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GEOCREs No. 30M15-7

DIST 6 REGION Central

W.P. No. 44-71-06

CONT. No. 77-133

W. O. No. 72-11149

STR. SITE No. 22-173

HWY. No.

LOCATION Park Road and
Hwy. 401

OVERSIZE DRAWINGS TO BE INCLUDED WITH THIS REPORT. 4

REMARKS: documents to be unfolded
before microfilming

FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION REPORT
For
Proposed Overpass Structure Extension
At the Crossing of
Park Rd. and Hwy. 401
Township of E. Whitby, County of Ontario
Site No. 22-173
W.O. 72-11149 -- W.P. 44-71-06

1. INTRODUCTION:

The Foundations Office was requested to carry out a subsurface investigation at the crossing of Hwy. #401 and Park Road Overpass in Ontario County. This investigation is concerned with the widening of the Park Road Overpass to accommodate six lane traffic on Hwy. #401. The request was contained in a memo from the Regional Structural Office (Mr. G.C.E. Burkhardt, Regional Structural Planning Engineer) dated November 29, 1972. Subsequently, an investigation was carried out by this Office to determine the subsoil and groundwater conditions at the site.

The results of the investigation are presented in the report, together with our recommendations for the design of the structure foundation extensions as well as the stability and settlement considerations associated with the widening of the existing approach fills.

2. SITE DESCRIPTION AND GEOLOGY:

The area under investigation is located at the intersection of Hwy. #401 and Park Road in the Township of East Whitby, Ontario County. Topographically, the area can best be described as a broad plain surrounded by higher grounds to the immediate north. The latter contains a portion of the residential area of the City of Oshawa. The remaining area has been developed for

industrial and commercial purposes.

Physiographically, the site may be considered to be part of the "Iroquois Plain." In this area, the subsoil is a mosaic of till plains, drumlins, and areas of silty lacustrine deposits.

3. FIELD AND LABORATORY WORK:

3.1) Field Investigation:

Four sampled boreholes, one accompanied by a dynamic cone penetration test, were put down at the structure site. The borings were advanced by means of a conventional diamond drill rig, adapted for soil sampling purposes.

Samples of the glacial till were recovered by means of a standard 2 inch O.D. split-spoon sampler driven into the soil with an energy of 350 ft.-lb. per blow according to the specifications for the Standard Penetration Test. The same method was used to advance the dynamic cone penetration test. Groundwater level observations were carried out during the period of the investigation by recording the water levels in the open boreholes.

The locations and elevations of all the borings were surveyed in the field by personnel from this Office; they are shown on Drawing No. 72-11149A, together with inferred stratigraphic sections. All elevations in the report are referenced to a geodetic datum.

3.2) Laboratory Procedures:

All the samples were subjected to careful visual examination in the field and subsequently in the laboratory. Following the examination, laboratory tests were carried out on selected representative samples to determine the engineering properties of the various soil types encountered; namely,

- Atterberg Limits
- Natural Moisture Contents
- Grain-Size Distributions

4. SUBSOIL CONDITIONS:

Beneath a thin topsoil cover (1 foot or less) is the predominant stratum across the site, which is composed of a glacial till. This stratum was not fully penetrated at any of the borings, it was proven, however, to extend to a depth in excess of 53 feet below existing ground surface at B.H. #2. The upper 25 to 30 feet of the stratum is primarily granular in nature being composed of a heterogeneous mixture of sand, silt, gravel and a trace of clay. The lower zone is primarily cohesive in nature being composed of a clayey silt binding sand and gravel. Grain-size distribution testing, for samples of the till obtained with 2 inch O.D. sampling equipment, are plotted in envelope form on Figure #1 in Appendix I.

Atterberg limit testing was carried out on samples of the till, the results are plotted on the borelog sheets, as well as on the Plasticity Chart, Figure 2. This testing indicates that the upper granular zone of the glacial till is basically non-plastic, while the lower cohesive zone has a plasticity in the low range. The natural moisture content is typically below the plastic limit.

Standard penetration testing was carried out within the glacial till. The testing gave 'N' values which ranged from 15 blows/ft. to 100 blows for 3 inches. Based on these results it is estimated that the relative density of the upper granular zone varies from compact to very dense, with the consistency of the lower cohesive zone ranging from very stiff to hard.

At B.H. #4, a very dense sand and gravel layer is present within the glacial till deposit; the surface of this layer was encountered at elevation 332. This boring was terminated within this layer after penetrating it to a depth of more than 7.5 feet.

5. GROUNDWATER CONDITIONS:

The groundwater level conditions across the site, during the period of the investigation (January 1973), were observed by taking readings in the open boreholes. The results of the observations are shown on the borelog sheets, as well as on Drawing W.O. 72-11149A.

The observations indicate that the water level in the open boreholes is located between about elevations 342.5 and 349, corresponding to depths which range from ground surface to 7.5 feet below existing ground surface.

6. DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

6.1) General:

It is proposed to widen the existing overpass structure at the crossing of Hwy. 401 and Park Rd., in the City of Oshawa as part of the planned widening of Hwy. No. 401 in this area. This construction will require that the existing overpass be extended by 19 feet on each side of the structure.

The existing structure is founded on spread footings located at elevation 343.5. This would place them within the upper granular zone of the glacial till. The profile grade of Hwy. 401, in the vicinity of the crossing, is about elevation 365 - i.e., the approach fills extend approximately 15 feet above the original surface in this area. Visual observations reveal that the structure and approaches are performing satisfactorily.

Recommendations will be presented for north and south sides separately.

6.2) Structure Foundations:

6.2.1) North Abutment Extension:

It is recommended that the proposed north extensions, will settle due to the imposed foundation footing pressure. These settlements will be elastic in nature; i.e., take place during or immediately following placement of the full structural load. It is estimated that the magnitude of these settlements should not exceed 1/2 inch provided the foundation subsoil is not loosened during the construction period. However, it is recommended that a construction joint should be provided between the existing abutment foundation and the extension in order to accommodate any possible differential settlement.

The excavations for the extensions will be carried out below the prevailing groundwater level. In view of the relatively low permeability of the glacial till no major dewatering problems are anticipated; any minor seepage or surface runoff into the excavations could be readily handled by pumping from sumps.

6.2.2) South Abutment Extensions:

It is recommended that the proposed south extensions of the structure be founded on spread footing. Located at the aforementioned elevation (343.5 ft.). At these locations, however, a "reworked" zone exists in the glacial till deposit below about elevation 332. In order to ensure that this reworked zone is not overstressed, it is recommended that the footing extensions be designed using an allowable bearing pressure of no more than 3 t.s.f.

The subsoil beneath this extension is of the same nature as for the north abutments. The discussions relating to settlement and dewatering, mentioned previously will be applicable for these extensions also.

6.3) Widening of Approach Fill Embankments:

The existing embankments will be extended approximately 19 feet on each side of the structure.

These extensions will require that up to 12 feet of fill be placed on the north side and up to 17 feet on the south side.

In order to maintain a smooth transition from the existing to the new fill sections; it is recommended that:

- a) All topsoil and organic material be stripped from the existing fill sections,
- b) The new fill "keyed" into the existing approach fills in accordance with current M.T.C. practices, and
- c) The new embankments be constructed with a standard 2:1 slopes.

If these measures are adopted, no stability problems are anticipated for the extensions. It would be desirable to construct the fill extensions a few months prior to paving in order to minimize the post-construction differential settlements between

the existing and the extended portions of the approach embankments.

7. MISCELLANEOUS:

The field work, carried out during the period of January 22 to January 23, 1973, was supervised by Mr. J. T. Bangs, Project Foundations Engineer, who also prepared this report.

The equipment used was owned and operated by Canadian Longyear Ltd. of Toronto.

This project was carried out under the general supervision of Mr. M. Devata, Supervising Foundations Engineer, who also reviewed this report.

J. T. Bangs
J. T. Bangs, P. Eng.

M. Devata
M. Devata, P. Eng.

JTB/ao
March 21, 1973.

DESIGN SERVICES BRANCH

FOUNDATIONS OFFICE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE NO 1

JOB 72-11149

LOCATION Co-ordinates 944,345 N. - 166,376 E.

ORIGINATED BY J.B.

W.P. 44-71-06

BORING DATE January 22, 1973

COMPILED BY J.B.

DATUM Geodetic

BOREHOLE TYPE B.W. Casing

CHECKED BY

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE BLOWS / FOOT		LIQUID LIMIT _____ PLASTIC LIMIT _____ WATER CONTENT _____		BULK DENSITY	REMARKS		
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE		BLOWS/FOOT	SHEAR STRENGTH P.S.F.	WATER CONTENT %					
349.1	Ground Level							5 10 15					
0.0	Hetrogeneous mixture of Sand, Silt, Gravel and Clay Brown to Grey Very Dense Glacial Till	[Strat. Plot]	1	SS 87									
341.1			2	SS 100/4					0				
8.0			3	SS 100/4									
			4	SS 81									
			5	SS 100/4									
525.3			6	SS 100/4				0					
23.8	End of Borehole		7	SS 100/4									

OFFICE REPORT SOIL EXPLORATION

DESIGN SERVICES BRANCH

FOUNDATIONS OFFICE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE NO 2

JOB NO. 21119

LOCATION Cochrane Gas Plant, 185 N. - 106, 101 E.

ORIGINATED BY J.B.

DATE 11-11-73

BORING DATE January 29, 1973

COMPILED BY J.B.

DATUM Geodetic

BOREHOLE TYPE B.W. Casing

CHECKED BY J.B.

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE BLOWS/FOOT				LIQUID LIMIT — %			BULK DENSITY	REMARKS
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/FOOT		20	40	60	80	100	PLASTIC LIMIT — %	WATER CONTENT — %		
						SHEAR STRENGTH P.S.F.								
						UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE								
						* QUIK TRIAXIAL * FIELD VANE								
										5 10 15				
347.6	Ground Level													
0.0	Heterogeneous Mixture of silt, sand, gravel and clay.	1	SS	100/4"										Elev. 348.8
	Very Dense, Glacial Till	2	SS	200/4"	340									3 43 14 20
336.6	Transition to Grey	3	SS	100/4"										
11.0	Grey	4	SS	170/4"										
	Heterogeneous Mixture of Clayey Silt, Sand and Gravel.	5	SS	118/4"	320									5 32 39 20
	Very Stiff to Hard	6	SS	15/4"										
	Glacial Till	7	SS	121/4"	320									24-36 30 10
	Remworked Zone Between Elev. 311-332	8	SS	17/4"										
		9	SS	115/4"	310									
		10	SS	17/4"										
		11a	SS	141/4"										
		11b	SS	100/4"										
		12	SS	107 1/4"	300									5 38 39 18
294.1		13	SS	100/4"										
53.3	End of borehole				290									

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

DESIGN SERVICES BRANCH

RECORD OF BOREHOLE NO 3

FOUNDATIONS OFFICE

JOB 72-11149

LOCATION Co-ordinates 944,194 N. - 166,437 E.

ORIGINATED BY J.B.

W.P. 44-7-06

BORING DATE January 25, 1973

COMPILED BY J.B.

DATUM Geodetic

BOREHOLE TYPE B.W. Casing

CHECKED BY [Signature]

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE BLOWS / FOOT		LIQUID LIMIT W_L PLASTIC LIMIT W_P WATER CONTENT W			BULK DENSITY γ	REMARKS		
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE		BLOWS/FOOT	SHEAR STRENGTH P.S.F.		WATER CONTENT %					
							○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL X LAB VANE	W_p — W — W_L	5	10	15	P.C.F.	GR.SA.SI.CL.	
347.9	Ground Level													
0.0	Heterogeneous Mixture of Silt, Sand, Gravel and Clay.		1	SS	31	340						γ Elev. 343.4	9 36 41 14	
	Dense to Very Dense		2	SS	100/9"									
	Glacial Till		3	SS	89									
333.9	Brown to Grey			4	SS	60	330						4 44 38 14	
14.0	Grey		5	SS	16									
	Heterogeneous Mixture of Clayey Silt, Sand and Gravel			6	SS	19	320						14 41 35 10	
	Very Stiff to Hard		7	SS	39									
	Re-worked Zone Between Elev. 308-334		8	SS	30									
	Glacial Till			9	SS	28	310						1 40 37 22	
			10	SS	100/9"									
				11	SS	100/6"	300							
			12	SS	100/7"									
297.3	End of Borehole													
50.6						290								

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

DESIGN SERVICES BRANCH

FOUNDATIONS OFFICE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE NO 4

JOB 72-11149

LOCATION Co-ordinates 944,351 N. - 166,303 E.

ORIGINATED BY J.B.

W.P. 44-7C-01

BORING DATE January 26, 1973

COMPILED BY J.B.

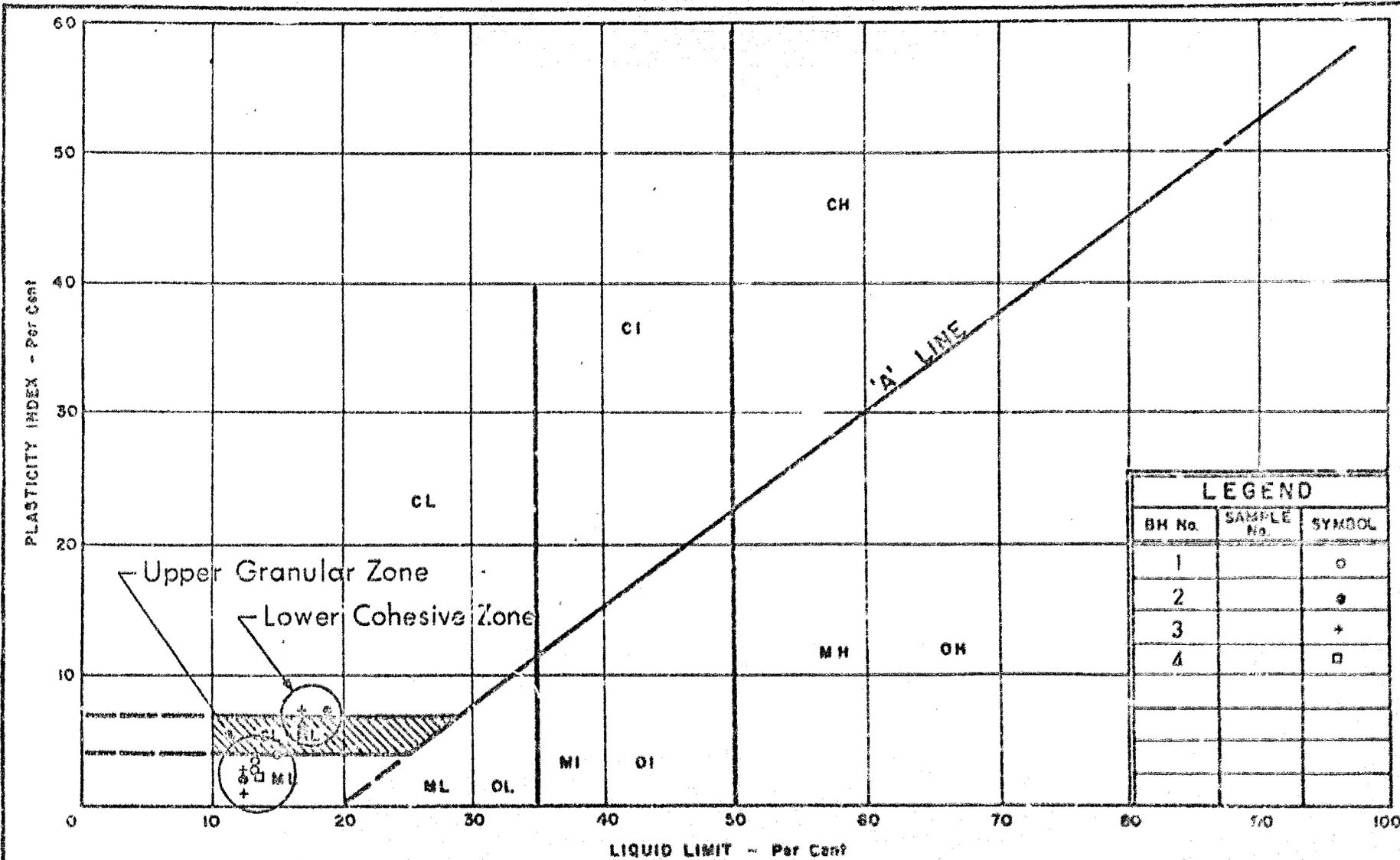
DATUM Geodetic

BOREHOLE TYPE B.W. Casing

CHECKED BY [Signature]

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE BLOWS / FOOT	LIQUID LIMIT w_L PLASTIC LIMIT w_p WATER CONTENT w $w_p \quad w \quad w_L$	BULK DENSITY γ P.C.F.	REMARKS	
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/FOOT						
353.8	Ground Level							5 20 15			
0.0	Heterogeneous Mixture of Sand, Silt, Gravel and Clay Compact to Very Dense Brown to Grey		1	SS	19	350				17 37 34 12	
			2	SS	100						
			3	SS	100	8"					
			4	SS	75	340			0 1		
			5	SS	74						8 40 37 15
	Grey Glacial Till		6	SS	28						
332.0											
21.8	Sand and Gravel		7	SS	100	8"					
323.3	Very Dense		8	SS	100	6"				50 47 (3)	
30.5	End of Borehole					320					

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION



DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
 MATERIALS and
 TESTING
 DIVISION

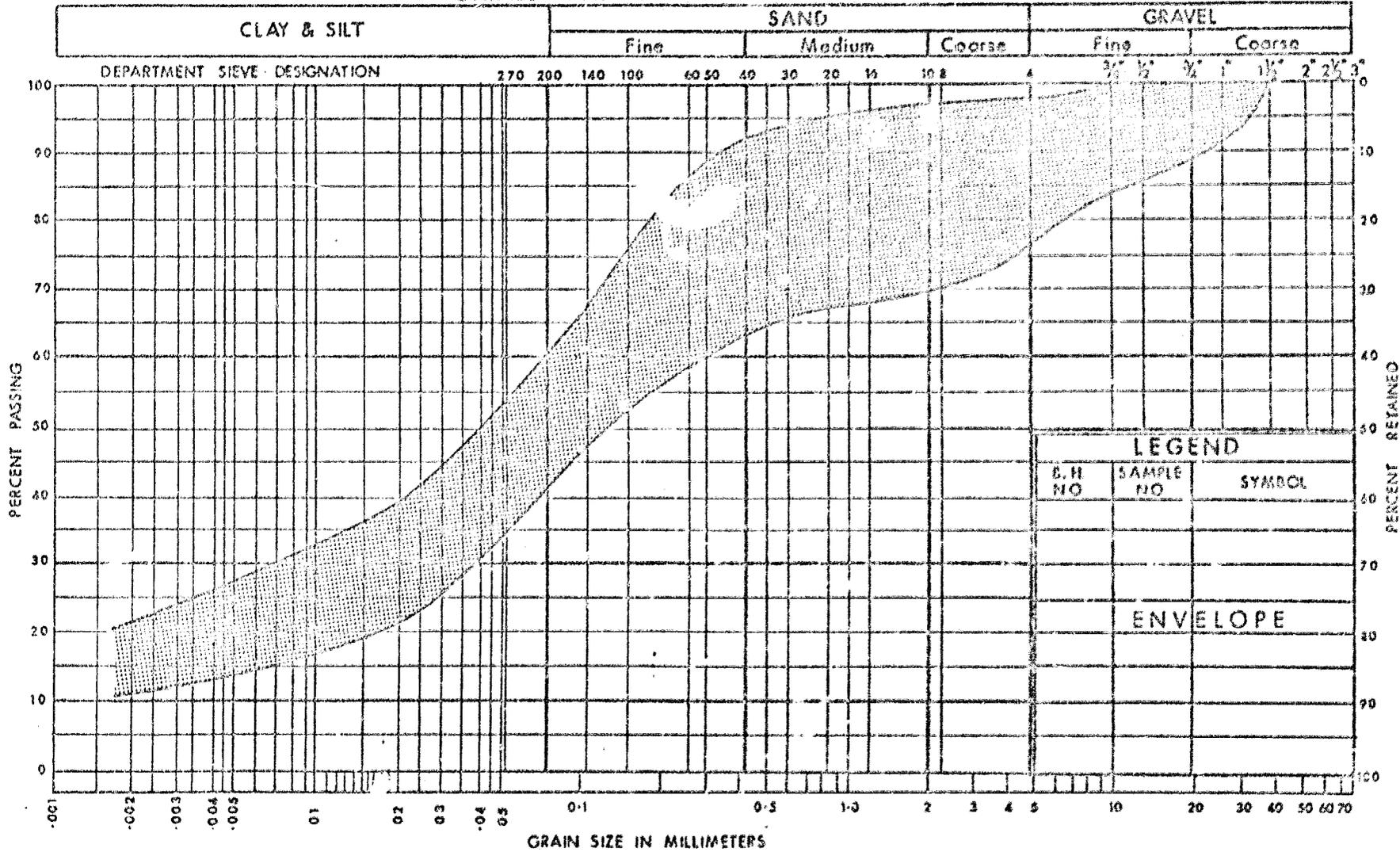
PLASTICITY CHART
 GLACIAL TILL

WT No. 44-71-06

JOB No. 72-11149

FIG. N^o 1

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM



DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS
DESIGN SERVICES BRANCH

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION
GLACIAL TILL

W.P. No. 44-71-06

JOB No. 72-11149

FIG. N° 2

FD-90 (Rev. Jan 73)

ABBREVIATIONS & SYMBOLS USED IN THIS REPORT

PENETRATION RESISTANCE

'N'-STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE : - THE NUMBER OF BLOWS REQUIRED TO ADVANCE A STANDARD SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER 12 INCHES INTO THE SUBSOIL, DRIVEN BY MEANS OF A 140 POUND HAMMER FALLING FREELY A DISTANCE OF 30 INCHES.

DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE :- THE NUMBER OF BLOWS REQUIRED TO ADVANCE A 2 INCH, 60 DEGREE CONE, FITTED TO THE END OF DRILL RODS, 12 INCHES INTO THE SUBSOIL, THE DRIVING ENERGY BEING 350 FOOT POUNDS PER BLOW.

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL

THE CONSISTENCY OF COHESIVE SOILS AND THE RELATIVE DENSITY OR DENSENESS OF COHESIONLESS SOILS ARE DESCRIBED IN THE FOLLOWING TERMS :-

<u>CONSISTENCY</u>	<u>c LB/SQ.FT.</u>	<u>DENSENESS</u>	<u>'N' BLOWS / FT.</u>
VERY SOFT	0 - 250	VERY LOOSE	0 - 4
SOFT	250 - 500	LOOSE	4 - 10
FIRM	500 - 1000	COMPACT	10 - 30
STIFF	1000 - 2000	DENSE	30 - 50
VERY STIFF	2000 - 4000	VERY DENSE	> 50
HARD	> 4000		

TERMS TO BE USED IN DESCRIBING SOILS:-

TRACE < 10% , SOME 10-25% , WITH 25-40% , > 40% SILTY, SANDY, GRAVELLY, CLAYEY ETC.

TYPE OF SAMPLE

S.S.	SPLIT SPOON	T.W.	THINWALL OPEN
W.S.	WASHED SAMPLE	T.P.	THINWALL PISTON
S.T.	SLOTTED TUBE SAMPLE	O.S.	OESTERBERG SAMPLE
A.S.	AUGER SAMPLE	F.S.	FOIL SAMPLE
C.S.	CHUNK SAMPLE	R.C.	ROCK CORE

P.H. SAMPLE ADVANCED HYDRAULICALLY

P.M. SAMPLE ADVANCED MANUALLY

SOIL TESTS

U	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION	L.V.	LABORATORY VANE
UU	UNCONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL	F.V.	FIELD VANE
CU	CONSOLIDATED ISD TROPIC UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL	C	CONSOLIDATION
CID	" " DRAINED "	S	SENSITIVITY
CAU	" ANISOTROPIC UNDRAINED "		
CAD	" " DRAINED "		

ABBREVIATIONS & SYMBOLS USED IN THIS REPORT

SOIL PROPERTIES

- γ UNIT WEIGHT OF SOIL (BULK DENSITY)
- γ_s UNIT WEIGHT OF SOLID PARTICLES
- γ_w UNIT WEIGHT OF WATER
- γ_d UNIT DRY WEIGHT OF SOIL (DRY DENSITY)
- γ' UNIT WEIGHT OF SUBMERGED SOIL
- G SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF SOLID PARTICLES $G = \frac{\gamma_s}{\gamma_w}$
- e VOID RATIO
- n POROSITY
- w WATER CONTENT
- S_r DEGREE OF SATURATION
- w_L LIQUID LIMIT
- w_P PLASTIC LIMIT
- I_P PLASTICITY INDEX
- w_S SHRINKAGE LIMIT
- I_L LIQUIDITY INDEX = $\frac{w - w_P}{I_P}$
- I_C CONSISTENCY INDEX = $\frac{w_L - w}{I_P}$
- e_{max} VOID RATIO IN LOOSEST STATE
- e_{min} VOID RATIO IN DENSEST STATE
- I_D DENSITY INDEX = $\frac{e_{max} - e}{e_{max} - e_{min}}$
- RELATIVE DENSITY D_r IS ALSO USED
- h HYDRAULIC HEAD OR POTENTIAL
- q RATE OF DISCHARGE
- v VELOCITY OF FLOW
- i HYDRAULIC GRADIENT
- k COEFFICIENT OF PERMEABILITY
- j SEEPAGE FORCE PER UNIT VOLUME
- m_v COEFFICIENT OF VOLUME CHANGE = $\frac{-\Delta e}{(1+e)\Delta\sigma'}$
- c_v COEFFICIENT OF CONSOLIDATION
- C_c COMPRESSION INDEX = $\frac{\Delta e}{\Delta \log_{10} \sigma'}$
- T_v TIME FACTOR = $\frac{c_v t}{d^2}$ (d, DRAINAGE PATH)
- U DEGREE OF CONSOLIDATION
- τ_f SHEAR STRENGTH
- c' EFFECTIVE COHESION INTERCEPT
- ϕ' EFFECTIVE ANGLE OF SHEARING RESISTANCE, OR FRICTION
- c_u APPARENT COHESION
- ϕ_u APPARENT ANGLE OF SHEARING RESISTANCE, OR FRICTION
- μ COEFFICIENT OF FRICTION
- S_t SENSITIVITY

IN TERMS OF EFFECTIVE STRESS
 $\tau_f = c' + \sigma' \tan \phi'$

IN TERMS OF TOTAL STRESS
 $\tau_f = c_u + \sigma \tan \phi$

GENERAL

- π = 3.1416
- e BASE OF NATURAL LOGARITHMS 2.7183
- $\log_e \sigma$ OR $\ln \sigma$ NATURAL LOGARITHM OF σ
- $\log_{10} \sigma$ OR $\log \sigma$ LOGARITHM OF σ TO BASE 10
- t TIME
- g ACCELERATION DUE TO GRAVITY
- V VOLUME
- W WEIGHT
- M MOMENT
- F FACTOR OF SAFETY

STRESS AND STRAIN

- u PORE PRESSURE
- σ NORMAL STRESS
- $\bar{\sigma}$ NORMAL EFFECTIVE STRESS ($\bar{\sigma}$ IS ALSO USED)
- τ SHEAR STRESS
- ϵ LINEAR STRAIN
- γ SHEAR STRAIN
- ν POISSON'S RATIO (μ IS ALSO USED)
- E MODULUS OF LINEAR DEFORMATION (YOUNG'S MODULUS)
- G MODULUS OF SHEAR DEFORMATION
- K MODULUS OF COMPRESSIBILITY
- η COEFFICIENT OF VISCOSITY

EARTH PRESSURE

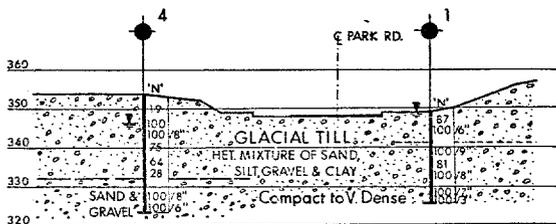
- d DISTANCE FROM TOP OF WALL TO POINT OF APPLICATION OF PRESSURE
- δ ANGLE OF WALL FRICTION
- K DIMENSIONLESS COEFFICIENT TO BE USED WITH VARIOUS SUFFIXES IN EXPRESSIONS REFERRING TO NORMAL STRESS ON WALLS
- K_0 COEFFICIENT OF EARTH PRESSURE AT REST

FOUNDATIONS

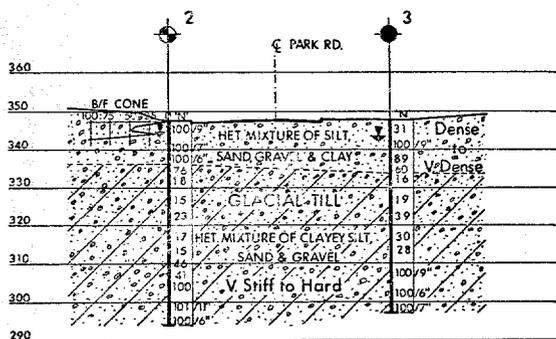
- B BREADTH OF FOUNDATION
- L LENGTH OF FOUNDATION
- D DEPTH OF FOUNDATION BENEATH GROUND
- N DIMENSIONLESS COEFFICIENT USED WITH A SUFFIX APPLYING TO SPECIFIC GRAVITY, DEPTH AND COHESION ETC. IN THE FORMULA FOR BEARING CAPACITY
- k_s MODULUS OF SUBGRADE REACTION

SLOPES

- H VERTICAL HEIGHT OF SLOPE
- D DEPTH BELOW TOP OF SLOPE TO HARD STRATUM
- β ANGLE OF SLOPE TO HORIZONTAL



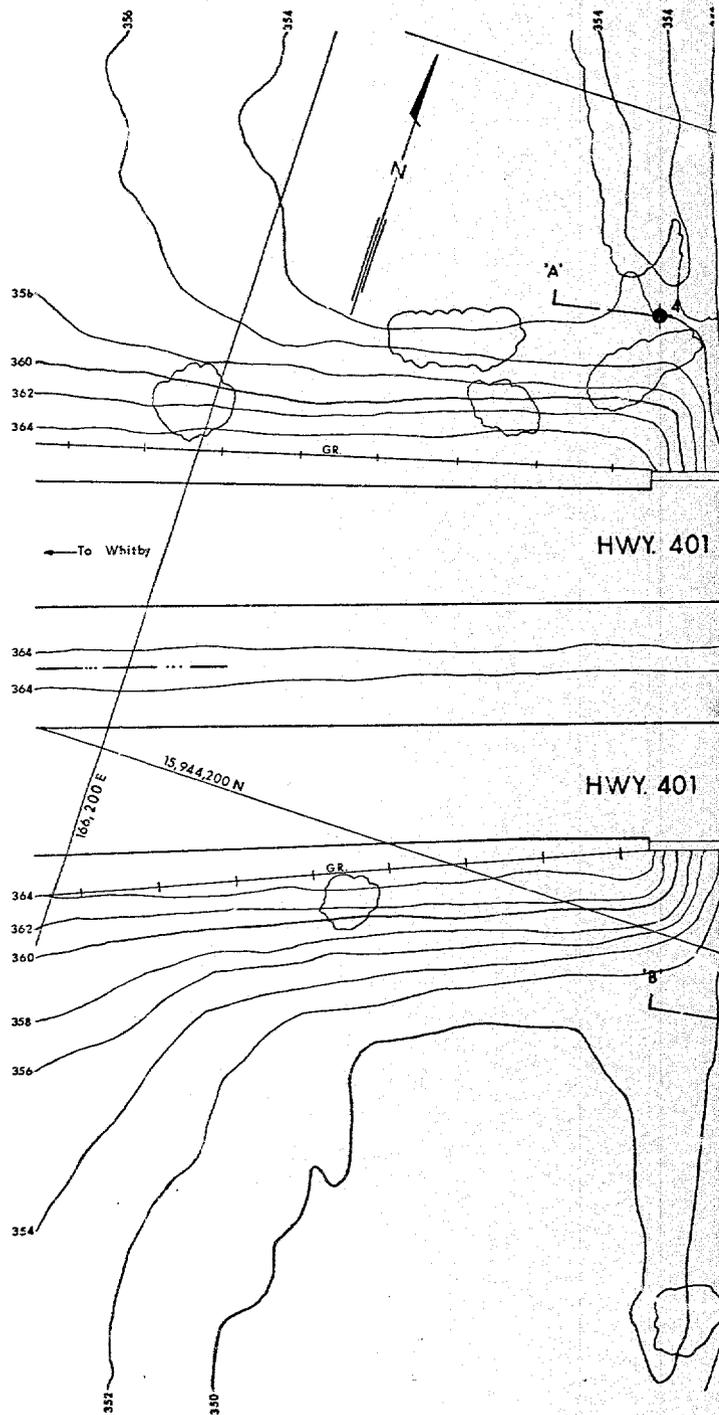
A-A



B-B

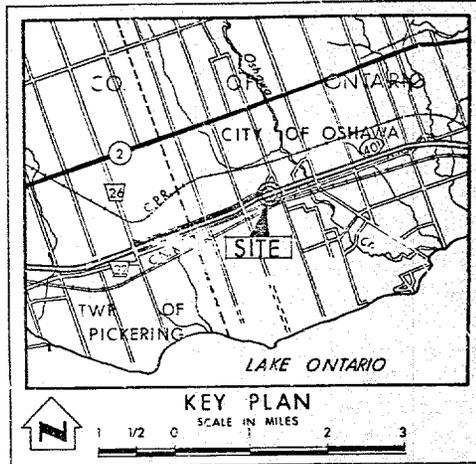
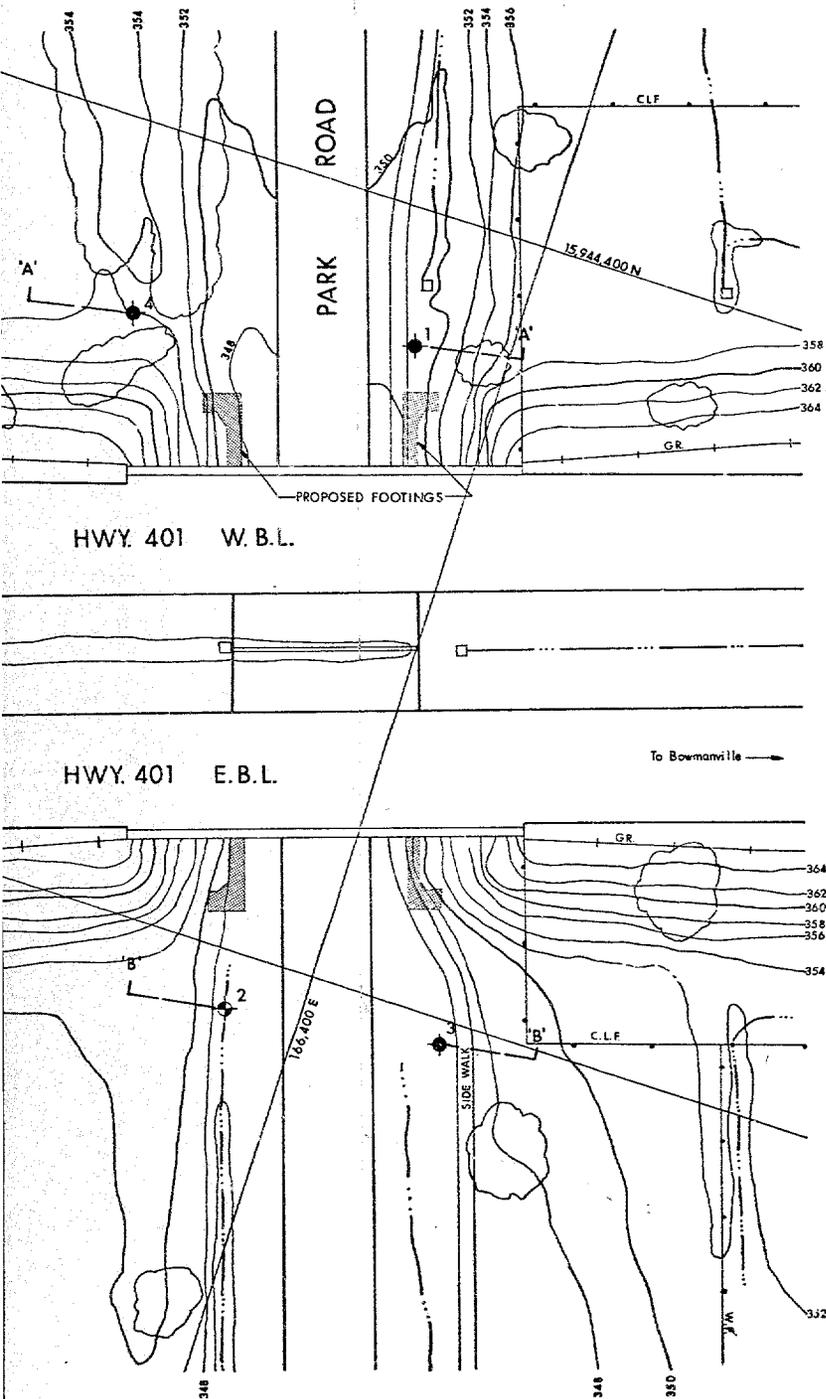
SECTIONS

SCALE
20 10 0 20 40 FT.



PLAN

SCALE
20 10 0 20



LEGEND			
	Bore Hole		
	Cone Penetration Test		
	Bore Hole & Cone Test		
	Water Levels established at time of field investigation, JAN. 1973		

NO.	ELEVATION	CO-ORDINATES	
		NORTH	EAST
1	349.1	944,365	166,376
2	347.6	944,185	166,381
3	347.9	944,194	166,437
4	353.8	944,351	166,303

NOTE
 The boundaries between soil strata have been established only at Bore Hole locations. Between Bore Holes the boundaries are assumed from geological evidence.

REVISIONS	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS—ONTARIO
 DESIGN SERVICES BRANCH—FOUNDATIONS OFFICE

PARK ROAD

HIGHWAY NO. 401 DIST. NO. 6
 CO. ONTARIO CITY OF OSHAWA
 TWP. _____ LOT _____ CON. _____

BORE HOLE LOCATIONS & SOIL STRATA

SUBMD J.B.	CHECKED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WP NO. 44-71-06	DRAWING NO.
DRAWN F.L.	CHECKED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WD NO. 72-11149	72-11149A
DATE FEB 26, 1973	SITE NO.	BROGE DRAWING NO.	
APPROVED <i>[Signature]</i>	PRINCIPAL FOUNDATION ENGINEER	CONT. NO.	



REF. No. B-4-17

memorandum



To: Mr. A. McKillop
Area Construction Engineer
Port Hope

Date: 1979 05 11

Contract 77-133
Park Road Pedestrian Tunnel
Site #22-173
Deformation of Steel Tunnel Liner

During the grouting of the tunnel liner last year, the steel liner developed a local deformation.

Recommendations made by the Structural Office and Soil Mechanics Sections were carried out. The deformation has been monitored and shows no measurable changes.

Based on recent discussions with Mr. Lin and Mr. G. Jewell it is recommended to raise the concrete floor of the tunnel approximately 6" to provide rigidity and cover to the reinforcement. The resulting reduction in vertical clearance is not considered important.

ECL:ja

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "E.C. Lane".

E.C. Lane
Asst. Regional
Quality Assurance Engineer

For: R.P. Northwood
Head, Quality Assurance
Central Region

c.c. M. Devata ✓
C.S. Grebski
K.C. Carter
C.F. Farrell





Memorandum

To: Mr. A. McKillop
Area Construction Engineer
Port Hope

From: Quality Assurance Section
Construction Office
Central Region

Attention:

Date: 1978 07 20

Our File Ref.

In Reply to

Subject:

Contract 77-133
Park Road Overpass Widening
Culvert Relocation at abutment footing

A 21" concrete storm sewer, previously placed under this contract passes under the N.E. abutment of the above structure widening. The invert of the pipe is approximately 1' below the base elevation of the footing. The bedding material extends 6" below this level.

It is necessary to realign the storm sewer outside the limits of the footing.

The problem has been discussed with M. Devata of the Soil Mechanics Section and the following action is proposed.

The pipe and bedding should be completely removed and backfilled with mass concrete through the length of the N.E. widening. The back of the excavation should be sloped at 1 to 1. The mass concrete should be placed within 12 hours after excavating to prevent softening of ~~the softening~~ of the foundation material.

At the time of the excavation it should be determined if the existing foundation has been undermined or disturbed and if so, repaired with mass concrete. The pipe may be relocated immediately beyond the footing limits.

Yours sincerely,

ECL:ja

E.C. Lane
Assistant Quality Assurance
Engineer

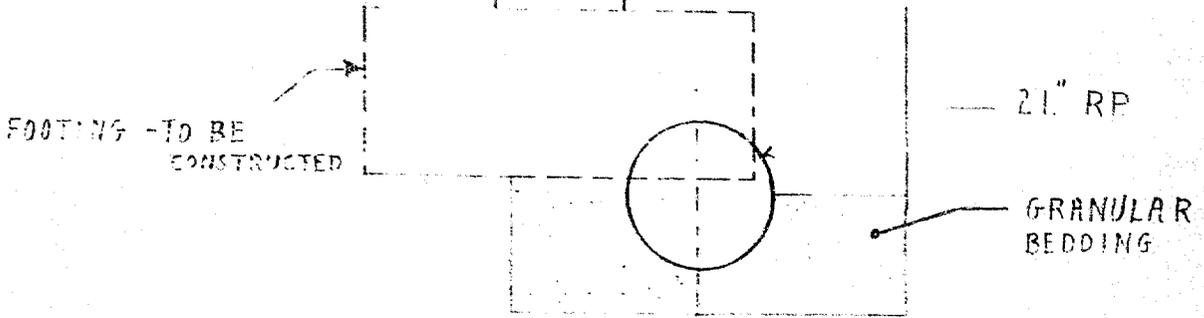
For:

R.P. Northwood
Head, Quality Assurance

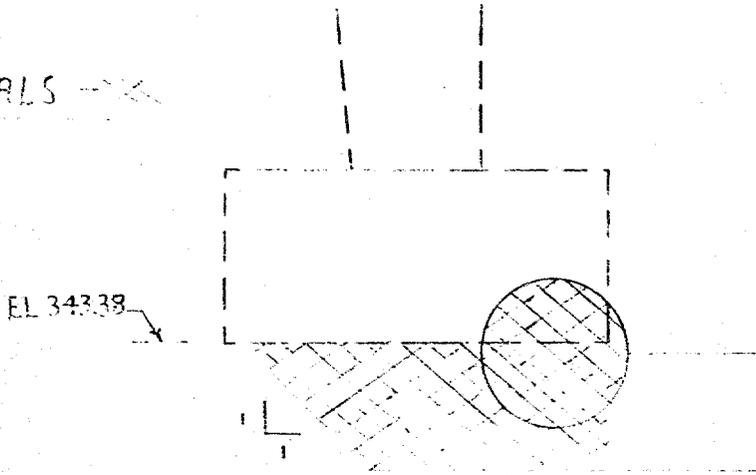
c.c. C. Grebski
M. Devata ✓
K. Carter



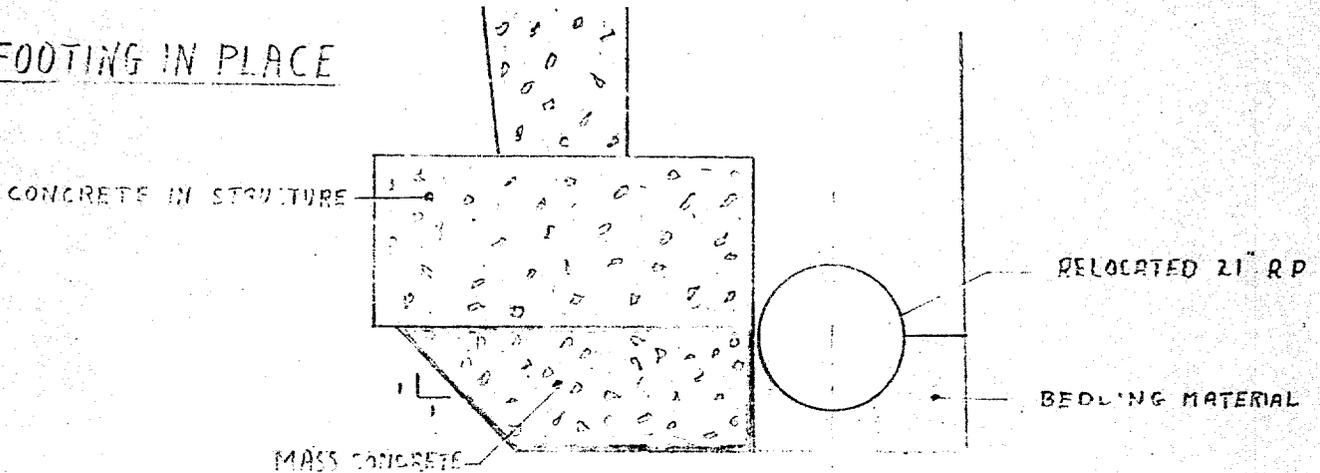
EXISTING CONDITION



REMOVALS



FOOTING IN PLACE



CONTRACT 77-13E
PARK ROAD OVERPASS WIDENING

DOCUMENT IDENTIFICATION

GEOCRES No. 30415-7

DIST. 6 REGION Central

W.P. No. 44-71-06

CONT. No. 77-133

W. O. No. 72-11149

STR. SITE No. 22-173

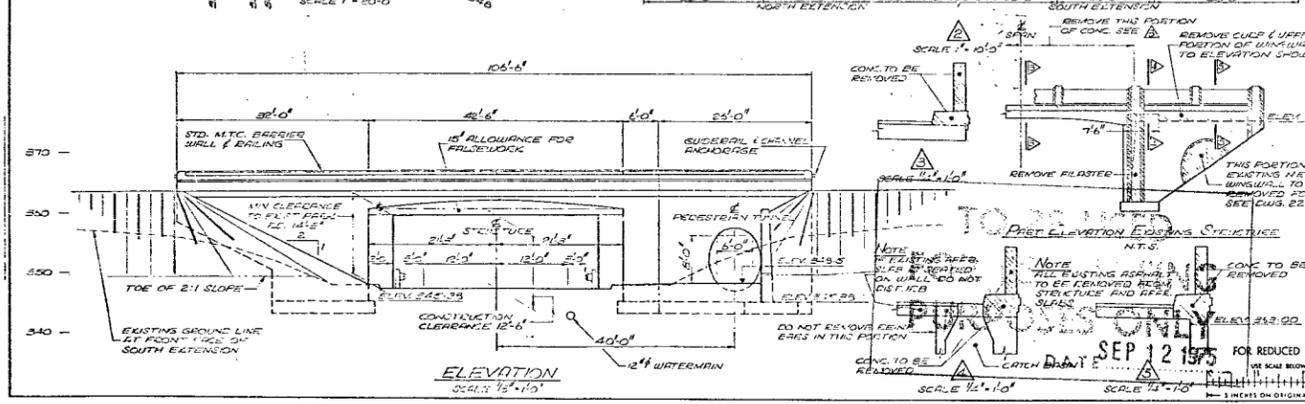
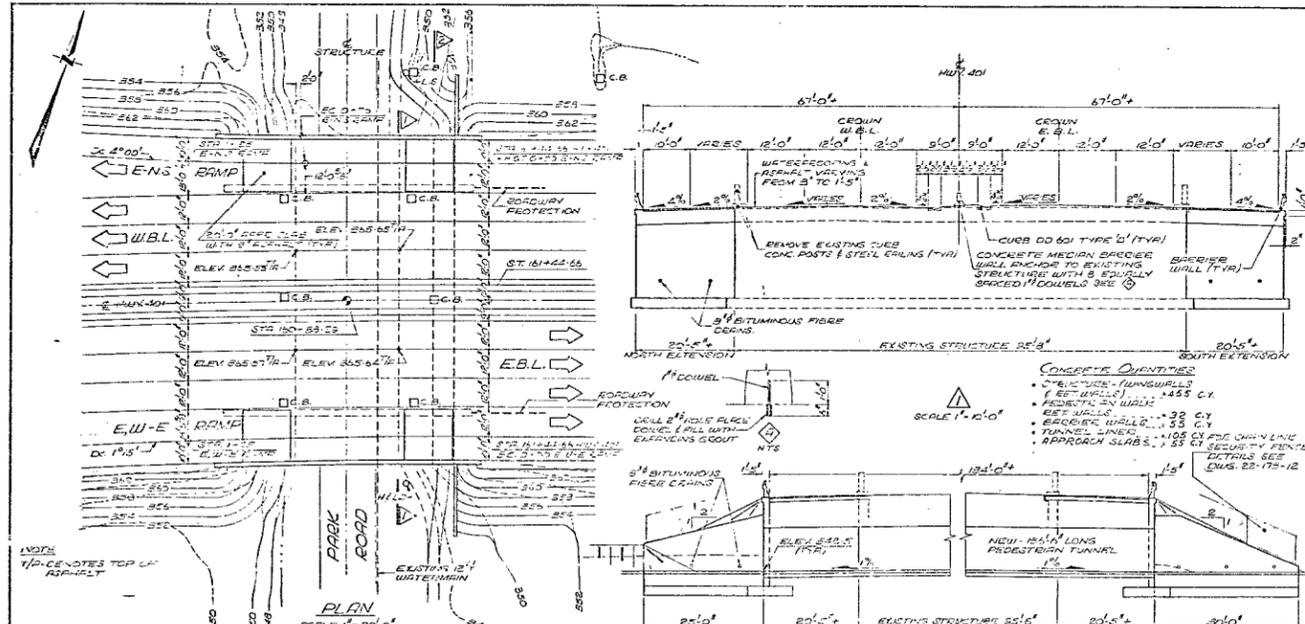
HWY. No. _____

LOCATION Park Rd & Hwy 401

OVERLAY DRAWINGS TO BE INCLUDED WITH THE REPORT. 4

REMARKS: _____

30M15-70



GENERAL NOTES

CLASS OF CONCRETE
FRAME, WALLS AND
BARRELS WALLS 4000 P.S.I.
FINISHES 3000 P.S.I.

LEADS COVER ON REINFORCING STEEL
E.C.C. - TOP 4" - BOTTOM 1/2"
BARRELS WALLS - 1 1/2"
REMAINERS - 3" AND/OR AS NOTED ON D.W.G.'S

CONSTRUCTION NOTES
• BARRELS TO BE REMOVED BEFORE BEING REINFORCED.
• FOR DETAILS OF EXISTING STRUCTURE SEE D.W.G. 22-173-12
• DIMENSIONS OF EXISTING STRUCTURE MUST BE CHECKED IN FIELD BY THE CONTRACTOR.
• SPAN LENGTH, HEIGHT, ELEVATION OF LEVEL SURFACE OR PROPOSED WIDENING SHALL MATCH THOSE OF EXISTING STRUCTURE.

- LIST OF DRAWINGS**
- 22-173-1 GENERAL PLAN
 - 2 B.C.P. HOLE LOCATIONS & COIL STEPS
 - 3 FOOTING LAYOUT
 - 4 FRAMES
 - 5 WALKWAYS - 2 RET. WALL DETAILS
 - 6 REINFORCING WALKWAY RET. WALLS
 - 7 TUNNEL DETAILS
 - 8 CONCRETE BARRELS WALL
 - 9 STEEL SECURITY FENCING
 - 10 20 FT APPROACH SLABS
 - 11 STANDARD DETAILS I
 - 12 STANDARD DETAILS II
 - 13 SUGGESTED CURBWAY PROTECTION

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS CHIEF	
PARK ROAD OVERPASS WIDENING	
ENGINE HIGHWAY No. 4501	DESIGN No. 6
SR. DISTRICT No.	
GENERAL PLAN	
APPROVED	CONTRACT No.
DESIGNED BY	W.P. No.
CHECKED BY	DATE
DATE	SHEET No.

SEP 12 1975
FOR REDUCED PLAN
SCALE 1/2" = 1'-0"

