$S_t$	sensitivity

Notes: 1.  $\tau = c' \sigma' \tan \phi'$

2. Shear strength = (Compressive strength)/2

# LITHOLOGICAL AND GEOTECHNICAL ROCK DESCRIPTION TERMINOLOGY

## WEATHERING STATE

**Fresh:** no visible sign of weathering

**Faintly Weathered:** weathering limited to the surface of major discontinuities.

**Slightly weathered:** penetrative weathering developed on open discontinuity surfaces but only slight weathering of rock material.

**Moderately weathered:** weathering extends throughout the rock mass but the rock material is not friable

**Highly weathered:** weathering extends throughout rock mass and the rock material is partly friable.

**Completely weathered:** rock is wholly decomposed and in a friable condition but the rock texture and structure are preserved.

## BEDDING THICKNESS

<u>Description</u>	<u>Bedding Plane Spacing</u>
Very thickly bedded	>2 m
Thickly bedded	0.6 m to 2m
Medium bedded	0.2 m to 0.6 m
Thinly bedded	60 mm to 0.2 m
Very thinly bedded	20 mm to 60 mm
Laminated	6 mm to 20 mm
Thinly laminated	<6 mm

## JOINT OR FOLIATION SPACING

<u>Description</u>	<u>Spacing</u>
Very wide	>3 m
Wide	1 - 3 m
Moderately close	0.3 - 1 m
Close	50 - 300 mm
Very close	<50 mm

## GRAIN SIZE

<u>Term</u>	<u>Size*</u>
Very Coarse Grained	>60 mm
Coarse Grained	2 - 60 mm
Medium Grained	60 microns - 2mm
Fine Grained	2 - 60 microns
Very Fine Grained	<2 microns

Note: \*Grains >60 microns diameter are visible to the naked eye.

O:\Templates\Rock Description Terminology

## CORE CONDITION

### Total Core Recovery

The percentage of solid drill core recovered regardless of quality or length, measured relative to the length of the total core run.

### Solid Core Recovery (SCR)

The percentage of solid drill core, regardless of length, recovered at full diameter, measured relative to the length of the total core run.

### Rock Quality Designation (RQD)

The percentage of solid drill core, greater than 100 mm length, recovered at full diameter, measured relative to the length of the total core run. RQD varies from 0% for completely broken core 100% for core in solid sticks.

## DISCONTINUITY DATA

### Fracture Index

A count of the number of discontinuities (physical separations) in the rock core, including both naturally occurring fractures and mechanically induced breaks caused by drilling.

### Dip with Respect to (W.R.T.) Core Axis

The angle of the discontinuity relative to the axis (length) of the core. In a vertical borehole a discontinuity with a 90° angle is horizontal.

### Description and Notes

An abbreviated description of the discontinuities, whether naturally occurring separations such as fractures, bedding planes and foliation planes or mechanically induced features caused by drilling such as ground or shattered core and mechanically separated bedding or foliation surfaces. Additional information concerning the nature of fracture surfaces and infillings are also noted.

## Abbreviations

B -	Bedding	Ca -	Calcite
FO -	Foliation/Schistosity	P -	Polished
CL -	Cleavage	S -	Slickensided
SH -	Shear Plane/Zone	SM -	Smooth
VN -	Vein	R -	Ridged/Rough
F -	Fault	ST -	Stepped
CO -	Contact	PL -	Planar
J -	Joint	FL -	Flexured
FR -	Fracture	UE -	Uneven
MF -	Mechanical	W -	Wavy
A -	Angular	C -	Curved
BP -	Bedding Plane	H -	Hackly
BL -	Blast Induced	SL -	Sludge Coated
	Parallel To	TCA -	To Core Axis
	Perpendicular To	STR -	Stress Induced

PROJECT 05-1120-210-2700 RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 06-201 1 OF 1 **METRIC**  
 W.P. 4058-01-00 LOCATION N 5027905.2, E 364642.1 ORIGINATED BY D.J.S.  
 DIST HWY 417 BOREHOLE TYPE Power Auger 108mm I.D. Hollow Stem Auger COMPILED BY J.M.  
 DATUM Geodetic DATE October 10, 2008 CHECKED BY M.I.C.

ELEV DEPTH	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT			PLASTIC LIMIT W <sub>p</sub>	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT w	LIQUID LIMIT W <sub>L</sub>	UNIT WEIGHT γ KN/m <sup>3</sup>	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
			NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH kPa							
							20 40 60 80 100	○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE	WATER CONTENT (%)						
							20 40 60 80 100	● QUICK TRIAXIAL X REMOULDED	25 50 75						
74.2	GROUND SURFACE														
0.0	TOPSOIL														
73.9															
0.5	Silty SAND Brown														
	Silty CLAY (Weathered Crust) Very stiff to stiff Grey brown Moist to wet		1	SS	9		73								
			2	SS	6		72								
			3	SS	3		71								
71.1															
3.1	Silty CLAY Firm to stiff Grey Wet						70	X							
			4	SS	PM		69	X							
			5	SS	PM		68	X							
			6	SS	WH		67	X							
65.5															
8.7	Clayey SILT, trace gravel Very loose Grey Wet						66	X							
64.9							65	X							
9.3	Silty SAND, some gravel and clay (TILL) Very loose to very dense Grey Wet		7	SS	2		64							14 48 30 8	
			8	SS	>100										
63.8															
10.8	End of Borehole Auger Refusal														

MISS\_MTO 05-1120-210-2700.GPJ ON\_MOT.GDT 10/26/08

+ 3 . X 3. Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT 05-1120-210-2700 **RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 06-202** 1 OF 1 **METRIC**  
 W.P. 4058-01-00 LOCATION N 5027926.7, E 364620.8 ORIGINATED BY D.J.S.  
 DIST HWY 417 BOREHOLE TYPE Power Auger 109mm I.D. Hollow Stem Auger COMPILED BY J.M.  
 DATUM Geodetic DATE October 12, 2006 CHECKED BY M.I.C.

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT			UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m <sup>3</sup>	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	NUMBER	TYPE	T <sub>N</sub> VALUES			20 40 60 80 100	PLASTIC LIMIT w <sub>p</sub>	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT w		
74.5	GROUND SURFACE										
0.0	TOPSOIL										
0.3	Silty SAND, trace gravel Brown Silty CLAY (Weathered Crust) Very stiff to stiff Grey brown Moist to wet	1	SS	10							
		2	SS	7							
		3	SS	2							
71.4											
3.1	Silty CLAY, occasional sand seam with shells Firm to stiff Grey Wet	4	SS	PM							0 0 36 64
		5	SS	WH							
		6	SS	WH							
65.2											
64.8	Clayey SILT, trace sand and gravel Very loose Grey Wet	7	SS	WH							
9.7		8	SS	>50							
64.1	Sandy SILT, some gravel and clay with cobbles (TILL) Loose to very dense Grey Wet	9	NQ RC	DD							
10.4											
63.3	Limestone (BEDROCK) Slightly fractured and weathered Grey	10	NQ RC	DD							
11.2	Limestone (BEDROCK) Fresh Grey Medium strong										
	Bedrock cored between 10.4m 13.5m depth. For bedrock coring details refer to Record of Drillhole 06-202.	11	NQ RC	DD							
61.0											
13.5	End of Borehole										

MISS\_MTO\_05-1120-210-2700.GPJ ON\_MDT.GDI 10/26/06

+<sup>3</sup>, X<sup>3</sup>: Numbers refer to Sensitivity      ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT: 05-1120-210-2700

# RECORD OF DRILLHOLE: 06-202

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: N 364620.8; E 5027928.7

DRILLING DATE: October 10, 2006

DATUM: Geodetic

INCLINATION: -80° AZIMUTH: —

DRILL RIG: CME 55

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Marathon Drilling

DEPTH SCALE METRES	DRILLING RECORD	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOLIC LOG	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	RUN No.	PENETRATION RATE (mm/min)	FLUSH	CORING % RETURN	FRFX-FRACTURE F-FAULT		SM-SMOOTH		FL-FLEXURED		BC-BROKEN CORE		DIAMETRAL POINT LOAD INDEX (MPa)	NOTES WATER LEVELS INSTRUMENTATION	
									CL-CLEAVAGE	J-JOINT	R-ROUGH	UE-UNEVEN	MB-MECH. BREAK	B-BEDDING					
									SH-SHEAR	P-POLISHED	ST-STEPPED	W-WAVY							
RECOVERY		R.Q.D. %	FRACT. INDEX PER 0.3	DISCONTINUITY DATA		HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY													
TOTAL CORE %	SOLID CORE %			TYPE AND SURFACE DESCRIPTION	K <sub>1</sub> cm/sec	K <sub>2</sub> cm/sec	K <sub>3</sub> cm/sec												
		ROCK SURFACE		84.10															
11	Rotary Drill NQ Core	Limestone (BEDROCK) Slightly fractured and weathered Grey	[Symbolic Log]	10.40															
12		Limestone (BEDROCK) Fresh Grey Medium strong	[Symbolic Log]	83.28 11.22	1														
13					2														
14		End of Borehole		61.00 13.50															

MIS-RCK 001 05-1120-210-2700-ROCK.GPJ GLDR CAN.GDT 10/24/06 J.M.

DEPTH SCALE  
1 : 75



LOGGED: D.J.S.  
CHECKED: W.C.

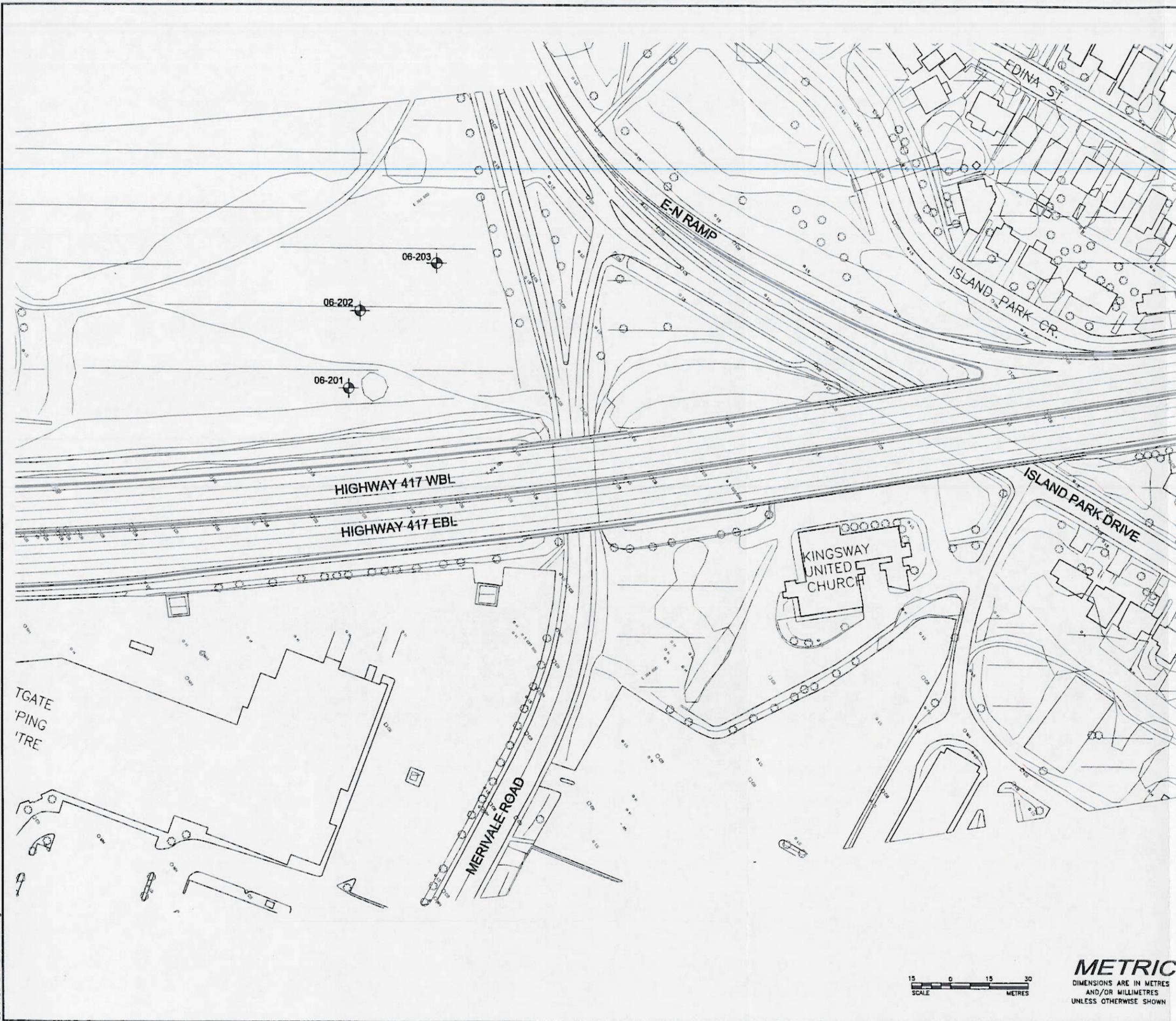
PROJECT 05-1120-210-2700 **RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 06-203** 1 OF 1 **METRIC**  
 W.P. 4058-01-00 LOCATION N 5027981.7, E 384624.1 ORIGINATED BY D.J.S.  
 DIST HWY 417 BOREHOLE TYPE Power Auger 108mm I.D. Hollow Stem Auger COMPILED BY J.M.  
 DATUM Geodetic DATE October 10, 2008 CHECKED BY M.I.C.

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT w <sub>p</sub>	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT w	LIQUID LIMIT w <sub>L</sub>	UNIT WEIGHT γ kNm <sup>3</sup>	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			T <sub>v</sub> VALUES	20					
73.3	GROUND SURFACE												
0.0	TOPSOIL												
0.4	Silty SAND Brown Silty CLAY (Weathered Crust) Very stiff to stiff Grey brown Moist to wet		1	SS	13								
			2	SS	9								
			3	SS	3								
70.2	Silty CLAY with thin sand seams Firm to stiff Grey Wet												
3.1			4	TP	PH								
			5	SS	WH								
			6	SS	WH								
			7	SS	WH								
63.9	Clayey SILT, trace sand and gravel Very loose Grey Wet												
9.5													
63.4													
8.9	End of Borehole Auger Refusal												

MISS\_MTO 05-1120-210-2700.GPJ ON\_MOT.GDT 10/25/08

Note:  
Water level in piezometer at 0.07m depth below ground surface on October 20, 2008.

+ 3, X 3. Numbers refer to Sensitivity      ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE



HWY. 417

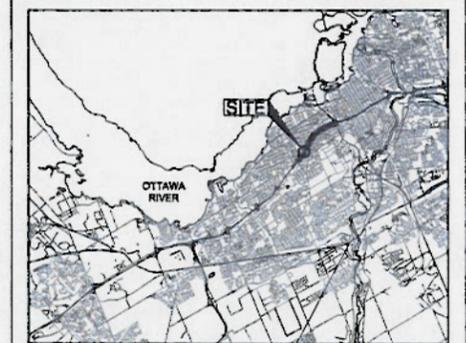
WP No. WP 4058-01-00

**STAGING AREA 1**  
BOREHOLE LOCATIONS

SHEET



**Golder Associates Ltd.**  
OTTAWA, ONTARIO, CANADA



KEY PLAN

LEGEND

Borehole - Current Golder Associates Ltd. Investigation

No.	ELEVATION	LOCATION	
		NORTHING	EASTING
06-201	74.2	5027905.2	364642.1
06-202	74.5	5027926.7	364620.8
06-203	73.3	5027961.7	364624.1

NOTES

This drawing is for subsurface information only. Any surface details are for conceptual illustration. The boundaries between soil strata have been established only at borehole locations. Between Boreholes the boundaries are assumed from geological evidence. Base plan provided in electronic format by McCormick Rankin Corporation

NO.	DATE	BY	REVISION

Geocas No.		PROJECT NO. 05-1120-210-2700		DIST.
HWY. 417	CHKD. M.I.C.	DATE: OCTOBER 2006	SITE:	
SUBW'D. W.C.	CHKD. W.C.	APPD.	DWG. 1	
DRAWN: J.M.				

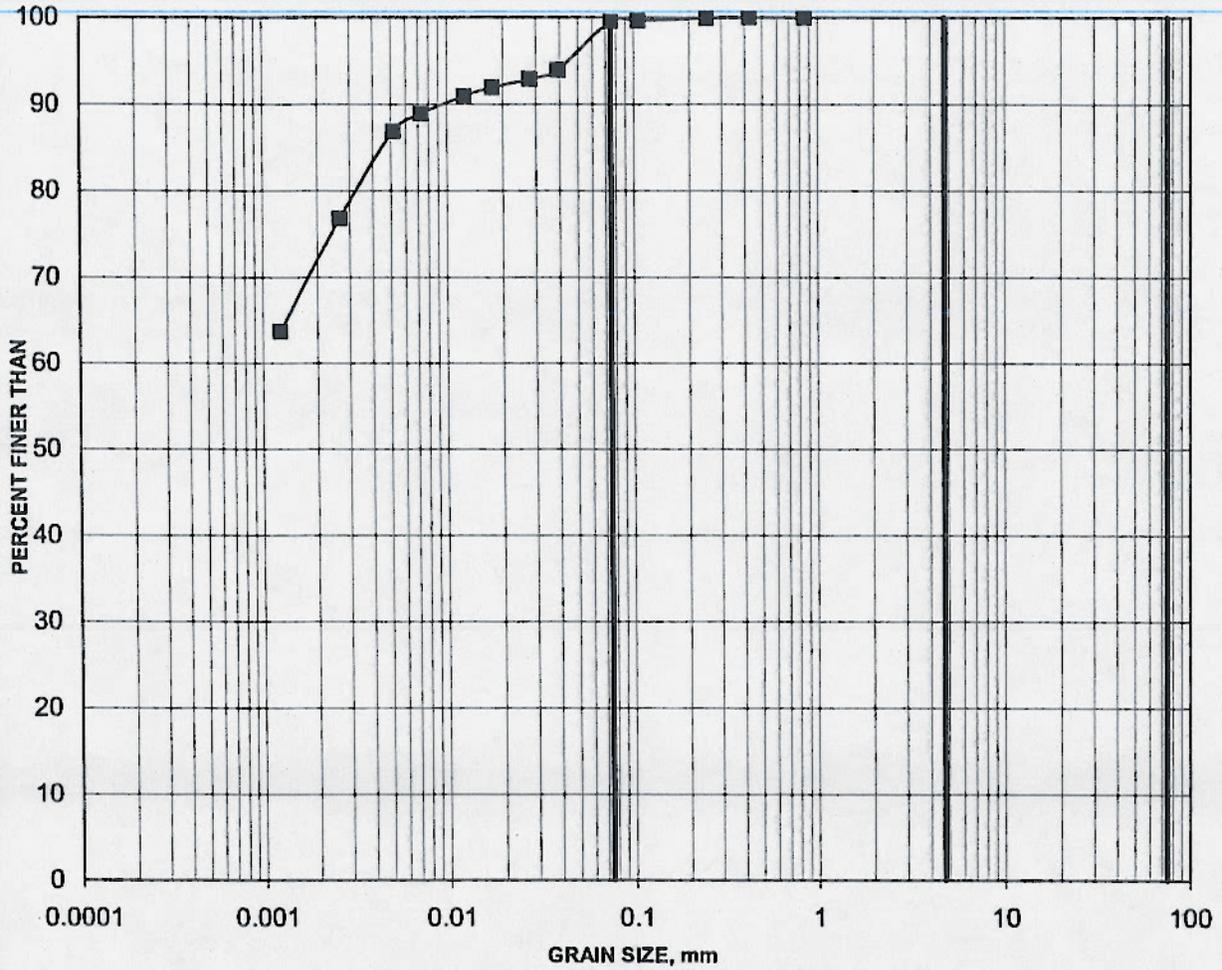


**METRIC**  
DIMENSIONS ARE IN METRES  
AND/OR MILLIMETRES  
UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN

05-1120-210-2700-01.dwg

**GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION  
Clay**

**FIGURE 1**



SILT AND CLAY	FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	COBBLE SIZE
	SAND SIZE			GRAVEL SIZE		

Borehole	Sample	Depth (m)
—■— 06-203	2	1.5-2.1

Received:

Project: 051120210

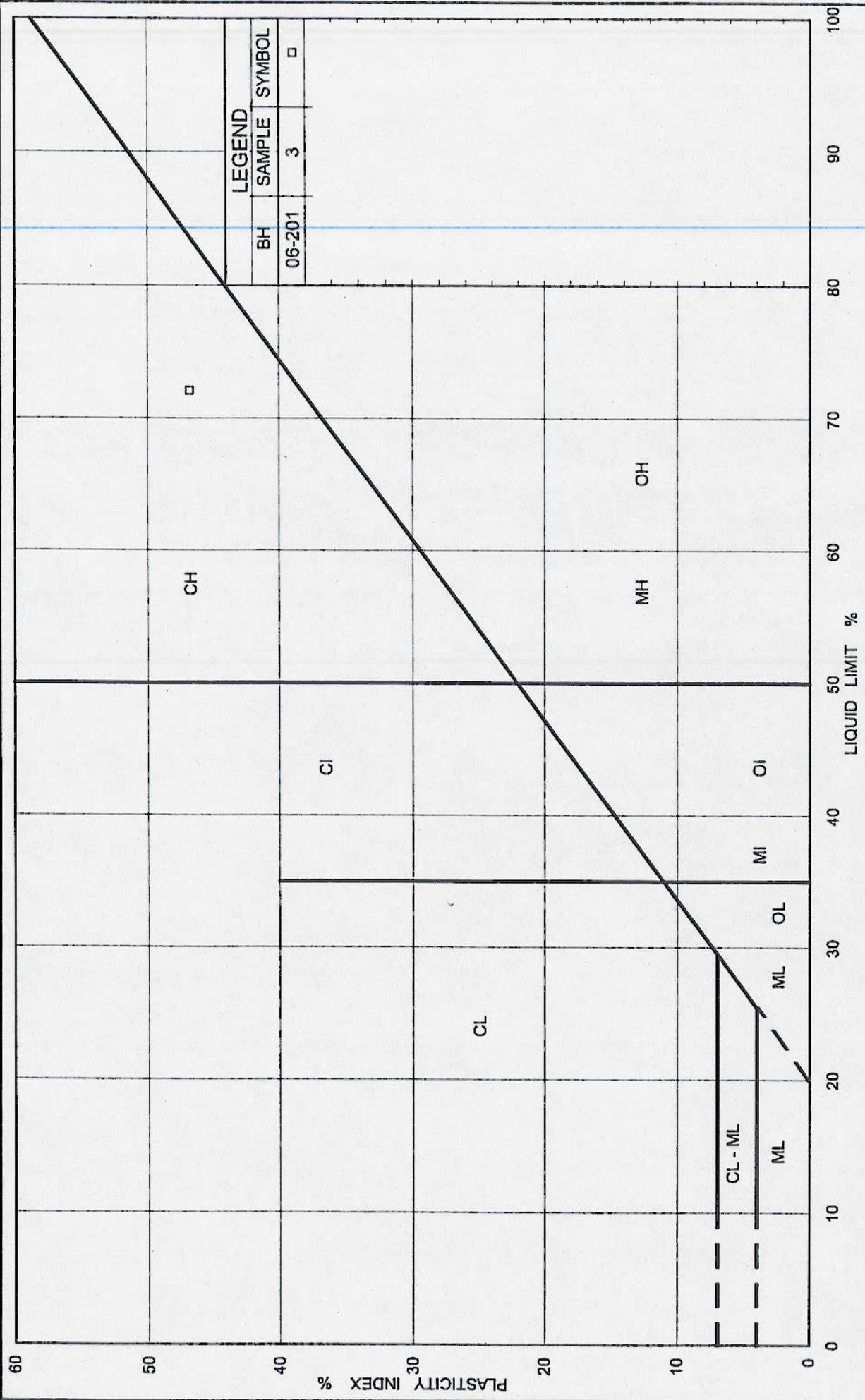
**Golder Associates**

4-Dec-06

Created by: MaD

Checked by: BaJ

Oct 75, FF-S-21



PLASTICITY CHART  
Clay (Weathered Crust)

FIG No. 2

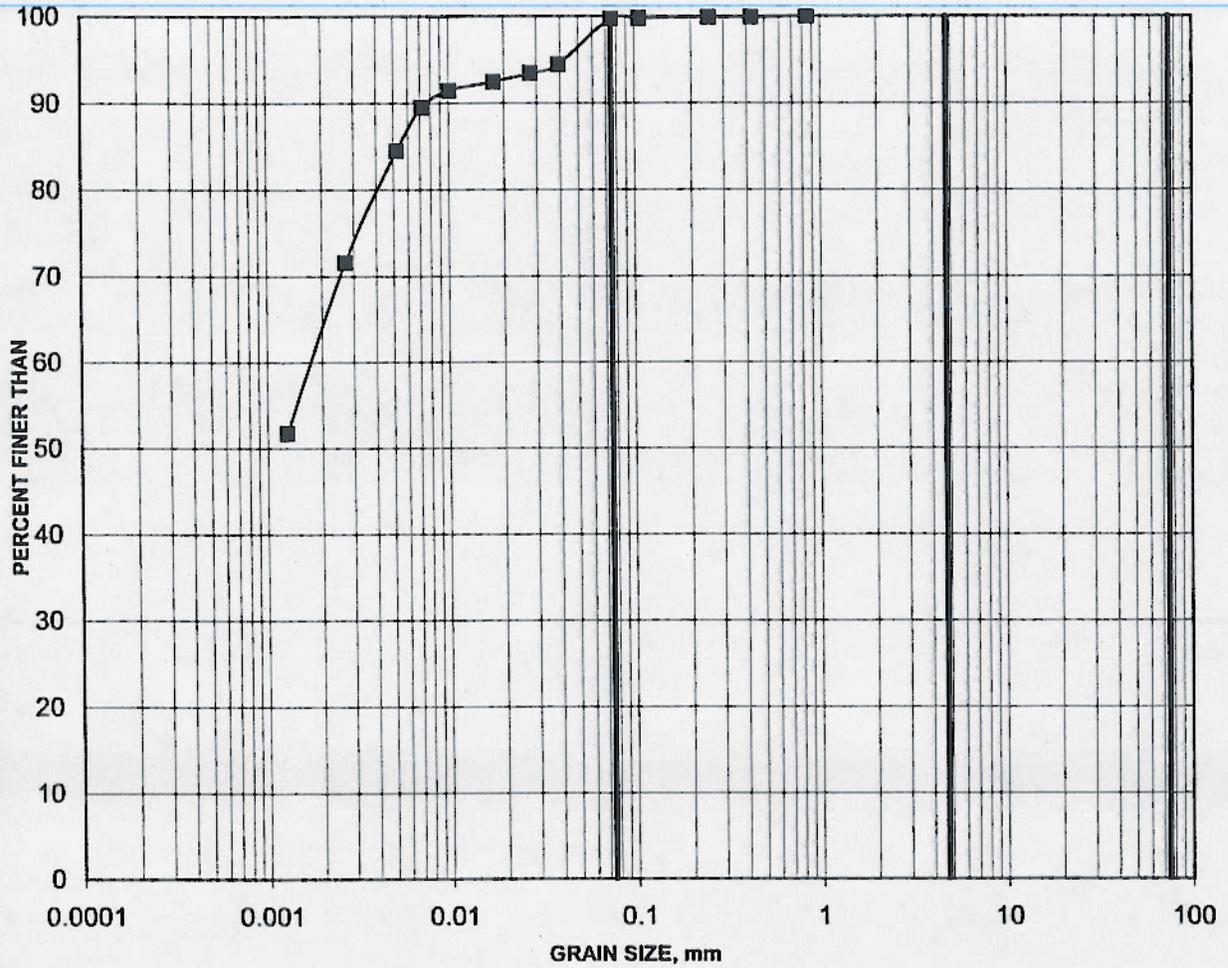
Project No. 05-1120-210

Ministry of Transportation



**GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION**  
Silty Clay

**FIGURE 3**



SILT AND CLAY	FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	COBBLE SIZE
	SAND SIZE			GRAVEL SIZE		

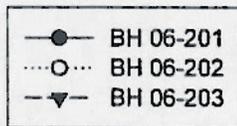
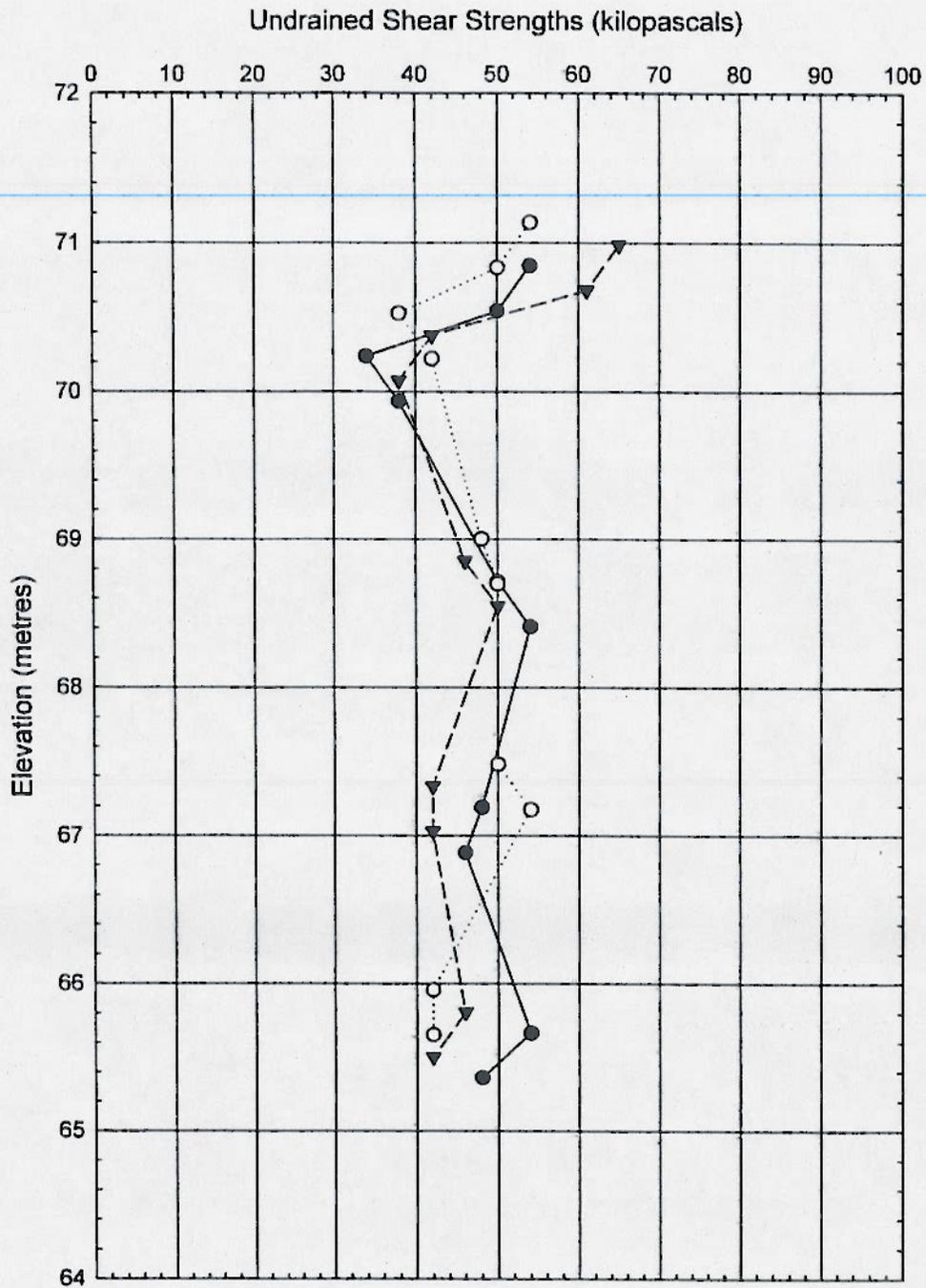
Borehole	Sample	Depth (m)
06-202	4	4.6-5.2

Received:  
Project: 051120210

**Golder Associates**

4-Dec-06

Created by: MaD  
Checked by: BaJ



SCALE AS SHOWN  
 DATE OCT. 2006  
 DESIGN  
 CADD N.B.H.S.

TITLE

**MERIVALE STAGING AREA -  
 SUMMARY OF UNDRAINED SHEAR  
 STRENGTHS**

FILE No. 051120210-2700-04.dwg

CHECK W.C.

PROJECT No. 05-1120-210 REV. 0

REVIEW

FIGURE

**4**

Oct 75, FF-S-21

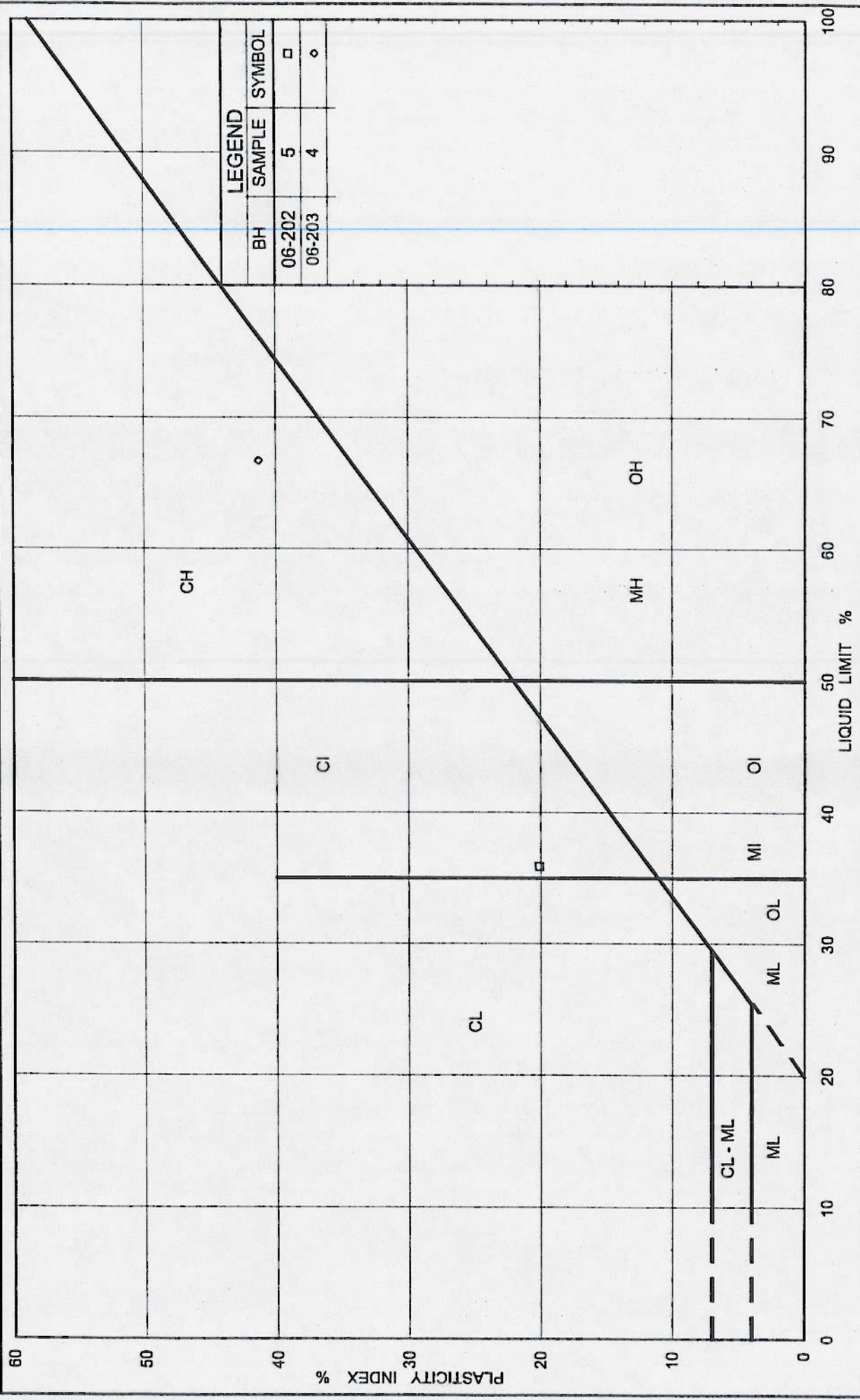


FIG No. 5

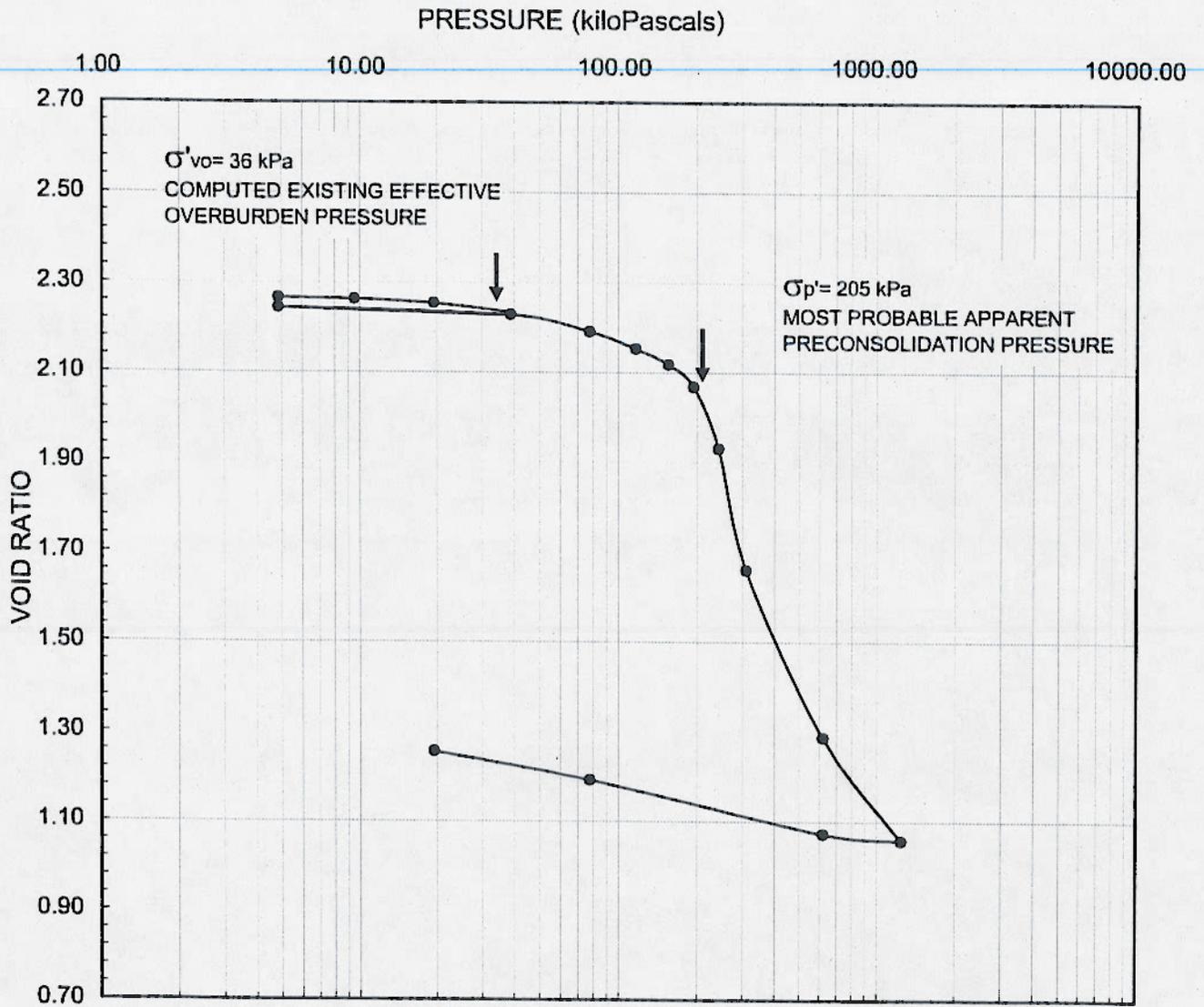
Project No. 05-1120-210

### PLASTICITY CHART Silty Clay to Clay

Ministry of Transportation



Ontario



LEGEND

Borehole: 06-203	$w_l = 78.9\%$	$S_o = 98\%$
Sample: 4	$w_f = 46.1\%$	$C_c = 2.52$
Depth (m): 4.70		$C_r = 0.018$



SCALE	AS SHOWN
DATE	12/05/06
DESIGN	NA
CADD	NA

TITLE  
**CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS**

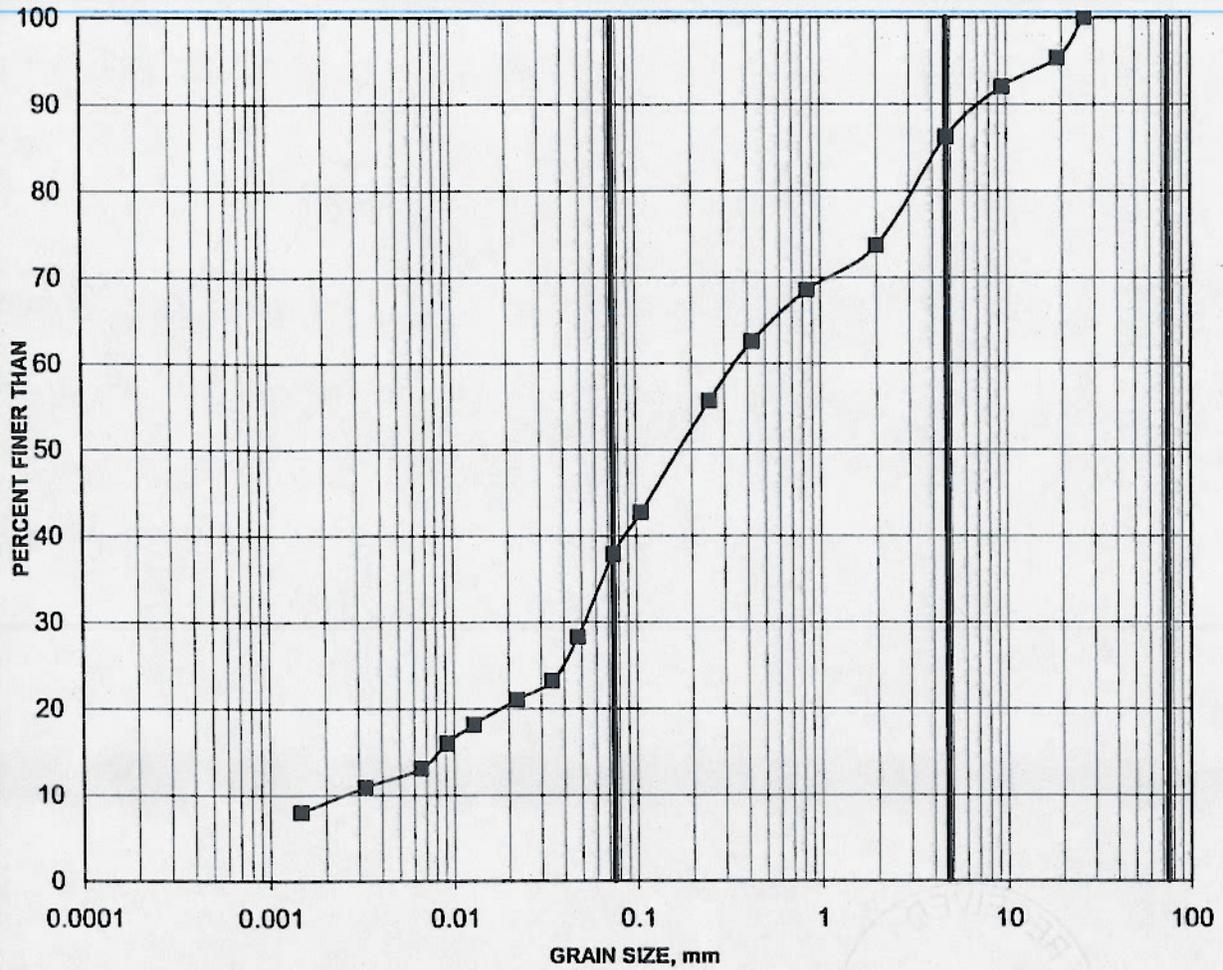
FILE No. Consolidation summary  
PROJECT No. 05-1120-210 REV. 0

CHECK  
REVIEW

FIGURE  
**6**

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION  
Glacial Till

FIGURE 7



SILT AND CLAY	FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	COBBLE SIZE
	SAND SIZE			GRAVEL SIZE		

Borehole	Sample	Depth (m)
06-201	7	9.1-9.8

Received:

Project: 051120210

Golder Associates

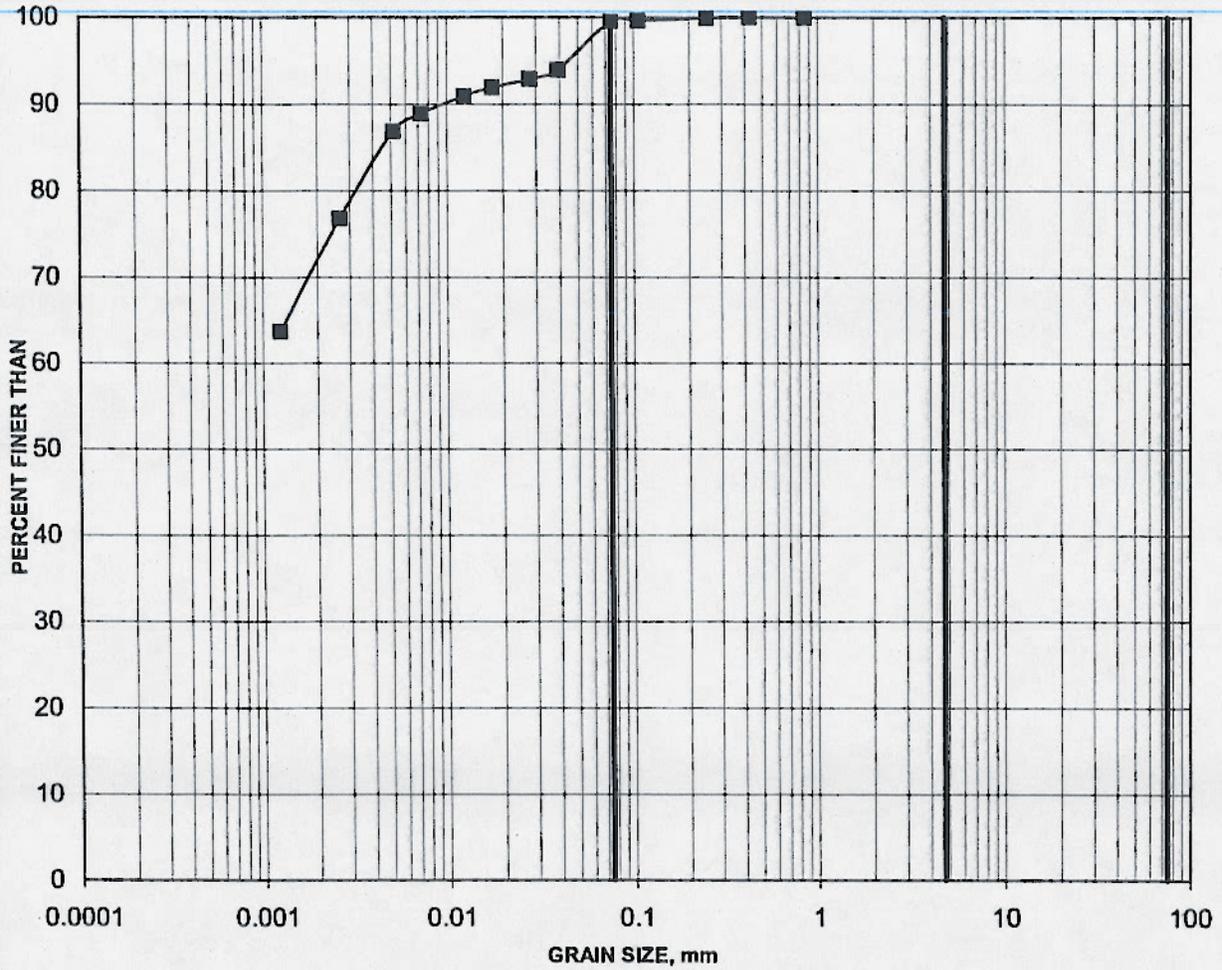
4-Dec-06

Created by: MaD

Checked by: BaJ

**GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION  
Clay**

**FIGURE 1**



SILT AND CLAY	FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	COBBLE SIZE
	SAND SIZE			GRAVEL SIZE		

Borehole	Sample	Depth (m)
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Received:

Project: 051120210

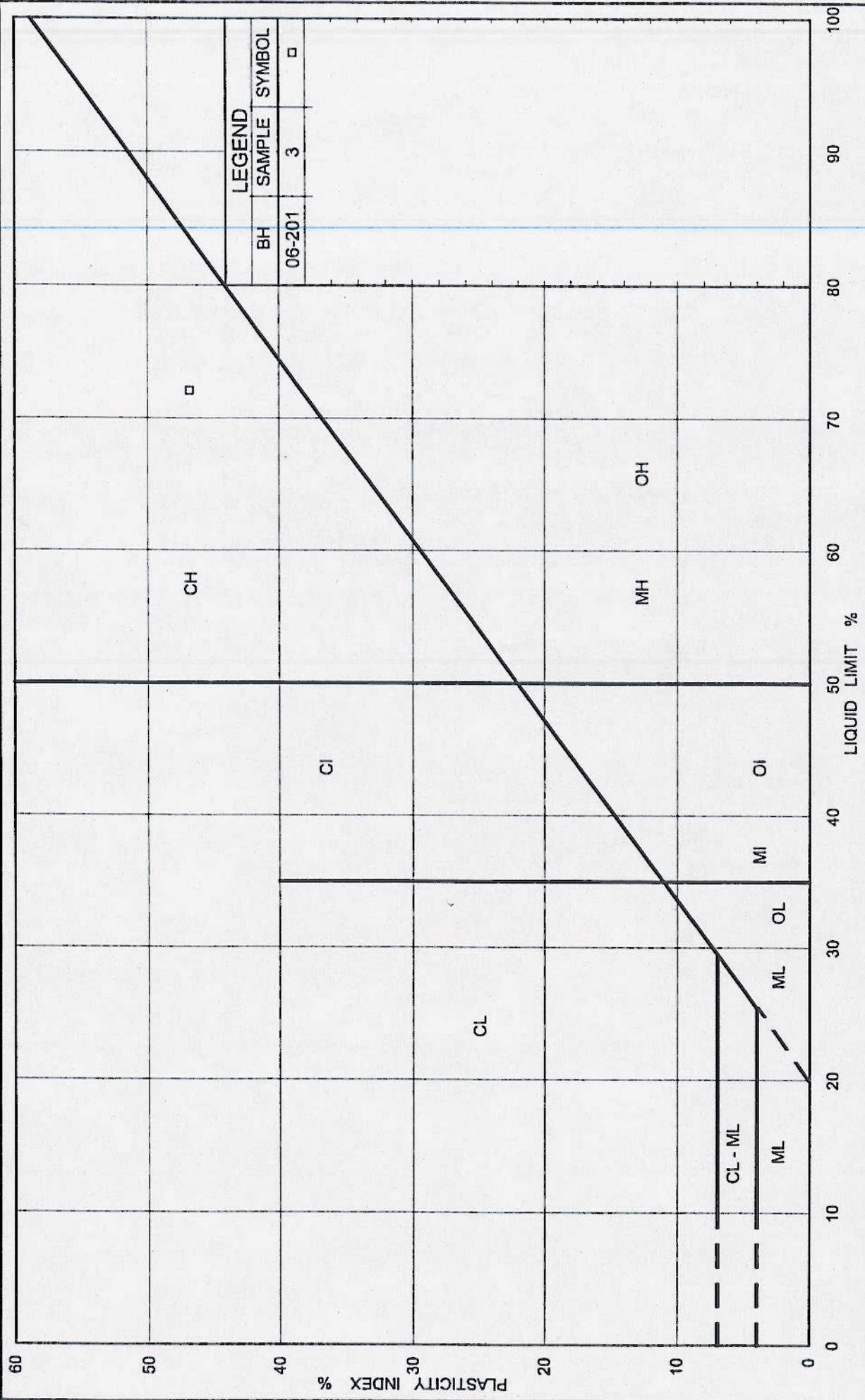
**Golder Associates**

4-Dec-06

Created by: MaD

Checked by: BaJ

Oct 75, FF-S-21



PLASTICITY CHART  
Clay (Weathered Crust)

FIG No. 2

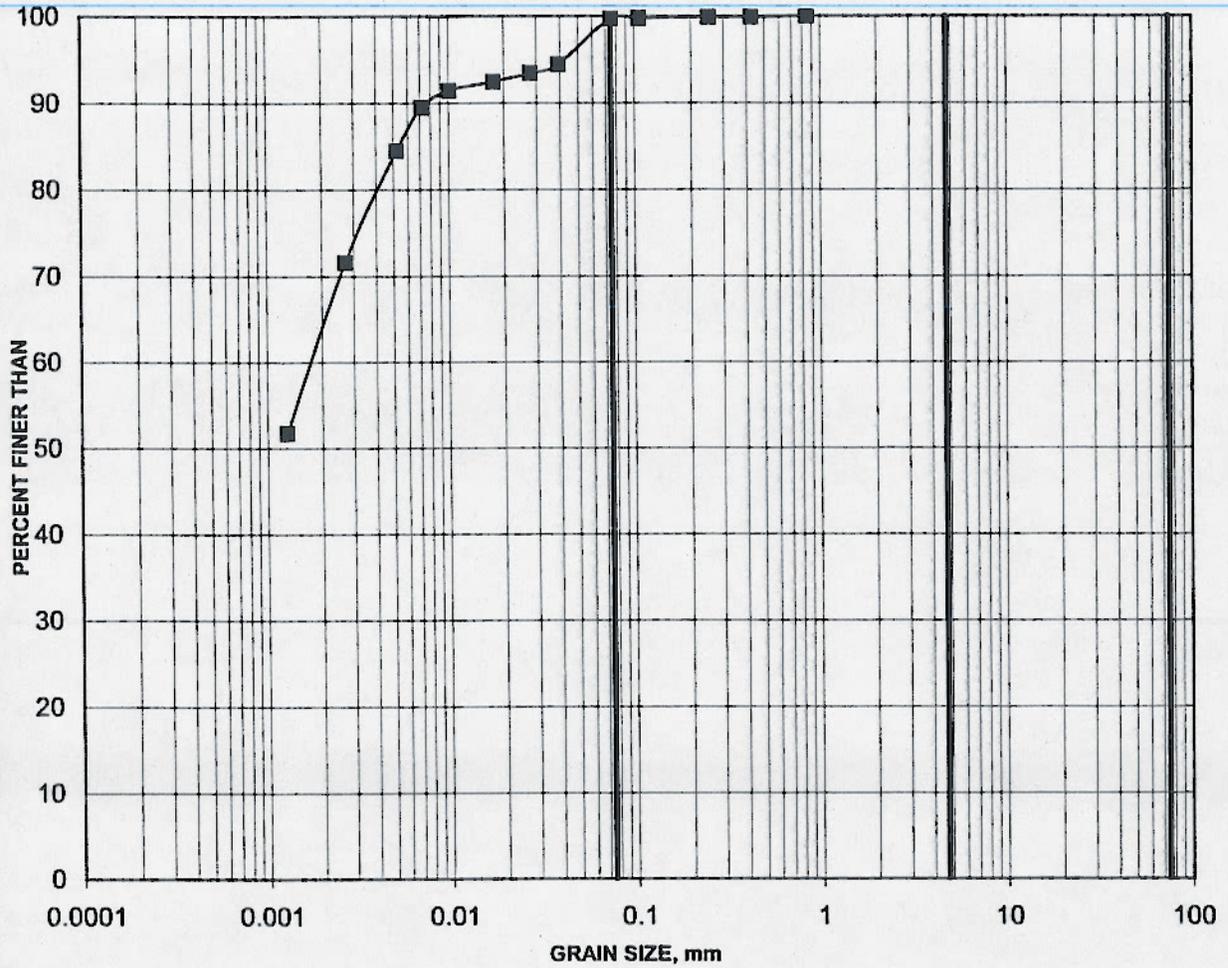
Project No. 05-1120-210

Ministry of Transportation



**GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION**  
Silty Clay

**FIGURE 3**



SILT AND CLAY	FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	COBBLE SIZE
	SAND SIZE			GRAVEL SIZE		

Borehole	Sample	Depth (m)
06-202	4	4.6-5.2

Received:

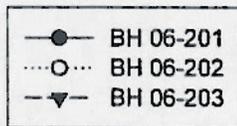
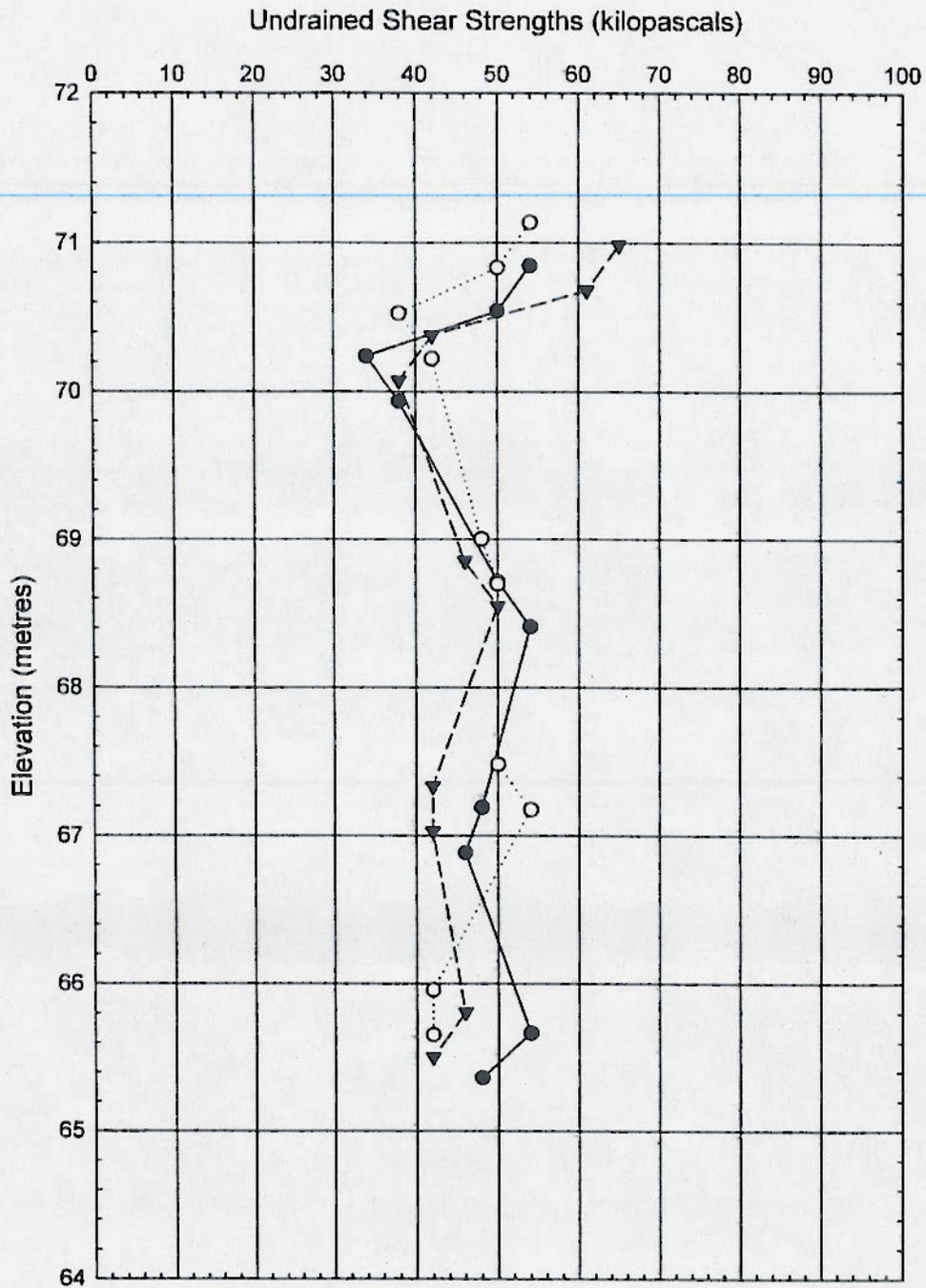
Project: 051120210

**Golder Associates**

4-Dec-06

Created by: MaD

Checked by: BaJ



SCALE AS SHOWN  
 DATE OCT. 2006  
 DESIGN  
 CADD N.B.H.S.

TITLE

**MERIVALE STAGING AREA -  
 SUMMARY OF UNDRAINED SHEAR  
 STRENGTHS**

FILE No. 051120210-2700-04.dwg

CHECK W.C.

PROJECT No. 05-1120-210 REV. 0

REVIEW

FIGURE

**4**

Oct 75, FF-S-21

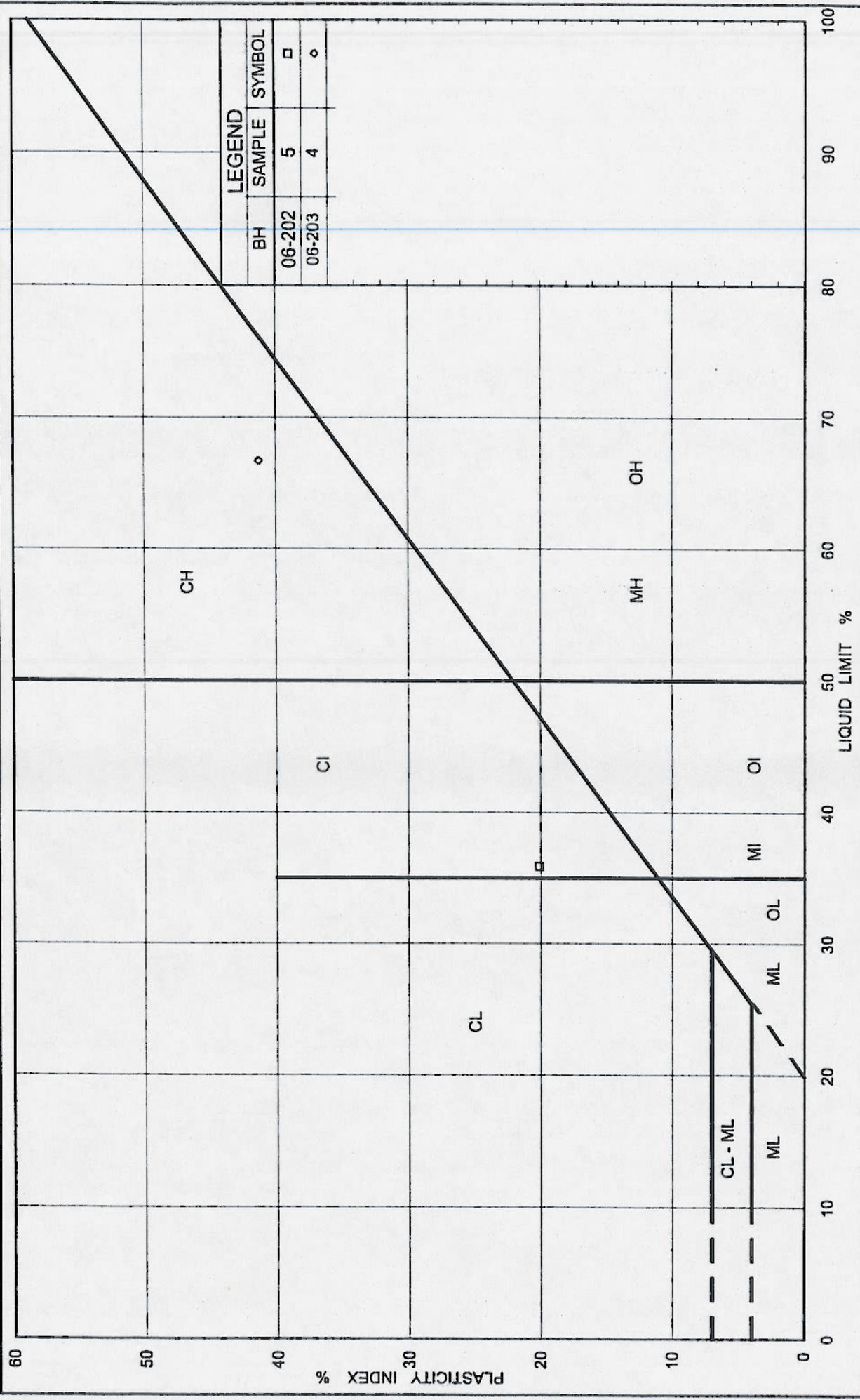


FIG No. 5

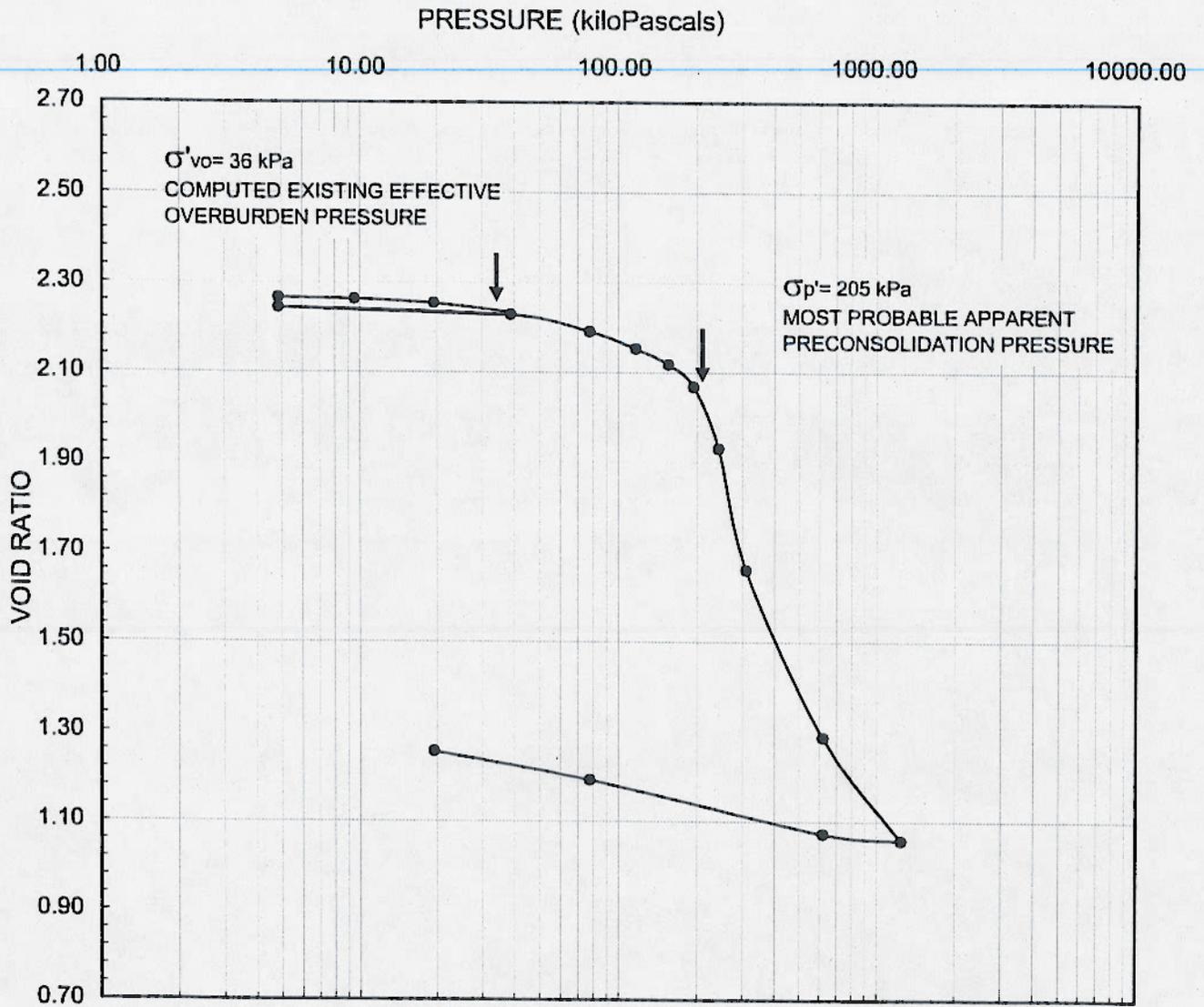
Project No. 05-1120-210

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Ministry of Transportation



Ontario



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SCALE	AS SHOWN
DATE	12/05/06
DESIGN	NA
CADD	NA

TITLE  
**CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS**

FILE No. Consolidation summary

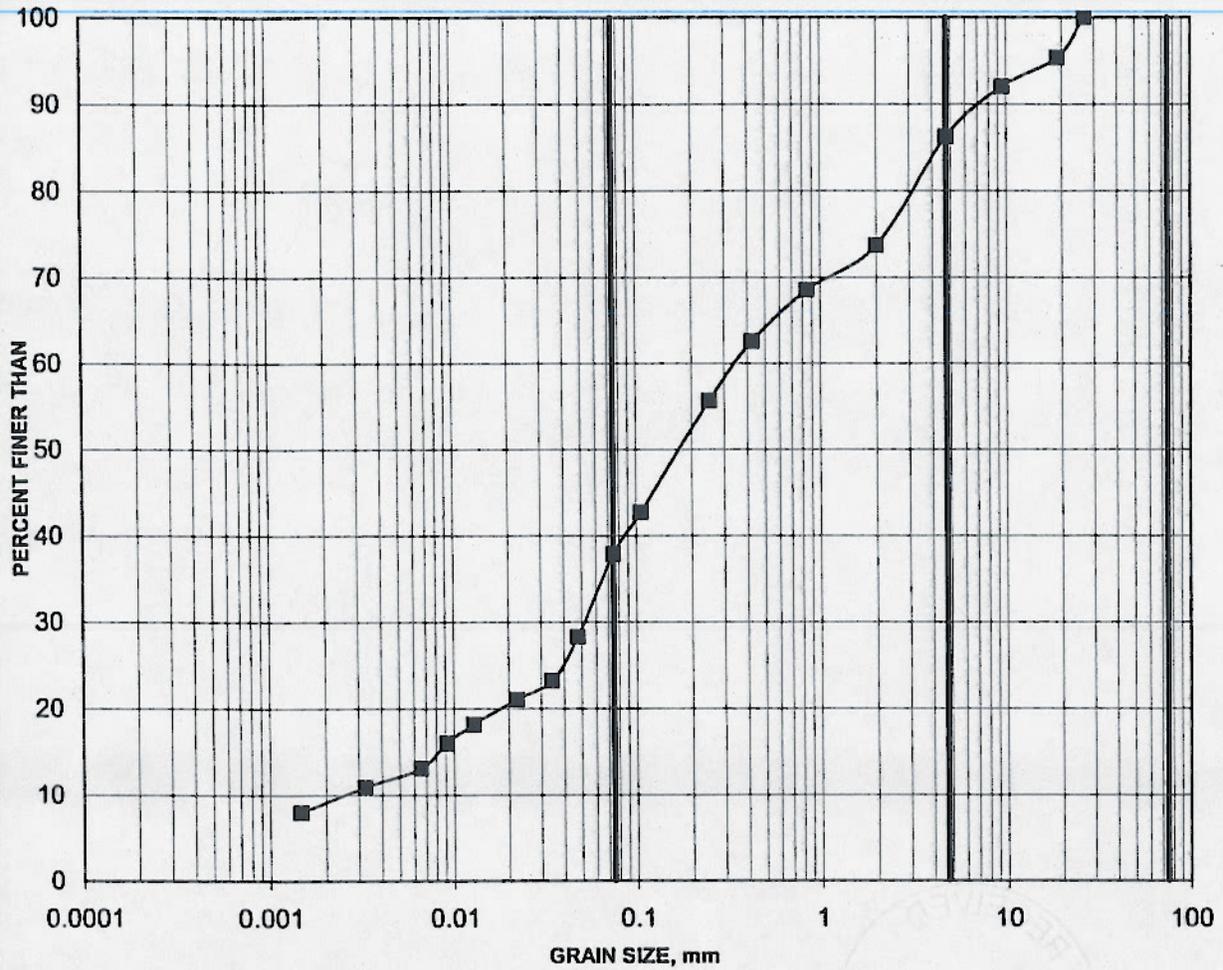
PROJECT No. 05-1120-210 REV. 0

CHECK
REVIEW

FIGURE

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION  
Glacial Till

FIGURE 7



SILT AND CLAY	FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	COBBLE SIZE
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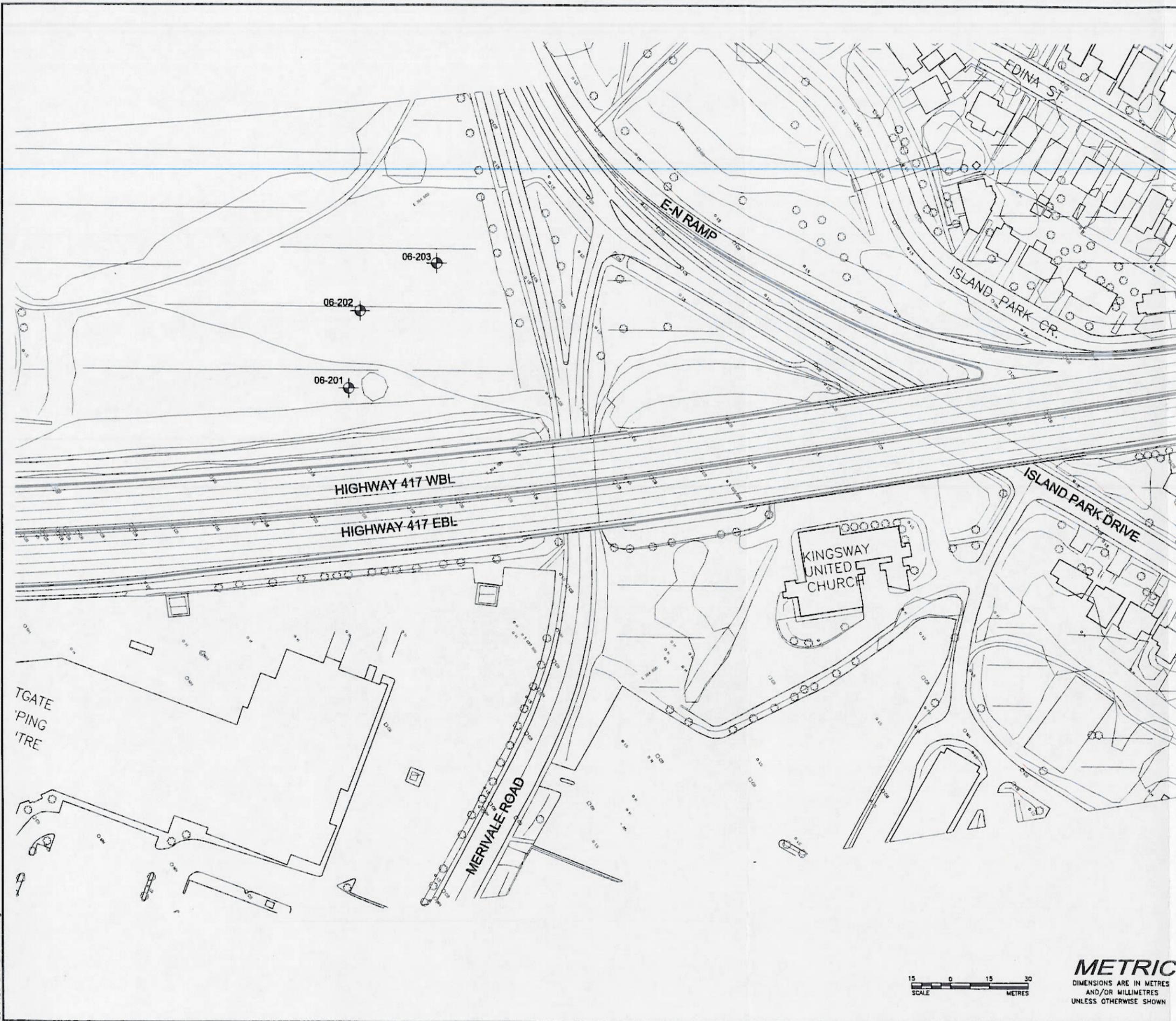
Project: 051120210

Golder Associates

4-Dec-06

Created by: MaD

Checked by: BaJ

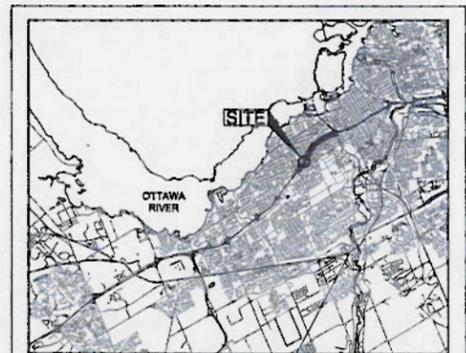


HWY. 417  
 WP No. WP 4058-01-00  
**STAGING AREA 1**  
**BOREHOLE LOCATIONS**



SHEET

**Golder Associates**  
**Golder Associates Ltd.**  
 OTTAWA, ONTARIO, CANADA



KEY PLAN

**LEGEND**

⊕ Borehole - Current Golder Associates Ltd. Investigation

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Base plan provided in electronic format by McCormick Rankin Corporation

NO.	DATE	BY	REVISION



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 DIMENSIONS ARE IN METRES  
 AND/OR MILLIMETRES  
 UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN

05-1120-210-2700-01.dwg

Geocas No.  
 HWY. 417 PROJECT NO. 05-1120-210-2700 DIST.  
 SUBM'D. W.C. CHKD. M.I.C. DATE: OCTOBER 2006 SITE:  
 DRAWN: J.M. CHKD. W.C. APPD. DWG. 1