

DOCUMENT MICROFILMING IDENTIFICATION

GEOCRES No. 30M14-160

DIST. 6 REGION

W.P. No. 160-74-33

CONT. No. 82-74

W. O. No.

STR. SITE No. 37-700

HWY. No. 404

LOCATION C.N.R. Overhead @

Hwy 404

No of PAGES -

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OVERSIZE DRAWINGS TO BE INCLUDED WITH THIS REPORT.

REMARKS:

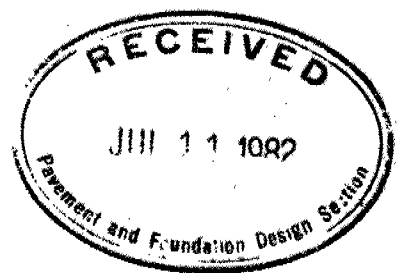
G.I.-30 SEPT. 1976

FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION REPORT

CONTRACT NO 82-74



Ministry of
Transportation and
Communications



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NOTE: For purposes of the contract these reports supersede all other foundation reports prepared by or for the Ministry in connection with the above-mentioned projects.

'N' VALUE: AN INDICATOR OF SUBSOIL QUALITY. IT IS OBTAINED FROM THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (CSA STD. A119.1). SPT 'N' VALUE IS THE NUMBER OF BLOWS REQUIRED TO CAUSE A STANDARD 2 INCH O.D. SPLIT-BARREL SAMPLER TO PENETRATE 12 INCHES INTO UNDISTURBED GROUND IN A BOREHOLE WHEN DRIVEN BY A HAMMER WEIGHING 140 POUNDS, FALLING FREELY A DISTANCE OF 30 INCHES. FOR PENETRATIONS OF LESS THAN 12 INCHES 'N' VALUES ARE INDICATED AS THE NUMBER OF BLOWS FOR THE PENETRATION ACHIEVED. 'N' VALUES CORRECTED FOR OVERBURDEN PRESSURE ARE DENOTED THUS N_c .

DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION TEST (CSA STD. A119.3): CONTINUOUS PENETRATION OF A CONICAL STEEL POINT (2" O.D. 60 CONE ANGLE) DRIVEN BY 350 FT-LB IMPACTS ON "A" SIZE DRILL RODS. THE RESISTANCE TO CONE PENETRATION IS MEASURED AS THE NUMBER OF BLOWS FOR EACH 12 INCH ADVANCE OF THE CONICAL POINT INTO THE UNDISTURBED GROUND.

SOIL QUALITY: SOILS ARE DESCRIBED BY THEIR COMPOSITION AND CONSISTENCY OR DENSITY.

CONSISTENCY: COHESIVE SOILS ARE DESCRIBED ON THE BASIS OF THEIR UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH AS FOLLOWS:

S_u (PSF)	0 - 250	250 - 500	500 - 1000	1000 - 2000	2000 - 4000	> 4000
	VERY SOFT	SOFT	FIRM	STIFF	VERY STIFF	HARD

DENSENESS: COHESIONLESS SOILS ARE DESCRIBED ON THE BASIS OF SPT 'N' VALUES AS FOLLOWS:

'N' (BLOW/FT)	0 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 30	30 - 50	> 50
	VERY LOOSE	LOOSE	COMPACT	DENSE	VERY DENSE

ROCK QUALITY: ROCKS ARE DESCRIBED BY THEIR COMPOSITION AND STRUCTURAL FEATURES AND/OR STRENGTH.

RECOVERY: SUM OF ALL RECOVERED ROCK CORE PIECES FROM A CORING RUN EXPRESSED AS A PERCENT OF THE TOTAL LENGTH DRILLED IN THAT CORING RUN.

MODIFIED RECOVERY: SUM OF THOSE NATURALLY FRACTURED CORE PIECES, 4" IN LENGTH EXPRESSED AS A PERCENT OF THE LENGTH OF THE CORING RUN. THE ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD), FOR MODIFIED RECOVERY, IS:

RQD (%)	0 - 25	25 - 50	50 - 75	75 - 90	90 - 100
	VERY POOR	POOR	FAIR	GOOD	EXCELLENT

JOINTING AND BEDDING:

SPACING	2"	2" - 12"	1' - 3'	3' - 10'	> 10'
JOINTING	VERY CLOSE	CLOSE	MOD. CLOSE	WIDE	VERY WIDE
BEDDING	VERY THIN	THIN	MEDIUM	THICK	VERY THICK

ABBREVIATIONS & SYMBOLS



LABORATORY TESTING

TRIAXIAL TESTS ARE DESCRIBED IN TERMS OF WHETHER THEY ARE CONSOLIDATED (C) OR NOT (U) ISOTROPICALLY (I) OR NOT (A) AND SHEARED DRAINED (D) OR UNDRAINED (U) WITH PORE PRESSURE MEASUREMENTS (BAR OVER SYMBOLS) EG. \bar{C}_{IU} = CONSOLIDATED ISOTROPIC UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL WITH PORE PRESSURE MEASUREMENT UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN REPORT ALL TESTS ARE IN COMPRESSION

FIELD SAMPLING

S S SPLIT SPOON
W S WASH SAMPLE
S T SLOTTED TUBE SAMPLE
B S BLOCK SAMPLE
C S CHUNK SAMPLE
T W THINWALL OPEN
T P THINWALL PISTON
O S OSTERBERG SAMPLE
F S FOIL SAMPLE
R C ROCK CORE
P H T.W. ADVANCED HYDRAULICALLY
P M T.W. ADVANCED MANUALLY

EARTH PRESSURE TERMS

μ COEFFICIENT OF FRICTION
 δ ANGLE OF WALL FRICTION
 k_o COEFFICIENT OF EARTH PRESSURE AT REST
 k_A COEFFICIENT OF ACTIVE EARTH PRESSURE
 k_P COEFFICIENT OF PASSIVE EARTH PRESSURE
 i ANGLE OF INCLINATION OF SURCHARGE
 w SLOPE ANGLE-BACKFACE OF WALL 
 β ANGLE OF SLOPE 
 N_q, N_c BEARING CAPACITY FACTORS
 D_f DEPTH OF FOOTING
 B, L FOOTING DIMENSIONS

INDEX PROPERTIES

γ UNIT WEIGHT OF SOIL (BULK DENSITY)
 γ_w UNIT WEIGHT OF WATER
 γ_d UNIT DRY WEIGHT OF SOIL (DRY DENSITY)
 γ' UNIT WEIGHT OF SUBMERGED SOIL
 G_s SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF SOLIDS
 e VOIDS RATIO
 e_o INITIAL VOIDS RATIO
 e_{max} e IN LOOSEST STATE
 e_{min} e IN DENSEST STATE
 D_r RELATIVE DENSITY = $\frac{e_{max} - e}{e_{max} - e_{min}}$
 n POROSITY
 w WATER CONTENT
 w_L LIQUID LIMIT
 w_P PLASTIC LIMIT
 w_S SHRINKAGE LIMIT
 I_P PLASTICITY INDEX = $w_L - w_P$
 I_L LIQUIDITY INDEX = $\frac{w - w_P}{w_L - w_P}$
 I_c CONSISTENCY INDEX = $\frac{w_L - w}{w_L - w_P}$
 A_c ACTIVITY = $\frac{I_P \text{ of soil}}{I_P \text{ of } 2\mu m \text{ Soil Fraction}}$
 Om ORGANIC MATTER CONTENT
 S_r DEGREE OF SATURATION
 S SENSITIVITY = $\frac{S_u \text{ (undisturbed)}}{S_u \text{ (remoulded)}}$

STRENGTH PARAMETERS

ϕ ANGLE OF SHEARING RESISTANCE
 τ_f PEAK SHEAR STRENGTH
 τ_R RESIDUAL SHEAR STRENGTH
 c COHESION INTERCEPT
 $\sigma_1, \sigma_2, \sigma_3$ NORMAL PRINCIPAL STRESSES
 u PORE WATER PRESSURE
 u_e EXCESS u
 r_u PORE PRESSURE RATIO
 q_u UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH
 s_u UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH
 ϵ LINEAR STRAIN
 γ SHEAR STRAIN
 ν POISSON'S RATIO
 E MODULUS OF ELASTICITY
 G MODULUS OF SHEAR DEFORMATION
 k_s MODULUS OF SUBGRADE REACTION
 m, n STABILITY COEFFICIENTS
 A, B PORE PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS
NOTE: EFFECTIVE STRESS PARAMETERS ARE DENOTED BY USE OF APOSTROPHE ABOVE THE SYMBOL, THUS:
 ϕ' = EFFECTIVE ANGLE OF SHEARING RESISTANCE;
 σ' = EFFECTIVE NORMAL STRESS

HYDRAULIC TERMS

h HYDRAULIC HEAD OR POTENTIAL
 q RATE OF DISCHARGE
 v VELOCITY OF FLOW
 i HYDRAULIC GRADIENT
 j SEEPAGE FORCE PER UNIT VOLUME
 η COEFFICIENT OF VISCOSITY
 k COEFFICIENT OF HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY
 k_h k IN HORIZONTAL DIRECTION
 k_v k IN VERTICAL DIRECTION
 m_v COEFFICIENT OF VOLUME CHANGE
 c_v COEFFICIENT OF CONSOLIDATION
 C_c COMPRESSION INDEX
 C_r RECOMPRESSION INDEX
 d DRAINAGE PATH DISTANCE
 T_v TIME FACTOR
 U DEGREE OF CONSOLIDATION
 O_c OVERCONSOLIDATION RATIO (OCR)

EXTENDED CASAGRANDE SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

FIELD IDENTIFICATION PROCEDURES (EXCLUDING PARTICLES LARGER THAN 75 mm AND BASING FRACTIONS ON ESTIMATED MASS)						GROUP SYMBOL	TYPICAL NAMES	INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR DESCRIBING SOILS	LABORATORY CLASSIFICATION CRITERIA				
COARSE GRAINED SOILS MORE THAN HALF OF MATERIAL IS LARGER THAN 75 μm (EXCLUDING PARTICLES LARGER THAN 75 mm AND BASING FRACTIONS ON ESTIMATED MASS)	GRAVELS	CLEAN GRAVELS (LITTLE OR NO FINES)	WIDE RANGE IN GRAIN SIZE & SUBSTANTIAL AMOUNTS OF ALL INTERMEDIATE PARTICLE SIZES			GW	WELL GRADED GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURES; LITTLE OR NO FINES	GIVE TYPE, NAME, IF NECESSARY, INDICATE APPROX. % OF SAND & GRAVEL; MAX. SIZE; ANGULARITY, SURFACE CONDITION, & HARDNESS OF THE COARSE GRAINS; LOCAL OR GEOLOGIC NAME & OTHER PERTINENT DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION, & SYMBOL IN PARENTHESIS. FOR UNDISTURBED SOILS ADD INFORMATION ON STRATIFICATION, DEGREE OF COMPACTNESS, CEMENTATION, MOISTURE CONDITIONS & DRAINAGE CHARACTERISTICS.	DETERMINE PERCENTAGES OF GRAVEL & SAND FROM GRAIN SIZE CURVE, DEPENDING ON PERCENTAGE OF FINES (FRACTION SMALLER THAN 75 μm). COARSE GRAINED SOILS ARE CLASSIFIED AS FOLLOWS: LESS THAN 5% GW, GP, SM, SP 5% TO 12% GW, GC, SC MORE THAN 12% GW, GC, SM, SC BORDERLINE CASES REQ. USE OF DUAL SYMBOLS				
			PREDOMINANTLY ONE SIZE OF A RANGE OF SIZES WITH SOME INTERMEDIATE SIZES MISSING			GP	POORLY GRADED GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURES; LITTLE OR NO FINES		$C_u = \frac{D_{60}}{D_{10}}$ GREATER THAN 4 $C_c = \frac{(D_{30})^2}{D_{10} \cdot D_{60}}$ BETWEEN ONE AND 3 NOT MEETING ALL GRADATION REQUIREMENTS FOR GW				
		GRAVEL WITH FINES (APPRECIABLE AMOUNT OF FINES)	NON-PLASTIC FINES (FOR IDENTIFICATION PROCEDURES SEE ME BELOW)			GM	SILTY GRAVELS, POORLY GRADED GRAVEL-SAND-SILT MIXTURES		ATTENBERG LIMITS BELOW A-LINE, OR I_p LESS THAN 4	ABOVE A-LINE WITH I_p BETWEEN 4 AND 7 ARE BORDERLINE CASES REQUIRING USE OF DUAL SYMBOLS			
			PLASTIC FINES (FOR IDENTIFICATION PROCEDURES SEE CL BELOW)			GC	CLAYEY GRAVELS, POORLY GRADED GRAVEL-SAND-CLAY MIXTURES		ATTENBERG LIMITS ABOVE A-LINE WITH I_p GREATER THAN 7				
	SANDS	CLEAN SANDS (LITTLE OR NO FINES)	WIDE RANGE IN GRAIN SIZES & SUBSTANTIAL AMOUNTS OF ALL INTERMEDIATE PARTICLE SIZES			SW	WELL GRADED SANDS, GRAVELLY SANDS; LITTLE OR NO FINES		$C_u = \frac{D_{60}}{D_{10}}$ GREATER THAN 6 $C_c = \frac{(D_{30})^2}{D_{10} \cdot D_{60}}$ BETWEEN ONE AND 3 NOT MEETING ALL GRADATION REQUIREMENTS FOR SW				
			PREDOMINANTLY ONE SIZE OR A RANGE OF SIZES WITH SOME INTERMEDIATE SIZES MISSING			SP	POORLY GRADED SANDS, GRAVELLY SANDS; LITTLE OR NO FINES		ATTENBERG LIMITS BELOW A-LINE, OR I_p LESS THAN 4	ABOVE A-LINE WITH I_p BETWEEN 4 AND 7 ARE BORDERLINE CASES REQUIRING USE OF DUAL SYMBOLS			
		SANDS WITH FINES (APPRECIABLE AMOUNT OF FINES)	NON-PLASTIC FINES (FOR IDENTIFICATION PROCEDURES SEE ME BELOW)			SM	SILTY SANDS, POORLY GRADED SAND-SILT MIXTURES		ATTENBERG LIMITS ABOVE A-LINE WITH I_p GREATER THAN 7				
			PLASTIC FINES (FOR IDENTIFICATION PROCEDURES SEE CL BELOW)			SC	CLAYEY SANDS, POORLY GRADED SAND-CLAY MIXTURES						
FINE GRAINED SOILS MORE THAN HALF OF MATERIAL IS SMALLER THAN 75 μm (175 μm IS ABOUT THE SMALLEST PARTICLE VISIBLE TO THE NAKED EYE)	IDENTIFICATION PROCEDURES ON FRACTION SMALLER THAN 425 μm							GIVE TYPE, NAME, IF NECESSARY, INDICATE DEGREE & CHARACTER OF PLASTICITY, AMOUNT & MAXIMUM SIZE OF COARSE GRAINS, COLOUR IN WET CONDITION, ODOUR, IF ANY, LOCAL OR GEOLOGIC NAME & OTHER PERTINENT DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION & SYMBOL IN PARENTHESIS. FOR UNDISTURBED SOILS AND INFORMATION ON STRUCTURE, STRATIFICATION, CONSISTENCY IN UNDISTURBED & REMOULDED STATES, MOISTURE & DRAINAGE CONDITIONS.					
	SILTS AND CLAYS	LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 35%	DRY STRENGTH (CRUSHING CHARACTERISTICS)		DILATANCY (REACTION TO SHAKING)		TOUGHNESS (CONSISTENCY NEAR PLASTIC LIMIT)				ML	INORGANIC SILTS & SANDY SILTS OF SLIGHT PLASTICITY, ROCK FLOUR	
			NONE		QUICK		NONE				CL	CLAYEY SILTS (INORGANIC), GRAVELLY CLAYS, SANDY CLAYS, LEAM CLAYS	
			MEDIUM TO HIGH		NONE TO VERY SLOW		MEDIUM				DL	ORGANIC SILT OF LOW PLASTICITY, ORGANIC SANDY SILTS	
		LIQUID LIMIT BETWEEN 35% AND 50%	SLIGHT TO MEDIUM		SLOW		SLIGHT				MI	INORGANIC COMPRESSIBLE FINE SANDY SILT WITH CLAY OF MEDIUM PLASTICITY, CLAYEY SILTS	
			HIGH		NONE		MEDIUM TO HIGH				CI	SILTY CLAYS (INORGANIC) OF MEDIUM PLASTICITY	
			SLIGHT TO MEDIUM		VERY SLOW		SLIGHT				DI	ORGANIC SILTY CLAYS OF MEDIUM PLASTICITY	
	LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50%	SLIGHT TO MEDIUM	SLOW TO NONE		MEDIUM		MH				INORGANIC SILTS, HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE MICACEOUS OR DIATOMACEOUS FINE SANDY SILTS, ELASTIC SILTS		
			HIGH TO VERY HIGH		HIGH		CH				CLAYS (INORGANIC) OF HIGH PLASTICITY, FAT CLAYS		
		MEDIUM TO HIGH	NONE TO VERY SLOW		SLIGHT TO MEDIUM		OH				ORGANIC CLAYS OF HIGH PLASTICITY		
			HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS		READILY IDENTIFIED BY COLOUR, ODOUR, SPONGY FEEL & FREQUENTLY BY FIBROUS TEXTURE						PT	PEAT & OTHER HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS	

BOUNDARY CLASSIFICATIONS. SOILS POSSESSING CHARACTERISTICS OF TWO GROUPS ARE DESIGNATED BY COMBINATIONS OF GROUP SYMBOLS. FOR EXAMPLE GW-GC, WELL GRADED GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURE WITH CLAY BINDER.

FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION REPORT

For

C.N.R. Overhead
3.7 Miles North of Regional Road 14
W.P. 160-74-33, Site 37-700
Hwy. 404, District 6, Toronto

INTRODUCTION

This report contains the results of a foundation investigation carried out at the site of the above-mentioned project. The fieldwork was carried out during the periods of March 7 to March 15, 1978 and May 23 to June 23, 1978 and consisted of a total of 29 boreholes, 9 accompanied by dynamic cone penetration tests. The borings were advanced by means of 3½ inch hollow stem augers and washboring techniques to depths of up to 107 ft. below the existing ground surface.

SITE DESCRIPTION AND GEOLOGY

The site is located at the proposed crossing of Hwy. 404 and the C.N.R. tracks, approximately 3.7 miles north of Regional Road 14 bordering the Towns of Aurora and Whitchurch, Stouffville in the Regional Municipality of York.

Topography in the vicinity of the site is variable. To the north of the tracks the ground is rolling containing some extensive swamps in the low lying areas, whereas south of the tracks the topography is very hilly. Within the proposed right of way the terrain is bush and tree covered. Northwest of the site adjacent to the highway right of way, is the Westview Golf Club.

The site is located within the physiographic region known as the Oak Ridge Interlobate Moraine. This region has the character of a typical interlobate moraine that has been built between two opposing lobes of the glacier. The subsoil is till with the crest being extensively covered by sand and gravel in hills and terraces. Beds of stratified fine sand, silt and clay are also quite common.

SUBSOIL CONDITIONS

General

Subsoil conditions across the site are quite variable. The surficial deposits adjacent to the C.N.R. tracks and roughly bounded by contour 998 and 996 to the south and north of the tracks respectively consist of very soft to soft organic silt and/or organic clay with a total thickness of up to 16 feet. Elsewhere, beneath a thin veneer of organic silt up to 2 feet thick or extending from the ground surface are surficial deposits up to 15 feet thick composed of loose to compact sand or silt with some sand. Underlying these surficial deposits is an extensive deposit of silty clay to silt of slight plasticity up to 76 feet thick. This cohesive deposit is not continuous but is interrupted in an apparently random fashion by seams or pockets in the order of 10 feet thick composed of loose to dense sand or silts with some sand. One large continuous pocket of silt approximately 50 feet thick was encountered about 250 feet south of the C.N.R. tracks. Underlying the silty clay to silt of slight plasticity deposit or the extensive pocket of silt is a stratum of hard glacial till composed of a heterogeneous mixture of silty clay, sand and gravel which was encountered at depths ranging from 47 to 85 feet below the ground surface. This glacial till was not explored to its full depth but proven to a thickness of up to 20 feet.

The boundaries between the various subsoil types prior to organic subexcavation operations are shown on the Record of Borehole Sheets. The locations and elevations of the boreholes and a stratigraphical profile based on the borehole data is shown on Drawing No. 2. In addition, 5 stratigraphical sections based on borehole data are shown on Drawing No. 2A.

Following is a brief description of the subsoil types and groundwater conditions encountered prior to any organic subexcavation and backfilling operations at the site.

Organic Silt

This surficial deposit was encountered across most of the site being generally only a thin veneer up to 2 feet thick. However, in the vicinity of the tracks the deposit is up to 10 feet thick.

The deposit is composed of black organic silt with some decomposed vegetation and in certain locations contains some sand. Laboratory testing performed on representative samples from this stratum gave the following results.

	<u>Range</u>	<u>Average</u>
Organic Content		
(% of weight)	1 - 76	18
Natural Moisture Content (W) %	26 - 355	113
Liquid Limit (W _L) %	18 - 40	32
Plastic Limit (W _P) %	13 - 29	22
Plasticity Index (I _P) %	5 - 20	10

The results of the Atterberg Limit Testing are shown on the Plasticity Chart, Figure 1 and indicate that the material is organic and of intermediate plasticity (OI zone).

The shear strength as determined by in-situ vane testing ranges from 80 to 325 P.S.F. Based on the field vane test results and Standard Penetration Test 'N' values ranging from 1 to 6 blows per foot, this deposit is estimated to have a very soft to soft consistency.

Organic Clay

This stratum was encountered immediately below the organic silt deposit in the area roughly bounded by contour 998 and 996 to the south and north of the tracks respectively. The thickness of this cohesive organic deposit ranges from 3 to 11 feet and is composed of a grey to white organic clay or marl. Laboratory testing carried out on samples from this stratum gave the following results.

Physical Properties		<u>Range</u>	<u>Average</u>
Organic Content			
(% by weight)		2, 13	(two tests)
Natural Moisture Content	(W) %	47-147	108
Liquid Limit (two tests)	(W _L) %	56, 58	
Plastic Limit (two tests)	(W _P) %	46, 46	
Plasticity Index (two tests)	(I _P) %	10, 12	
Bulk Density	() PCF	85-108	97
Shear Strength	(Su) PSP	<u>Range</u>	<u>Sensitivity</u>
Field Vane Test		80-240	2-12
Unconfined Compression Test		63-127	

Shown on the Plasticity Chart, Figure 1, are the results of Atterberg Limit Testing. The limits indicate that the deposit is organic of high plasticity (OH zone).

The shear strength as determined by in-situ vane testing ranges from 80 to 240 P.S.F. which indicates that the consistency of the deposit is very soft.

Silty Clay to Silt of Slight Plasticity

This cohesive stratum is the dominant deposit across the site and was encountered immediately below the surficial organic strata or the surficial sand and/or silt deposits. The thickness of this stratum varies from 42 to 75 feet. The deposit is composed of silty clay to silt of slight plasticity and in certain locations contains some sand. In addition, in the southeast area of the site the upper 10 to 23 feet of the stratum contains random seams or pockets of silt and fine sand about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch thick every 3 inches. Furthermore, this deposit is not continuous but is interrupted in a random fashion by seams or pockets of silt, some sand or sand up to 19 feet thick. The results of Atterberg Limit Testing on samples from the silty clay to silt of slight plasticity and samples from the silty clay to silt of slight plasticity with some sand are shown on the Plasticity Chart, Figure 2 and are summarized below.

Silty Clay to Silt of Slight Plasticity

		<u>Range</u>	<u>Average</u>
Natural Moisture Content (W) %		11-36	19
Liquid Limit	(W _L) %	16-25	21
Plastic Limit	(W _p) %	9-18	14
Plasticity Index	(I _p) %	4-13	6

Silty Clay to Silt of Slight Plasticity With Some Sand

		<u>Range</u>	<u>Average</u>
Natural Moisture Content (W) %		9-20	14
Liquid Limit	(W _L) %	11-22	16
Plastic Limit	(W _p) %	10-18	12
Plasticity Index	(I _p) %	1- 8	3

The limits indicate that the deposit is inorganic and of low plasticity (CL-ML to CL zone for silty clay to silt of slight plasticity and ML to CL-ML zone for silty clay to silt of slight plasticity with some sand). In addition, the results of grain size distribution testing on representative samples from this deposit are shown on Figure No. 3, one envelope for the silty clay to silt of slight plasticity and one for the silty clay to silt of slight plasticity with some sand.

Generally, the 'N' values as determined by the Standard Penetration Test range from 8 to 71 blows per foot generally increasing with depth except for an 8 to 23 foot thick zone immediately below the deep organic deposit (i.e. adjacent to the C.N.R. tracks and bounded by contour 998 and 996 to the north and south respectively) where 'N' values as low as 1 blow for 18 inches were observed. The shear strength as measured by in-situ vane testing in the zone immediately below the deep organic stratum increases with depth from 1200 to 1600 P.S.F. and

elsewhere was found to be greater than 2000 P.S.F. Based on the S.P.T. and field vane tests the consistency of the deposit is estimated to be very stiff to hard except in the upper portion of the deposit immediately below the deep organic stratum where the consistency is very soft to stiff.

Sand

This deposit was encountered in some borings put down adjacent to the tracks as distinct pockets within the stratum of silty clay to silt of slight plasticity at a depth ranging from 8 to 38 feet below the ground surface. In addition, outside the limits of the deep organic deposit, this granular stratum was encountered in some locations either beneath a thin veneer of organic silt or extending from the ground surface. The thickness of this deposit is estimated to range from 2 to 15 feet thick, being generally in the order of 10 feet thick. Grain size distribution testing performed on representative samples from this stratum are shown in envelope form on Figure 4. The composition of this deposit ranges from a sand with some silt to a sand with some gravel.

The results of Standard Penetration Test 'N' values range generally from 6 to 37 blows per foot except for some tests performed in the surficial deposit where 'N' values as low as 2 and 3 were observed. Based on these values the relative density of the deposit ranges from very loose to dense, being generally in the loose to compact range.

Silt Some Sand

This deposit was encountered in some borings put down adjacent to the tracks within the stratum of silty clay to silt of slight plasticity at depths ranging from 12 to 48 feet below the ground surface. Furthermore, this stratum was encountered in some locations immediately below a thin veneer of organic silt or extending from the ground surface. The thickness of this deposit is estimated to range from 6 to 19 feet. Grain size distribution testing performed on representative samples from this deposit are shown in envelope form on Figure 4. The composition is silt with some sand.

Based on Standard Penetration Test 'N' values ranging generally from 4 to 19 blows per foot, the relative density of the deposit is described as loose to compact.

Silt

This deposit was encountered approximately 250 feet south of the tracks immediately below the stratum of silty clay to silt of slight plasticity at a depth of 11 to 38 feet below the existing ground surface. This cohesionless stratum appears to form a continuous pocket or trench up to 52 feet thick and about 150 feet wide and is approximately parallel to the C.N.R. tracks at this location. The deposit is composed almost entirely of silt with negligible amounts of clay and sand. The results of grain size distribution testing are shown in envelope form, Figure 5.

The relative density of the deposit is described as compact to dense increasing with depth as inferred from the 'N' value range of 19 to 46 blows per foot.

Heterogeneous Mixture of Silty Clay, Sand and Gravel (Glacial Till)

This cohesive deposit was encountered in 15 of the boreholes at a depth ranging from 45 to 85 feet below the existing ground surface. The upper boundary of the deposit is gently rising to the north and south from a low basin located some 100 to 300 feet south of the railway tracks. This deposit was not fully penetrated but proven to extend to a thickness of up to 38 feet.

Grain size distribution testing performed on representative samples from this deposit are shown on envelope form on Figure 5. The deposit is a glacial till composed of a heterogeneous mixture of silty clay, sand and gravel. In some locations a 1 to 2 foot zone of cobbles was encountered about 10 feet below the upper surface of this stratum.

Based on Standard Penetration Test 'N' values being generally over 100 blows per foot, the consistency of this stratum is estimated to be hard.

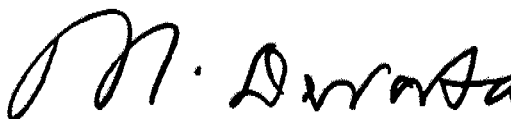
Groundwater Conditions

The groundwater level was observed during the progress of the fieldwork by measuring in the open boreholes approximately 24 hours after completion of the boring. In the low lying swampy areas adjacent to the C.N.R. tracks groundwater was at the surface and elsewhere the groundwater was found to vary from 1 to 7 feet below the existing ground surface which corresponds to elevation 991.3 to 1009.4. These observations indicate that the groundwater level reflects the topography.

In addition, temporary sub-artesian conditions were observed in Borehole 22 and 24 immediately above the glacial till deposit. Piezometers were subsequently installed in B.H. 24 at a depth of 28 and 65 feet to monitor the sub-artesian pressure. The piezometer readings indicate that the sub-artesian pressure is approximately at the groundwater level.



Tom Kazmierowski, P. Eng.
Foundations Engineer



M. Devata, P. Eng.
Senior Foundations Engineer

APPENDIX



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 1

13

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,958,028, E 1,027,374 ORIGINATED BY M.M.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers and Cone Test COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE March 9, 1978 CHECKED BY J.J.

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT 20 40 60 80 100 SHEAR STRENGTH ○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE 400 800 1200 1600 2000	PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES								
996.2	Ground Surface												
0.0	Organic Silt, Some Sand Loose												
990.2			1	TW	PM								
6.0			2	SS	4								9 27 48 16
	Sand		3	SS	5								
			4	SS	8								2 36 44 18
			5	SS	8								3 24 57 16
	Firm to Stiff		6	SS	20								
	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		7	SS	27								
	Some Sand		8	SS	26								0 1 79 20
	Very Stiff to Hard		9	SS	45								
			10	SS	37								
			11	SS	55								0 10 74 16
			12	SS	47								
			13	SS	50								11 10 73 6
			14	SS	56								
919.2													
77.0	Heterogeneous Mixture, Clayey Silt, Sand and Gravel (Glacial Till)		15	SS	60/4"								
	Hard		16	SS	138								4 37 43 16
894.7			17	SS	150/2"								
101.5	End of Borehole												

+3, x5: Numbers refer to Sensitivity
20
15
10
5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 2

14

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,085; E 1,027,412 ORIGINATED BY M.M.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers and Cone Test COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE March 9, 1978 CHECKED BY *21*

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT 20 40 60 80 100 SHEAR STRENGTH ○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE 400 800 1200 1600 2000	PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ PCF	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES								
996.6	Ground Surface												
0.0	Organic Silt Very Soft												
991.6													
5.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity With Random Seams or Pockets of Silt and Fine Sand Stiff		1	TW	PM		990					135	
			2	SS	4								2 20 64 14
			3	SS	3		980						2 26 67 5
			4	SS	9								11 28 40 21
	Some Sand Stiff		5	SS	13		970						
	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		6	SS	29								
	Very Stiff to Hard		7	SS	27		960						0 1 74 25
			8	SS	21								
			9	SS	35		950						
945.1			10	SS	41								
51.5	End of Borehole												

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10
5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE



Ministry of
Transportation and
Communications
Ontario

HIGHWAY ENGINEERING DIVISION-ENGINEERING MATERIALS OFFICE-SOIL MECHANICS SECTION

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 3

15

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,146 E 1,027,455 ORIGINATED BY M.M.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers and Cone Test COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE March 7 & 8, 1978 CHECKED BY *[Signature]*

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL			
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20 40 60 80 100									
								SHEAR STRENGTH									
								○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE		WATER CONTENT (%)							
								400 800 1200 1600 2000		20 40 60							
998.6	Ground Surface																
0.0	Silt, Some Sand Loose to Compact					No Water Level Established								0 26 68 6			
992.6			1	SS	11									0 2 69 29			
6.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		2	SS	1		990										
	Soft		3	TW	PM												
			4	TW	PH		980										
974.6																	
24.0	Sand, Some Silt Some Gravel		5	SS	8		970							27 44 24 5			
	Loose to Compact		6	SS	6									7 69 (24)			
			7	SS	30		960							20 75 (5)			
959.6														0 7 81 12			
39.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		8	SS	18		950										
			9	SS	41												
	Silt		10	SS	18												
	Very Stiff to Hard		11	SS	22		940										
			12	SS	67												
			13	SS	41		930										
			14	SS	60/ 5"												
925.6																	
73.0	Heterogeneous Mixture Clayey Silt, Sand and Gravel Hard Glacial Till		15	SS	145		920										
							910										
907.1			16	SS	100/3"												
91.5	End of Borehole																
	Note: Water Level Not Established																

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 4

16

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,250; E 1,027,475 ORIGINATED BY B.L.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers and Cone Test COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE March 8, 1978 CHECKED BY J.F.

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH							WATER CONTENT (%)
								○ UNCONFINED ● QUICK TRIAXIAL	+ FIELD VANE x LAB VANE						
995.3	Ground Surface							20 40 60 80 100	400 800 1200 1600 2000	20 40 60	PCF	GR SA SI CL			
0.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity With Random Seams of Silt and Fine Sand		1	TW	PM			+2							
			2	TW	PH			+3							
	Very Soft		3	TW	PM			+2							
	Soft to Stiff		4	TW	PH			x	ρ				130		
972.3			5	SS	9									0 29 61 10	
			6	SS	11										
			7	SS	16										
957.3			8	SS	17									7 51 38 4	
38.0	Silt, Some Sand Trace Clay Loose to Compact		9	SS	18										
949.8			10	SS	50										
45.5	Sand, Some Silt Some Gravel Compact		11	SS	38									7 33 55 15	
933.8	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Some Sand Hard		12	SS	70										
61.5	End of Borehole														

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10

5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 5

17

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,150; E 1,027,355 ORIGINATED BY O.J.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers and Cone Test COMPILED BY
DATUM Geodetic DATE March 8, 1978 CHECKED BY *alj*

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT				NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT			UNIT WEIGHT γ PCF	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH				W _p	W	W _L		
995.2	Ground Surface							○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE				WATER CONTENT (%)				
0.0	Organic Silt, v. Soft							20	40	60	80	100	20	40	60	
988.2	Organic Clay Very Soft		1	PS	PM			400	800	1200	1600	2000				109
7.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity With Random Seams of Silt and Fine Sand Very Soft to Firm		2	SS	Own Weight											2 26 54 18
			3	SS	2											2 28 54 16
			4	TH	PH											139
972.2	Silt, Some Sand		5	SS	11											2 30 62 6
966.2	Compact		6	SS	0/18"											
29.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		7	SS	21											0 1 79 20
	Hard		8	SS	28											1 8 81 10
			9	SS	72											
942.2			10	SS	31											
53.0	Sand, Some Silt and Gravel Dense		11	SS	37											20 49 28 3
933.7			12	SS	33											
61.5	End of Borehole															

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10
5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 6

18

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,216; E 1,027,395 ORIGINATED BY B.L.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE March 15, 1978 CHECKED BY *h/f*

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT Y	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
994.8	Ground Surface																
0.0	Organic Silt						990										
989.8	Very Soft		1	SS	PM												
5.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity With Random Seams of Sand and Silt		2	TW	PM												
	Soft		3	SS	3		980										
	Stiff		4	TW	PM												
973.3			5	TW	PM												
21.5	End of Borehole																
	Note: Groundwater Level Not Established																

+3, x⁵: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 ϕ 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 7

19

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,276; E 1,027,435 ORIGINATED BY O.J.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers and Cone Test COMPILED BY O.J.
DATUM Geodetic DATE March 9, 1978 CHECKED BY [Signature]

[illegible]

+3, x5: Numbers refer to Sensitivity

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 8

20

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,148; E 1,027,313 ORIGINATED BY O.J.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers and Cone Test COMPILED BY
DATUM Geodetic DATE March 7, 1978 CHECKED BY

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)						
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH PSF							WATER CONTENT (%)					
								○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL × LAB VANE 400 800 1200 1600 2000							20 40 60					
994.7	Ground Surface													GR SA SI CL						
0.0	Organic Silt Very Soft to Soft																			
	Organic Clay Very Soft		1	SS	PM		990							Om 17% W 148%						
984.0																				
10.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		2	SS	0/18"		980													
	Very Soft		3	SS	1/18"															
	Stiff to Hard		4	SS	10									14 23 50 13						
	Some Sand		5	SS	9		970													
			6	SS	9															
			7	SS	18		960													
			8	SS	25									2 23 61 14						
			9	SS	55		950							0 1 80 19						
	Sand, Some Silt, Compact		10	SS	28									10 42 34 14						
936.7			11	SS	55		940													
58.0	Heterogeneous Mixture, Clayey Silt Cobbles Sand and Gravel Hard (Glacial Till)		12	SS	145		930							9.50 31 10						
			13	SS	100/ 2"															
			14	SS	100/3"		920													
			15	SS	100/ 4"		910							14 44 32 10						
898.2			16	SS	100/3"		900													
96.5	End of Borehole																			

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10
5
0
5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 9

21

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,385; E 1,027,464 ORIGINATED BY O.J.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY O.J.
DATUM Geodetic DATE March 10 & 13, 1978 CHECKED BY J.J.

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC NATURAL LIQUID LIMIT MOISTURE CONTENT LIMIT			UNIT WEIGHT Y	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL			
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20 40 60 80 100							W _p	W	W _L
								SHEAR STRENGTH									
								○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE									
								● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE									
								400 800 1200 1600 2000		20 40 60							
995.4	Ground Surface																
0.0	Organic Silt Very Soft		1	TW	PM		990	+ 5						W 116% Om			
	Organic Clay Very Soft		2	SS	1			+ 2						13%			
								+ 6						W 147%			
								+ 12						Om 10%			
979.4			3	SS	2		980										
16.0	Sand, Some Silt Some Gravel Compact		4	SS	14									17 74 (9)			
968.4			5	SS	20		970							1 54 35 10			
27.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Very Stiff		6	SS	19												
961.4			7	SS	20		960							50 31 17 2			
34.0	Sandy Gravel		8	SS	43												
956.4	Compact		9	SS	43		950							8 17 50 25			
39.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Some Sand Hard		10	SS	17												
			11	SS	55		940							11 18 61 10			
935.4			12	SS	150												
60.0	Heterogeneous Mixture Clayey Silt Sand and Gravel (Glacial Till) Hard		13	SS	72		930							18 40 28 14			
			14	SS	100/4"		920							13 46 30 11			
			15	SS	100/2"		910										
903.9																	
91.5	End of Borehole																

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 10

22

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,984,984; E 1,027,348 ORIGINATED BY B.L.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers and Cone Test COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE March 13, 1978 CHECKED BY [Signature]

[illegible]

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 11

23

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,984,932; E 1,027,512 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE May 23, 1978 CHECKED BY R.J.

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT Y	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	VALUES		20	40	60	80	100					
1001.9	Ground Surface															
0.0	Organics Sand, Some Silt, Loose		1	SS	2											
2.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Some Sand Very Stiff		2	SS	8											
			3	SS	10											
990.9			4	SS	16											0 13 75 12
11.0	Silt Compact to Dense		5	SS	19											
			6	SS	27											1 1 92 6
			7	SS	25											
			8	SS	31											0 3 90 7
970.4			9	SS	29											
31.5	End of Borehole															

+³, x⁵: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 \pm 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 12

24

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,984,855; E 1,027,403 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE May 23, 1978 CHECKED BY *W.J.*

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT				PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL		
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH									WATER CONTENT (%)	
								○ UNCONFINED ● QUICK TRIAXIAL		+ FIELD VANE x LAB VANE								
							20	40	60	80	100	20		40	60			

1001.6	Ground Surface		1	SS	2	1000										24 16 40 20	
0.0	Organic Silt		2	SS	16												
997.6	Very Soft		3	SS	28												
4.0	Sand, Some Gravel		4	SS	26												
990.6	Compact		5	SS	21		990										
11.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Some Sand		6	SS	14												
	Silt Compact		7	SS	19			980									
	Very Stiff		8	SS	29												
			9	SS	23				970								
			10	SS	22												
963.6			11	SS	15		960										
38.0	Silt		12	SS	22												
	Compact		13	SS	20												
950.1																	
51.5	End of Borehole																

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10
5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE



HIGHWAY ENGINEERING DIVISION-ENGINEERING MATERIALS OFFICE-SOIL MECHANICS SECTION

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 13

25

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,984,745; E 1,027,280
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers
DATUM Geodetic DATE May 23-24, 1978
ORIGINATED BY D.C.
COMPILED BY M.M.
CHECKED BY *[Signature]*

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100		
999.4	Ground Surface		1	SS	6									
0.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Some Sand Very Stiff		2	SS	12									
			3	SS	15									
			4	SS	13									
			5	SS	7									
			6	SS	16									
			7	SS	15									
			8	SS	24									
			9	SS	31									
966.4	With Gravel		10	SS	19									
33.0	Silt Compact to Very Dense		11	SS	66									
			12	SS	44									
			13	SS	46									
947.9	End of Borehole													
51.5														

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10
5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 14

26

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,984,940; E 1,027,378 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE May 24, 1978 CHECKED BY [Signature]

[illegible]

+3, x5: Numbers refer to Sensitivity

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15 ϕ
10

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 15

27

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,984,836; E 1,027,350 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY D.C.
DATUM Geodetic DATE May 29-31, 1978 CHECKED BY W.J.

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		UNIT WEIGHT Y	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20 40 60 80 100			
								SHEAR STRENGTH			
996.1	Ground Surface		1	SS	12						GR SA SI CL
0.0	Sand, Some Silt		2	SS	11						2 55 36 7
	Loose to Compact		3	SS	7		990				2 74 18 6
			4	SS	10			+ 2			
983.1			5	SS	29						
13.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Some Sand		6	SS	23		980				
	Uniform Fine Sand		7	SS	15						
	Very Stiff		8	SS	19		970				2 10 48 40
968.1			9	SS	17						
28.0	Silt		10	SS	11		960				
	Compact to Dense		11	SS	46		950				0 1 87 12
							940				
							930				
							920				
916.1			12	SS	110/5"						
80.0	Heterogeneous Mixture Clayey Silt, Sand and Gravel (Glacial Till)		13	SS	110/4"		910				
	Hard		14	SS	100/4"						
899.6			15	SS	120/1"		900				
96.5	End of Borehole										

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10

(%) STRAIN AT FAILURE



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 16

28

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,063; E 1,027,455 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE May 31 & June 1, 1978 CHECKED BY *[Signature]*

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)			
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20 40 60 80 100										WATER CONTENT (%)	20 40 60	GR SA SI CL
								SHEAR STRENGTH												
								○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE												
								● QUICK TRIAXIAL × LAB VANE												
								400	800	1200	1600	2000								
998.0	Ground Surface																			
0.0	Organic Silt With Sand		1	SS	3												Om 4%			
993.0	Soft		2	SS	10												2 26 57 15			
5.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity With Random Seams of Silt and Fine Sand		3	SS	9		990										0 18 66 16			
			4	SS	5															
			5	SS	9															
983.0	Firm to Stiff		6	SS	10															
15.0	Silt, Some Sand		7	SS	11		980													
	Compact		8	SS	11												2 29 63 6			
			9	SS	11		970													
963.0																				
35.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		10	SS	23		960										2 10 54 34			
	Very Stiff																			
			11	TW	PH		950													
							940													
							930													
921.0			12	SS	92		920													
77.0	Heterogeneous Mixture Clayey Silt Sand and Gravel Hard Glacial Till		13	SS	140												8 49 32 11			
	Cobbles		14	SS	100/6"		910													
			15	SS	110/5"															
901.5			16	SS	120/5"															
96.5	End of Borehole																			

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10
5
0
5
10
15
20
(%) STRAIN AT FAILURE



Ministry of
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Ontario

HIGHWAY ENGINEERING DIVISION-ENGINEERING MATERIALS OFFICE-SOIL MECHANICS SECTION

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17

29

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,024; E 1,027,490 ORIGINATED BY DC.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers 0-55, Washboring With Casing COMPILED BY J.J.
DUM Geodetic DATE June 1, 1978 and June 2, 1978 55-80, Wash Ahead 80-95 CHECKED BY A.J.

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT				UNIT WEIGHT Y	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20 40 60 80 100	PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L		
1000.3	Ground Surface												
0.0	Organic Silt With Sand		1	SS	5		1000						
998.3	Very Soft		2	SS	13								
2.6	Sand, Some Silt		3	SS	17								
	Compact		4	SS	26								
990.3			5	SS	43		990						
10.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Some Sand With Pockets of Sand and Gravel up to 1 Ft. Thick Every 4 Feet		6	SS	21								
			7	SS	17								
			8	SS	23		980						22 15 38 25
	Very Stiff		9	SS	34								
971.9													
29.0	Silt		10	SS	14		970						
	Compact to Dense												
							960						
			11	SS	18		950						
							940						
							930						
923.3													
77.0	Heterogeneous Mixture, Clayey Silt Sand and Gravel (Glacial Till)		12	SS	100/ 1"		920						
	Hard		13	SS	93/ 6"								29 37 24 10
			14	SS	110/ 2"		910						
903.8													
			15	SS	110/ 4"								
96.5	End of Borehole												

+3, x⁵: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 19

30

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,984,750; E 1,027,362 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers 0-60, Washboring With Casing 60-107 COMPILED BY J.J.
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 6, 1978 CHECKED BY R.J.

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
1009.4	Ground Surface		1	SS	4												
0.0	Sand, Some Gravel		2	SS	39												30 56 (14)
	Dense																
998.4			3	SS	37		1000										
11.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		4	SS	34												1 32 51 16
	Some Sand																
987.4	Hard		5	SS	34		990										
22.0	Silt, Some Sand		6	SW	PM												
	Compact		7	SS	10												
981.4																	
28.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		8	SS	40		980										0 37 59 4
	Some Sand		9	SW	PM												
	Hard						970										
							960										
							950										
							940										
							930										
932.4																	
77.0	Heterogeneous Mixture, Clayey Silt, Sand and Gravel		10	SS	149												
			12	SS	182												
	Hard						920										
	Glacial Till		13	SS	94/6"												8 47 34 11
			14	SS	100/ 5"		910										
902.9			15	SS	100/ 4"												
106.5	End of Borehole																

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 20

31

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,984,878; E 1,027,458 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers 0-50, Washboring With Casing COMPILED BY J.J.
50-80, Wash Ahead 80-91.5
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 8, 1978 CHECKED BY R.J.

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT Y	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL				
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20 40 60 80 100							WATER CONTENT (%) 20 40 60			
								SHEAR STRENGTH										
1003.3	Ground Surface		1	SS	6													
1001.3	Organic Silt		2	SS	22									5 40 41 14				
2.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Some Sand, Very Stiff		3	SS	20													
995.3			4	SS	39													
8.0	Sand, Some Silt Compact		5	SS	45									0 1 95 4				
990.3			6	SS	51													
13.0	Some Sand and Gravel		7	SS	47													
	Silt Dense																	
	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Hard Some Sand and Gravel																	
									</									

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 ϕ 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



Ministry of
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HIGHWAY ENGINEERING DIVISION-ENGINEERING MATERIALS OFFICE-SOIL MECHANICS SECTION

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 21

32

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,514; E 1,027,440 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY J.J.
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 9, 1978 CHECKED BY *[Signature]*

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT γ					PLASTIC LIMIT NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT LIQUID LIMIT			UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20 40 60 80 100	W _p	W	W _L	WATER CONTENT (%)	GR	SA	SI		
1003.3	Ground Surface		1	SS	5											0m 4%	
0.0	Trace Organics		2	SS	5											2 67 25 6	
996.3	Sand, Some Silt Loose		3	SS	27											0 19 66 15	
7.0			4	SS	18												
			5	TW	PH												
			6	SS	24												
			7	SS	24												
	Some Sand		8	SS	38												
	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		9	SS	36												
	Very Stiff to Hard		10	SS	24												
			11	SS	30											0 2 80 18	
928.3			12	SS	126/ 6"											7 43 38 12	
75.0	Heterogeneous Mixture, Clayey Silt Sand and Gravel Hard		13	SS	100/ 5"												
916.8			14	SS	100/ 4"												
86.5	End of Borehole																

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 \div 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 22

33

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,386; E 1,027,415 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers (0-65 ft.) and Washboring COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 12-14, 1978 (65 ft.) CHECKED BY W.J.

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT Y	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
996.0	Ground Surface		1	SS	5												
994.0	Organic Silt Soft		2	SS	15												
2.0	Sand, Some Silt Some Gravel		3	SS	6		990										
	Loose to Compact		4	SS	17												
			5	SS	17												
979.0			6	SS	9		980										
17.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		7	SS	11												
	Very Stiff		8	SS	10		970										
			9	SS	15												
			10	SS	24		960										
			11	SS	113		950										
943.0			12	SS	88		940										
53.0	Heterogeneous Mixture, Clayey Silt Sand and Gravel Glacial Till Hard		13	SS	120/	5"											
	Cobbles		14	SS	100/	3 1/2"	930										
			15	SS	100/	6"											
919.5			16	SS	114/	6"	920										
76.5	End of Borehole																

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 ϕ 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 23

34

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords, N 15,985,302; E 1,027,300 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 14-15, 1978 CHECKED BY R.J.

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT Y	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
996.2	Ground Surface		1	SS	6												0m 2%
994.2	Organic Silt		2	SS	16												
2.0	Sand, Some Silt		3	SS	20		990										
990.2	Compact		4	SS	24												2 21 41 36
6.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Very Stiff to Hard		5	SS	27												
			6	SS	31		980										
			7	SS	28												
			8	SS	37		970										0 2 77 21
			9	SS	22												
			10	SS	71		960										
			11	SS	104												
							950										
948.2			12	SS	100/ 5"												10 43 32 15
48.0	Silt Very Dense						940										
941.2	Heterogeneous Mixture of Clayey Silt, Sand and Gravel Cobbles Hard Glacial Till		13	SS	106/ 6"												
55.0			14	SS	100/ 5"		930										
924.7	End of Borehole																
71.5																	

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 24

35

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,255; E 1,027,336 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Auger COMPILED BY D.C.
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 15-19, 1978 CHECKED BY

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
995.2	Ground Elevation		1	SS	3												
0.0	Sand, Some Gravel Trace Organics		2	SS	16												
990.2	Loose to Compact		3	SS	13												
5.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		4	SS	16												
	Stiff to Hard		5	TW	PH												
			6	SS	30												
			7	SS	20												
			8	SS	39												
			9	SS	39												
			10	SS	25												
			11	SS	145												
941.2			12	SS	100/ 4"												
54.0	Heterogeneous Mixture Clayey Silt, Sand and Gravel		13	SS	100/ 5"												
923.7			14	SS	150/ 6"												
71.5	End of Borehole																

+3, x5 : Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 \diamond 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 25

36

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,208; E 1,027,256 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 @ CNR BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY D.C.
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 20, 1978 CHECKED BY *dpj*

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)			
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20 40 60 80 100							WATER CONTENT (%)		
								SHEAR STRENGTH							WATER CONTENT (%)		
								○ UNCONFINED	+ FIELD VANE								
								● QUICK TRIAXIAL	× LAB VANE								
								400 800 1200 1600 2000									
994.7	Ground Surface													GR SA SI CL			
0.0	Organic Silt		1	SS	14									Om 77% W=355%			
	Very Soft		2	SS	14												
986.7	Organic Clay, White to Grey, Very Soft		3	SS	1/18 "		990							Om 2%			
8.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		4	SS	0 W N WT			+ 4									
	Very Soft		5	SS	2			+ 2									
			6	SS	3		980	+ 2									
975.7																	
19.0	Silt, Some Sand		7	SS	7												
	Loose to Compact																
			8	SS	12		970										
965.7																	
29.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		9	SS	40												
	Hard																
958.2			10	SS	63		960							0 2 78 20			
36.5	End of Borehole																

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 ϕ 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 26

37

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,178; E 1,027,280 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 @ CNR BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY D.C.
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 21, 1978 CHECKED BY *[Signature]*

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT Y	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
994.5	Ground Surface		1	SS	2												
0.0	Organic Silt Black		2	SS	27	18"	990	+ 8									
	Organic Clay Very Soft		3	TW	PH			+ 4									
986.5	White to Grey, Very Soft		4	SS	0			+ 3									
8.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		5	SS	0		980	+ 3									
	Some Sand		6	SS	3												
	Very Soft to Firm		7	SS	3												
970.5			8	SS	6		970										
24.0	Silt, Some Sand Loose		9	SS	67												1 30 63 6
963.5			10	SS	50		960										
31.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity																
958.0	Hard																
36.5	End of Borehole																

+3, x5; Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10
5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 27

38

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,485; E 1,027,495 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY D.C.
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 21, 1978 CHECKED BY *W.J.*

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES		20	40	60	80	100					
995.3	Ground Elevation		1	SS	4											
0.0	Organic Silt Some		2	SS	15											
993.3	Sand		3	SS	21											
2.0	Silt, Some Sand		4	SS	22											
987.3	Compact		5	SS	23											
8.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		6	SS	25											
	Some Sand		7	SS	33											
	Silt, Compact		8	SS	30											
	Very Stiff to Hard		9	SS	21											
964.8																
31.5	End of Borehole															

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15-5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 28

39

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,298; E 1,027,392 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 @ CNR BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY D.C.
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 22, 1978 CHECKED BY *[Signature]*

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH ○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL × LAB VANE									
995.3	Ground Surface		1	SS	13		990										18 43 32 7
0.0	Sand, Some Silt		2	SS	15												
	Loose to Compact		3	SS	9												
985.3			4	SS	9												
10.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		5	SS	12												
	Some Sand		6	SS	17												
	Very Stiff to Hard		7	SS	21												
			8	SS	32												
963.8			9	SS	28												
31.5	End of Borehole																

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 \div 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 29

40

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,268; E 1,027,273 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 @ CNR BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY D.C.
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 22, 1978 CHECKED BY

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL				
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH							WATER CONTENT (%)			
								○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL × LAB VANE										
994.3								20	40	60	80	100						
0.0	Organic Silt		1	SS	1	18"	990							0 28 62 10				
	Very Soft		2	SS	1/18			+4										
	Organic Clay		3	TW	PH			+4										
	Very Soft	4	TW	PH	+2													
985.3	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity	5	SS	13				980										
9.0	Slight Plasticity	6	SS	15														
982.0	Very Soft	7	SS	19														
12.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity	8	SS	17														
	Very Stiff to Hard	9	SS	48					970									
966.3	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity																	
28.0	Slight Plasticity																	
962.8	Hard																	
31.5	End of Borehole																	

+3, x⁵: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 \div 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 30

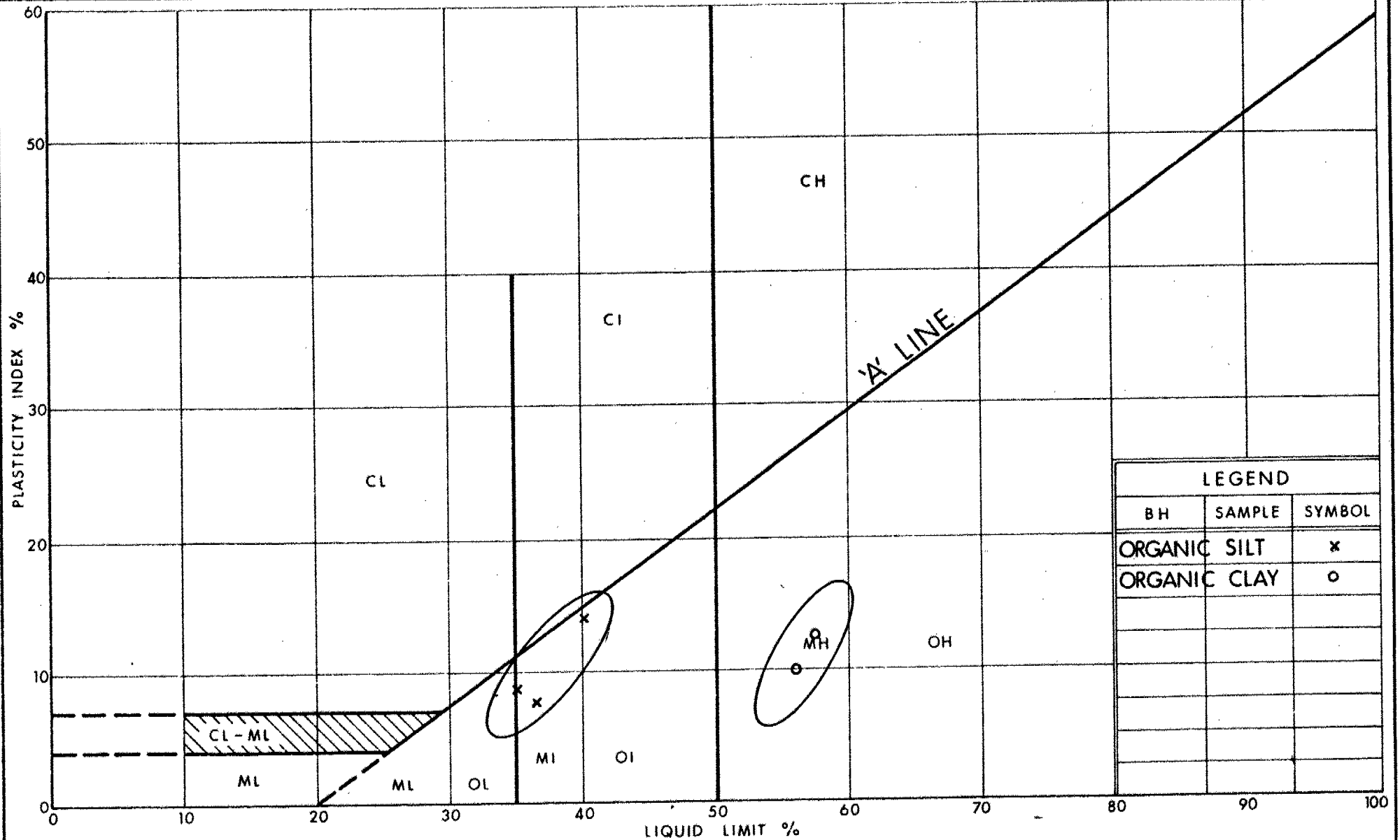
41

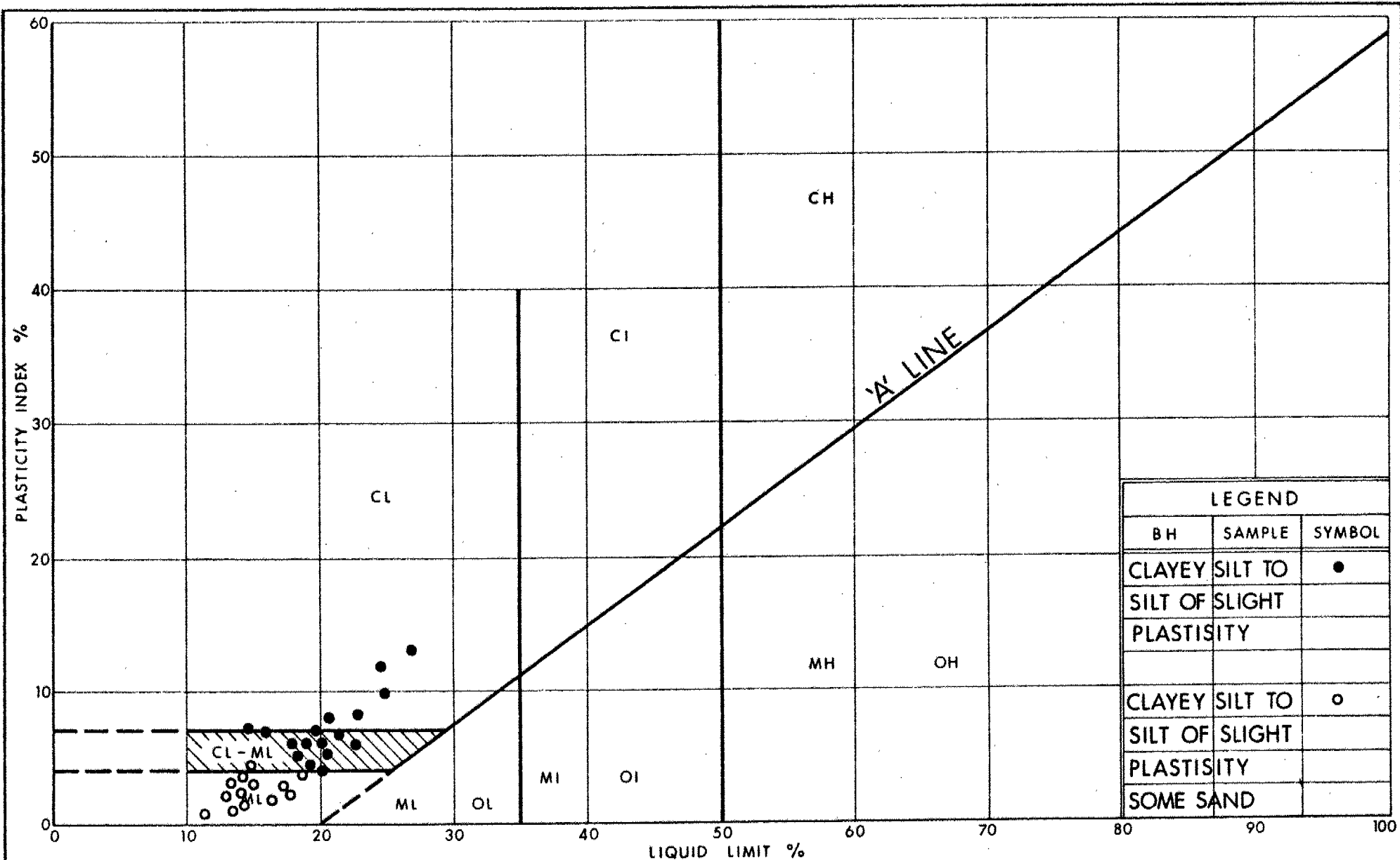
W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,320; E 1,027,212 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 23, 1978 CHECKED BY J. J.

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT Y	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	N' VALUES		20	40	60	80	100					
996.3	Ground Surface		1	SS	15											
0.0	Organic Silt		2	SS	14											
991.3			3	SS	13											
5.0	Silt, Some Sand Loose to Compact		4	SS	4											
985.3			5	SS	13											
11.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Very Stiff to Hard		6	SS	24											
			7	SS	20											
			8	SS	24											
			9	SS	39											
964.8																
31.5	End of Borehole															

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10
5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE



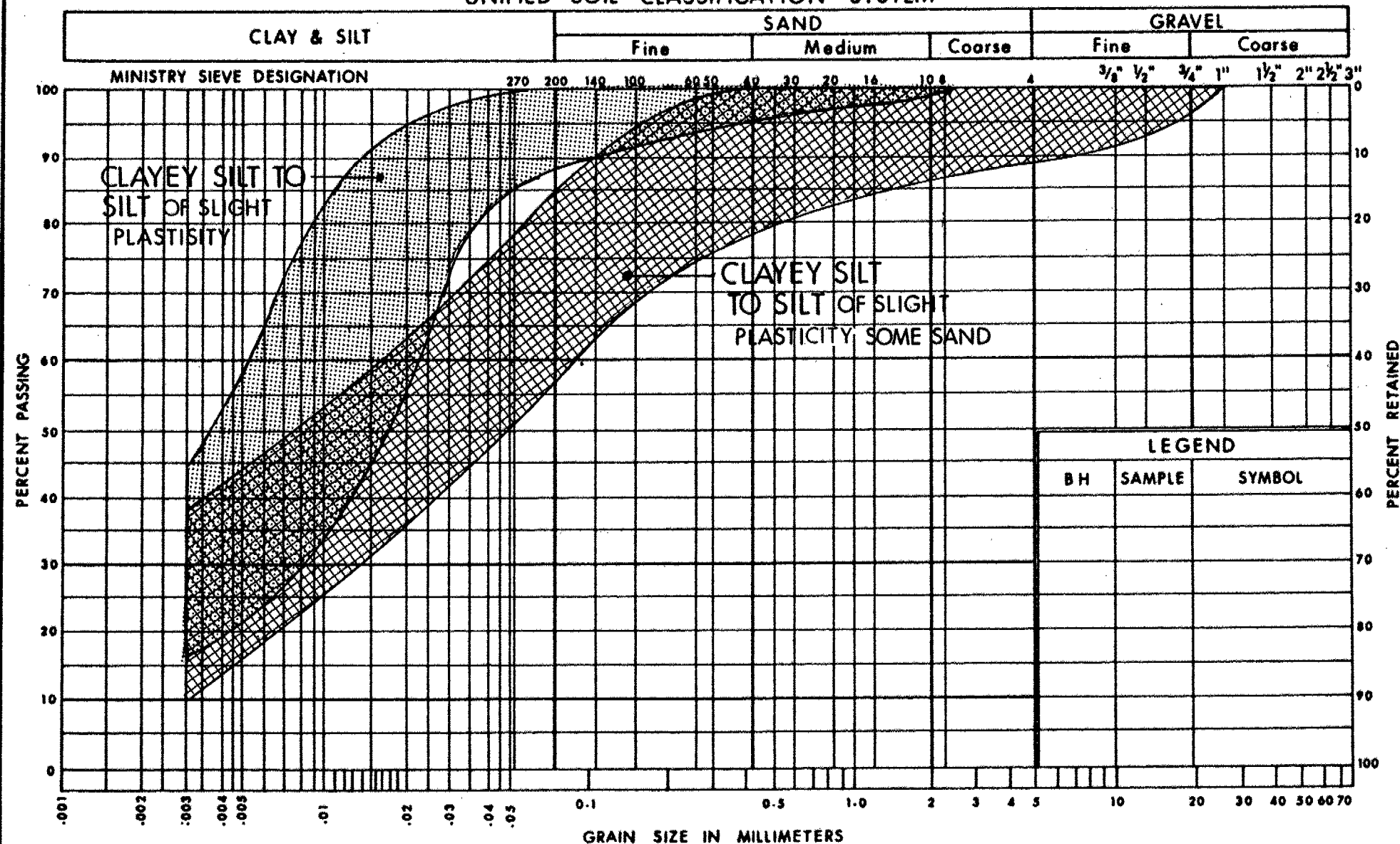


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PLASTICITY CHART CLAYEY SILT TO SILT OF SLIGHT PLASTICITY

FIG No 2

W.P 160-74-33

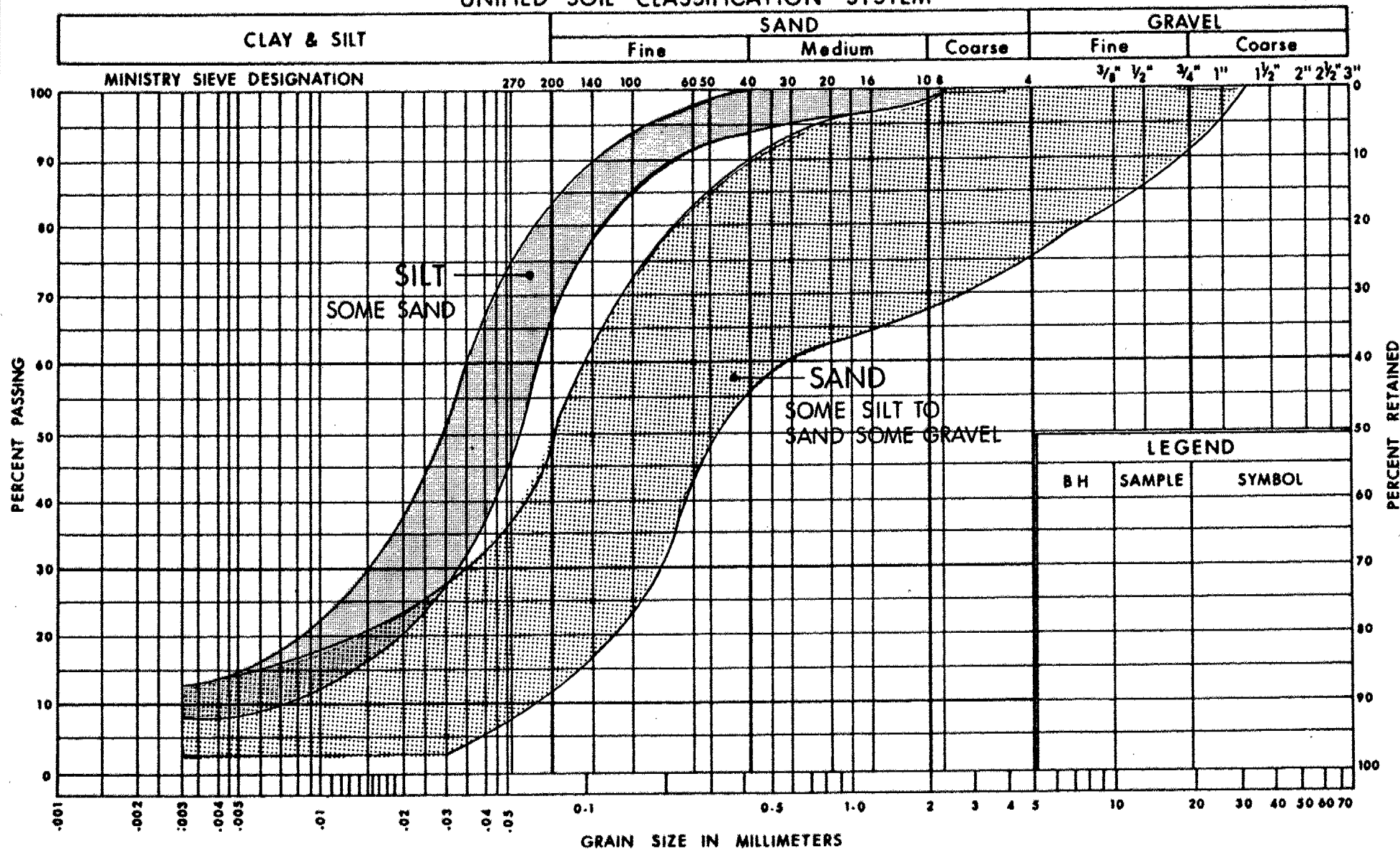


**Ministry of
Transportation and
Communications**

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION CLAYEY SILT TO SILT OF SLIGHT PLASTICITY

FIG No 3

W P 160-74-33



**Ministry of
Transportation and
Communications**

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIG No 4

W P 160-74-33



**Ministry of
Transportation and
Communications**

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIG No 5

W P 160-74-33

FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION REPORT

For

Vandorf Side Road Underpass
4.0 Miles North of Regional Road 14
Hwy. 404, District 6, Toronto
W.P. 160-74-34, Site 37-699

INTRODUCTION

This report contains the results of a foundation investigation carried out at the site of the above-mentioned project. The fieldwork was carried out during the period of February 6 to February 17, 1978 and consisted of a total of seven sampled boreholes, six of which were accompanied by a dynamic cone penetration test. The borings were advanced by means of continuous flight hollow stem augers 3 1/4 inch I. D. as well as washboring techniques, to depths ranging from 21 to 123 feet below the existing ground surface.

SITE DESCRIPTION AND GEOLOGY

The site is located on Vandorf Side Road some 1600 ft. west of Woodbine Avenue (Regional Road 8) bordering the Towns of Aurora and Whitchurch-Stouffville, Regional Municipality of York. The topography of the surrounding area is gently undulating. Presently, land use is rural residential. Physiographically, the area is located in the region known as "Oak Ridges Moraine". The surface feature of the general area is hilly, with knobs and basin reliefs typical of end-moraines. Most of the hills are composed of sandy or gravelly material.

SUBSOIL CONDITIONSGeneral

Subsoil conditions across the site were found to be somewhat variable. Sandy fill material up to 6 feet thick was encountered under the existing roadway bed of Vandorf Side Road.

Below this fill material or immediately beneath a thin layer of topsoil, up to 1 foot thick, is a granular deposit composed of sand and or sandy gravel with the exception of one particular location where this granular stratum was not encountered. Beneath this granular deposit or the roadway fill is a cohesive stratum of silty clay and silt of slight plasticity. This stratum in most locations overlies a cohesive deposit of glacial till composed of a heterogeneous mixture of silty clay, sand and traces of gravel. The lower boundary of the deposit was not proven at any of the boring locations beyond a maximum depth of 123.0 feet below the existing ground surface. In certain locations a deposit of silt is sandwiched between the glacial till and the above silty clay and silt deposits. The boundaries between the various subsoil types are shown on the Record of Borehole Sheets. The locations and elevations of the boreholes, together with three stratigraphical sections inferred from the borehole data, are shown on Drawing No. 2. From ground level downwards the subsoil types are described as follows:

Fill Material - Silty Sand and Gravel

On the shoulder of the existing roadway, fill material was encountered extending from the existing grade down to a depth of up to 6.0 feet. The composition of the fill material consists of silty sand and gravel. In places within the fill material traces of organics were also found. It is believed that this fill was obtained from the cut material of surrounding hilly terrain. Based on the Standard Penetration Tests 'N' values which range from 12 to 19 blows per foot, and the nature of augering, it is inferred that the fill material has been subjected to a moderate degree of compaction.

Fine to Medium Sand, Traces of Silt and Gravel

Under a thin layer of topsoil or below the fill material is a deposit 3 to 15 feet thick of fine to medium sand with traces of silt and gravel (BH. 4,5,6 and 7). Typical grain size distribution curves of this material are shown on Fig. 1. The 'N' values obtained from the Standard Penetration Tests ranged from 1 to 28 blows per foot generally increasing with depth which indicates that the relative density of this granular deposit is very loose to compact.

Sandy Gravel, Traces of Silt

A granular deposit of sandy gravel with traces of silt, the thickness of which ranges from 5 to 8 ft., was encountered immediately below the fill material and the topsoil in the eastern portion of the site and below the fine to medium sand stratum in the southwestern portion of the site. A typical grain size distribution curve of the sandy gravel is shown on Figure No. 1. The Standard Penetration Test 'N' values of 15 to 39 blows per foot indicate that the relative density of the sandy gravel is compact to dense.

Irregular Layers of Silty Clay and Silt of Slight Plasticity

Beneath the surficial granular stratum or the topsoil layer where the granular stratum was not encountered is the predominant deposit of this site consisting of irregular layers of silty clay and silt of slight plasticity. Within this deposit, there are also random layers or pockets of noncohesive silt. This deposit was intercepted everywhere at this site and where it was fully penetrated its thickness was found to range from 35 to 76 feet. The grain size distribution curves carried out from typical samples of this deposit are shown in an envelope form on Figure No. 2, and the physical properties of this cohesive material are as follows:

		<u>Range</u>	<u>Average</u>
Liquid Limit	(W _L) %	18-25	22
Plastic Limit	(W _L) %	11-17	15
Moisture Content	(W _P) %	17-28	23
Plasticity Index	(I _p) %	3-15	7

The result of the Atterberg Limit Tests are plotted on the plasticity chart (Fig. 3) which indicates that this cohesive deposit is inorganic and of low plasticity (CL to CL-ML). The Standard Penetration Tests gave 'N' values in a random range of 5 to 67 blows per foot. Based on these 'N' values the consistency of this deposit may be described as firm to very stiff, but being generally stiff.

Silt Traces of Clay and Fine Sand

In certain locations a distinct deposit of silt was sandwiched between the stratum of silty clay and silt of slight plasticity and the glacial till deposit. The overall thickness of this silt stratum varies from 38 to 41 feet. Based on the Standard Penetration Tests 'N' values which range from 17 to 81 blows per foot, the relative density of the silt is assessed as compact to very dense.

Glacial Till - (Heterogeneous Mixture of Silty Clay, Sand and Traces of Gravel)

This glacial till deposit was encountered between elevation 916 and 913, underlying the silt layer or the cohesive stratum of silty clay and silt of low plasticity. The full extent of this glacial till was not explored and the investigation was terminated within this deposit at a maximum depth of 123.0 feet below the existing ground surface. This stratum was proven to a total thickness of 23 feet. In general, the glacial till is cohesive, being composed of a heterogeneous mixture of silty clay, sand and traces of gravel. Typical grain size distribution curves in an envelope form are shown on Figure 2.

The Standard Penetration Tests gave 'N' values in the range of 66 to over 100 blows per foot, generally increasing with depth. Based on these 'N' values the consistency of this cohesive glacial till stratum is estimated to be hard. The physical properties of the cohesive glacial till as determined from laboratory testing are summarized as follows:

Liquid Limit	(W_L) %	12-15	14
Plastic Limit	(W_P) %	9-10	10
Moisture Content	(W^P) %	7-12	9
Plasticity Index	(I_p) %	3- 5	4

The results of the Atterberg Limit Tests are shown on the Plasticity Chart (Figure 3). These results indicate that the matrix is inorganic and of low plasticity.

Groundwater

Groundwater level observations were carried out at the time of the field investigation. The observations indicated that the groundwater level was found to be 1.5 to 24 feet below the existing ground surface which corresponds to a range in elevation of 989.5 to 992.5.



M. Devata
M. Devata, P. Eng.
Senior Foundations Engineer

APPENDIX



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 1

53

W P 160-74-34 LOCATION Co-ords N 15,986,637; E 1,027,256 ORIGINATED BY G.P.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE 3 1/2" ID. Hollow Stem Auger & Cone Test COMPILED BY R.S.
DATUM Geodetic DATE February 14 and 17, 1978 CHECKED BY 25

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH PSF							WATER CONTENT (%)
								○ UNCONFINED ● QUICK TRIAXIAL	+ FIELD VANE x LAB VANE						
995.4	Ground Level						20 40 60 80 100	400 800 1200 1600 2000	10 20 30	PCF	GR SA SI CL				
0.0	Roadway Fill														
990.9	Silty Sand and Gravel														
4.5	Topsoil														
986.0	Sandy Gravel Traces of Silt Brown														
9.4	Irregular Layers of Clayey Silt and Silt of Slight Plasticity Also Random Layers or Pockets of Silt Grey Stiff		1	TW	PH								0 2 87 11		
			2	TW	PH										
			3	TW	PH								126		
			4	TW	PH								0 2 76 22		
958.4	End of Borehole														
953.9	End of Cone Test														
41.5															

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 ± 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



Ministry of
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HIGHWAY ENGINEERING DIVISION-ENGINEERING MATERIALS OFFICE-SOIL MECHANICS SECTION

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 2

54

W P 160-74-34 LOCATION Coords. N 15,986,597; E 1,027,266 ORIGINATED BY G.P.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE 3 1/2" I.D. Hollow Stem Augers - Washboring & Cone Test COMPILED BY R.S.
DATUM Geodetic DATE February 8, 9 & 10, 1978 CHECKED BY RS

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL				
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH PSF							WATER CONTENT (%)			
								20 40 60 80 100										
							○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL × LAB VANE											
994.0	Ground Level																	
0.0	Topsoil																	
	Sandy Gravel		1	SS	15		990											
	Traces of Silt		2	SS	19													
986.6	Compact Brown																	
7.4			3	SS	18									0 2 83 15				
			4	TW	PH													
			5	SS	6													
			6	TW	PH													
	Irregular Layers of Clayey Silt and Silt of Slight Plasticity Also Random Layers or Pockets of Silt		7	SS	5													
	Seams of Silty Clay		8	TW	PH													
	Grey Stiff		9	SS	13									0 1 (99)				
			10	SS	50													
952.0																		
42.0			11	SS	53		950							6 3 74 17				
			12	SS	52									0 2 92 6				
	Silt, Traces of Clay and Fine Sand		13	SS	41		940											
	Grey		14	SS	81													
	Dense to Very Dense		15	SS	36		930											
			16	SS	51									0 3 91 6				
			17	SS	49		920											
913.5			18	SS	104									2 25 58 15				
80.5	Glacial Till																	
	Heterogeneous Mixture of Clayey Silt, Sand and Traces of Gravel		19	SS	200/4"		910											
898.4	Grey Hard		20	SS	212/7"		900											
95.6																		

+3, x5; Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 3

55

W P 160-74-34 LOCATION Coords. N 15,986,605; E 1,027,154 ORIGINATED BY G.P.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE 3 1/2" I.D. Hollow Stem Augers & Cone Test COMPILED BY R.S.
DATUM Geodetic DATE February 14, 15 & 16, 1978 CHECKED BY

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20 40 60 80 100	PSF					
998.1	Ground Level													
0.0	Roadway fill silty sand traces of gravel compact		1	SS	19			Augered first 3 feet						
993.7	Topsoil		2	SS	15									
4.4	Silt Loose to Compact		3	SS	7		990					NP		0 0 92 8
			4	SS	12									0 5 80 15
	Brown Grey		5	SS	23		980					NP		0 4 84 12
	Irregular layers of clayey silt and silt of slight plasticity also random layers or pockets of silt stiff to very stiff		6	TW	PH				+s=5.7			NP		
			7	TW	PH		970		+s=4.4			NP		
			8	SS	13									
			9	SS	18									
957.1			10	SS	39		960					160		
41.0			11	SS	31									
	Silt, traces of clay & fine sand grey Dense to compact		12	SS	55		950							0 2 87 11
			13	SS	23		940							
			14	SS	21		930							
			15	SS	17		920							
916.1	clayey silt		16	SS	18									
82.0	Glacial till Het. mixture of clayey silt, sand & traces of gravel		17	SS	73		910							8 44 31 17
903.6	Grey Hard		18	SS	166	10"								
94.5	End of Borehole		19	SS	182	6"								

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 4

56

W P 160-74-34 LOCATION Coords. N 15, 986, 565; E 1,027,161 ORIGINATED BY: G.P.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE 3/4" I.D. Hollow Stem Augers & Cone Test COMPILED BY: R. S.
DATUM Geodetic DATE February 10 and 13, 1978 CHECKED BY: R.

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT			UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20 40 60 80 100		W _p	W	W _L		
1002.5	Ground Level													
0.0	Topsoil													
	Gravelly Sand		1	SS	21		1000							3 93 (4)
	Fine to medium sand Traces of Gravel and silt, Brown Compact		2	SS	12									0 4 86 10
991.5			3	SS	18									
11.0			4	SS	10									
	Silt Compact		5	SS	10									0 3 90 7
	Brown Grey		6	TW	PH									
			7	SS	11									7 2 77 14
	Irregular layers of Clayey silt and silt of slight plasticity also random layers or pockets of silt Stiff to Hard		8	TW	PH									
			9	SS	14									0 4 81 15
			10	TW	PH									
			11	SS	39									
			12	SS	67									0 5 85 10
941.0	Silt V. Dense		13	SS	84									
60.5	End of Borehole													

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10
5 (% STRAIN AT FAILURE



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 5

57

W P 160-74-34 LOCATION Coords. N 15,986,572; E 1,027,052 ORIGINATED BY G.P.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE 3 1/2" I.D. Hollow Stem Augers & Cone Test COMPILED BY R.S.
DATUM Geodetic DATE February 13 & 14, 1978 CHECKED BY RS

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)			
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20 40 60 80 100									
								SHEAR STRENGTH PSF									
							○ UNCONFINED	+ FIELD VANE									
							● QUICK TRIAXIAL	x LAB VANE									
							400 800 1200 1600 2000										
1002.2	Ground Level																
0.0	Roadway Fill																
997.2	Silty Sand, Traces of Gravel & Organics Compact		1	SS	12												
5.0	Topsoil		2	SS	5												
990.2	Fine to Medium Sand Traces of Silt & Gravel Compact Brown to Light Brown		3	SS	8												
12.0			4	SS	11												
			5	SS	12												
	Brown Grey		6	TW	PH												
	Silt, Traces of Fine Sand & Seams of Clayey Silt Compact		7	SS	15												
			8	SS	14												
	Irregular Layers of Clayey Silt and Silt of Slight Plasticity, Also Random seams of Layers or silty clay		9	SS	14												
			10	TW	PH												
956.7	Pockets of Silt Stiff to Very Stiff		11	SS	19												
45.5	End of Borehole																
947.2																	
55.0	End of Cone																

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10
5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 6

58

W P 160-74-34 LOCATION Coords. N 15,986,527; E 1,027,069 ORIGINATED BY G.P.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE 3 1/2" I.D. Hollow Stem Augers & Cone Test COMPILED BY G.P.
DATUM Geodetic DATE February 6 & 7, 1978 CHECKED BY SES

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)				
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH PSF							WATER CONTENT (%)			
1014.0	Ground Level							20	40	60	80	100			GR SA SI CL			
0.0	Topsoil																	
	Fine to Medium Sand Traces of Silt & Gravel Brown-Light Brown Very Loose to Compact		1	SS	2		1010								4 93 (3)			
			2	SS	2													
			3	SS	1													
			4	SS	28													
998.0			5	SS	38		1000											
16.0	Sandy Gravel Traces of Silt Greyish Brown to Grey Dense to Compact		6	SS	39					139	6"				55 41 (4)			
989.7			7	SS	20		990											
24.3			8	SS	21										0 0 90 10			
			9	TW	PH		980											
			10	SS	16													
	Light Brown Grey		11	SS	33		970											
			12	SS	15													
			13	TW	PH		960			> 2000								
	Irregular Layers of Clayey Silt and Silt of Slight Plasticity Also Random Layers or Pockets of Silt		14	TW	PH													
	Stiff to Hard		15	SS	10		950								0 1 87 12			
			16	SS	14					> 2000								
			17	SS	20		940											
			18	SS	15													
			19	SS	23		930			> 2000								
			20	SS	41													
			21	SS	48		920											
913.5		Silt Dense	22	SS	42													
100.5			23	SS	66		910								11 47 28 14			
	Glacial Till Heterogeneous Mixture of Clayey Silt, Sand & Some Gravel		24	SS	176	6"												
	Grey Hard		25	SS	193	9"	900								20 33 29 18			
890.7			26	SS	200	6"												

123.3 End of Borehole

+3, x⁵: Numbers refer to Sensitivity

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION



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HIGHWAY ENGINEERING DIVISION-ENGINEERING MATERIALS OFFICE-SOIL MECHANICS SECTION

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 7

59

W P 160-74-34 LOCATION Coords. N 15,986,632; E 1,027,304 ORIGINATED BY G.P.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE 3 1/2" I.D. Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY R.S.
DATUM Geodetic DATE February 17, 1978 CHECKED BY RS

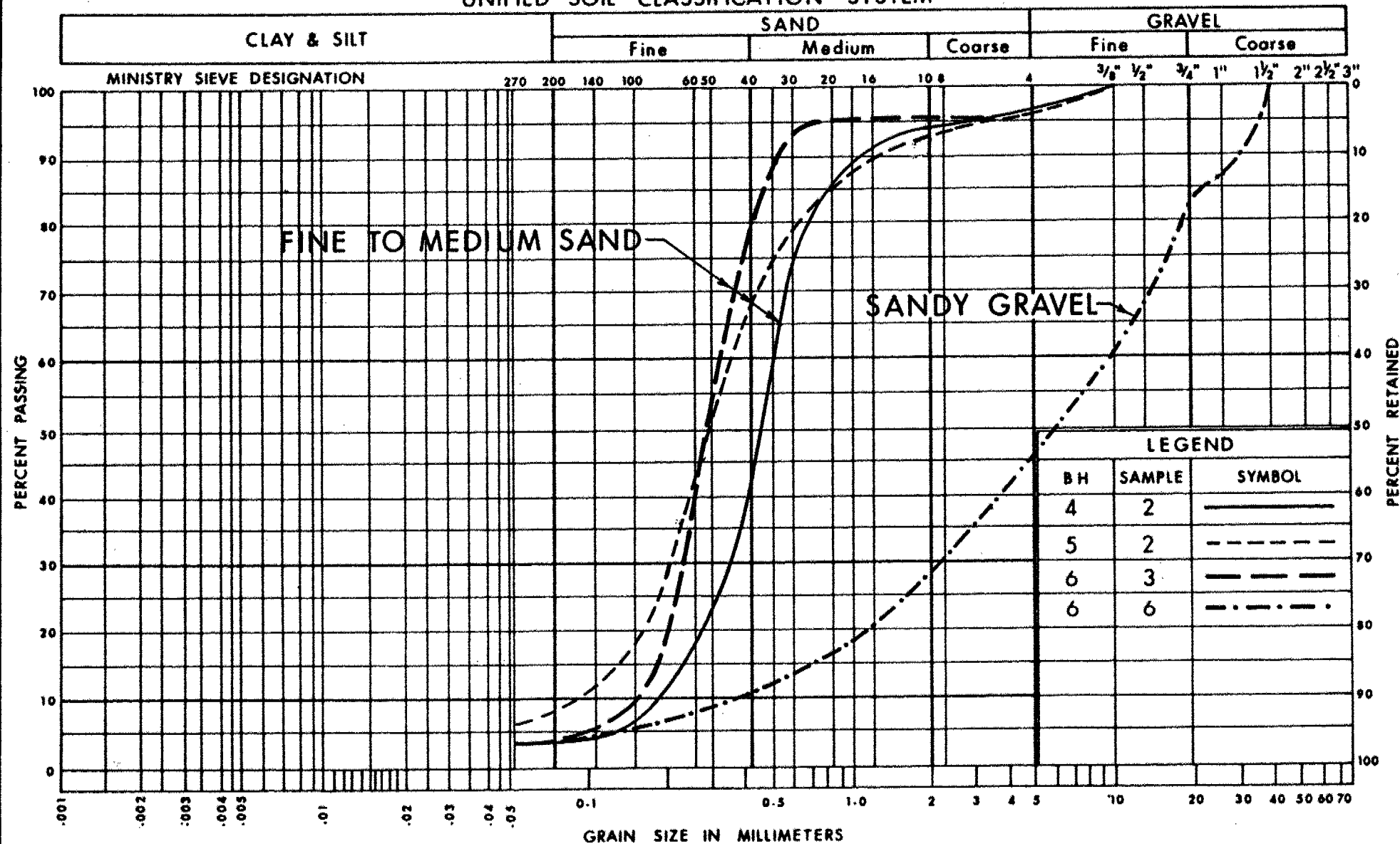
SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ PCF	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
995.0	Ground Level																
0.0	Roadway Fill																
989.0	Silty Sand and Gravel																
5.0	Topsoil																
986.0	Sand																
9.0																	
	Brown		1	TW	PH											134	0 2 85 13
	Irregular Layers of Cl. Silt & Silt of Slight Plasticity, Also Random Layers or Pockets of Silt, Stiff		2	TW	PH												0 1 89 10
974.3			3	TW	PH												
30.7	End of Borehole																

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM



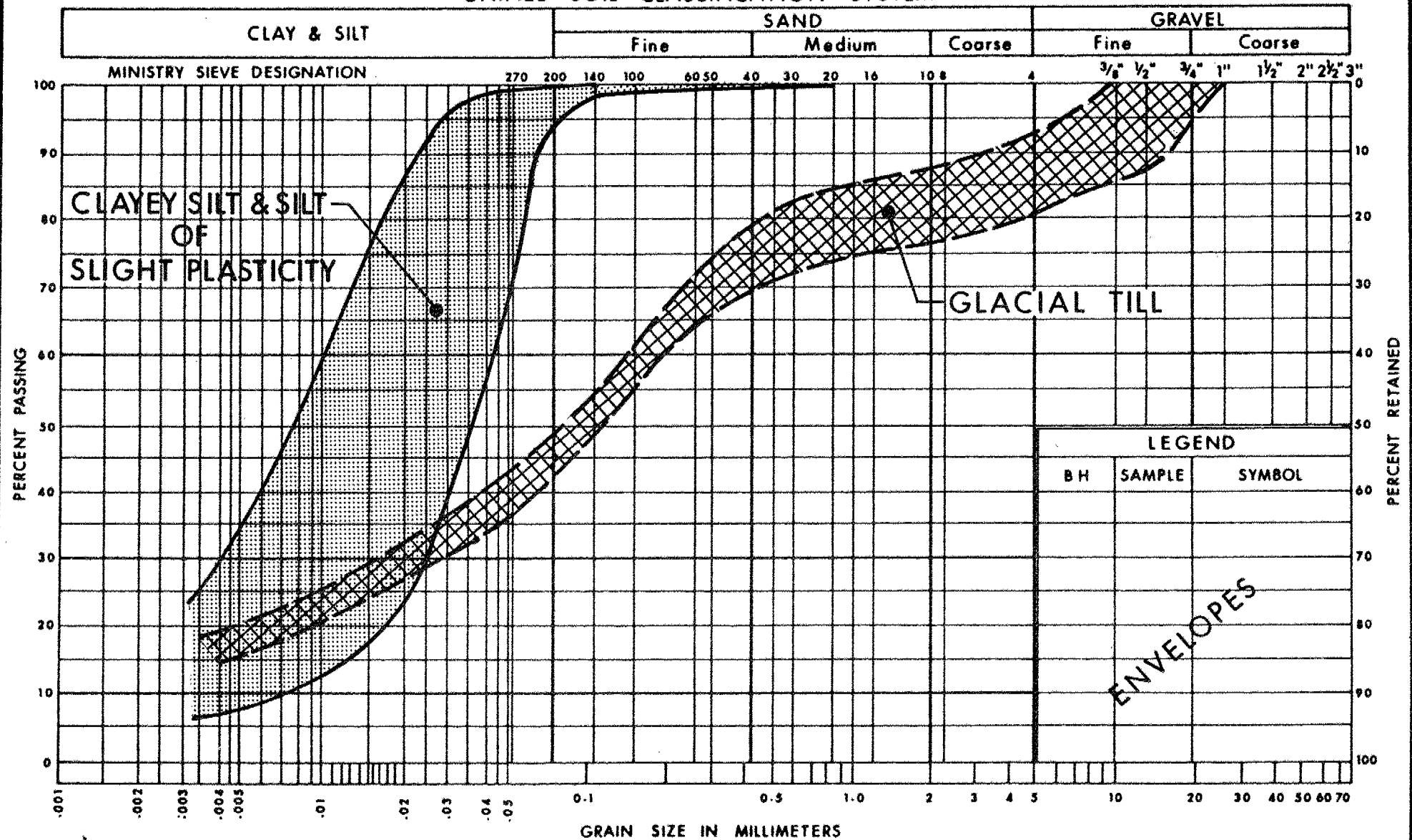
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GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIG No 1

W P 160 - 74 - 34

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM



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GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIG No 2

W P 160 - 74 - 34

FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION REPORT

For

Holland River Bridge
4.3 Miles North of Regional Road 14
W.P. 160-74-35, Site 37-1060
Hwy. 404, District 6, Toronto

INTRODUCTION

This report contains the results of a foundation investigation carried out at the site of the above-mentioned location. The fieldwork was carried out from February 21 to March 2, 1978 and consisted of a total of seven sampled boreholes and 6 dynamic cone penetration tests. In addition, one sampled borehole and one dynamic cone penetration test was put down for feasibility purposes during December 11 to December 13, 1968 and is incorporated in this report as B.H. 9. The recent boring were advanced by means of hollow stem augers to depths of 32 to 71 feet below ground surface, whereas the earlier boring was advanced by washboring techniques to a depth of 71 feet.

SITE DESCRIPTION AND GEOLOGY

The site is located at the crossing of proposed Hwy. 404 and Holland River approximately due west of Vandorf, bordering the Towns of Aurora and Whitchurch-Stouffville in the Regional Municipality of York.

The topography of the surrounding area is hilly, whereas in the immediate vicinity of the crossing the land slopes down from the north and south on a gradient as steep as 10% to the river. The river itself winds through a tree and bush covered flood plain as wide as 200 feet. At the crossing the river is about 7 to 8 feet wide with a depth of water of 1 to 2 feet at the time of the fieldwork. The

Holland River itself originates some 4 miles northeast of the crossing and flows in a westerly direction across the site, then north to Newmarket and empties finally into Cook Bay.

The area is located in the physiographic region known as the "Oak Ridges Moraine." The region is characterized by a knob-basin relief outlining hills composed of sandy or gravelly materials and some low lying swamp filled valleys.

SUBSOIL CONDITIONS

General

Subsoil conditions across the site are quite variable. The surficial deposit across this site is a 1 to 6 foot thick deposit of very soft to soft organic silt. Below this surficial cohesive stratum are irregular deposits of varying thickness ranging in composition from a silty clay with seams of silt and slight plasticity to a uniform fine sand. Underlying these random deposits at a depth of 52 to 66 feet below the ground surface is a very dense heterogenous mixture of silt, sand and gravel, a glacial till. This deposit was not fully penetrated but explored to a maximum depth of 19 feet.

The boundaries between the various subsoil types are shown on the Record of Borehole Sheets. The locations and elevations of the borings, together with four stratigraphical sections inferred from the borehole data are shown on Drawing No. 2. The various subsoil types are described as follows.

Organic Silt

This surficial deposit was found to extend from the ground surface to a depth of 1 to 6 feet. Laboratory testing performed on representative samples from this deposit gave the following results:

		<u>Range</u>	<u>Average</u>
Organic Content	(Om)	9- 15	11
Percent by Weight			
Natural Moisture Content	(W) %	52-121	80

<u>Atterberg Limits</u>		<u>B.H. 8 Sample 1</u>	<u>B.H. 2 Sample 1</u>
Liquid Limit	(W _L) %	49	36
Plastic Limit	(W _p) %	36	29
Plasticity Index	(I _p) %	13	7

The Atterberg Limit testing results are plotted on the Plasticity Chart, Figure 3, and indicate that the deposit is organic of intermediate plasticity (OI zone.) Standard Penetration testing gave an 'N' value range of 1 to 4 blows per foot indicating that the deposit is soft to very soft.

Uniform Fine Sand

This deposit was encountered immediately below the surficial deposit of organic silt in all sampled boreholes except in one borehole located in the southeast quadrant of the site. The thickness of this granular deposit was found to vary between 4 to 23 feet. Grain size distribution testing on samples from this deposit are shown in an envelope form on Figure 1 in the Appendix. The deposit is composed of uniform fine sand with a trace to some silt. Based on Standard Penetration Test 'N' values ranging from 3 to 31 blows/foot, the stratum is estimated to have a very loose to compact relative density. This deposit is highly susceptible to

'boiling' under excess hydrostatic head.

Silty Sand to Sandy Silt

This granular deposit was encountered immediately below the uniform fine sand stratum in all boreholes put down north of the river. In four of the borings this deposit was fully penetrated and its thickness varied from 6 to 49 feet. However, in two boreholes, the boring was terminated at a depth of 32 and 37 feet without completely penetrating the deposit. Here the deposit was found to extend to a minimum thickness of 22 feet.

Grain size distribution testing performed on samples from this stratum are shown on an envelope form in Figure 2 in the Appendix. This deposit is comprised of a sandy silt to silty sand with a trace of clay with some isolated pockets containing some gravel. Standard Penetration testing carried out within this granular deposit gave a wide range of 'N' values of 8 to 42 blows/foot, having one isolated pocket where an 'N' value of 1 blow/foot was observed. These values indicate that the deposit has a relative density of loose to dense except for the isolated pocket mentioned above where the relative density is very loose. This deposit is highly susceptible to 'boiling' under excess hydrostatic head.

Silty Clay With Random Seams of Silt of Slight Plasticity

This slightly cohesive deposit was encountered in random depths in those boreholes put down south of the river and also in one borehole on the east side of the site. The thickness of this stratum was found to vary between 13 to 18 feet. Grain size distribution testing from two representative samples from this deposit is shown on Figure 2 of the Appendix. The deposit is composed of silt with some

clay and a trace of sand. Further laboratory testing on samples from this deposit gave the following results:

		<u>Range</u>	<u>Average</u>
Natural Moisture Content	(W) %	19-20	19
Liquid Limit	(W _L) %	14-20	18
Plastic Limit	(W _P) %	12-15	14
Plasticity Index	(I _P) %	2- 6	4

The results of the Atterberg Limit testing are plotted on the Plasticity Chart, Figure 3 and indicate that the deposit is inorganic of slight plasticity (ML to CL-ML zone.)

Based on Standard Penetration Test results varying from 1 to 36 blows/foot and a field vane test of 960 PSF, the deposit is estimated to have a very soft to hard consistency generally increasing with depth.

Silt

This noncohesive deposit was encountered in B.H. 3 only extending from a depth of 34 to 66 feet below the ground surface. Grain size distribution testing performed on samples from this deposit are shown in an envelope form on Figure 1 in the Appendix. The deposit is composed of silt with a trace of clay and a trace to some sand. Based on Standard Penetration Test 'N' values ranging from 15 to 67 blows/foot, the relative density of this deposit is estimated to be compact to very dense.

Heterogeneous Mixture of Silt, Sand and Gravel (Glacial Till)

This glacial deposit was encountered at various locations at a depth ranging from 23 to 66 feet below the ground surface and was not fully penetrated but found to extend to a minimum thickness of 20 feet. Grain size distribution testing performed on samples from this deposit are shown on envelope

form on Figure 2 of the Appendix. The deposit is composed of a heterogeneous mixture of silt, sand and gravel with a trace of clay. Two distinct zones of this material were encountered; the upper zone at depths ranging from 23 to 32 feet below the ground surface, the lower portion was encountered at a depth of 52 to 66 feet below the ground surface. Standard Penetration Test 'N' values were found to vary between 22 and 62 blows/foot in the upper zone and was generally greater than 100 blows/foot in the lower portion. Based on this testing the upper zone is estimated to have a relative density of compact to very dense while the lower zone is estimated to have a very dense relative density.

Groundwater Conditions

Groundwater level observations were made at the time of the field investigation by measuring the water level in the hollow stem augers. The observations indicate that the groundwater varies from elevation 952 to elevation 953 which corresponds to a depth of 1 to 3 feet below the ground surface. The water level in the river at the time of observation was found to be at elevation 953.2. In addition, artesian conditions were observed in the deposits of silty clay with random seams of silt of slight plasticity at elevation 922 and also within the glacial deposit at elevation 893 in boreholes 7 and 9 respectively. The artesian condition was found to stabilize with a hydrostatic head of 1 to 3 feet above the ground surface which corresponds to elevation 955 to 958.



M. Devata
M. Devata, P. Eng.
Senior Foundations Engineer

APPENDIX



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 1

70

W P 160-74-35 LOCATION Co-ords. N 15,987,427; E 1,026,887 ORIGINATED BY MM
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Auger & Cone Test COMPILED BY MM
DATUM Geodetic DATE February 21-22, 1978 CHECKED BY

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT 20 40 60 80 100 SHEAR STRENGTH PSP O UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE 400 800 1200 1600 2000	PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES								
954.9	Ground Level												
0.0	Organic Silt Black		1	SS	1							Om 15%	
949.9	V. Soft		2	SS	1								
5.0	Sand, Uniform Fine Some silt		3	SS	20								20 75 (5)
	Loose to Compact		4	SS	9								
941.9			5	SS	6								1 68 26 5
13.0	Sandy Silt		6	SS	1								0 31 60 9
935.9	V. Loose												
19.0	Clayey Silt with random seams of silt of slight plasticity		7	SS	2/	24"							
	Firm to Stiff		8	SS	6								
922.9			9	TW	PM								
32.0	Heterogenous Mixture Sand, silt and gravel (Glacial Till)		10	SS	37								9 70 (21)
			11	SS	62								
			12	SS	46								
	Dense to V. Dense Clayey Silt		13	SS	36								
	— Hard V. Dense												
			14	SS	100/	10"							18 40 30 12
884.6			15	SS	100/	4"							
70.3	End of Borehole												

NOTE: SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION PRIOR TO ORGANIC SUBEXCAVATION.



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 2

71

W P 160-74-35 LOCATION Co-ords. N15,987.441; E1,026.829 ORIGINATED BY MM
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Auger & Cone Test COMPILED BY MM
DATUM Geodetic DATE February 23, 1978 CHECKED BY [Signature]

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL				
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20 40 60 80 100							WATER CONTENT (%) 20 40 60			
								SHEAR STRENGTH ○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE										
955.0	Ground Level																	
0.0	Organic silt V. Soft		1	SS	2								0m 10%					
950.0			2	SS	2													
5.0			3	SS	19													
	Sand, Uniform Fine		4	SS	12									5 92 (3)				
	Loose to Compact		5	SS	8													
			6	SS	8													
			7	SS	4													
931.0																		
24.0	Sandy silt Loose		8	SS	8									0 29 60 11				
			9	SS	25									16 30 49 5				
	Some gravel Compact to Dense		10	SS	37													
918.0																		
36.5	End of Borehole																	

+3, x5 : Numbers refer to Sensitivity

20
15 ϕ 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 3

72

W P 160-74-35 LOCATION Co-ords. N15,987,386; E1,026,729 ORIGINATED BY MM
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Auger & Cone Test COMPILED BY MM
DATUM Geodetic DATE February 24,27/ 1978 CHECKED BY CP

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT	PLASTIC LIMIT	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT	LIQUID LIMIT	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20 40 60 80 100	W _p	W	W _L		
								SHEAR STRENGTH					
							○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE						
							● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE						
954.7	Ground Level												GR SA SI CL
0.0	Organic silt		1	SS	10								6 77 (17)
1.0	Sand, Uniform Fine Some silt		2	SS	12		950		○				
	Loose to Compact		3	SS	13								
			4	SS	5				○				0 82 (18)
			5	SS	7								
			6	SS	4		940						
			7	SS	6								
930.7	Silty sand		8	SS	42		930		○				0 52 43 5
24.0	Dense Some Gravel		9	SS	31				○				22 42 32 4
920.7			10	SS	15		920		○				0 19 77 4
34.0	Silt		11	SS	25								
	Compact to V. Dense		12	SS	4		910		○				0 2 82 6
			13	SS	67		900						
							890						
888.7	Glacial Till												
66.0	V. Dense		14	SS	100.16"								
884.2	End of Borehole												
70.5	Note: Water Level Not Established												
NOTE: SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION PRIOR TO ORGANIC SUBEXCAVATION.													

NOTE: SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION
PRIOR TO ORGANIC SUBEXCAVATION.

+3, x⁵: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 4

73

W P 160-74-35 LOCATION Co-ords. N15,987,360; E1,026,764 ORIGINATED BY MM
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Auger COMPILED BY MM
DATUM Geodetic DATE February 28, 1978 CHECKED BY [Signature]

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT Y	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20 40 60 80 100						
954.0	Ground Level													
952.0	Org. silt V. Soft		1	SS	10		950							0 80 (20)
2.0	Sand, Uniform Fine Some silt		2	SS	31									
			3	SS	15									
	Loose to Compact		4	SS	26									
941.0			5	SS	6		940							0 84 (16) 0 55 36 9
13.0	Silty Sand Trace Clay		6	SS	8									
	Loose to Compact		7	SS	11									0 53 39 8
931.0							930							
23.0	Heterogenous Mixture Sand, silt and gravel (Glacial Till)		8	SS	25									27 31 31 11
922.5	Compact to Dense		9	SS	34									
31.5	End of Borehole													

NOTE: SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION
PRIOR TO ORGANIC SUBEXCAVATION.



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 5

74

W P 160-74-35 LOCATION Co-ords. N15,987,302; E1,026,769 ORIGINATED BY MM
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Auger COMPILED BY MM
DATUM Geodetic DATE February 28, 1978 CHECKED BY MM

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
954.0	Ground Level																GR SA SI CL
0.0	Organic silt V. Soft to Soft		1	SS	2/	18	950									Om 9%	
948.0			2	SS	4												
6.0	Sand, Uniform Fine Compact		3	SS	11												2 84 (14)
944.0			4	SS	9												
10.0	Trace Clay		5	SS	6												0 35 55 10
	Sandy silt to Silty sand		6	SS	7		940										6 61 30 3
	Loose to Compact		7	SS	21												
			8	SS	18		930										
922.5			9	SS	15												3 32 61 4
31.5	End of Borehole																
NOTE: SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION PRIOR TO ORGANIC SUBEXCAVATION.																	

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 ϕ 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 6

W P 160-74-35 LOCATION Co-ords. N15,987,418; E1,026,788 ORIGINATED BY MM
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Cone Penetration Test COMPILED BY MM
DATUM Geodetic DATE March 1, 1978 CHECKED BY EP

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			'N' VALUES	20					
954.7	Ground Level												
0.0													
905.9													
48.8	End of Cone Test												
<p>NOTE: SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION PRIOR TO ORGANIC SUBEXCAVATION.</p>													

+³, x⁵ : Numbers refer to Sensitivity

20
15 ϕ 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



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HIGHWAY ENGINEERING DIVISION-ENGINEERING MATERIALS OFFICE-SOIL MECHANICS SECTION

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 7

76

W P 160-74-35 LOCATION Co-ords. N15,987,290; E1,026,826 ORIGINATED BY MM
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Auger & Cone Test COMPILED BY MM
DATUM Geodetic DATE March 2, 1978 CHECKED BY CP

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT 20 40 60 80 100	PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	N' VALUES								
954.0	Ground Level												
0.0	Organic silt V. Soft		1	SS	1/	18"	950						0 20 69 11
950.0			2	SS	2/	18"							
4.0	Sand, Uniform Fine		3	SS	4								
	V. Loose to Loose		4	SS	3								0 97 (3)
			5	SS	7								
940.0			6	SS	8		940						
14.0	Clayey silt with random seams of silt of slight plasticity		7	SS	23		930						
	Stiff to V. Stiff		8	SS	14		910						
922.5			9	SS	20								
31.5	End of Borehole						920						
							910						
905.0													
49.0	End of Cone Test							232					

NOTE : SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION
PRIOR TO ORGANIC SUBEXCAVATION.

+3, x5; Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 8

77

W P 160-74-35 LOCATION Co-ords. N15,987,360; E1,026,891 ORIGINATED BY MM
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Auger COMPILED BY MM
DATUM Geodetic DATE March 1, 1978 CHECKED BY [Signature]

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT Y	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL			
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH										WATER CONTENT (%)		
								20 40 60 80 100										20 40 60		
							○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE													
954.5	Ground Level																			
0.0	Organic silt V. Soft to Soft		1	SS	3	950									Om 9%					
			2	SS	1													0 44 50 6		
947.5			3	SS	3													0 7 78 15		
7.0	Clayey silt with random seams of silt of slight plasticity V. Soft to Stiff		4	SS	1		940													
			5	SS	2															
			6	SS	11															
			7	SS	10															
930.5					930															
24.0	Het. Mixture. Sand, silt, and gravel (Glacial Till)	8	SS	22													30 56 (14)			
923.5	Compact	9	SS	24																
31.5	End of Borehole Note: Water Level Not Established																			
NOTE : SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION PRIOR TO ORGANIC SUBEXCAVATION.																				

NOTE: SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION
PRIOR TO ORGANIC SUBEXCAVATION.

+³, x⁵: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 \pm 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



HIGHWAY ENGINEERING DIVISION-ENGINEERING MATERIALS OFFICE-SOIL MECHANICS SECTION

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 8A

78

W P 160-74-35 LOCATION Co-ords. N15,987,388; E1,026,918 ORIGINATED BY MM
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Cone Penetration Test COMPILED BY MM
DATUM Geodetic DATE March 1, 1978 CHECKED BY Ⓢ

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			'N' VALUES	20					
954.9 0.0	Ground Level						SHEAR STRENGTH ○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE		WATER CONTENT (%)				
950							126/6"						
940													
930													
920													
910													
903.4 51.5	End of Cone Test												
NOTE: SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION PRIOR TO ORGANIC SUBEXCAVATION.													

+3, x5 : Numbers refer to Sensitivity

20
15 ϕ 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 9

79

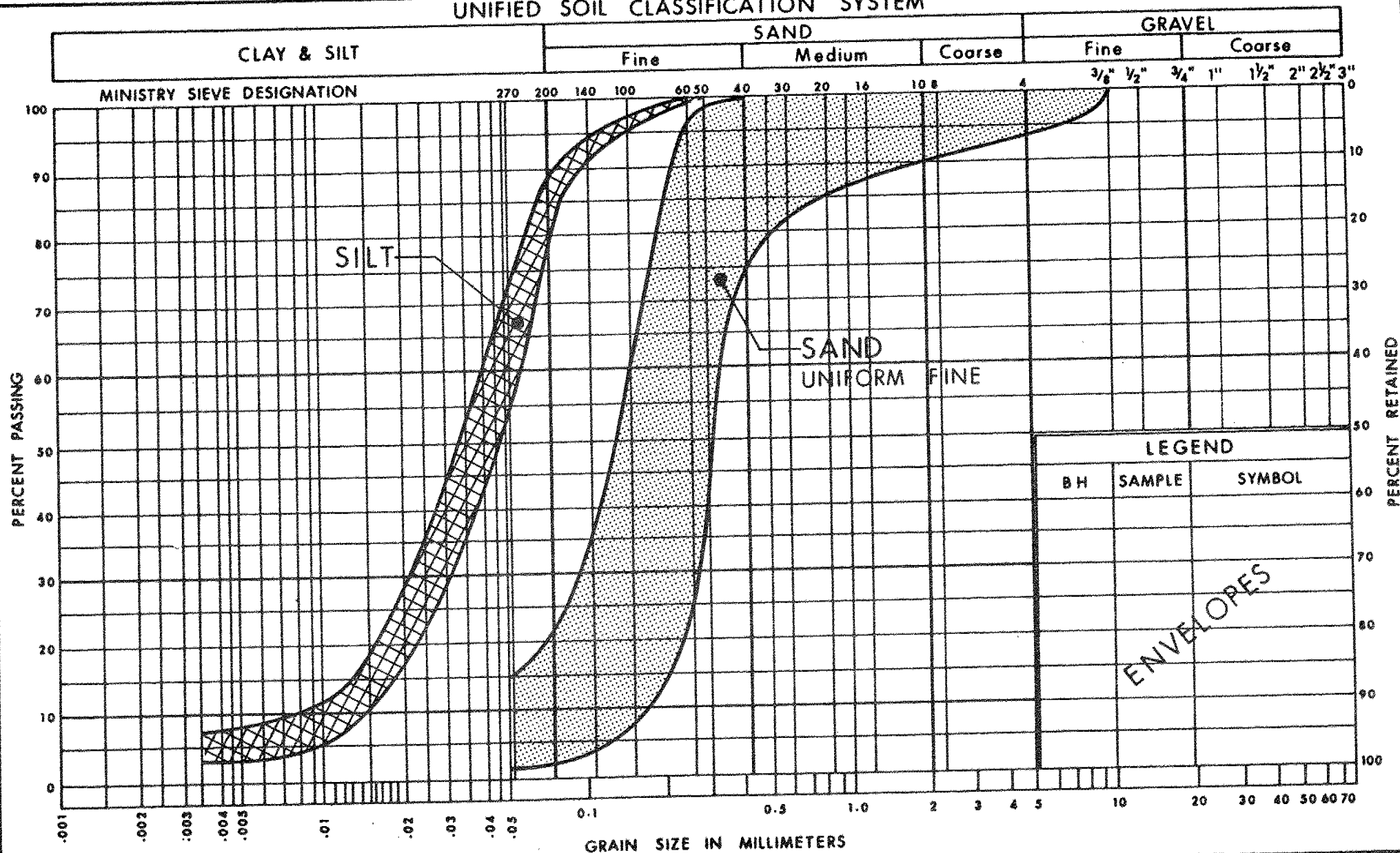
W P 160-74-35 LOCATION Co-ords. N 15,987,355; E 1,026,820 ORIGINATED BY AKB
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Washboring NX Casing & Cone Test COMPILED BY AKB
DATUM Geodetic DATE December 11-13, 1968 CHECKED BY GP

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT	PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT Y	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES								
954.5	Ground Level												
0.0	Organic silt Soft Dark Brown		1	SS	4		950						2 80 15 3
948.5			2	SS	7								
6.0	Sand, Uniform Fine Loose		3	SS	8								
942.0			4	SS	9								
12.5			5	TW	PM								
			6	TW	PM								
	Silty sand to sandy silt, traces of clay		7	SS	15								0 13 79 8
			8	SS	40								2 68 (30)
	Compact to Dense Grey		9	SS	27								0 9 83 8
			10	TW	PM								
			11	TW	PM								
			12	SS	27								0 13 80 7
			13	SS	77								0 10 86 4
899.5			14	SS	100/6"								
55.0	Heterogenous Mixture Silt, sand and gravel (Glacial Till)		15	SS	100/8"								15 45 (40)
	Very Dense Grey												
884.0													
70.5	End of Borehole												

NOTE: SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION
PRIOR TO ORGANIC SUBEXCAVATION.

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



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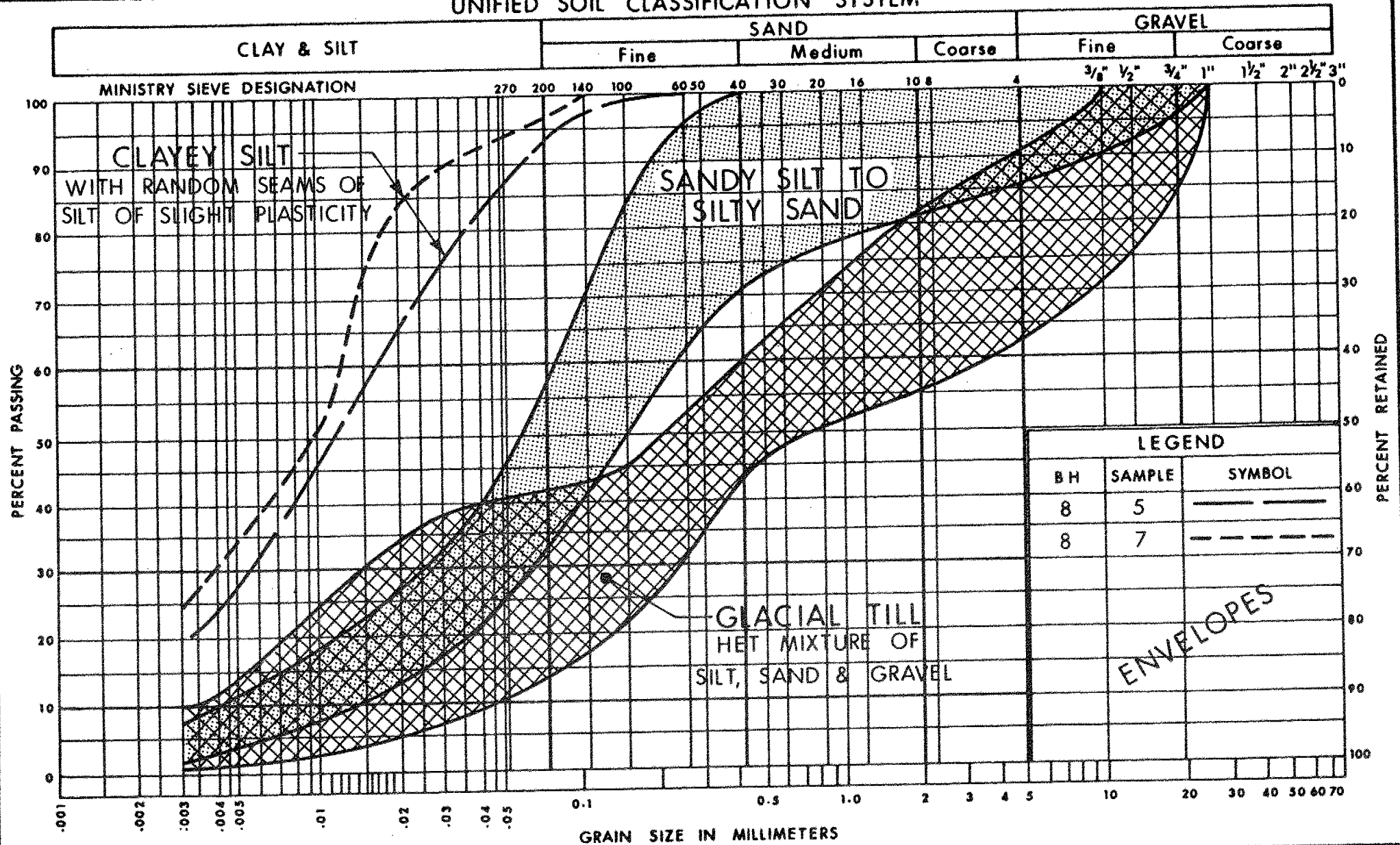
GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIG No 1

W P 160-74-35

00

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM



GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

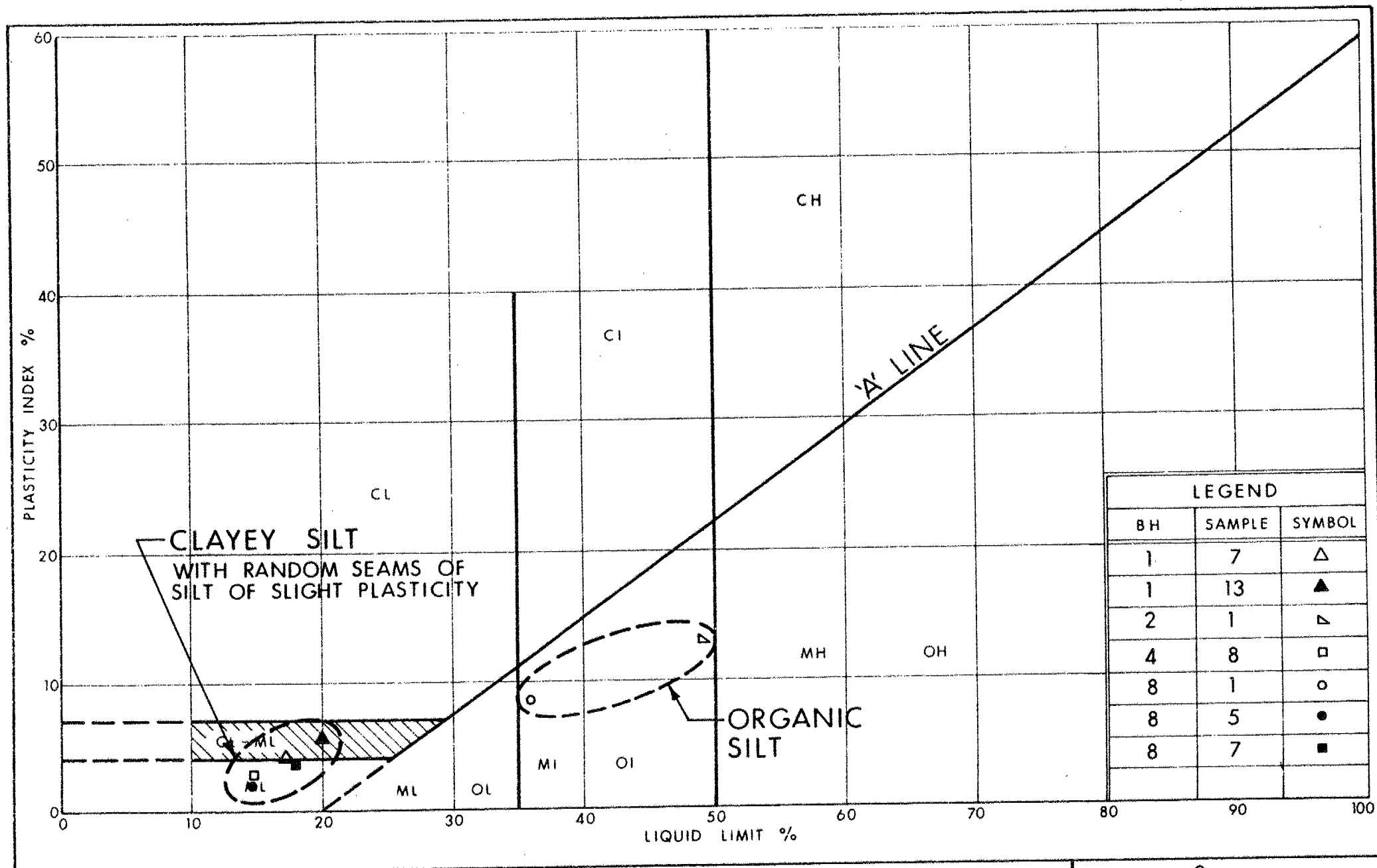
FIG No 2

W P 160-74-35



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PLASTICITY CHART

FIG No 3

W P 160-74-35

FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION REPORT

For

Regional Road 15 Interchange
5.4 Miles North of Regional Road 14
Hwy. 404, District 6, Toronto
W.P. 160-74-36, Site 37-698

INTRODUCTION

This report contains the results of a foundation investigation carried out at the site of the above-mentioned project during the period of December 14 to December 20, 1977.

The fieldwork consisted of six sampled boreholes advanced by means of a continuous flight auger machine equipped with 3½ inch I.D. hollow stem and solid stem augers.

The boreholes ranged in depth from 35.5 to 51 feet below the ground surface.

SITE DESCRIPTION AND GEOLOGY

The site is located about ½ mile west of Woodbine Avenue (Regional Road 8) and about 5.4 miles north of Regional Road 14 (Gormley Road) in the Towns of Aurora and Whitchurch-Stouffville, Regional Municipality of York. The topography of the general area is flat to undulating. The land is used primarily for farming purposes.

Physiographically the area is located in the region known as "Oak Ridges." This interlobate moraine extends from the Niagara Escarpment to the Trent River, forming the height of land dividing the streams of the Lake Ontario drainage basin from those flowing into Georgian Bay and the Trent River. The surface is hilly with knob and basin relief typical of end-moraines. Most of the hills are composed of sandy or gravelly materials. Other areas are formed of

stratified deposits. The northern border of the morainic area is deeply indented by swamp-floored valleys, along which many outwash terraces are found.

SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

Subsurface conditions at the site were found to be generally uniform. Beneath a thin layer of topsoil is a cohesive deposit of silty clay with thin lenses or pockets of silt and sand. This cohesive stratum is underlain by a glacial till composed of a heterogeneous mixture of silty clay and sand and occasional gravel. The lower boundary of this deposit was not proven at any of the boring locations beyond a maximum depth of 51.0 feet below the existing ground surface. In certain locations the silty clay stratum is covered by a surficial granular deposit of silty fine sand or organic silt with sand.

A detailed description of the soil encountered in each borehole is given in the Record of Borehole Sheets. The estimated stratigraphical profile and sections shown on Drawing No. 2 are based upon this information. From ground level downwards the subsurface conditions are as follows:

Surficial Deposits - Silty Sand or Organic Silt With Sand

Under a thin layer of topsoil a surficial deposit of 4 to 13 feet thick silty fine sand was encountered (B.H. 5, 6 and 7). The typical grain size distribution curves are shown in an envelope form on Figure 2. The 'N' values obtained from Standard Penetration Tests registered 8 to 24 blows per foot. It is estimated that the relative density of this surficial granular deposit is loose to compact. However, in one borehole (B.H. 2) the surficial deposit is an organic silt with sand and generally has a firm consistency. These

deposits are susceptible to 'boiling' under excess hydrostatic head.

Silty Clay With Thin Lenses or Pockets of Silt and Sand

Immediately beneath a thin cover of topsoil or beneath a surficial cover of silty fine sand or organic silt with sand, is the cohesive stratum of silty clay with thin lenses or pockets of silt and sand. This deposit was observed over the entire site and the overall thickness varied from 21 to 32 feet. The upper 8 to 19 feet is generally brown in colour and below this changes to grey with depth. Within this deposit distinct layers of silt up to 2 feet thick were also observed. The grain size distribution curves carried out from the typical samples of this deposit are shown in an envelope form on Figure 2. The physical properties of this cohesive material are as follows:

			<u>Range</u>
Liquid Limit	(W _L)	%	15-32
Plastic Limit	(W _p)	%	9-18
Moisture Content	(W)	%	11-27

The results of the Atterberg Limits are plotted on the Plasticity Chart on Figure 1 which indicates that this cohesive deposit is inorganic and of low plasticity (CL to CL-ML.)

The Standard Penetration Tests gave 'N' values in the range of 8 to 59 blows/foot with the exception of one value 123 blows/foot. Based on these 'N' values the consistency of the silty clay stratum may be described as stiff to hard. Generally, the strength of the deposit is increasing with depth.

Glacial Till - (Heterogeneous Mixture of Silty Clay and Sand, Occasional Gravel)

This glacial till deposit was observed immediately below the silty clay stratum at all locations over the site. The full depth of this glacial till was not explored and the investigation was terminated within this deposit at a depth of maximum 51.0 feet below the existing ground surface. The upper boundary of this deposit was found to be between elevation 964 and elevation 953. In general, the deposit is cohesive composed of a heterogenous mixture of silty clay and sand with occasional gravel. However, in certain locations within this glacial till stratum random zones of a granular mixture of silt and sand were also observed. Typical grain size distribution curves in an envelope form on Figure 2.

The Standard Penetration Tests gave 'N' values in the range of 67 to over 100 blows/foot, generally increasing with depth. Based on these 'N' values the consistency of this cohesive glacial till stratum is estimated to be hard, and the relative density of the noncohesive portion of the glacial till may be described as very dense.

The physical properties of the cohesive glacial till as determined from laboratory testing are summarized as follows:

		<u>Range</u>
Liquid Limit	(W _L) %	13-18
Plastic Limit	(W _p) %	9-11
Moisture Content	(W) %	7-13

The results of the Atterberg Limit Tests are shown on the Plasticity Chart in Figure 1. These results indicate that the matrix is inorganic and of low plasticity.

GROUNDWATER

The groundwater level conditions were observed by measuring in the open boreholes during and after the completion of the foundation investigation. The groundwater level was found to vary between elevation 974 and elevation 984.5 which corresponded to 0.5 to 15 feet below the existing ground surface. The groundwater levels are shown on the Record of Borehole Sheets, as well as on Drawing 2.



M. Devata
M. Devata, P. Eng.
Senior Foundations Engineer

APPENDIX



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 1

89

W P 160-74-36 LOCATION Coords N 15,992,922; E 1,024,373 ORIGINATED BY VK
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE 3 1/4 inch I.D.H.S. Auger COMPILED BY VK
DATUM Geodetic DATE December 15, 1977 CHECKED BY CP

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT 20 40 60 80 100 SHEAR STRENGTH ○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE	PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES									
983.0	Ground Level													
0.0	Topsoil													
	Clayey Silt With Thin Lenses or Pockets of Silt and Sand		1	SS	14		980							0 0 80 20
			2	SS	14									0 23 62 15
			3	SS	9									0 4 85 11
			4	SS	8									
			5	SS	17									
			6	SS	14									
			7	SS	22									
	Stiff to Very Stiff		8	SS	82									
953.0			9	SS	100.5"		950							0 41 50 9
30.0	Glacial Till Heterogeneous Mixture of Clayey Silt and Sand, Occasional Gravel - Random Layers of Silt and Sand		10	SS	100.4"									
	Hard													
932.7			11	SS	100.3"		940							
50.3	End of Borehole													

+3, x5: Numbers refer to Sensitivity
20
15
10
5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 2

90

W P 160-74-36 LOCATION Coords. N 15,992,837; E 1,024,391

ORIGINATED BY VK

DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE 3/4 Inch I.D.H.S. Auger

COMPILED BY VK

DATUM Geodetic DATE December 16, 1977

CHECKED BY CP.

[illegible]

+3, x5: Numbers refer to Sensitivity

20
15 ϕ 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION



Ministry of
Transportation and
Communications
Ontario

HIGHWAY ENGINEERING DIVISION-ENGINEERING MATERIALS OFFICE-SOIL MECHANICS SECTION

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 3

91

W P 160-74-36 LOCATION Coords. N 15,992,946; E 1,024,495 ORIGINATED BY VK
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE 3 1/2 Inch I.D.H.S. Auger COMPILED BY VK
DATUM Geodetic DATE December 14, 1977 CHECKED BY

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20 40 60 80 100	0 100					
989.0	Ground Level													
0.0	Topsoil													
	Clayey Silt With Thin Lenses or Pockets of Silt and Sand		1	SS	15									
			2	SS	18								0	3 82 15
			3	SS	26								0	1 74 25
			4	SS	19								0	2 89 9
			5	SS	14									
			6	SS	14								0	2 78 20
			7	SS	11									
			8	SS	14									
			9	SS	100	5"								
			10	SS	100	6"							3	50 39 8
			11	SS	185	6"								
956.0	Stiff to Very Stiff													
33.0	Glacial Till Heterogeneous Mixture of Clayey Silt and Sand Occasional Gravel - Random Zones of Silt and Sand Hard													
938.5	End of Borehole													
50.5														

+3, x⁵: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10

5 (% STRAIN AT FAILURE



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 4

92

W P 160-74-36 LOCATION Coords. N 15,992,879; E 1,024,506 ORIGINATED BY VK
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE 3 1/2 Inch I.D.H.S. Auger COMPILED BY VK
DATUM Geodetic DATE December 19, 1977 CHECKED BY [Signature]

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT 20 40 60 80 100 SHEAR STRENGTH ○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE	PLASTIC LIMIT W _p NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W LIQUID LIMIT W _L WATER CONTENT (%) 10 20 30	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES							
989.0	Ground Level											
0.0	Topsoil		1	SS	15							
	Clayey Silt With Thin Lenses of Silt and Sand		2	SS	30							
			3	SS	22							
			4	SS	24							
			5	SS	32							
	Brown Grey		6	SS	20							
	Very Stiff		7	SS	17							
961.0												
28.0	Glacial Till		8	SS	100	6"						
	Heterogeneous Mixture of Clayey Silt and Sand		9	SS	100	6"						
	Occasional Gravel - Random Zones of Silt and Sand		10	SS	100	6"						
938.5	Hard		11	SS	100	5"						
50.5	End of Borehole											



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 5

93

W P 160-74-36 LOCATION Coords. N 15,992,992; E 1,024,607 ORIGINATED BY VK
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE 3/4 Inch I.D.H.S. Auger COMPILED BY VK
DATUM Geodetic DATE December 14, 1977 CHECKED BY [Signature]

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT 20 40 60 80 100 SHEAR STRENGTH ○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE	PLASTIC LIMIT W _p NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W LIQUID LIMIT W _L WATER CONTENT (%) 10 20 30	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES						
995.0	Ground Level										
0.0	Topsoil										
	Silty Fine Sand Grey Brown		1	SS	8		990		○		0 65 31 4
	Loose to Compact		2	SS	16				○		0 66 29 5
			3	SS	24						
			4	SS	17						
981.0	Clayey Silt With Thin Lenses of Silt and Sand		5	SS	18		980			○	0 1 64 35
14.0	Brown Grey		6	SS	59						
	Stiff to Hard		7	SS	50		970				
			8	SS	51				○		0 1 73 26
960.0	Glacial Till		9	SS	67		960				
35.0	Heterogeneous Mixture of Clayey Silt and Sand Occasional Gravel - Random Zones of Silt and Sand		10	SS	147		950				
944.0	Hard		11	SS	172/ 11"				○		2 39 45 14
51.0	End of Borehole										



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HIGHWAY ENGINEERING DIVISION-ENGINEERING MATERIALS OFFICE-SOIL MECHANICS SECTION

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 6

94

W P 160-74-36 LOCATION Coords. N 15,992,908; E 1,024,626 ORIGINATED BY VK
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE 3/4 Inch I.D.H.S. Auger COMPILED BY VK
DATUM Geodetic DATE December 16, 1977 CHECKED BY

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT 20 40 60 80 100 SHEAR STRENGTH ○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE	PLASTIC LIMIT W _p NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W LIQUID LIMIT W _L WATER CONTENT (%) 10 20 30	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES							
991.0	Ground Level											
0.0	Topsoil											
986.0	Silty Fine Sand - Brown Loose		1	SS	8							0 69 26 5
5.0	Clayey Silt With Thin Lenses of Silt and Sand		2	SS	15							0 5 70 25
			3	SS	25							
			4	SS	29							
			5	SS	33							0 3 73 24
	(Brown)		6	SS	123							
	(Grey)		7	SS	52							
964.0	Stiff to Hard											
27.0	Glacial Till Heterogeneous Mixture of Clayey Silt and Sand Occasional Gravel - Random Layers of Sand		8	SS	100/	5"						
			9	SS	150/	10"						0 33 49 18
	Sand		10	SS	167							
	Hard											
940.5			11	SS	100/	6"						
50.5	End of Borehole											

+3, x5: Numbers refer to Sensitivity

20
15
10
5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 7

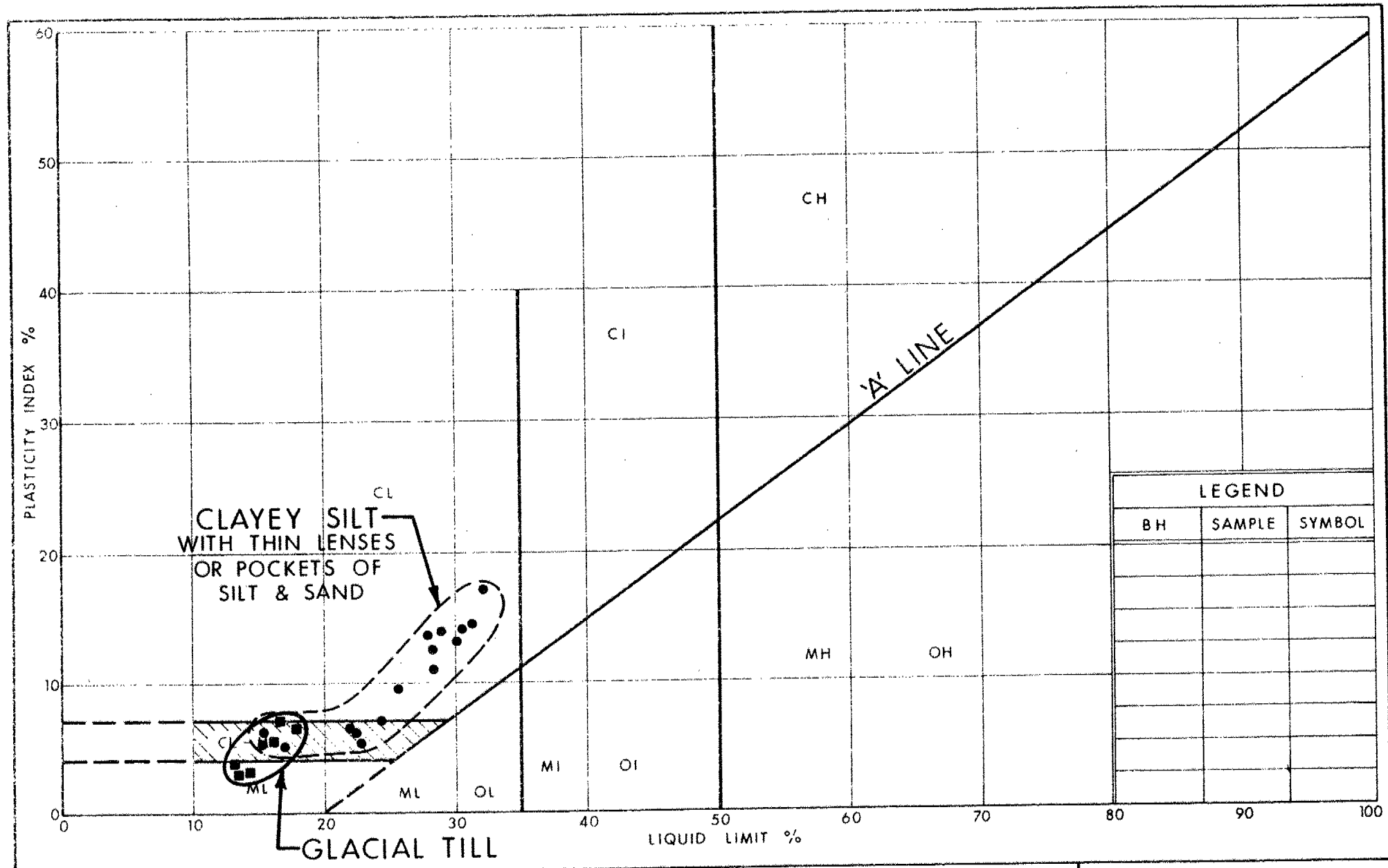
95

W P 160-74-36 LOCATION Coords. N 15,992,812; E 1,024,310 ORIGINATED BY VK
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE 3 1/2 Inch I.D.H.S. Auger COMPILED BY VK
DATUM Geodetic DATE December 20, 1977 CHECKED BY *dp*

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT 20 40 60 80 100 SHEAR STRENGTH ○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE	PLASTIC LIMIT W _p NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W LIQUID LIMIT W _L WATER CONTENT (%) 10 20 30	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES						
984.0	Ground Level										
0.0	Topsoil										
	Silty Fine Sand - Brown		1	SS	11						
978.0	Compact		2	SS	8						0 4 70 26
6.0	Clayey Silt With Thin Lenses of Silt and Sand		3	SS	20						0 6 81 13
	Brown		4	SS	37						
	Grey		5	SS	21						
	Stiff to Very Stiff		6	SS	23						0 2 67 31
			7	SS	22						
954.0			8	SS	47						
30.0	Glacial Till										
	Heterogeneous Mixture of Clayey Silt & Sand Occ. Gravel Hard		9	SS	100/ 5"						4 33 49 14
948.5											
35.5	End of Borehole										

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10

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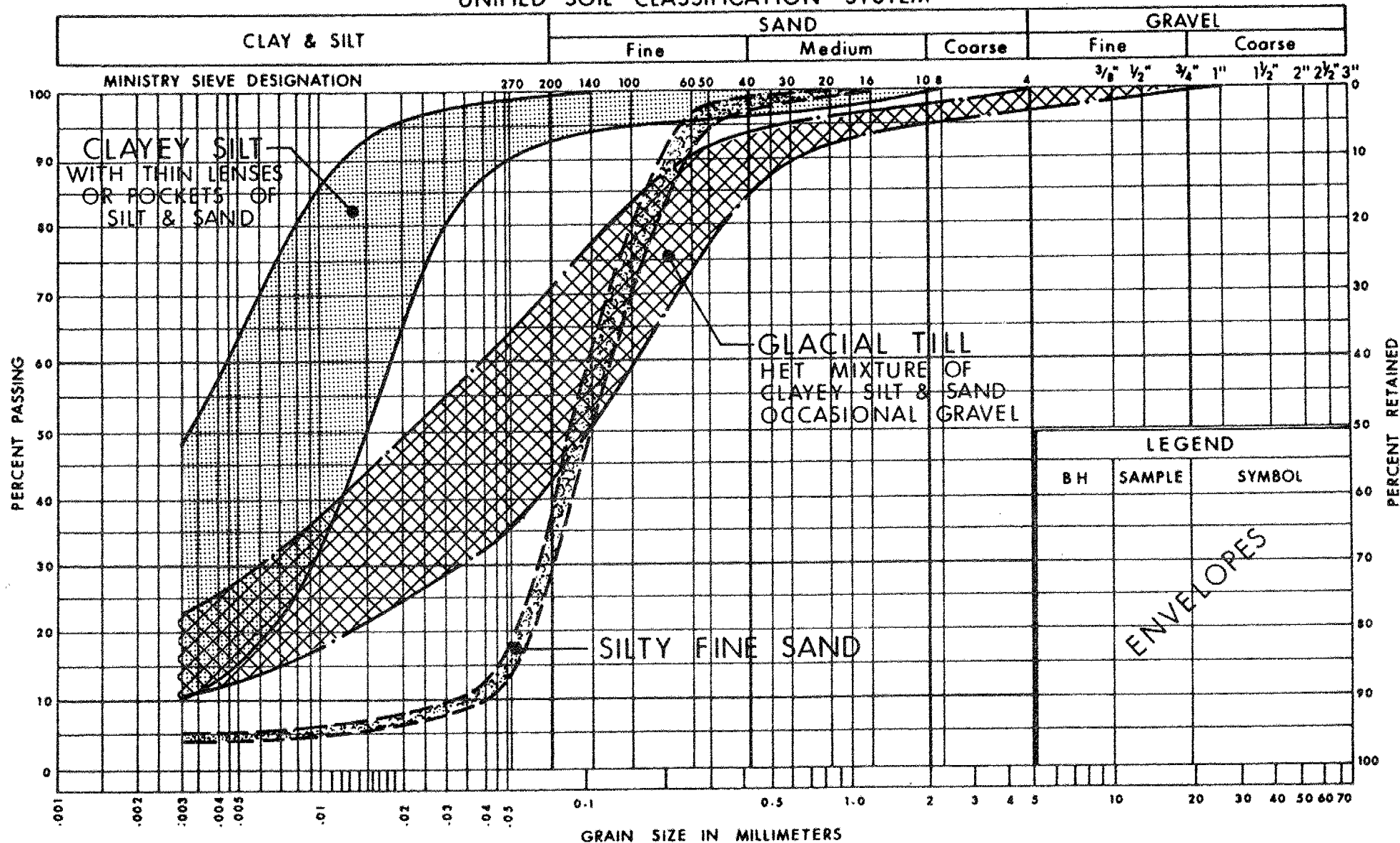
PLASTICITY CHART

- - CLAYEY SILT
- - GLACIAL TILL

FIG No 1

W P 160-74-36

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM



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GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIG No 2

W P 160-74-36

CONT 82-74
ENGINEERING MATERIALS OFFICE
SOIL MECHANICS SECTION

WP 160-74-33

DIST 6

HWY 404

STR SITE 37-700

C.N.R. Overhead
3.7 Miles North of Regional Road 14

DISTRIBUTION

G.C.E. Burkhardt (3)
R.D. Gunter
M.R. Ernesaks
D.E. Thrasher (2)

C. Grebski
G.A. Wrong
B.J. Giroux
R.S. Pillar

R. Hore

R. Fitzgibbon)
J. Anderson) cover only
G. Sloan)

Files J

SAMPLE DISPOSITION NOTICE

TYPE	DISCARD AFTER	RECOMM. BY
JARS	78 12 15	MD
TUBES	"	"
ROCK CORES	-	-

FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION REPORT

For

C.N.R. Overhead
3.7 Miles North of Regional Road 14
W.P. 160-74-33, Site 37-700
Hwy. 404, District 6, Toronto

INTRODUCTION

This report contains the results of a foundation investigation carried out at the site of the above mentioned project. The fieldwork was carried out during the periods of March 7 to March 15, 1978 and May 23 to June 23, 1978 and consisted of a total of 29 boreholes, 9 accompanied by dynamic cone penetration tests. The borings were advanced by means of 3½ inch hollow stem augers and washboring techniques to depths of up to 107 ft. below the existing ground surface.

SITE DESCRIPTION AND GEOLOGY

The site is located at the proposed crossing of Hwy. 404 and the C.N.R. tracks, approximately 3.7 miles north of Regional Road 14 bordering the Towns of Aurora and Whitchurch, Stouffville in the Regional Municipality of York.

Topography in the vicinity of the site is variable. To the north of the tracks the ground is rolling containing some extensive swamps in the low lying areas, whereas south of the tracks the topography is very hilly. Within the proposed right of way the terrain is bush and tree covered. Northwest of the site adjacent to the highway right of way, is the Westview Golf Club.

The site is located within the physiographic region known as the Oak Ridge Interlobate Moraine. This region has the character of a typical interlobate moraine that has been built between two opposing lobes of the glacier. The subsoil is till with the crest being extensively covered by sand and gravel in hills and terraces. Beds of stratified fine sand, silt and clay are also quite common.

SUBSOIL CONDITIONS

General

Subsoil conditions across the site are quite variable. The surficial deposits adjacent to the C.N.R. tracks and roughly bounded by contour 998 and 996 to the south and north of the tracks respectively consist of very soft to soft organic silt and/or organic clay with a total thickness of up to 16 feet. Elsewhere, beneath a thin veneer of organic silt up to 2 feet thick or extending from the ground surface are surficial deposits up to 15 feet thick composed of loose to compact sand or silt with some sand. Underlying these surficial deposits is an extensive deposit of clayey silt to silt of slight plasticity up to 76 feet thick. This cohesive deposit is not continuous but is interrupted in an apparently random fashion by seams or pockets in the order of 10 feet thick composed of loose to dense sand or silts with some sand. One large continuous pocket of silt approximately 50 feet thick was encountered about 250 feet south of the C.N.R. tracks. Underlying the clayey silt to silt of slight plasticity deposit or the extensive pocket of silt is a stratum of hard glacial till composed of a heterogeneous mixture of clayey silt, sand and gravel which was encountered at depths ranging from 47 to 85 feet below the ground surface. This glacial till was not explored to its full depth but proven to a thickness of up to 20 feet.

The boundaries between the various subsoil types are shown on the Record of Borehole Sheets. The locations and elevations of the boreholes and a stratigraphical profile based on the borehole data is shown on Drawing No. 1607433-A. In addition, 5 stratigraphical sections based on borehole data are shown on Drawing No. 1607433-B.

Following is a brief description of the subsoil types and ground-water conditions encountered.

Organic Silt

This surficial deposit was encountered across most of the site being generally only a thin veneer up to 2 feet thick. However, in the vicinity of the tracks the deposit is up to 10 feet thick.

The deposit is composed of black organic silt with some decomposed vegetation and in certain locations contains some sand. Laboratory testing performed on representative samples from this stratum gave the following results.

		<u>Range</u>	<u>Average</u>
Organic Content			
(% of weight)		1- 76	18
Natural Moisture Content (W) %		26-355	113
Liquid Limit (W _L) %		18- 40	32
Plastic Limit (W _p) %		13- 29	22
Plasticity Index (I _p) %		5- 20	10

The results of the Atterberg Limit Testing are shown on the Plasticity Chart, Figure 1 and indicate that the material is organic and of intermediate plasticity (OI zone).

The shear strength as determined by in-situ vane testing ranges from 80 to 325 P.S.F. Based on the field vane test results and Standard Penetration Test 'N' values ranging from 1 to 6 blows per foot, this deposit is estimated to have a very soft to soft consistency.

Organic Clay

This stratum was encountered immediately below the organic silt deposit in the area roughly bounded by contour 998 and 996 to the south and north of the tracks respectively. The thickness of this cohesive organic deposit ranges from 3 to 11 feet and is composed of a grey to white organic clay or marl. Laboratory testing carried out on samples from this stratum gave the following results.

Physical Properties		<u>Range</u>	<u>Average</u>
Organic Content			
(% by weight)		2, 13	(two tests)
Natural Moisture Content (W) %		47-147	108
Liquid Limit (two tests) (W _L) %		56, 58	
Plastic Limit (two tests) (W _p) %		46, 46	
Plasticity Index (two tests) (I _p) %		10, 12	
Bulk Density (γ) PCF		85-109	97
Shear Strength (Su) PSF		<u>Range</u>	<u>Sensitivity</u>
Field Vane Test		80-240	2-12
Unconfined Compression Test		63-127	

Shown on the Plasticity Chart, Figure 1, are the results of Atterberg Limit Testing. The limits indicate that the deposit is organic of high plasticity (OH zone).

The shear strength as determined by in-situ vane testing ranges from 80 to 240 P.S.F. which indicates that the consistency of the deposit is very soft.

Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity

This cohesive stratum is the dominant deposit across the site and was encountered immediately below the surficial organic strata or the surficial sand and/or silt deposits.

The thickness of this stratum varies from 42 to 75 feet. The deposit is composed of clayey silt to silt of slight plasticity and in certain locations contains some sand. In addition, in the southeast area of the site the upper 10 to 23 feet of the stratum contains random seams or pockets of silt and fine sand about 1/4 inch thick every 3 inches. Furthermore, this deposit is not continuous but is interrupted in a random fashion by seams or pockets of silt, some sand or sand up to 19 feet thick. The results of Atterberg Limit Testing on samples from the clayey silt to silt of slight plasticity and samples from the clayey silt to silt of slight plasticity with some sand are shown on the Plasticity Chart, Figure 2 and are summarized below.

Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity

		<u>Range</u>	<u>Average</u>
Natural Moisture Content	(W) %	11-36	19
Liquid Limit	(W _L) %	16-25	21
Plastic Limit	(W _p) %	9-18	14
Plasticity Index	(I _p) %	4-13	6

Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity With Some Sand

		<u>Range</u>	<u>Average</u>
Natural Moisture Content	(W) %	9-20	14
Liquid Limit	(W _L) %	11-22	16
Plastic Limit	(W _p) %	10-18	12
Plasticity Index	(I _p) %	1- 8	3

The limits indicate that the deposit is inorganic and of low plasticity (CL-ML to CL zone for clayey silt to silt of slight plasticity and ML to CL-ML zone for clayey silt to silt of slight plasticity with some sand). In addition, the results of grain size distribution testing on representative samples from this deposit are shown on Figure No. 3, one envelope for the clayey silt to silt of slight plasticity and one for the clayey silt to silt of slight plasticity with some sand.

Generally, the 'N' values as determined by the Standard Penetration Test range from 8 to 71 blows per foot generally increasing with depth except for an 8 to 23 foot thick zone immediately below the deep organic deposit (ie. adjacent to the C.N.R. tracks and bounded by contour 998 and 996 to the north and south respectively) where 'N' values as low as 1 blow for 18 inches were observed. The shear strength as measured by in-situ vane testing in the zone immediately below the deep organic stratum increases with depth from 1200 to 1600 P.S.F. and elsewhere was found to be greater than 2000 P.S.F. Based on the S.P.T. and field vane tests the consistency of the deposit is estimated to be very stiff to hard except in the upper portion of the deposit immediately below the deep organic stratum where the consistency is very soft to stiff.

Sand

This deposit was encountered in some borings put down adjacent to the tracks as distinct pockets within the stratum of clayey silt to silt of slight plasticity at a depth ranging from 8 to 38 feet below the ground surface. In addition, outside the limits of the deep organic deposit, this granular stratum was encountered in some locations either beneath a thin veneer of organic silt or extending from the ground surface. The thickness of this deposit is estimated to range from 2 to 15 feet thick, being generally in the order of 10 feet thick. Grain size distribution testing performed on representative samples from this stratum are shown in envelope form on Figure 4. The composition of this deposit ranges from a sand with some silt to a sand with some gravel.

The results of Standard Penetration Test 'N' values range generally from 6 to 37 blows per foot except for some tests performed in the surficial deposit where 'N' values as low as 2 and 3 were observed. Based on these values the relative density of the deposit ranges from very loose to dense, being generally in the loose to compact range.

Silt Some Sand

This deposit was encountered in some borings put down adjacent to the tracks within the stratum of clayey silt to silt of slight plasticity at depths ranging from 12 to 48 feet below the ground surface. Furthermore, this stratum was encountered in some locations immediately below a thin veneer of organic silt or extending from the ground surface. The thickness of this deposit is estimated to range from 6 to 19 feet. Grain size distribution testing performed on representative samples from this deposit are shown on envelope form on Figure 4. The composition is silt with some sand.

Based on Standard Penetration Test 'N' values ranging generally from 4 to 19 blows per foot, the relative density of the deposit is described as loose to compact.

Silt

This deposit was encountered approximately 250 feet south of the tracks immediately below the stratum of clayey silt to silt of slight plasticity at a depth of 11 to 38 feet below the existing ground surface. This cohesionless stratum appears to form a continuous pocket or trench up to 52 feet thick and about 150 feet wide and is approximately parallel to the C.N.R. tracks at this location. The deposit is composed almost entirely of silt with negligible amounts of clay and sand. The results of grain size distribution testing are shown in envelope form, Figure 5.

The relative density of the deposit is described as compact to dense increasing with depth as inferred from the 'N' value range of 19 to 46 blows per foot.

Heterogeneous Mixture of Clayey Silt, Sand and Gravel (Glacial Till)

This cohesive deposit was encountered in 15 of the boreholes at a depth ranging from 45 to 85 feet below the existing ground surface. The upper boundary of the deposit is gently rising to the north and south from a low basin located some 100 to 300 feet south of the railway tracks. This deposit was not fully penetrated but proven to extend to a thickness of up to 38 feet.

Grain size distribution testing performed on representative samples from this deposit are shown on envelope form on Figure 5. The deposit is a glacial till composed of a heterogeneous mixture of clayey silt, sand and gravel. In some locations a 1 to 2 foot zone of cobbles was encountered about 10 feet below the upper surface of this stratum.

Based on Standard Penetration Test 'N' values being generally over 100 blows per foot, the consistency of this stratum is estimated to be hard.

Groundwater Conditions

The groundwater level was observed during the progress of the fieldwork by measuring in the open boreholes approximately 24 hours after completion of the boring. In the low lying swampy areas adjacent to the C.N.R. tracks groundwater was at the surface and elsewhere the groundwater was found to vary from 1 to 7 feet below the existing ground surface which corresponds to elevation 991.3 to 1009.4. These observations indicate that the groundwater level reflects the topography.

In addition, temporary sub-artesian conditions were observed in Borehole 22 and 24 immediately above the glacial till deposit. Piezometers were subsequently installed in B.H. 24 at a depth of 28 and 65 feet to monitor the sub-artesian pressure. The piezometer readings indicate that the sub-artesian pressure is approximately at the groundwater level.

DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The proposed crossing of Hwy. 404 and the C.N.R. tracks is located some 1600 feet south of Vandorf Side Road and approximately 1600 feet west of Woodbine Avenue. At this location it is proposed to construct Hwy. 404 as a four lane divided highway with a median width of about 100 feet to accommodate future transportation development within this corridor.

The original proposal included the provision for one additional railway track and required a C.N.R. overhead with twin three span (55'-70'-55') spill-thru type structures and associated fill heights up to 40 feet high. Based on this scheme the foundation investigation fieldwork was carried out in March, 1978. Subsequent C.N.R. requirements included the provision for three additional railway tracks and required a C.N.R. overhead with twin three span (60'-110'-60') spill-thru type structures and associated fill heights up to 44 feet high.

The feasibility of a revised three span scheme was discussed in lieu of the encountered surficial organic material and generally unfavourable subsurface conditions in a memorandum to Mr. G.C.E. Burkhardt from our office dated 78 04 06. This memorandum included comments on the viability of constructing a C.N.R. subway structure rather than an overhead structure.

Based on economic considerations, as well as the anticipated performance of the embankments of a three span overhead or C.N.R. subway, it was decided to construct a multi-span structure at this location.

Two schemes were suggested for consideration. Scheme 'A' was to allow for no subexcavation of organic material and subsequent backfilling and is comprised of the following approximate spans: 70'-90'-90'-110'-110'-90'-90'-70'. Scheme 'B' allows for some subexcavation and backfilling and is composed of the following approximate spans: 90'-90'-110'-110'-90'-90'. Associated embankment fill heights for Scheme 'A' and for Scheme 'B' are in the order of 44 feet high. For Scheme 'A' and 'B' refer to Drawing No. 1607433-C.

Further foundation investigation fieldwork was carried out in May and June of 1978 to determine sufficient subsoil information for the design of the multi-span structure and associated approach fills. Subsoil conditions across the site were found to be quite variable. A surficial deposit of very soft to soft organic silt/clay up to 16 feet deep was encountered adjacent to the C.N.R. tracks roughly bounded by contour 998 and 996 to the north and south respectively. Surficial deposits elsewhere consist of loose to compact sand or silt, some sand in the order of 10 feet thick. Underlying the above surficial deposits is an extensive stratum of clayey silt to silt of slight plasticity which is not continuous but is intercepted by pockets or seams of sand and silt, some sand, generally being in the order of 10 feet thick. This extensive cohesive deposit is intercepted by a large pocket or trench of silt up to 52 feet thick and 150 feet wide located some 250 feet south of the C.N.R. tracks. A hard deposit of glacial till was encountered at depths ranging from 45 to 85 feet below the ground surface. The groundwater level was found at depths ranging from 0 to 7 feet below the existing ground surface.

The presence of the surficial very soft to soft organic deposits and the very soft to firm portion of the clayey silt to silt of slight plasticity deposit in the vicinity of the tracks and extending to a depth of up to 25 feet below the ground surface, is the governing factor from a foundation point of view since it will be necessary to ensure that it is not overstressed by the embankment loading. Furthermore, the location of the abutments and piers will depend to a large extent on the design of the approach fills. Because of the importance of approach fills this aspect will be discussed first.

It is to be noted that the recommendations and discussions contained in the following pages are intended to be used as guidelines in locating the abutments and piers. In addition, we have commented on and depicted graphically the requirements for Scheme 'A' and 'B' only. Because of the complex subsoil conditions and the railway and highway geometrics it is beyond the intent of this report to provide sufficient detailed recommendations to cover every combination of structural span ratios and abutment locations. In view of this it is recommended that close liaison between the Structural Office and the Soil Mechanics Section be maintained during the development of the preliminary structural design in order to develop a realistic and rational design of abutments and related approaches.

EARTHWORKS

Based on the profile grade as established to include the provision for a total of four C.N.R. tracks, the height of profile grade above the average ground surface is:

Height of Profile Grade
Above Average Ground Surface

Scheme A

North Approach NBL	39
SBL	42

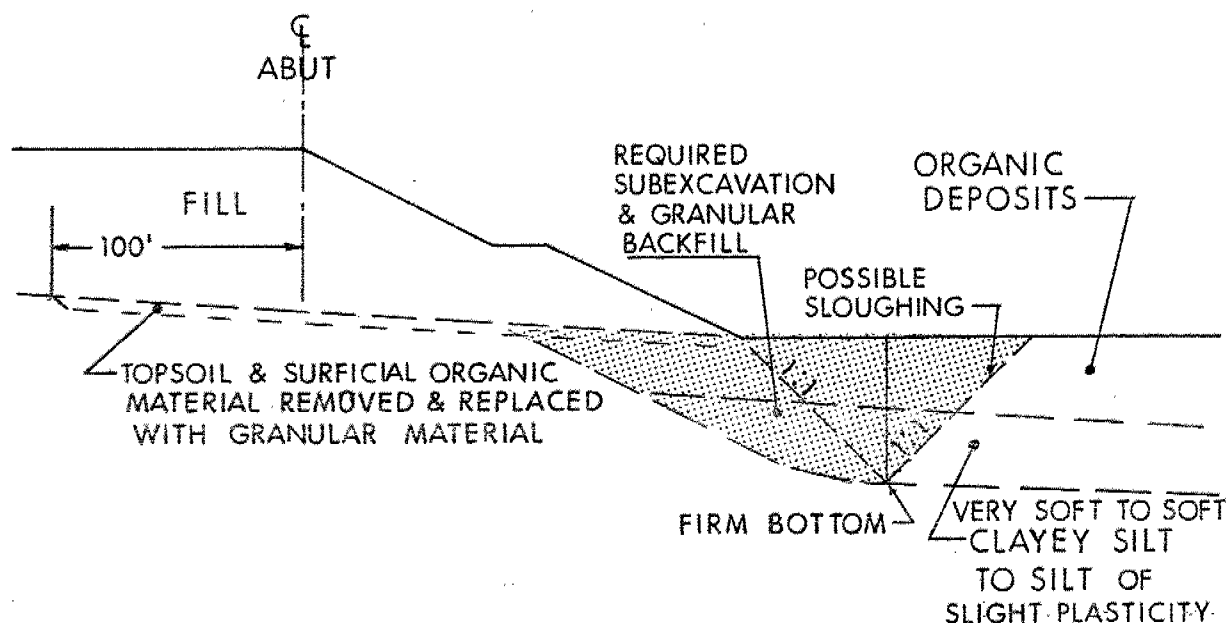
South Approach NBL	24
SBL	31

Scheme B

North Approach NBL	43
SBL	42

South Approach NBL	27
SBL	34

Subsoil conditons in the vicinity of the site are generally favourable for embankment foundations except for the area adjacent to the C.N.R. tracks roughly bounded by contour 998 and 996 to the south and north of the tracks respectively. In this area subsoil consists of up to 16 feet of very compressible and very soft to soft organic silt and/or clay overlying clayey silt to silt of slight plasticity which is very soft to firm in the upper 9 feet and below that is very stiff to hard. The subsoil in this area will be detrimental to the stability and performance of high approach embankments. In view of this it is recommended that the very soft to soft organic material and very soft to soft clayey silt to silt of slight plasticity be removed entirely below the embankment to a plan limit as defined by the projection of a 1:1 slope from the toe of the slope to the firm bottom (See Sketch on Following Page). The excavation can be carried out underwater by using vertical side slopes but it is anticipated that sloughing will cause the underwater slope to stabilize at a temporary slope of 1:1. Furthermore, the subexcavation should be completed across the site prior to placing fill the approach fills. The stability of the C.N.R. tracks adjacent to the subexcavation will be discussed later in the report. Backfill placed underwater should be granular type material to prevent segregation underwater. Furthermore, all topsoil within the plan limits of the embankment shall be



completely removed to a minimum distance of 100 feet behind the abutment wall and replaced with acceptable granular material. In addition, fill material to be placed on the steep slopes at the north approach shall be keyed into the existing slope according to the M.T.C. Standard Benching of Earth Slopes (DD-414). Fill material for the remainder of the approaches should be of acceptable earth material placed and compacted according to current M.T.C. standards.

Stability analysis in terms of total stress have been carried out to determine the stability of fills immediately after construction and also the stability of the C.N.R. tracks during subexcavation of the very soft to soft material. In this method of analysis, stability is governed by undrained shear strength properties of foundation and fill materials. The following data and values were used in carrying out the stability analysis.

<u>Fill Material</u>	<u>PCF</u>	<u>φ</u>	<u>Su (PSF)</u>
(Tension Cracks (1/4 Fill Height) Granular Type Material)	130	30	0

Subsoil Conditions (Adjacent to C.N.R. tracks bounded by contour 998 and 996 to south and north of tracks respectively)
(Water elevation 998 feet)

<u>Elevation (Feet)</u>	<u>(PCF)</u>	<u>(PCF)</u>	<u>φ</u>	<u>Su (PSF)</u>
996-976	110	38	0	150
976-970	110	48	0	400
970-960	110	48	0	1400
960 and below	110	48	0	2000

Subsoil Conditions (Outside limits as described above)
(Water elevation 998 feet)

<u>Elevation (Feet)</u>	<u>(PCF)</u>	<u>(PCF)</u>	<u>φ</u>	<u>Su (PSF)</u>
998-988	130	68	30	0
988 and below	110	48	0	2000

Railway Car Loading Cooper E-70
1000 lbs/sq. ft. Evenly distributed
over an area 5 feet (longitudinal) by
14 feet (wide)

Furthermore, it was assumed that the organic material and very soft to soft clayey silt to silt of slight plasticity is removed and backfilled with granular type material according to the aforementioned recommendations.

The following are our recommendations based on the total stress analysis:

A) Stability of C.N.R. Tracks Adjacent to Subexcavations

The existing C.N.R. tracks will be stable if the subexcavation is carried out underwater in strips at right angles to the C.N.R. tracks and not wider than 20 feet provided the bottom of the subexcavation should be kept to a minimum of 90 feet from the centre of the railway track. (Refer Figure 7) However, if subexcavation is required very close to the C.N.R. tracks it may be necessary to incorporate sheet piling

and tie backs for the purposes of track protection. Our office will provide the necessary recommendations for sheet piling and tie backs if it is necessary to proceed with this option.

B) Stability of Approach Embankments, Where Toe of Slope is Outside the Limits of Deep Organic Deposit

- 1) Embankment fill heights up to 30 feet high will be stable with side and forward slopes of 2 horizontal to 1 vertical provided the toe of the slope is not closer than 15 feet from the deep very soft organic deposits (Refer Section A-A, Drawing 1607433-D).
- 2) Embankment fill heights up to 44 feet high will be stable with a 10 foot mid-height counterbalancing berm and slopes 2 horizontal to 1 vertical provided the toe of the slope is not closer than 20 feet from the deep very soft organic deposits (Refer Section B-B, Drawing 1607433-D).

C) Stability of Approach Embankments Where Toe of the Slope is Within the Limits of the Deep Organic Deposits and Subexcavation and Backfilling is Carried Out as Mentioned Earlier

- 1) Embankment fill heights up to 44 feet high will be stable with a 10 foot wide mid-height counterbalancing berm and slopes of 2 horizontal to 1 vertical provided the toe of the slope does not encroach more than 50 feet into the swamp area (Refer Section F-F, Drawing 1607433-D).

These recommendations are shown for Scheme 'A' and Scheme 'B' on the plans on Drawing No. 1707433-C. In addition, the results of total stress analysis of the most critical slopes for Schemes 'A' and 'B' are shown on Drawing No. 1607433-D, Section C-C, Section D-D and Section E-E.

The subexcavation and berm requirements for slope stability are dependent on the embankments underlying foundation subsoil which is in turn affected by the location and position of the abutments. The aspect is shown graphically on Drawing No. 1607433-E where the berm, subexcavation and track protection requirements are qualitatively described in relation to the abutment's location.

Structure Foundations

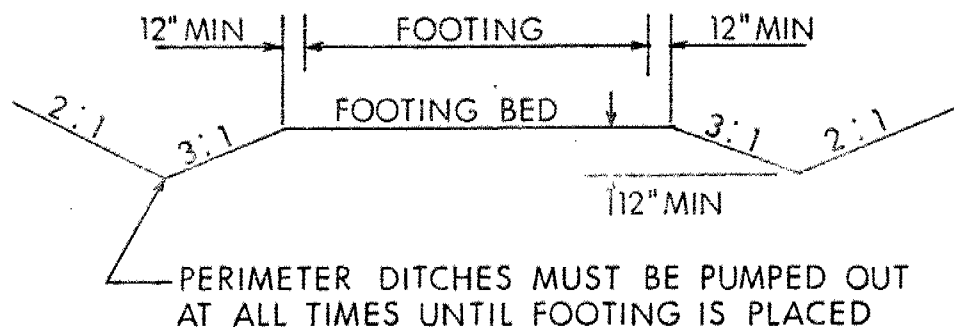
The structure piers and abutments can be supported on end bearing piles driven into the hard glacial deposit. For preliminary design purposes it can be assumed that steel 'H' piles

(12BP74) will attain the required load at approximate tip elevation as follows:

	<u>Approximate Abutment/ Pier Location (Sta.)</u>	<u>Approximate Tip Elevation (Feet)</u>
Southbound Lanes	820+60	925
	819+90	925
	819+00	930
	818+10	925
	817+00	905
	815+90	920
	815+00	915
	814+10	925
Northbound Lanes	822+10	920
	821+50	920
	820+60	925
	819+60	920
	818+60	915
	817+40	910
	816+50	910
	815+60	915
	814+90	915

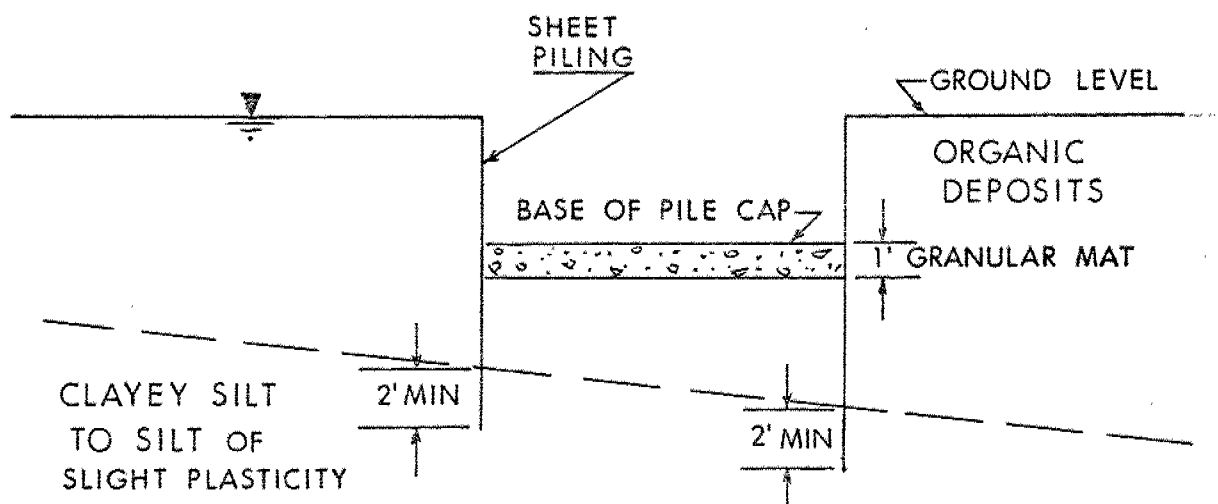
However, driving of the piles during construction should be controlled as per M.T.C. current standards using the Hiley Formula. For design purposes a safe load of 130 tons per pile may be used for 12BP74 steel 'H' piles. These loads are based on our recent experience from a pile load test project on Hwy. 404 at 16th Avenue.

Due to the pervious nature of the surficial sand and silt deposits a temporary dewatering scheme will be required to construct the pile cap in the dry if the base of the pile cap is at or below the prevailing groundwater level. Such a dewatering scheme can be carried out by construction of oversize excavations and pumping from sumps (See Sketch below).



OVERSIZE EXCAVATION WITH PERIMETER DRAINS

For the construction of pier caps located within the boundaries of the deep very soft organic deposits a dewatering scheme will be necessary to construct the pile cap in the dry if the base of the pier cap is located below the prevailing groundwater level. This could be accomplished by driving steel sheet piling to a minimum distance of at least 2 feet into the cohesive subsoil. (see sketch below) Furthermore, to prevent segregation of the concrete and settlement of the pile cap during curing, it will be necessary to provide a 6 inch thick mass concrete pad or a 1 foot thick granular 'A' mat on the organic material prior to placing the pile cap.



Other Considerations

For estimating the earth pressure on the abutments a coefficient of active earth pressure of $K_a=0.33$ may be used if some movement at the top of the wall is permitted, whereas if no movement at the top of the wall is anticipated, a coefficient of earth pressure at rest $K_o=0.5$ may be used for design purposes.

Furthermore, to prevent the buildup of hydrostatic pressures behind the abutment wall, free draining granular material should be used for backfill behind the wall as per current M.T.C. standards.

MISCELLANEOUS

The original fieldwork for the investigation was carried out under the supervision of Mr. M. MacLean, Project Engineer, using equipment rented from Master Soil Investigation Limited, Toronto. The fieldwork for the revised schemes was carried out under the supervision of Mr. D. Crawford, Student Technician, using equipment rented from Atcost Soil Drilling Inc., Toronto.

This report was written by Mr. M. MacLean and reviewed by Mr. M. Devata, Supervising Engineer.



M. MacLean, P. Eng.
Project Engineer



M. Devata, P. Eng.
Supervising Engineer

August, 1978

APPENDIX



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 1

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,958,028, E 1,027,374 ORIGINATED BY M.M.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers and Cone Test COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE March 9, 1978 CHECKED BY *el.j.*

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20 40 60 80 100									
								SHEAR STRENGTH					20 40 60				
							○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE										
							400 800 1200 1600 2000										
996.2	Ground Surface																
0.0	Organic Silt, Some Sand Loose																
990.2			1	TW	PM												
6.0			2	SS	4		990									9 27 48 16	
	Sand		3	SS	5												
			4	SS	8		980									2 36 44 18	
			5	SS	8											3 24 57 16	
	Firm to Stiff		6	SS	20		970										
	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		7	SS	27												
	Some Sand		8	SS	26		960									0 1 79 20	
	Very Stiff to Hard		9	SS	45		950										
			10	SS	37												
			11	SS	55		940									0 10 74 16	
			12	SS	47												
			13	SS	50		930									11 10 73 6	
			14	SS	56												
919.2							920										
77.0	Heterogeneous Mixture, Clayey Silt, Sand and Gravel (Glacial Till)		15	SS	60/ 4"												
	Hard		16	SS	138		910									4 37 43 16	
894.7			17	SS	150/ 2"		900										
101.5	End of Borehole																

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10

5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 2

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,085; E 1,027,412 ORIGINATED BY M.M.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers and Cone Test COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE March 9, 1978 CHECKED BY [Signature]

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ PCF	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH							WATER CONTENT (%)
								○ UNCONFINED ● QUICK TRIAXIAL	+ FIELD VANE x LAB VANE						
996.6	Ground Surface							20 40 60 80 100	20 40 60						
0.0	Organic Silt Very Soft														
991.6															
5.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity With Random Seams or Pockets of Silt and Fine Sand Stiff		1	TW	PM		990		d > 2500	0.1			135		
			2	SS	4				→ 2000	0				2 20 64 14	
			3	SS	3		980		→ 2000	0				2 26 67 5	
			4	SS	9				→ 2000	10.1				11 28 40 21	
	Some Sand Stiff		5	SS	13		970		→ 2000	10.1					
	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Very Stiff to Hard		6	SS	29										
			7	SS	27		960			1.0				0 1 74 25	
			8	SS	21										
			9	SS	35		950			0.1					
945.1			10	SS	41										
51.5	End of Borehole														

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10
5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 3

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,146 E 1,027,455 ORIGINATED BY M.M.
 DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers and Cone Test COMPILED BY M.M.
 DATUM Geodetic DATE March 7 & 8, 1978 CHECKED BY P.J.

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
998.6	Ground Surface																
0.0	Silt, Some Sand Loose to Compact					No Water Level Established											
992.6			1	SS	11												0 26 68 6
6.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Soft		2	SS	1												0 2 69 29
			3	TW	PM												
			4	TW	PH												
974.6																	
24.0	Sand, Some Silt Some Gravel Loose to Compact		5	SS	8												27 44 24 5
			6	SS	6												7 69 (24)
			7	SS	30												20 75 (5)
959.6																	
39.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Silt Very Stiff to Hard		8	SS	18												0 7 81 12
			9	SS	41												
			10	SS	18												
			11	SS	22												
			12	SS	67												
			13	SS	41												
			14	SS	60/5"												
925.6																	
73.0	Heterogeneous Mixture Clayey Silt, Sand and Gravel Hard Glacial Till		15	SS	145												
907.1																	
91.5	End of Borehole Note: Water Level Not Established		16	SS	100/3"												

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10
5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 4

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,250; E 1,027,475 ORIGINATED BY B.L.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers and Cone Test COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE March 8, 1978 CHECKED BY J.J.

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
995.3	Ground Surface																
0.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity With Random Seams of Silt and Fine Sand		1	TW	PM		990										
			2	TW	PH												
	Very Soft		3	TW	PM		980										
	Soft to Stiff		4	TW	PH												
972.3			5	SS	9		970										
23.0	Silt, Some Sand Trace Clay Loose to Compact		6	SS	11												
			7	SS	16		960										
957.3			8	SS	17												
38.0	Sand, Some Silt Some Gravel Compact		9	SS	18		950										
949.8			10	SS	50												
45.5	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Some Sand Hard		11	SS	38		940										
933.8			12	SS	70												
61.5	End of Borehole																

+3, x5 : Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10
5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 5

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,150; E 1,027,355 ORIGINATED BY O.J.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers and Cone Test COMPILED BY
DATUM Geodetic DATE March 8, 1978 CHECKED BY SPJ

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
995.2	Ground Surface																
0.0	Organic Silt, v. Soft																
988.2	Organic Clay Very Soft		1	PS	PM		990									109	
7.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity With Random Seams of Silt and Fine Sand Very Soft to Firm		2	SS	Own Weight		980										2 26 54 18
			3	SS	2												2 28 54 16
972.2			4	TW	PH											139	
23.0	Silt, Some Sand		5	SS	11		970										2 30 62 6
966.2	Compact		6	SS	0/18"												
29.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		7	SS	21		960										
	Hard		8	SS	28												0 1 79 20
			9	SS	72		950										
942.2			10	SS	31												1 8 81 10
53.0	Sand, Some Silt and Gravel		11	SS	37		940										20 49 28 3
933.7	Dense		12	SS	33												
61.5	End of Borehole																

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10

5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 6

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,216; E 1,027,395 ORIGINATED BY B.L.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE March 15, 1978 CHECKED BY 27/

[illegible]

+3, x⁵: Numbers refer to Sensitivity

15 ϕ 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 7

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,276; E 1,027,435 ORIGINATED BY O.J.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers and Cone Test COMPILED BY O.J.
DATUM Geodetic DATE March 9, 1978 CHECKED BY *[Signature]*

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT Y	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
994.6	Ground Surface																
992.6	Organic Silt, V. Soft		1	TV	PM		990	x 5 Cannot Push Vane					10			130	E = .58 P _c = 0.2 tsf
2.0			2	SS	7		980	+ 4 + 5					10				1 17 67 15
	Soft to Firm		3	SS	8		970						10				14 33 43 10
	Some Sand Stiff		4	SS	10		960						10				
	Sandy Silt Loose		5	SS	9		950						10				0 3 92 5
	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Very Stiff to Hard		6	SS	26		940						10				
			7	SS	67		930						10				
	Silt Compact		8	SS	26												
			9	SS	19												
	Hard		10	SS	34												
940.6			11	SS	67												
54.0	Sand, Some Silt and Gravel Compact to Very Dense		12	SS	83												17 46 27 10
928.1			13	SS	26												
66.5	End of Borehole																

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10
5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 8

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,148; E 1,027,313 ORIGINATED BY O.J.
 DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers and Cone Test COMPILED BY
 DATUM Geodetic DATE March 7, 1978 CHECKED BY

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
994.7	Ground Surface																
0.0	Organic Silt Very Soft to Soft																
	Organic Clay Very Soft		1	SS	PM		990										Om 17% W 148%
984.0																	
10.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		2	SS	0/18"		980										
	Very Soft		3	SS	1/18"												
	Stiff to Hard		4	SS	10												14 23 50 13
	Some Sand		5	SS	9		970										
			6	SS	9												
			7	SS	18		960										
			8	SS	25												2 23 61 14
			9	SS	55		950										0 1 80 19
			10	SS	28												10 42 34 14
936.7	Sand, Some Silt, Compact		11	SS	55		940										
58.0	Heterogeneous Mixture, Clayey Silt Cobbles Sand and Gravel Hard (Glacial Till)		12	SS	145		930										9 50 31 10
			13	SS	100/2"												
			14	SS	100/3"		920										
			15	SS	100/4"		910										14 44 32 10
598.2			16	SS	100/3"		900										
96.5	End of Borehole																

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10

SOIL RECORD ON SOIL EXPLORATION

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 9

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,385; E 1,027,464 ORIGINATED BY O.J.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY O.J.
DATUM Geodetic DATE March 10 & 13, 1978 CHECKED BY *2/1*

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
995.4	Ground Surface																GR SA SI CL
0.0	Organic Silt Very Soft		1	TW	PM		990										W 116% Om 13%
	Organic Clay Very Soft		2	SS	1			+5									W 147% Om 10%
979.4			3	SS	2		980	+2									
16.0	Sand, Some Silt Some Gravel Compact		4	SS	14			+6									17 74 (9)
968.4			5	SS	20		970	+12									1 54 35 10
27.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Very Stiff		6	SS	19												
961.4			7	SS	20		960										50 31 17 2
34.0	Sandy Gravel		8	SS	43												
956.4	Compact		9	SS	43		950										8 17 50 25
39.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Some Sand Hard		10	SS	17												
			11	SS	55		940										11 18 61 10
935.4			12	SS	150												
60.0	Heterogeneous Mixture Clayey Silt Sand and Gravel (Glacial Till) Hard		13	SS	72		930										18 40 28 14
			14	SS	100/4"		920										13 46 30 11
903.9			15	SS	100/2"		910										
91.5	End of Borehole																

+3, x^S: Numbers refer to Sensitivity
20
15
10
5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 10

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,984,984; E 1,027,348 ORIGINATED BY B.L.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers and Cone Test COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE March 13, 1978 CHECKED BY

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT	LIQUID LIMIT	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20 40 60 80 100	100	W _p	W	W _L		
996.4	Ground Surface												PCF	GR SA SI CL
0.0	Organic Silt Very Soft to Soft		1	SS	1		990	+2					127	Om 4%
			2	PS	PH									
986.4			3	SS	1									
10.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity With Random Seams or Pockets of Silt and Fine Sand Very Soft to Soft		4	TW	PH		980	+2						
			5	SS	3									
			6	TW	PH									
			7	SS	1		970							
			8	TW	PH			+3						
			9	TW	PH			+2						
	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Some Sand		10	TW	PH		960							4 28 57 11
	Stiff Very Stiff to Hard		11	SS	17									
			12	SS	18									
			13	SS	33		950							17 16 52 15
			14	SS	29			100/10"						3 14 69 14
911.4							940							
							930							
							920							
85.0	Heterogeneous Mixture, Clayey Silt Sand and Gravel Glacial Till Hard						910							
899.9			15	SS	100/5"		900							
96.5	End of Borehole													

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 11

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coorde. N 15,984,932; E 1,027,512 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
 DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY M.M.
 DATUM Geodetic DATE May 23, 1978 CHECKED BY R.J.

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT Wp	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT Wl	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL			
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH										WATER CONTENT (%)		
								○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL × LAB VANE 400 800 1200 1600 2000												
1001.9	Ground Surface																			
0.0	Organics Sandy, Some Silt, Loose <i>Soft</i>		1	SS	2		1000													
2.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Some Sand Very Stiff		2	SS	8															
			3	SS	10															
			4	SS	16															
990.9									990									0 13 75 12		
11.0	Silt Compact to Dense		5	SS	19															
			6	SS	27													1 1 92 6		
			7	SS	25															
			8	SS	31													0 3 90 7		
			9	SS	29															
970.4																				
31.5	End of Borehole																			

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 12

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,984,855; E 1,027,403 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE May 23, 1978 CHECKED BY *al.f.*

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20 40 60 80 100									
								SHEAR STRENGTH									
								○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE									
							WATER CONTENT (%)					20 40 60					
1001.6	Ground Surface																
0.0	Organic Silt		1	SS	2		1000										
997.6	Very Soft		2	SS	16												
4.0	Sand, Some Gravel		3	SS	28												
990.6	Compact		4	SS	26						6						
11.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Some Sand		5	SS	21		990										
			6	SS	14												
	Silt Compact		7	SS	19		980										
	Very Stiff		8	SS	29						0					24 16 40 20	
			9	SS	23		970										
963.6			10	SS	22												
38.0	Silt		11	SS	15		960										
	Compact		12	SS	22						0						
950.1			13	SS	20												
51.5	End of Borehole																

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 13

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,984,745; E 1,027,280 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE May 23-24, 1978 CHECKED BY W.J.

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH										
								○ UNCONFINED	+ FIELD VANE	• QUICK TRIAXIAL	x LAB VANE	WATER CONTENT (%)						
								400 800 1200 1600 2000						20 40 60				
999.4	Ground Surface		1	SS	6													
0.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Some Sand Very Stiff		2	SS	12											1 38 43 18		
			3	SS	15								OH					
			4	SS	13		990											
			5	SS	7													
			6	SS	16													
			7	SS	15		980											
			8	SS	24								OH					
			9	SS	31		970											
966.4				10	SS	19												
33.0	With Gravel		11	SS	66		960									0 0 96 4		
	Silt Compact to Very Dense		12	SS	44													
			13	SS	46		950											
947.9																		
51.5	End of Borehole																	

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 14

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,984,940; E 1,027,378 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE May 24, 1978 CHECKED BY *[Signature]*

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT Wp	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT Wl	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH						
								○ UNCONFINED ● QUICK TRIAXIAL	+ FIELD VANE x LAB VANE					
996.4	Ground Surface													
0.0	Sand With Silt		1	SS	2									
	Loose		2	SS	11					○				2 50 40 8
			3	SS	4									
	Soft Clayey Silt		4	SS	5									
			5	SS	4			+ 2		○				1 59 39 1
			6	SS	5									
977.4														
19.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Some Sand Very Stiff		7	SS	7									
			8	SS	8									
968.4														
28.0	Silt Compact to Dense		9	TW	PH									
			10	SS	14									
			11	SS	25									
			12	SS	18					○				
			13	SS	36									
			14	SS	38									
919.4														
77.0	Heterogeneous Mixture Clayey Silt, Sand and Gravel Hard Glacial Till		15	SS	150/5"									
			16	SS	150/4"					○				18 45 26 11
904.9			17	SS	117/6"									
91.5	End of Borehole													

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 ϕ 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 15

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,984,836; E 1,027,350 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY D.C.
DATUM Geodetic DATE May 29-31, 1978 CHECKED BY W.J.

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100						WATER CONTENT (%)
								SHEAR STRENGTH										
								○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE										
996.1	Ground Surface		1	SS	12	990											GR SA SI CL	
0.0	Sand, Some Silt Loose to Compact		2	SS	11													2 55 36 7
			3	SS	7													2 74 18 6
			4	SS	10													
983.1			5	SS	29	980												
13.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Some Sand	6	SS	23														
	Uniform Fine Sand	7	SS	15														
	Very Stiff	8	SS	19													2 10 48 40	
968.1			9	SS	17	970												
28.0	Silt Compact to Dense																	
			10	SS	11													
			11	SS	46	960												
						950												
						940												
						930												
						920												
916.1						910												
80.0	Heterogeneous Mixture Clayey Silt, Sand and Gravel (Glacial Till)		12	SS	110/5"													
			13	SS	110/4"													
	Hard		14	SS	100/4"													
899.6			15	SS	120/1"	900												
96.5	End of Borehole																	



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 16

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,063; E 1,027,455 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE May 31 & June 1, 1978 CHECKED BY *al.j.*

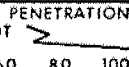
SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)				
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20 40 60 80 100							WATER CONTENT (%)			
								SHEAR STRENGTH										
							○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE 400 800 1200 1600 2000											
998.0	Ground Surface													GR SA SI CL				
0.0	Organic Silt With Sand		1	SS	3									Om 4%				
993.0	Soft		2	SS	10									2 26 57 15				
5.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity With Random Seams of Silt and Fine Sand		3	SS	9									0 18 66 16				
			4	SS	5													
			5	SS	9													
			6	SS	10													
983.0	Firm to Stiff																	
15.0	Silt, Some Sand Compact		7	SS	11									2 29 63 6				
			8	SS	11													
			9	SS	11													
963.0																		
35.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Very Stiff		10	SS	23									2 10 54 34				
921.0			12	SS	92													
77.0	Heterogeneous Mixture Clayey Silt Sand and Gravel Hard Glacial Till		13	SS	140									8 49 32 11				
			14	SS	100/6"													
			15	SS	110/5"													
			16	SS	120/5"													
901.5																		
96.5	End of Borehole																	

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,024; E 1,027,490 ORIGINATED BY DC.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers 0-55, Washboring With Casing COMPILED BY J.J.
55-80, Wash Ahead 80-95
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 1, 1978 and June 2, 1978 CHECKED BY *W.J.*

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT 					UNIT WEIGHT Y	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100		
1000.3	Ground Surface													
998.3	Organic Silt With Sand Very Soft		1	SS	5		1000							
2.6	Sand, Some Silt		2	SS	13									
	Compact		3	SS	17									
990.3			4	SS	26									
			5	SS	43									
10.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Some Sand With Pockets of Sand and Gravel up to 1 Ft. Thick Every 4 Feet		6	SS	21		990							
			7	SS	17									
			8	SS	23		980							22 15 38 25
	Very Stiff		9	SS	34									
971.9														
29.0	Silt		10	SS	14		970							
	Compact to Dense													
							960							
			11	SS	18		950							
							940							
							930							
923.3														
77.0	Heterogeneous Mixture, Clayey Silt Sand and Gravel (Glacial Till)		12	SS	100/ 1"		920							
	Hard		13	SS	93/ 6"									29 37 24 10
			14	SS	110/ 2"		910							
			15	SS	110/ 4"									
903.8														
96.5	End of Borehole													

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 ϕ 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 19

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,984,750; E 1,027,362 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers 0-60, Washboring With COMPILED BY J.J.
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 6, 1978 CHECKED BY P.J.

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION-SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
1009.4	Ground Surface																
0.0	Sand, Some Gravel		1	SS	4												
	Dense		2	SS	39												30 56 (14)
998.4			3	SS	37		1000										
11.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Some Sand		4	SS	34												1 32 51 16
987.4	Hard		5	SS	34		990										
22.0	Silt, Some Sand Compact		6	SS	PH												
981.4			7	SS	10												
28.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Some Sand Hard		8	SS	40		980										0 37 59 4
			9	TW	PM		970										
							960										
							950										
							940										
932.4																	
77.0	Heterogeneous Mixture, Clayey Silt, Sand and Gravel		10	SS	149		930										
	Silt		12	SS	182												
	Hard						920										
	Glacial Till		13	SS	94/6												8 47 34 11
			14	SS	100/ 5"		910										
902.9			15	SS	100/ 4"												
106.5	End of Borehole																

+³, x⁵: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15-5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 20

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,984,878; E 1,027,458 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
 DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers 0-50, Washboring With Casing COMPILED BY J.J.
 50-80, Wash Ahead 80-91.5
 DATUM Geodetic DATE June 8, 1978 CHECKED BY *ef*

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					UNIT WEIGHT Y	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100		
1003.3	Ground Surface													
1001.3	Organic Silt		1	SS	6		1000							
2.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		2	SS	22									5 40 41 14
995.3	Some Sand, Very Stiff													
8.0	Sand, Some Silt		3	SS	20		990							
990.3	Compact													
13.0	Some Sand and Gravel		4	SS	39									
	Silt Dense		5	SS	45		980							0 1 95 4
	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		6	SS	51									
	Hard Some Sand and Gravel		7	SS	47		970							
							960							
							950							
							940							
							930							
925.3														
78.0	Heterogeneous Mixture, Clayey Silt Sand and Gravel		8	SS	147/	10"	920							
	Hard Glacial Till		9	SS	114/	6"								
911.8			10	SS	112/	6"								
91.5	End of Borehole													

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 21

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,514; E 1,027,440 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY J.J.
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 9, 1978 CHECKED BY *[Signature]*

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
1003.3	Ground Surface																GR SA SI CL
0.0	Trace Organics Sand, Some Silt Loose		1	SS	5		1000										0m 4%
996.3			2	SS	5												2 67 25 6
7.0			3	SS	27												0 19 66 15
			4	SS	18												
			5	TM	PH		990										
			6	SS	24												
			7	SS	24												
	Some Sand		8	SS	38		980										
	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		9	SS	36												
	Very Stiff to Hard						970										
			10	SS	24												
							960										
			11	SS	30												
							950										0 2 80 18
							940										
928.3							930										
75.0	Heterogeneous Mixture, Clayey Silt Sand and Gravel Hard		12	SS	126/ 6"												7 43 38 12
			13	SS	100/ 5"		920										
916.8			14	SS	100/ 4"												
86.5	End of Borehole																



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 22

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,386; E 1,027,415 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers (0-65 ft.) and Washboring COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 12-14, 1978 (65 ft.) CHECKED BY *al.j.*

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH						
								20 40 60 80 100						
996.0	Ground Surface													
994.0	Organic Silt Soft		1	SS	5									
2.0	Sand, Some Silt Some Gravel Loose to Compact		2	SS	15								8 78 (14)	
			3	SS	6									
			4	SS	17									
			5	SS	17									
			6	SS	9									
979.0														
17.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Very Stiff		7	SS	11								2 12 72 14	
			8	SS	10									
			9	SS	15									
			10	SS	24									
			11	SS	113									
943.0														
53.0	Heterogeneous Mixture, Clayey Silt Sand and Gravel Glacial Till Hard Cobbles		12	SS	88								*	
			13	SS	120/	5"								
			14	SS	100/	3 1/2"								
			15	SS	100/	6"								
			16	SS	114/	6"								
919.5														
76.5	End of Borehole													



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 23

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,302; E 1,027,300 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 14-15, 1978 CHECKED BY R.J.

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
996.2	Ground Surface																GR SA SI CL
994.2	Organic Silt		1	SS	6												0m 2%
2.0	Sand, Some Silt		2	SS	16												
990.2	Compact		3	SS	20		990										
6.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Very Stiff to Hard		4	SS	24												2 21 41 36
			5	SS	27		980										
			6	SS	31												
			7	SS	28		970										0 2 77 21
			8	SS	37												
			9	SS	22		960										
			10	SS	71												
			11	SS	104		950										
948.2																	
48.0	Silt Very Dense		12	SS	100/ 5"		940										10 43 32 15
941.2	Heterogeneous Mixture of Clayey Silt, Sand and Gravel Cobbles Hard Glacial Till																
55.0			13	SS	106/ 6"		930										
			14	SS	100/ 5"												
924.7																	
71.5	End of Borehole																



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 24

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,255; E 1,027,336 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Auger COMPILED BY D.C.
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 15-19, 1978 CHECKED BY

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT Y	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
995.2	Ground Elevation		1	SS	3		990										GR SA SI CL
0.0	Sand, Some Gravel Trace Organics		2	SS	16												
990.2	Loose to Compact		3	SS	13												
5.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		4	SS	16												
	Stiff to Hard		5	TW	PH												
			6	SS	30												
			7	SS	20												
			8	SS	39												
			9	SS	39												
			10	SS	25												
			11	SS	145												
941.2			12	SS	100/ 4"												
54.0	Heterogeneous Mixture Clayey Silt, Sand and Gravel		13	SS	100/ 5"												
923.7			14	SS	150/ 6"												
71.5	End of Borehole																

+3, x5 : Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 25

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15.985,208; E 1,027,256 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 @ CNR BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY D.C.
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 20, 1978 CHECKED BY dlj

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)							
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20 40 60 80 100										SHEAR STRENGTH					WATER CONTENT (%)	
994.7	Ground Surface							○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE					400 800 1200 1600 2000					20 40 60						GR SA SI CL
0.0	Organic Silt		1	SS	15													Om 77% W=355%						
	Very Soft		2	SS	15		990																	
986.7	Organic Clay, White to Gray, Very Soft		3	SS	1/18	"												Om 2%						
8.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		4	SS	0	WN WT		+ 4																
	Very Soft		5	SS	2			+ 2																
			6	SS	3		980	+ 2																
975.7																								
19.0	Silt, Some Sand		7	SS	7																			
	Loose to Compact																							
			8	SS	12		970																	
965.7																								
29.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		9	SS	40																			
	Hard																							
958.2			10	SS	63		960																	
36.5	End of Borehole																	0 2 78 20						

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10
5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 26

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,178; E 1,027,280 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 @ CNR BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY D.C.
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 21, 1978 CHECKED BY D.J.

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
994.5	Ground Surface																
0.0	Organic Silt Black		1	SS	2	18"	990										1 30 63 6
	Organic Clay Very Soft		2	SS	27			+ 8									
986.5	White to Grey, Very Soft		3	TW	PH			+ 4									
8.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity Some Sand Very Soft to Firm		4	SS	0			+ 3									
			5	SS	0			+ 3									
			6	SS	3												
			7	SS	3												
970.5																	
24.0	Silt, Some Sand Loose		8	SS	6												
963.5			9	SS	67												
31.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity					960											
958.0	Hard		10	SS	50												
36.5	End of Borehole																

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10
5
0
(%) STRAIN AT FAILURE



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 27

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,485; E 1,027,495 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY D.C.
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 21, 1978 CHECKED BY *[Signature]*

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
								SHEAR STRENGTH									
995.3	Ground Elevation																
0.0	Organic Silt Some		1	SS	4												
993.3	Sand																
2.0	Silt, Some Sand		2	SS	15												
987.3	Compact		3	SS	21												
8.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		4	SS	22												
	Some Sand		5	SS	23												
	Silt, Compact		6	SS	25												
	Very Stiff to Hard		7	SS	33												
			8	SS	30												
964.8			9	SS	21												
31.5	End of Borehole																

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 28

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,298; E 1,027,392 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 & CNR BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY D.C.
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 22, 1978 CHECKED BY *D.J.*

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
995.3	Ground Surface		1	SS	13												
0.0	Sand, Some Silt		2	SS	15												
	Loose to Compact		3	SS	9												
985.3			4	SS	9												
10.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		5	SS	12												
	Some Sand		6	SS	17												
	Very Stiff to Hard		7	SS	21												
			8	SS	32												
963.8			9	SS	28												
31.5	End of Borehole																



RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 29

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,268; E 1,027,273 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 @ CNR BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY D.C.
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 22, 1978 CHECKED BY

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
994.3																	
0.0	Organic Silt Very Soft		1	SS	1		990										
	Organic Clay Very Soft		2	SS	1/15"												
985.3			3	TW	PH												
9.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		4	TW	PH												
982.0	Very Soft		5	SS	13		980										
12.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		6	SS	15												
	Very Stiff to Hard		7	SS	19		970										
966.3			8	SS	17												
28.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity																
962.8	Hard		9	SS	48												
31.5	End of Borehole																



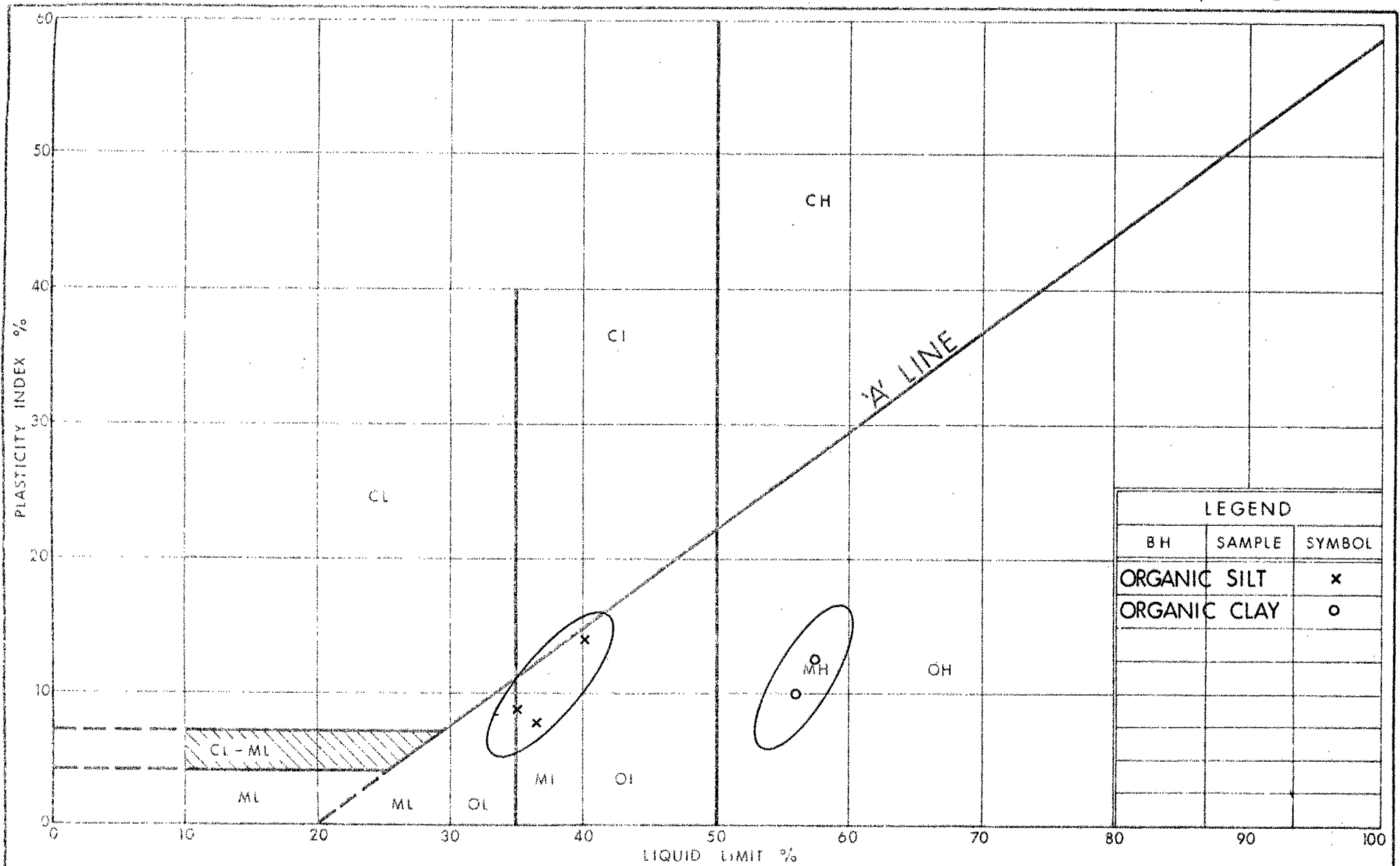
RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 30

W P 160-74-33 LOCATION Coords. N 15,985,320; E 1,027,212 ORIGINATED BY D.C.
DIST 6 HWY 404 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY M.M.
DATUM Geodetic DATE June 23, 1978 CHECKED BY d.j.

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT Σ					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	N ^o VALUES		20	40	60	80	100					
996.3	Ground Surface		1	SS	15											
0.0	Organic Silt		2	SS	14											
991.3			3	SS	13											
5.0	Silt, Some Sand Loose to Compact		4	SS	4											
985.3			5	SS	13											
11.0	Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity		6	SS	24											
	Very Stiff to Hard		7	SS	20											0 3 44 53
			8	SS	24											
			9	SS	39											
964.8																
31.5	End of Borehole															

+3, x⁵: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

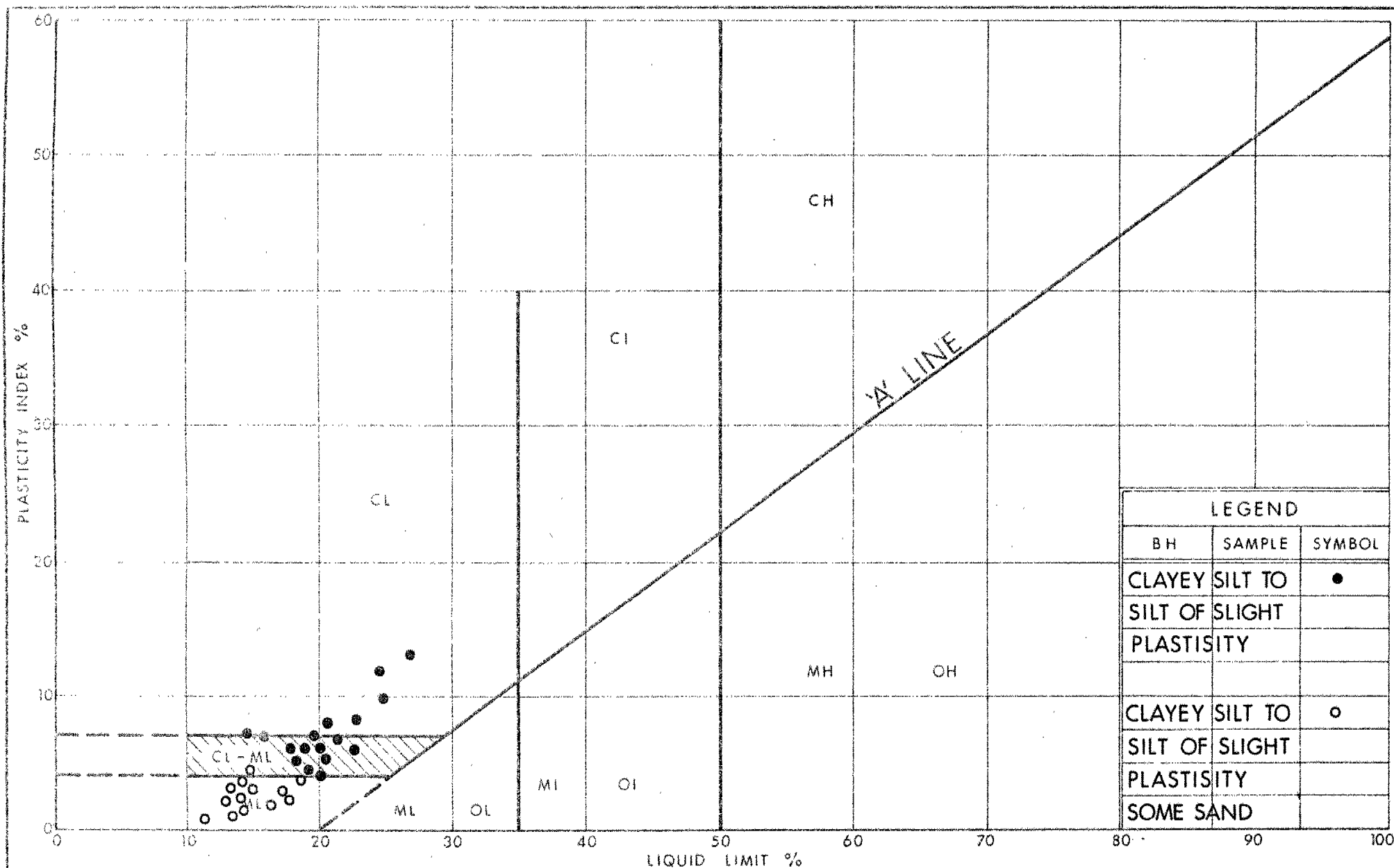
20
15 ϕ 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10

Ministry of
Transportation and
Communications

PLASTICITY CHART ORGANIC SILT & ORGANIC CLAY

FIG No 1

W P 160-74-33



LEGEND		
BH	SAMPLE	SYMBOL
CLAYEY SILT TO SILT OF SLIGHT PLASTISITY		●
CLAYEY SILT TO SILT OF SLIGHT PLASTISITY		○
SOME SAND		



Ministry of
Transportation and
Communications

PLASTICITY CHART CLAYEY SILT TO SILT OF SLIGHT PLASTICITY

FIG No 2

W P 160-74-33



GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION CLAYEY SILT TO SILT OF SLIGHT PLASTICITY

W P 160-74-33



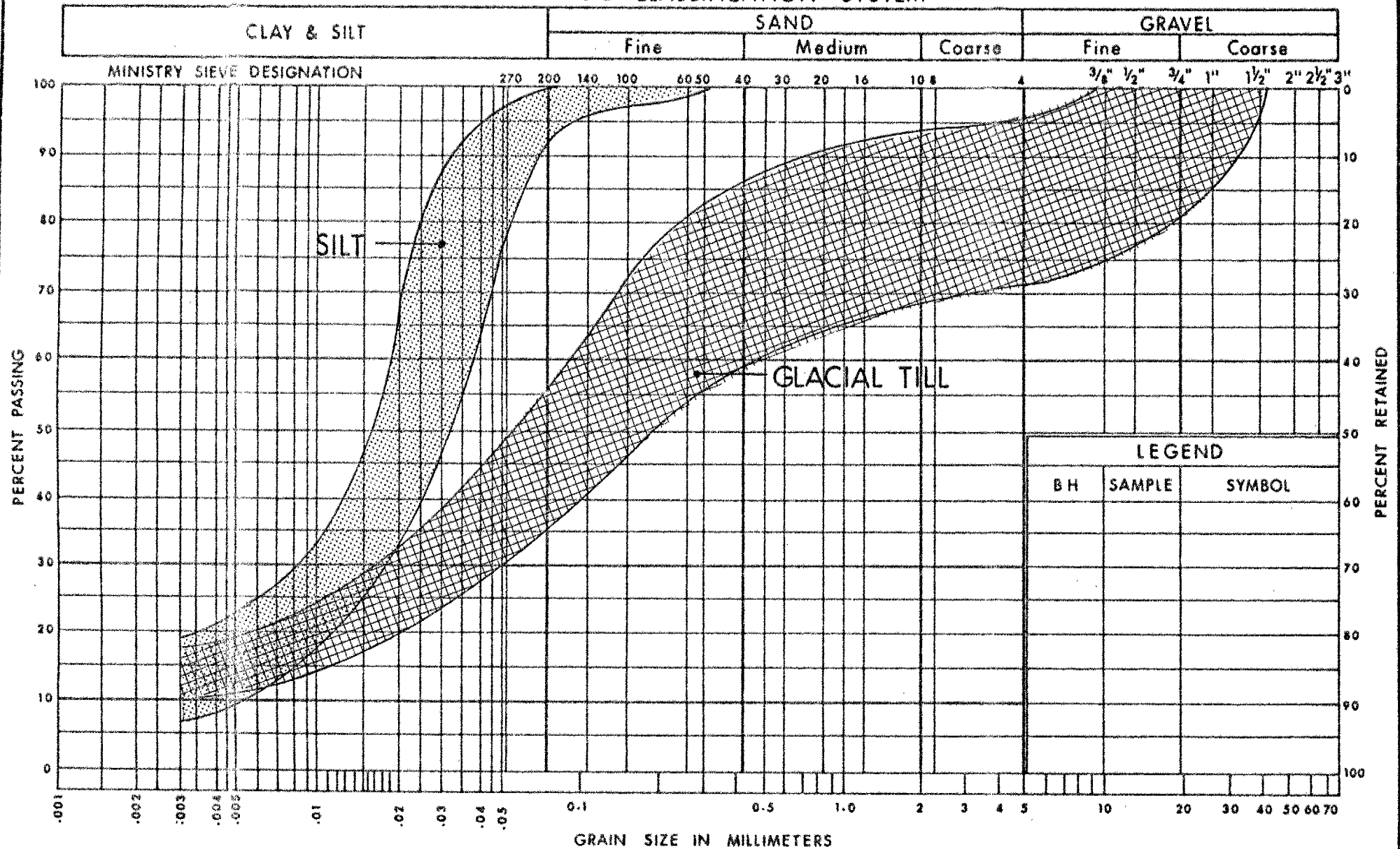
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GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIG No 4

W P 160-74-33

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM



Ontario

Ministry of
Transportation and
Communications

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIG No 5

W P 160-74-33

UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH VS DEPTH

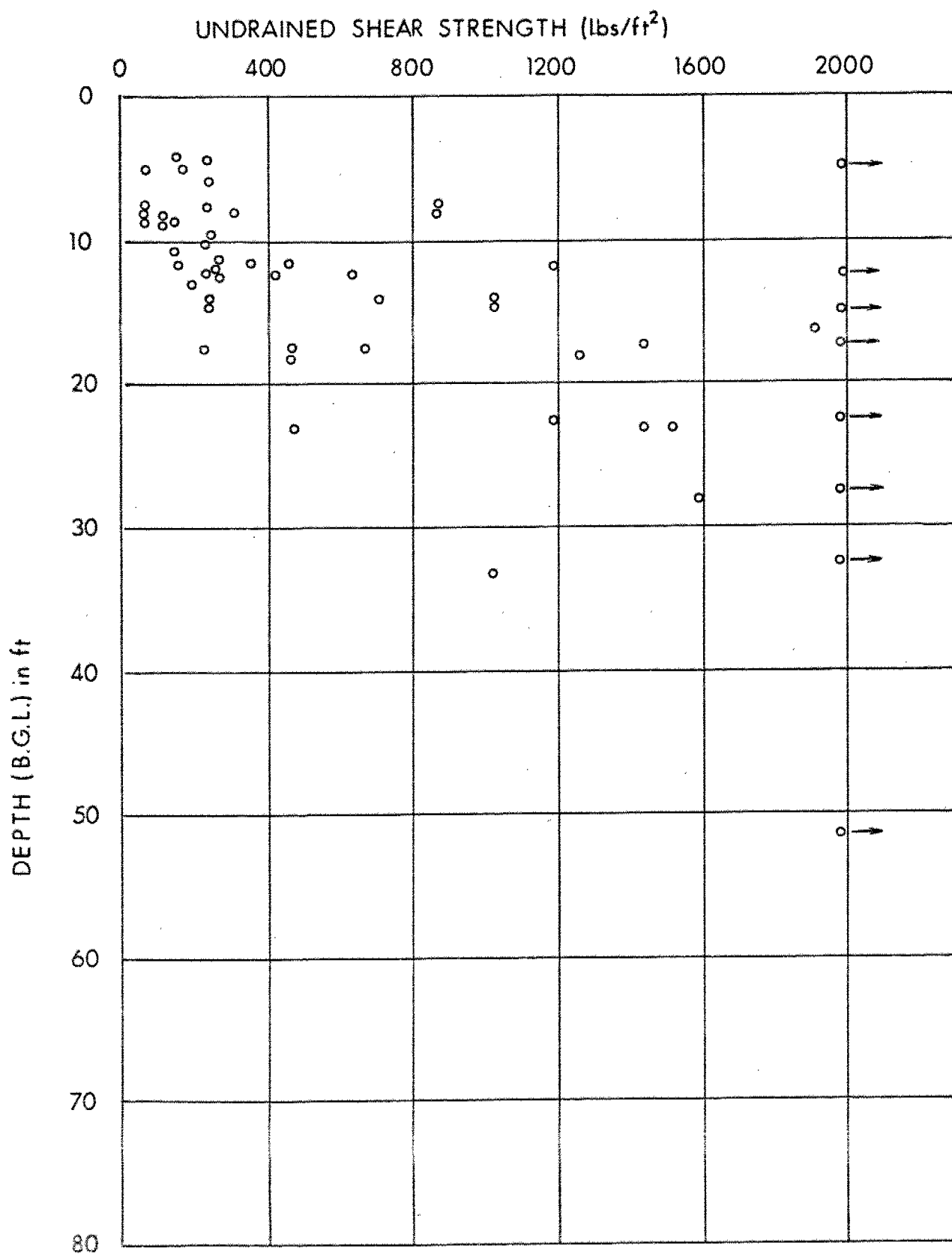
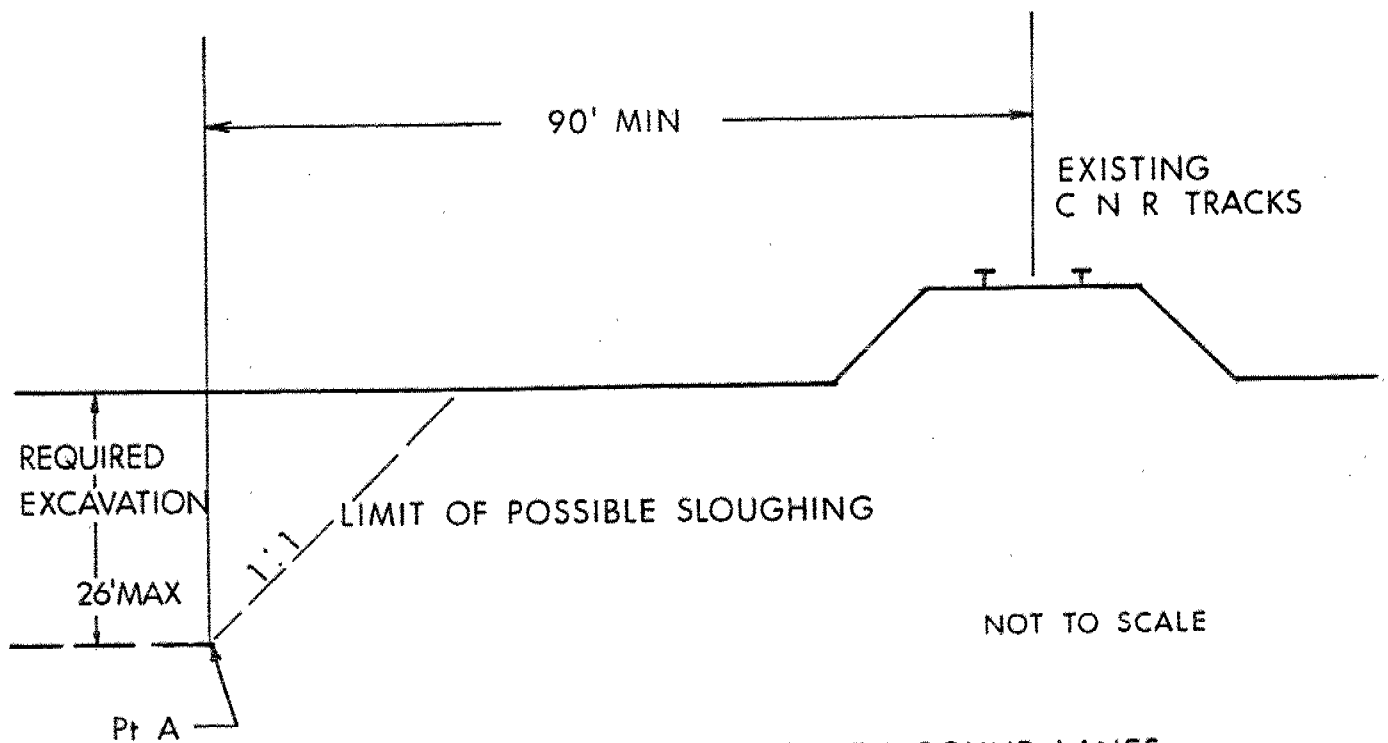


FIG 6

WP 160-74-33

REQUIRMENTS FOR C N R TRACKS SLOPE STABILITY DURING SUBEXCAVATION



- NOTE: 1 SOUTH BOUND LANES
TRACK PROTECTION IN THE
FORM OF SHEET PILING &
TIE BACKS MAY BE REQUIRED
IF THE BASE OF THE EXCAVATION
Pt A, IS CLOSER THAN 90 FEET
TO THE C N R TRACKS
- 2 NORTH BOUND LANES
THE REQUIREMENT FOR TRACK
PROTECTION WILL BE EVALUATED
BASED ON THE LOCATION OF
THE TOE OF THE SLOPE AND THE
QUANTITY AND DEPTH OF
SUBEXCAVATION

EXPLANATION OF TERMS USED IN REPORT

'N' VALUE: AN INDICATOR OF SUBSOIL QUALITY. IT IS OBTAINED FROM THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (CSA STD. A119.1). SPT 'N' VALUE IS THE NUMBER OF BLOWS REQUIRED TO CAUSE A STANDARD 2 INCH O.D. SPLIT-BARREL SAMPLER TO PENETRATE 12 INCHES INTO UNDISTURBED GROUND IN A BOREHOLE WHEN DRIVEN BY A HAMMER WEIGHING 140 POUNDS, FALLING FREELY A DISTANCE OF 30 INCHES. FOR PENETRATIONS OF LESS THAN 12 INCHES 'N' VALUES ARE INDICATED AS THE NUMBER OF BLOWS FOR THE PENETRATION ACHIEVED. 'N' VALUES CORRECTED FOR OVERBURDEN PRESSURE ARE DENOTED THUS N_c .

DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION TEST (CSA STD. A119.3): CONTINUOUS PENETRATION OF A CONICAL STEEL POINT (2" O.D. 60 CONE ANGLE) DRIVEN BY 350 FT-LB IMPACTS ON 'A' SIZE DRILL RODS. THE RESISTANCE TO CONE PENETRATION IS MEASURED AS THE NUMBER OF BLOWS FOR EACH 12 INCH ADVANCE OF THE CONICAL POINT INTO THE UNDISTURBED GROUND.

SOIL QUALITY: SOILS ARE DESCRIBED BY THEIR COMPOSITION AND CONSISTENCY OR DENSITY.

CONSISTENCY: COHESIVE SOILS ARE DESCRIBED ON THE BASIS OF THEIR UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH AS FOLLOWS:

S_u (PSF)	0 - 250	250 - 500	500 - 1000	1000 - 2000	2000 - 4000	> 4000
	VERY SOFT	SOFT	FIRM	STIFF	VERY STIFF	HARD

DENSENESS: COHESIONLESS SOILS ARE DESCRIBED ON THE BASIS OF SPT 'N' VALUES AS FOLLOWS:

'N' (BLOW/FT)	0 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 30	30 - 50	> 50
	VERY LOOSE	LOOSE	COMPACT	DENSE	VERY DENSE

ROCK QUALITY: ROCKS ARE DESCRIBED BY THEIR COMPOSITION AND STRUCTURAL FEATURES AND/OR STRENGTH.

RECOVERY: SUM OF ALL RECOVERED ROCK CORE PIECES FROM A CORING RUN EXPRESSED AS A PERCENT OF THE TOTAL LENGTH DRILLED IN THAT CORING RUN.

MODIFIED RECOVERY: SUM OF THOSE NATURALLY FRACTURED CORE PIECES, 4" IN LENGTH EXPRESSED AS A PERCENT OF THE LENGTH OF THE CORING RUN. THE ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD), FOR MODIFIED RECOVERY, IS:

RQD (%)	0 - 25	25 - 50	50 - 75	75 - 90	90 - 100
	VERY POOR	POOR	FAIR	GOOD	EXCELLENT

JOINTING AND BEDDING:

SPACING	2"	2" - 12"	1' - 3'	3' - 10'	> 10'
JOINTING	VERY CLOSE	CLOSE	MOD. CLOSE	WIDE	VERY WIDE
BEDDING	VERY THIN	THIN	MEDIUM	THICK	VERY THICK

ABBREVIATIONS & SYMBOLS

LABORATORY TESTING

TRIAxIAL TESTS ARE DESCRIBED IN TERMS OF WHETHER THEY ARE CONSOLIDATED (C) OR NOT (U) ISOTROPICALLY (I) OR NOT (A) AND SHEARED DRAINED (D) OR UNDRAINED (U) WITH PORE PRESSURE MEASUREMENTS (BAR OVER SYMBOLS) EG. $\bar{C}IU$ = CONSOLIDATED ISOTROPIC UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL WITH PORE PRESSURE MEASUREMENT UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN REPORT ALL TESTS ARE IN COMPRESSION

FIELD SAMPLING

S S SPLIT SPOON
W S WASH SAMPLE
S T SLOTTED TUBE SAMPLE
B S BLOCK SAMPLE
C S CHUNK SAMPLE
T W THINWALL OPEN
T P THINWALL PISTON
O S OSTERBERG SAMPLE
F S POIL SAMPLE
R C ROCK CORE
P H T.W. ADVANCED HYDRAULICALLY
P M T.W. ADVANCED MANUALLY

EARTH PRESSURE TERMS

μ COEFFICIENT OF FRICTION
 δ ANGLE OF WALL FRICTION
 k_o COEFFICIENT OF EARTH PRESSURE AT REST
 k_A COEFFICIENT OF ACTIVE EARTH PRESSURE
 k_P COEFFICIENT OF PASSIVE EARTH PRESSURE
 i ANGLE OF INCLINATION OF SURCHARGE
 w SLOPE ANGLE-BACKFACE OF WALL
 β ANGLE OF SLOPE
 N_q, N_c, N_{γ} BEARING CAPACITY FACTORS
 D_f DEPTH OF FOOTING
 B, L FOOTING DIMENSIONS

INDEX PROPERTIES

γ UNIT WEIGHT OF SOIL (BULK DENSITY)
 γ_w UNIT WEIGHT OF WATER
 γ_d UNIT DRY WEIGHT OF SOIL (DRY DENSITY)
 γ' UNIT WEIGHT OF SUBMERGED SOIL
 G_s SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF SOLIDS
 e VOIDS RATIO
 e_o INITIAL VOIDS RATIO
 e_{max} e IN LOOSEST STATE
 e_{min} e IN DENSEST STATE
 D_r RELATIVE DENSITY = $\frac{e_{max} - e}{e_{max} - e_{min}}$
 n POROSITY
 w WATER CONTENT
 w_L LIQUID LIMIT
 w_P PLASTIC LIMIT
 w_S SHRINKAGE LIMIT
 I_P PLASTICITY INDEX = $w_L - w_P$
 I_L LIQUIDITY INDEX = $\frac{w - w_P}{I_P}$
 I_C CONSISTENCY INDEX = $\frac{w_L - w}{I_P}$
 A_c ACTIVITY = $\frac{I_P \text{ of soil}}{w_L - w_{2\mu m \text{ Soil Fraction}}}$
 Om ORGANIC MATTER CONTENT
 S_r DEGREE OF SATURATION
 S SENSITIVITY = $\frac{S_u(\text{undisturbed})}{S_u(\text{remoulded})}$

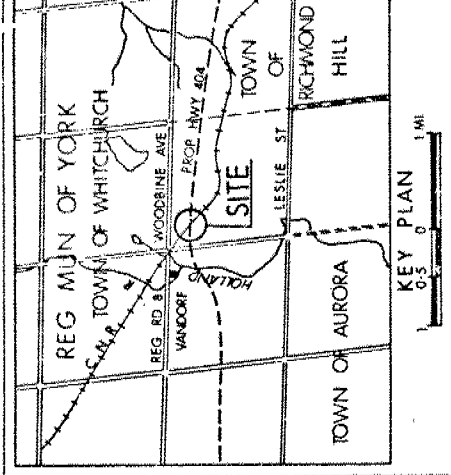
STRENGTH PARAMETERS

ϕ ANGLE OF SHEARING RESISTANCE
 τ_f PEAK SHEAR STRENGTH
 τ_R RESIDUAL SHEAR STRENGTH
 c COHESION INTERCEPT
 $\sigma_1, \sigma_2, \sigma_3$ NORMAL PRINCIPAL STRESSES
 u PORE WATER PRESSURE
 u_e EXCESS u
 r_u PORE PRESSURE RATIO
 q_u UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH
 s_u UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH
 ϵ LINEAR STRAIN
 γ SHEAR STRAIN
 ν POISSON'S RATIO
 E MODULUS OF ELASTICITY
 G MODULUS OF SHEAR DEFORMATION
 k_s MODULUS OF SUBGRADE REACTION
 m, n STABILITY COEFFICIENTS
 A, B PORE PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS

HYDRAULIC TERMS

h HYDRAULIC HEAD OR POTENTIAL
 q RATE OF DISCHARGE
 v VELOCITY OF FLOW
 i HYDRAULIC GRADIENT
 j SEEPAGE FORCE PER UNIT VOLUME
 η COEFFICIENT OF VISCOSITY
 k COEFFICIENT OF HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY
 k_h k IN HORIZONTAL DIRECTION
 k_v k IN VERTICAL DIRECTION
 m_v COEFFICIENT OF VOLUME CHANGE
 c_v COEFFICIENT OF CONSOLIDATION
 C_c COMPRESSION INDEX
 C_r RECOMPRESSION INDEX
 d DRAINAGE PATH DISTANCE
 T_v TIME FACTOR
 U DEGREE OF CONSOLIDATION
 O_r OVERCONSOLIDATION RATIO (OCR)

NOTE: EFFECTIVE STRESS PARAMETERS ARE DENOTED BY USE OF APOSTROPHE ABOVE THE SYMBOL, THUS:
 ϕ' = EFFECTIVE ANGLE OF SHEARING RESISTANCE;
 σ' = EFFECTIVE NORMAL STRESS



LEGEND

- Bore Hole
- Dynamic Cone Penetration Test (Cone)
- Bore Hole & Cone
- Blows/ft (Std Pen Test 350 ft lbs energy)
- CONE Blows/ft (60° Cone, 350 ft lbs energy)

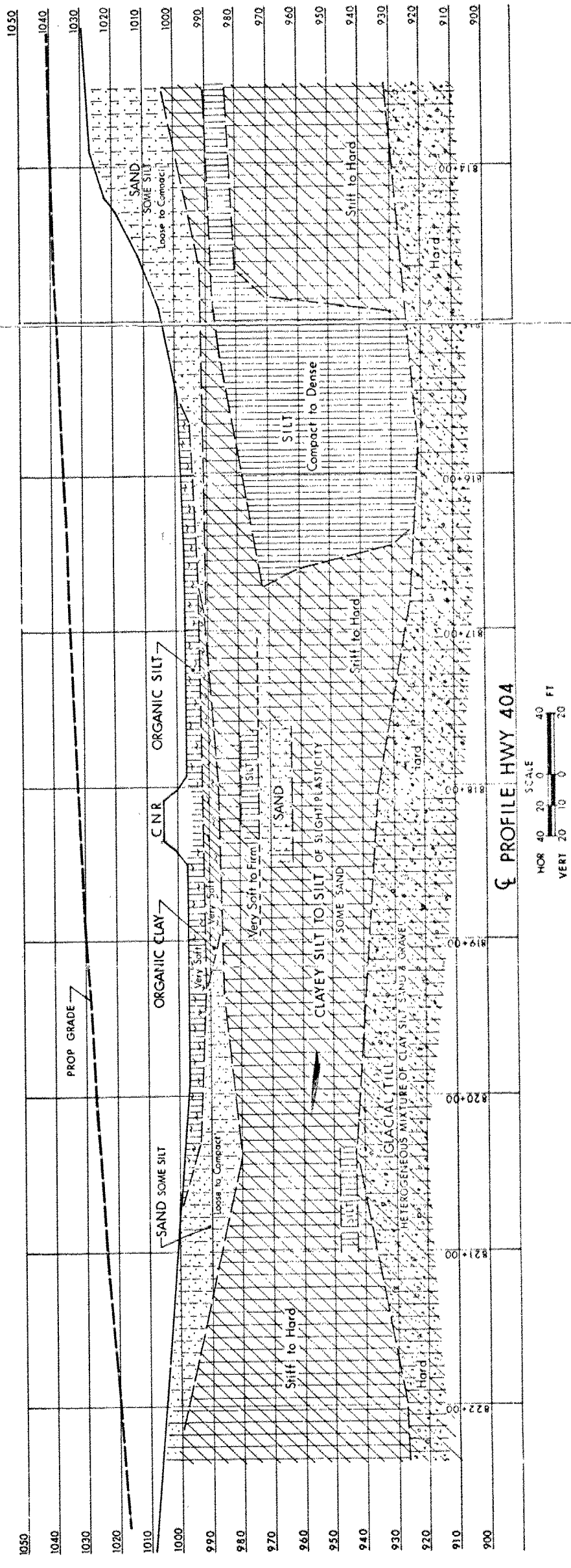
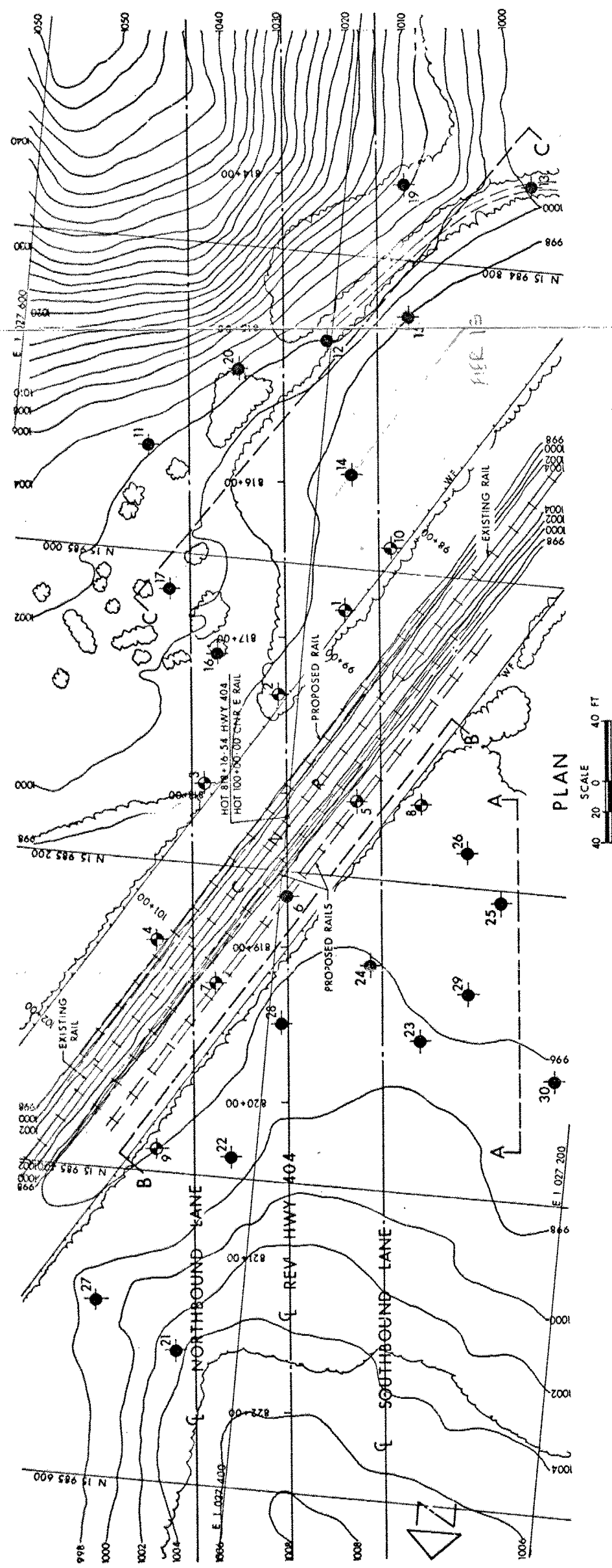
W.L. at time of investigation
MAR, MAY & JUNE 1978

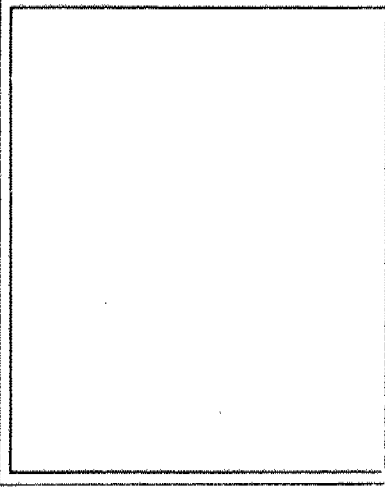
NO	ELEVATION	CO-ORDINATES
1	996.2	15 958 028 1 027 374
2	996.6	15 985 035 1 027 412
3	998.6	15 985 146 1 027 455
4	995.3	15 985 250 1 027 475
5	995.2	15 985 150 1 027 355
6	994.8	15 985 216 1 027 395
7	994.6	15 985 278 1 027 435
8	994.7	15 985 148 1 027 313
9	995.4	15 985 084 1 027 304
10	1001.9	15 984 932 1 027 512
11	1003.6	15 984 855 1 027 403
12	999.4	15 984 745 1 027 280
13	996.4	15 984 910 1 027 378
14	996.1	15 984 836 1 027 350
15	998.0	15 985 063 1 027 455
16	1000.3	15 985 024 1 027 490
17	1009.4	15 984 750 1 027 362
18	1003.3	15 984 878 1 027 458
19	1003.3	15 985 514 1 027 440
20	1003.3	15 985 386 1 027 415
21	996.0	15 985 302 1 027 300
22	995.2	15 985 255 1 027 336
23	994.7	15 985 238 1 027 286
24	994.5	15 985 158 1 027 289
25	995.3	15 985 238 1 027 289
26	994.3	15 985 268 1 027 373
27	994.3	15 985 320 1 027 212
28	996.3	15 985 320 1 027 212

-NOTE-

The boundaries between soil strata have been established only at Bore Hole locations. Between Bore Holes the boundaries are assumed from geological evidence.

REVISIONS	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

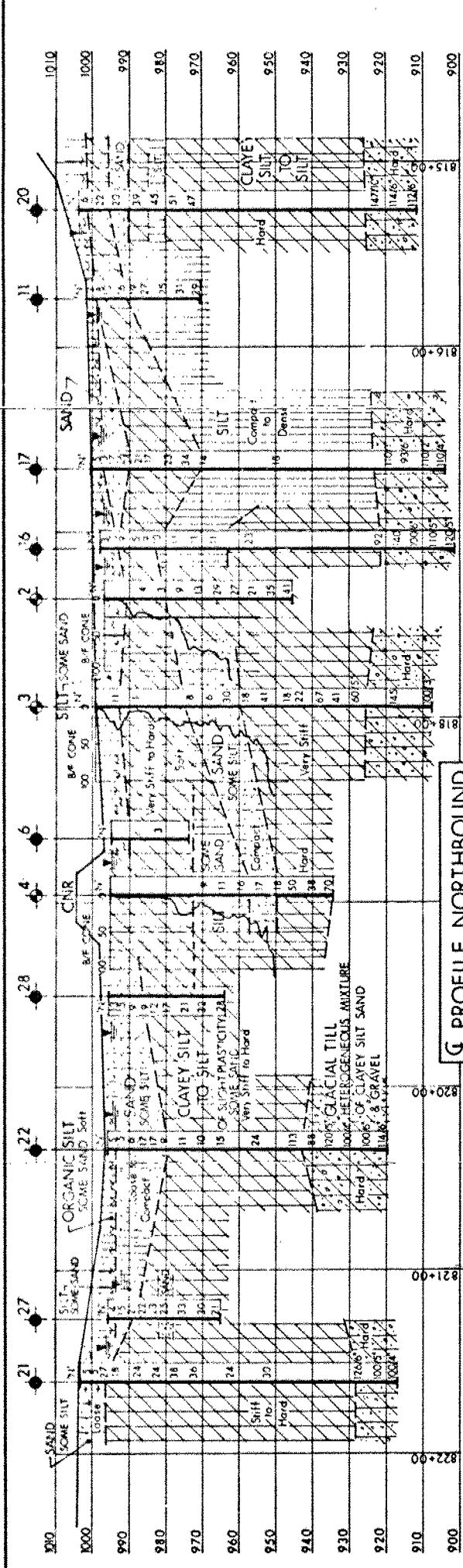




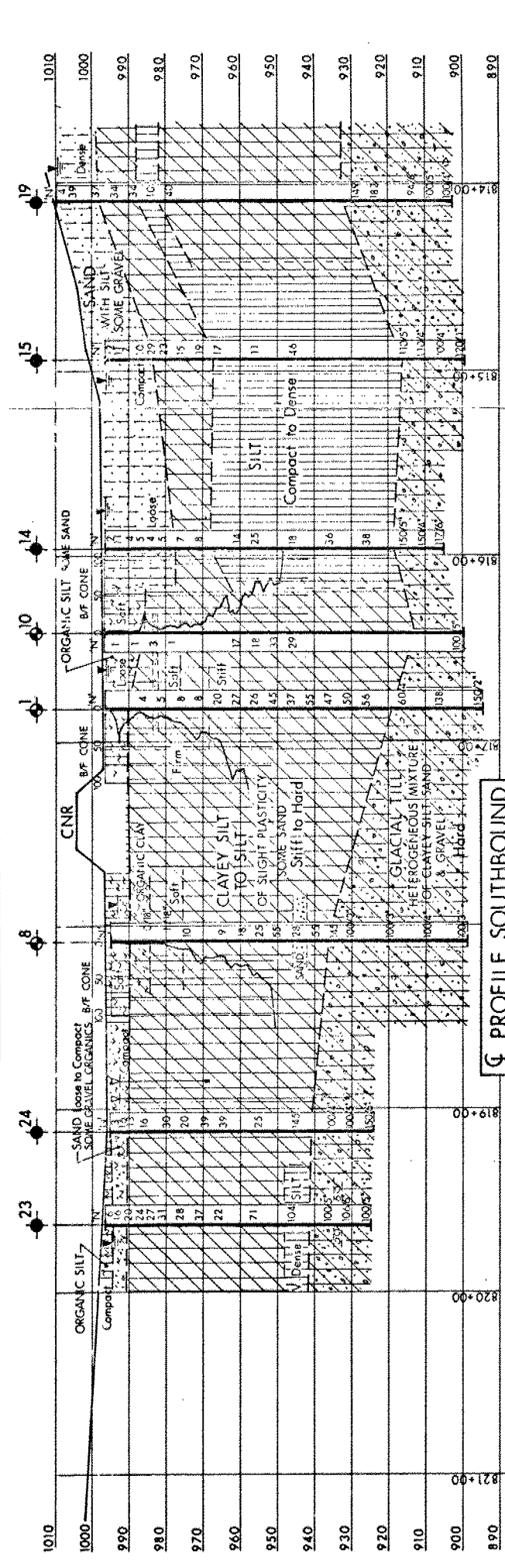
- LEGEND
- Bore Hole
 - Dynamic Cone Penetration Test (Cone)
 - Bore Hole & Cone
 - Blows/ft (Std Pen Test 350 ft lbs energy)
 - CONE Blows/ft (60° Cone, 350 ft lbs energy)
 - WT at time of investigation
 - NO WL established BH No 3 & 6
 - PIEZOMETER

-NOTE-
The boundaries between soil strata have been established only at Bore Hole locations. Between Bore Holes the boundaries are assumed from geological evidence.

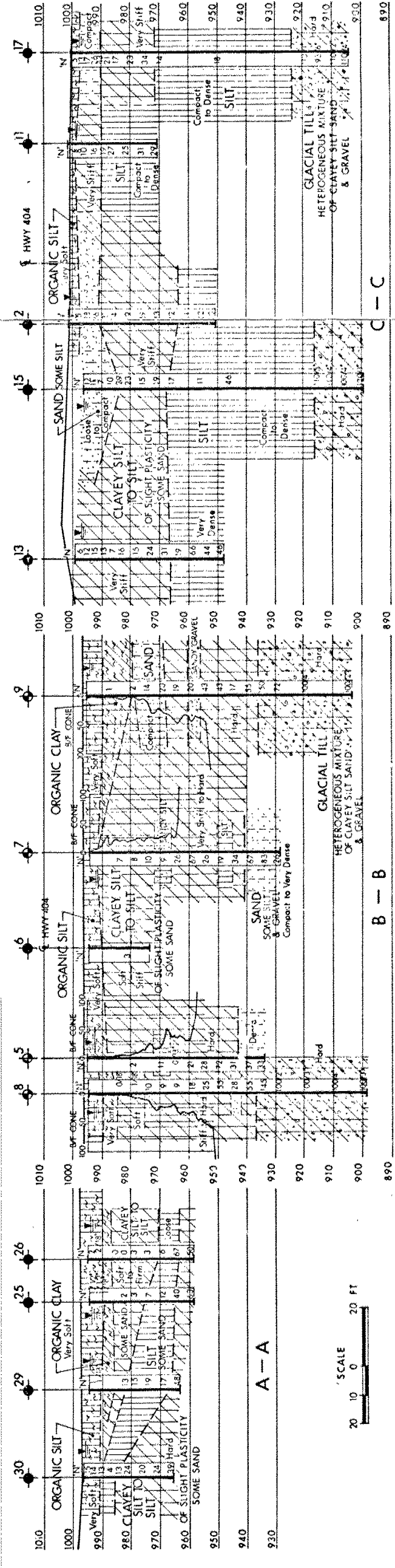
NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION



PROFILE NORTHBOUND



PROFILE SOUTHBOUND



SECTION C - C

SECTIONS



TEHS

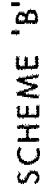
NO SUBEXCAVATION IS
REQUIRED ON SECTIONS
A₁-A₁, B₁-B₁, & E₁-E₁

ON
W
O
W

100

The boundaries between soil strata have been established only at Bore Hole locations. Between Bore Holes the boundaries are assumed from geological evidence.

CLASS No	404	DIST	6
SUBNO	M	CHECKED BY	DATE 78 09 18
SERIAL NO	1	CHECKED	APPROVED
			(EWG) 1607413-



Does not Exist

WP No 160-74-33
HWY 404 & C N R

TOTAL STRESS ANALYSIS

ASSUMED SUBSOIL STRATIGRAPHY
CRITICAL CIRCLE & FACTOR OF
SAFETY

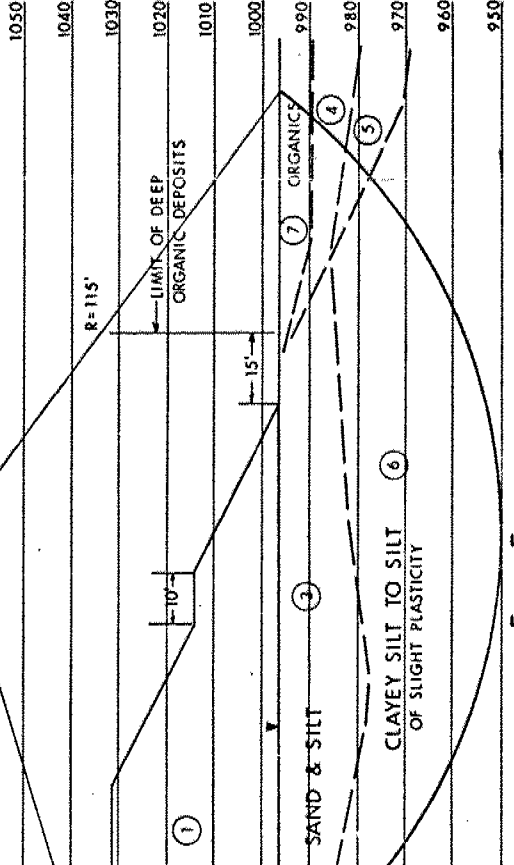
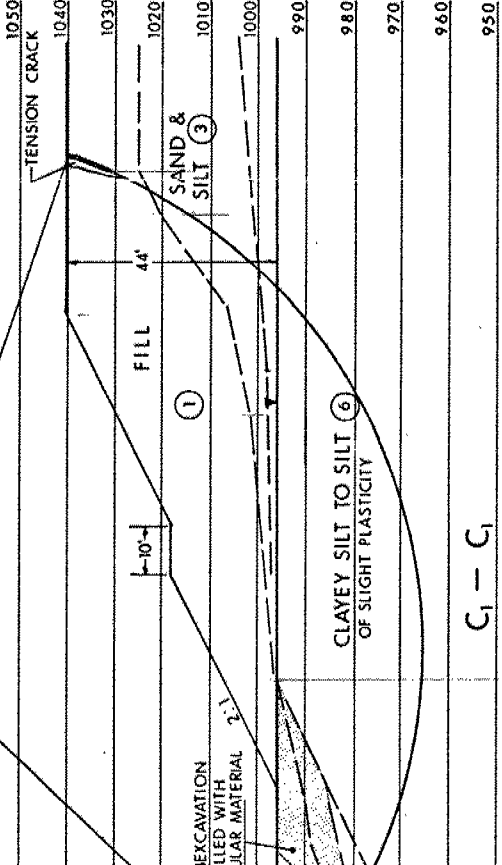
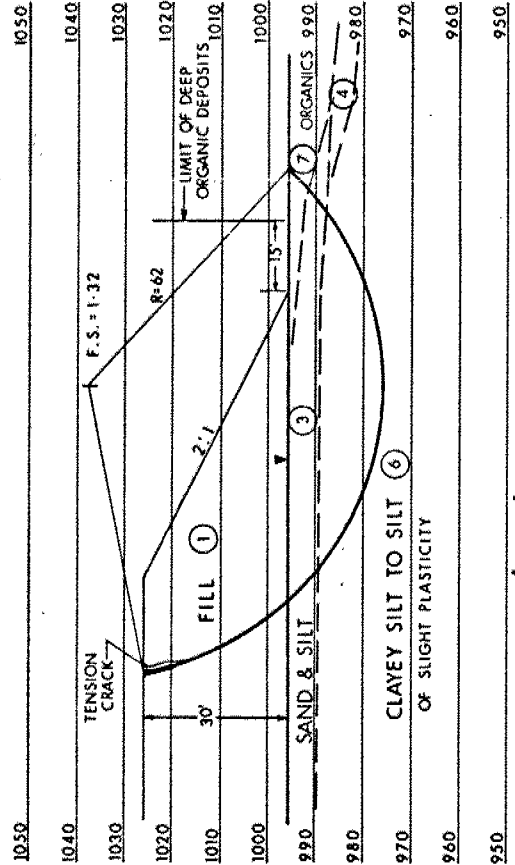
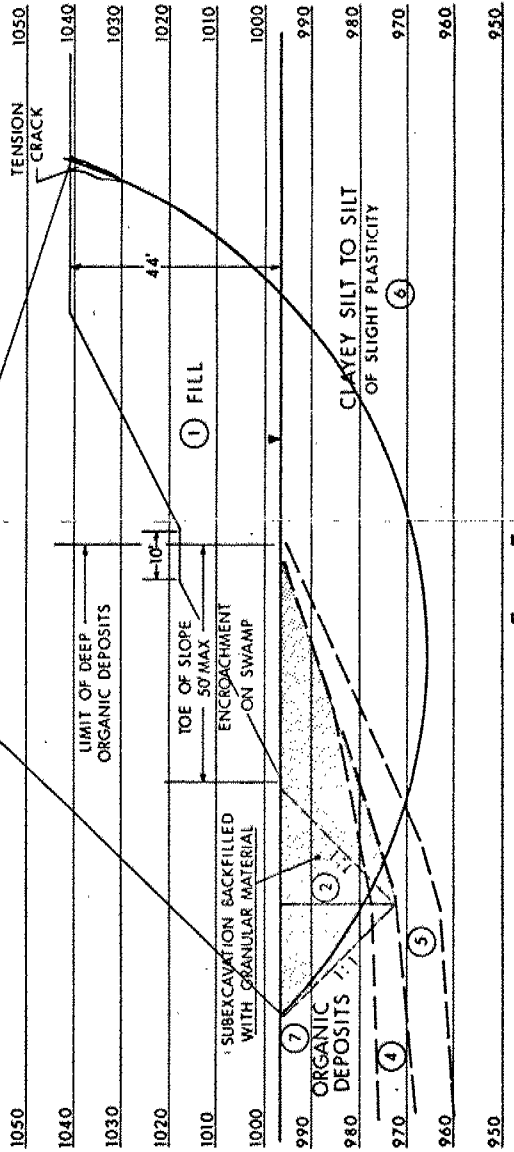
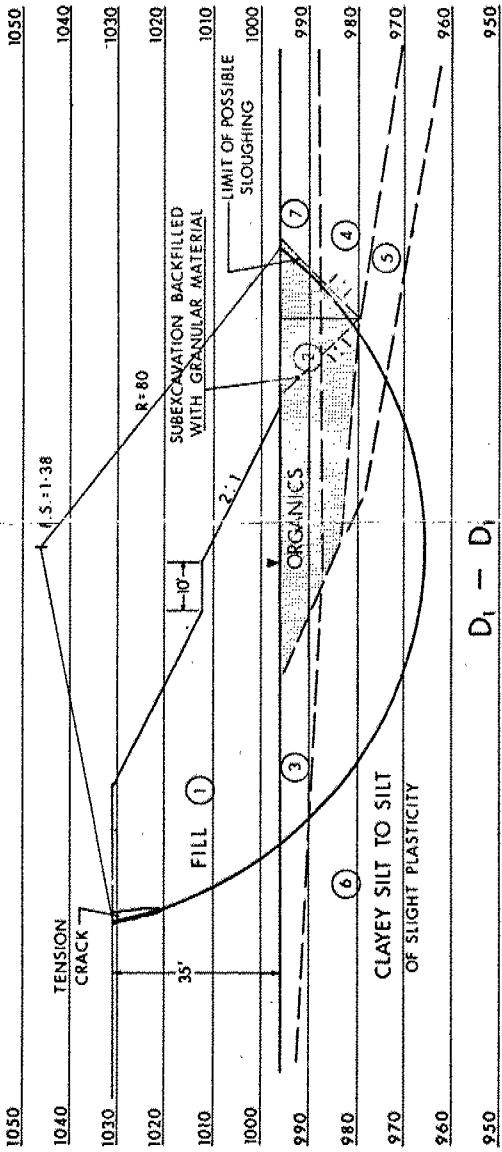
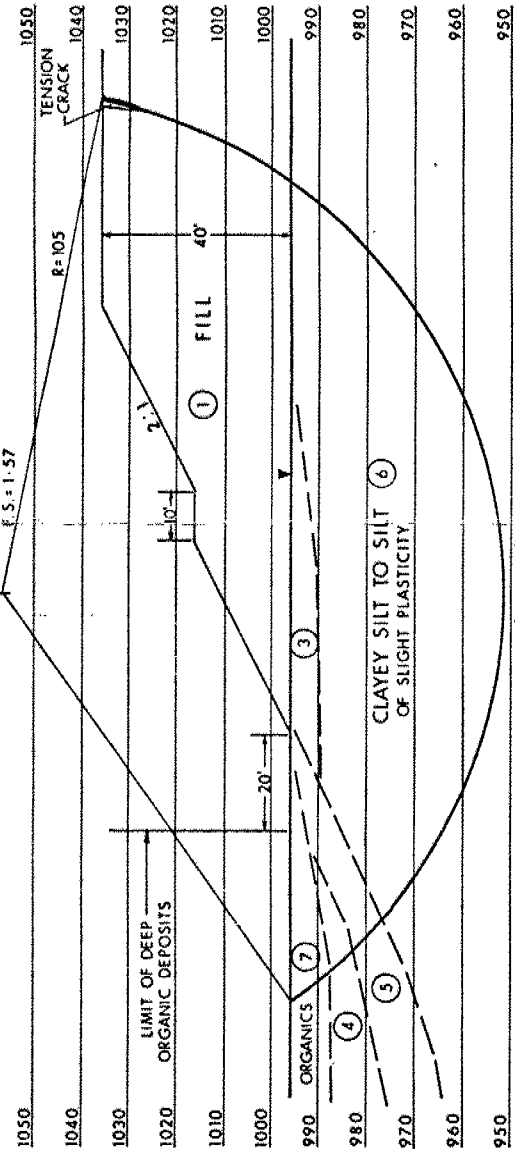
FOR LOCATIONS OF SECTIONS
SEE DRAWING No 1607433-C

NOTE: NO SUBEXCAVATION IS REQUIRED
ON SECTIONS A₁-A₁, B₁-B₁, & E₁-E₁.

LEGEND						
ASSUMED SUBSOIL PROPERTIES						
No	DESCRIPTION	S _u psf	φ deg	γ pcf	γ _{sat} pcf	
1	FILL MATERIAL	0-0	30	130	68	
2	GRANULAR BACK- FILL FOR SUB- EXCAVATION	0-0	30	130	68	
3	SAND & SILT	0-0	30	130	68	
4	CLAYEY SILT TO SILT OF SLIGHT PLASTICITY	400	0	110	48	
5	— " —	1400	0	110	48	
6	— " —	2000	0	110	48	
7	ORGANIC DEPOSITS	1500	0	100	38	

-NOTE-
The boundaries between soil strata have been established
only at Bore Hole locations. Between Bore Holes the
boundaries are assumed from geological evidence.

REVISIONS		DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION



SECTIONS
SCALE 20 FT

F₁ - F₁ THEORETICAL ONLY

OVERSIZE DRAWING

SEND
TO

Mr. W. Lin.

Structural Design Engineer, Central.

Downsview.

FROM

M. MacLEAN ^{PAU 1/2} Foundation Design

DATE

June 23/80

SUBJECT

Temporary Sheet piling Hwy. 404 & C.N.R. WP. 160-74-33 Site 37-700

At the technical review on 80 06 18 the grading work for the above job was discussed. Additional details on the temporary sheeting (ie Type, Size, tip ELEV.) were requested. Our comments/revisions are shown on the attached sketch & note. that sheet piling is suggested as MP 116 or equivalent. Any comments you have should be passed to the Reg. Struct. Office Attn. Mr. K. Pilgrim.

Due to the advanced stage of contract preparation your earliest attention to this matter is appreciated.

C.C. K. Pilgrim

M. Macleam

REPLY

R. Kunkel

REPLY FROM

REPLY DATE

OVERSIZE DRAWING

memorandum



To: Mr. M. Devata,
Sr. Engineer Foundations,
Pavement & Foundation
Design Section,
Central Building, Downsview.

Date: 80-06-06

Central Region

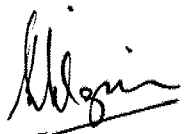
Atten: Mr. M. MacLean

RE: C.N.R. Overhead at Highway 404,
W.P. 160-74-33, Site 37-700,
District 6, Toronto

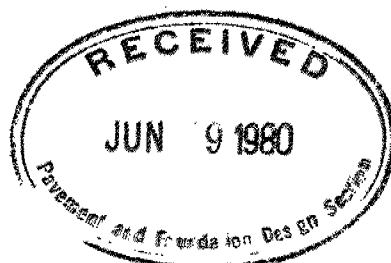
Attached please find sheets 40 and 89 of the contract drawings showing the proposed excavation and fill placement at the above site. The fill placement shown (to match the final structure fills) may present some problems, particularly at the abutment footings when some of the material will be removed for the construction of the footings. The structure will be constructed on a follow-up contract.

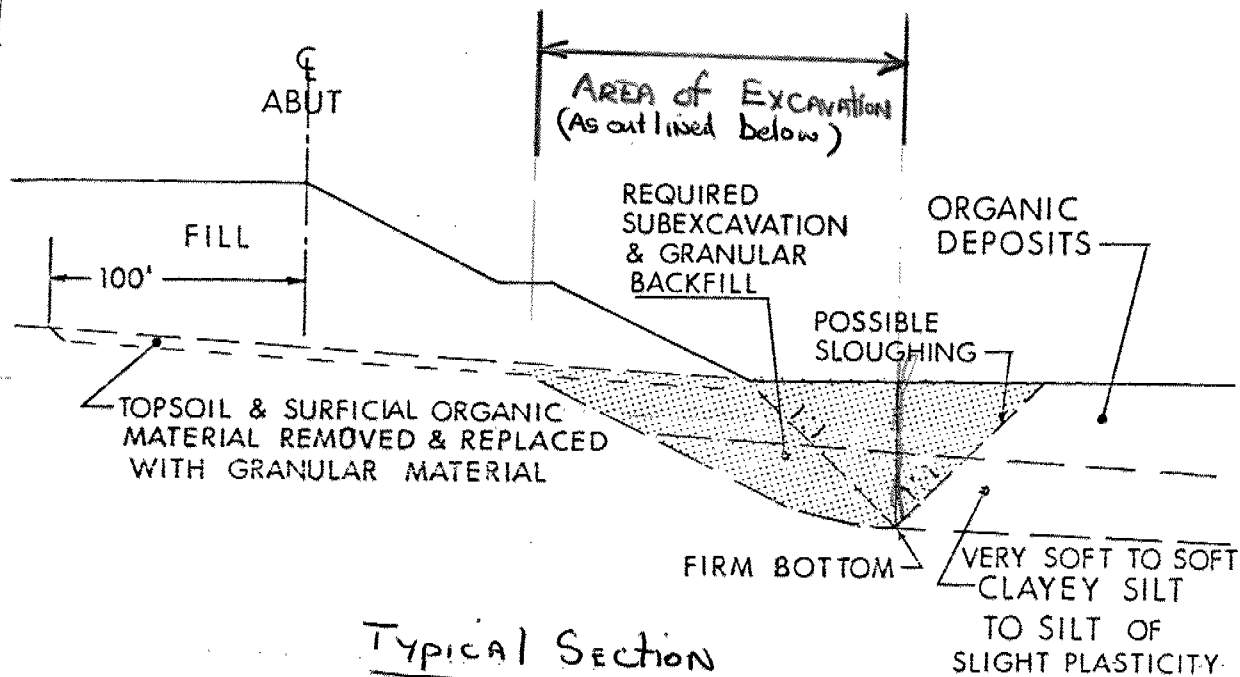
Kindly review and let us have your comments at your earliest convenience, before the technical review, now scheduled for 80-06-18.

KP:gj
Attach.


K. Pilgrim,
Senior Structural Eng.,
for:
G.C.E. Burkhardt,
Head, Structural Section.

c.c. R. Kunkel





Typical Section

OVERSIZE DRAWING



Memorandum

To: Mr. C.S. Grebski
Head, Central Section
Structural Office
2nd Floor, West Building

From: Soil Mechanics Section
Engineering Materials Office
Room 315, Central Building

Attention:

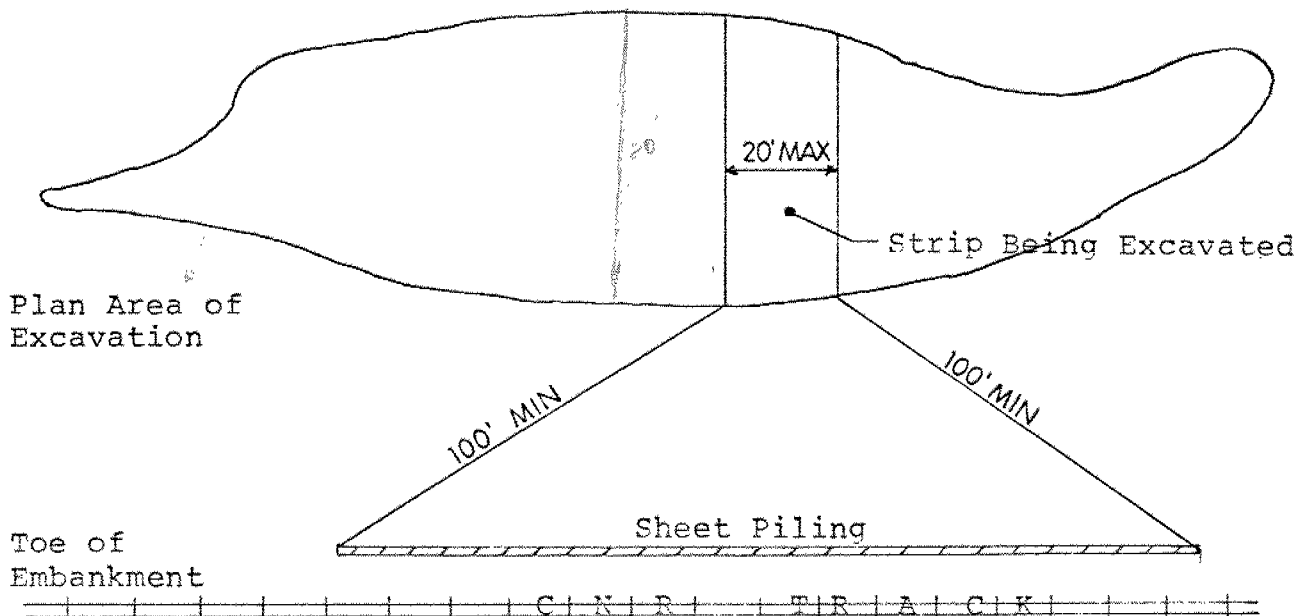
Date: 79 03 22

Our File Ref.

In Reply to

Subject: Re: Hwy. 404 CNR Overhead
W.P. 160-74-33, Site 37-700
District 6, Toronto

As decided in the meeting of 79 02 15 between ourselves and representatives of the concerned Regional Offices, we have reviewed the excavation and sheet piling requirements at the above structure location. In addition, we have further reviewed the preliminary plan dated 1979 02 13 prepared by the structural design consultants and delivered to us at that meeting. This plan includes the revised median slope as outlined in Mr. K. Pilgrim's memorandum to your office dated 79 01 30. On the attached sketch we have shown the probable limits of required excavation at the south approach fill for the ultimate scheme which are to be carried out for the interim construction. The excavation edge will be some 55 feet from the centerline of the existing tracks and up to 26 feet deep, sheet piling will be required in this area for track protection purposes. As discussed, the sheet piling should be located immediately southwest of the C.N.R. embankment. Track protection would be required from C.N.R. Station 95+00 to 99+00; however, since excavation will proceed in strips of less than 20 feet in width, it will not be necessary to maintain the entire length of track protection during excavation. Track protection should be provided to that portion of the C.N.R. embankment within 100 feet of the plan limits of excavation.



The sheet piling should extend to elevation 955.

Attached is also a cross section showing subsoil conditions, excavation requirements and assumed subsoil parameter.

If you have further queries, please do not hesitate to call this office.

M MacLean

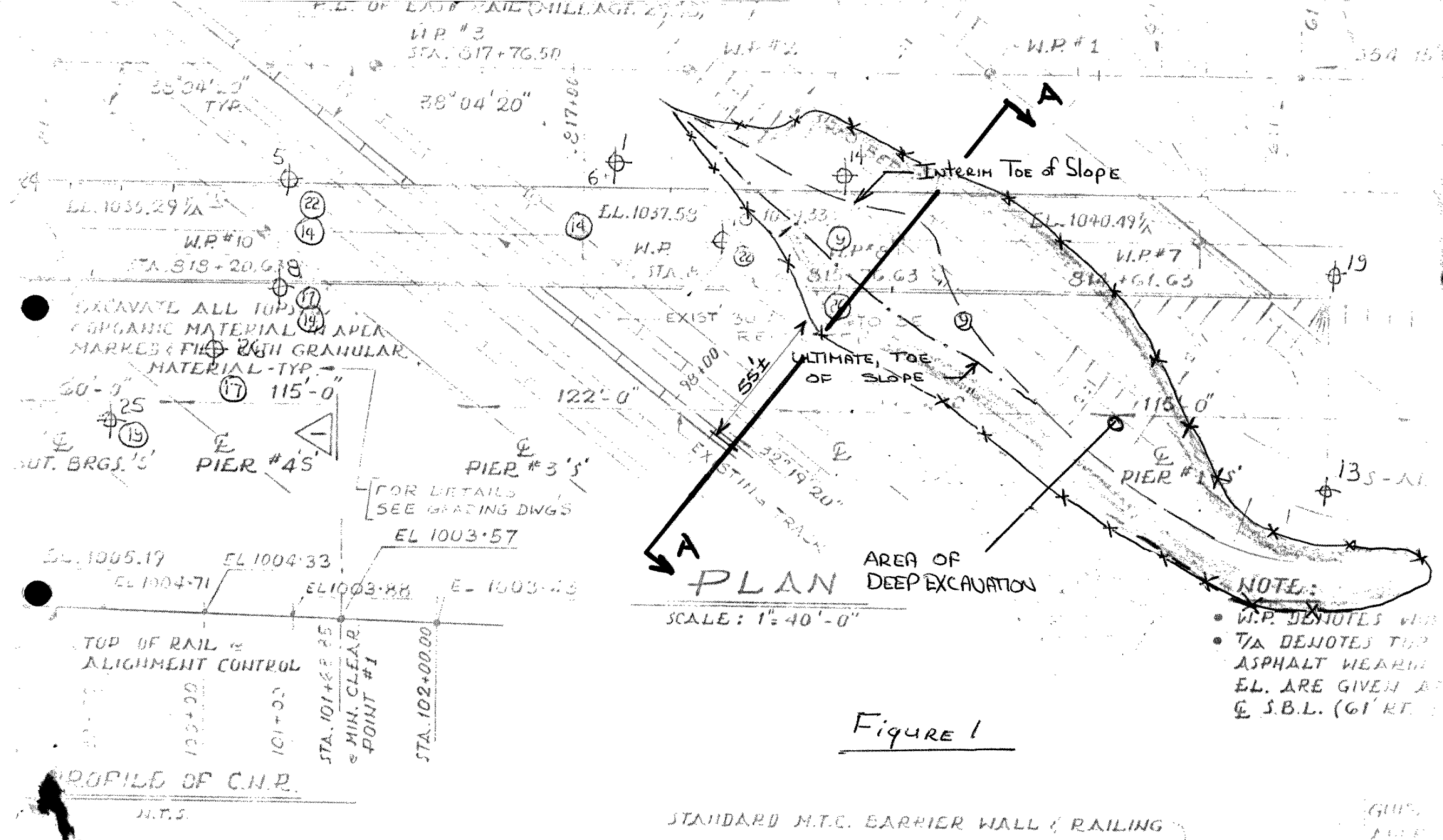
M. MacLean
Project Engineer

For: M. Devata
Supervising Engineer

MM/MD/gs

Attach.

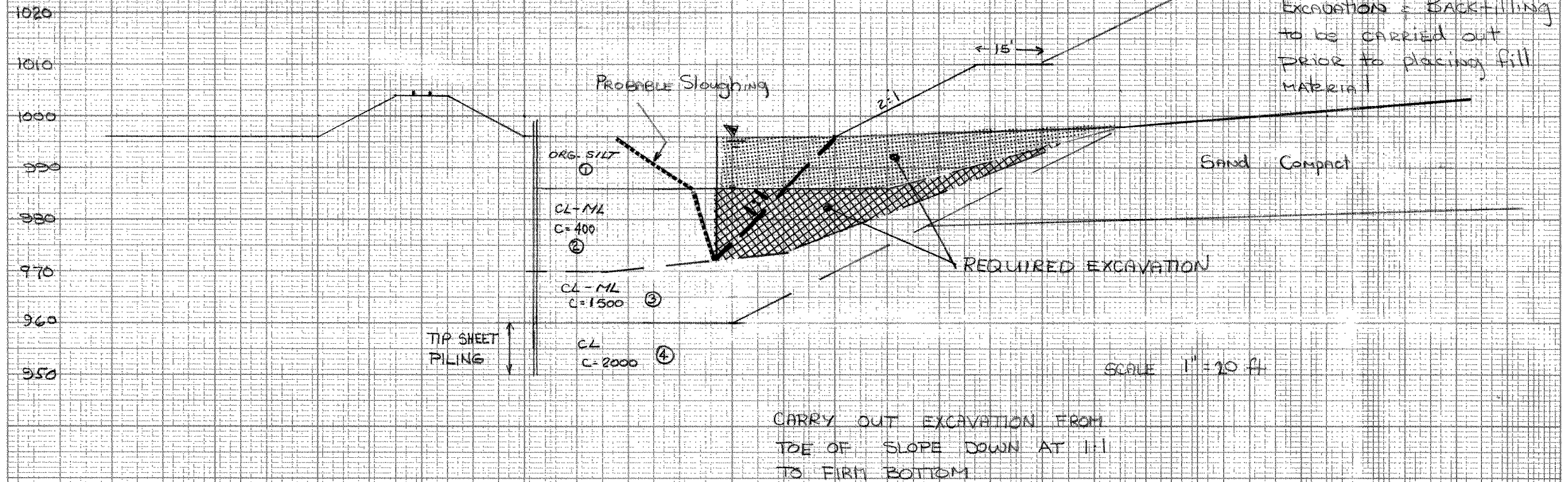
cc: G.C.E. Burkhardt, Attn. K. Pilgrim
W. Lin
D.A. MacDonald
R. Van Veen
E. Metzner
Files ✓



SUBSOIL PROPERTIES

Type	Bulk Unit Wt. P.C.F.	Submerged Wt. P.C.F.	Cohesion P.S.F.	Internal Friction ϕ
1. Organic Silt/Clay	100	38	200	0
2. Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity	110	48	400	0
3. Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity	110	48	1500	0
4. Clayey Silt to Silt of Slight Plasticity	110	48	2000	0

AREA OF EXCAVATION



Section A-A of Figure 1



Memorandum

Agree in Devata

To: Mr. R.G. Burnfield,
Planning and Design,
Central Region.

From: Regional Geotechnical Section,
Central Region.

Attention: Mr. R. Kunkel

Date: 79 02 19

Our File Ref.

In Reply to

Subject: C.N.R. Overhead South of Vandorf Road,
W.P. 160-74-05, Highway 404,
District 6, Toronto.

Following the meeting of 79-02-15 in Boardroom 'B', West Building, we have reviewed the proposed scheme for the temporary haul road across the C.N.R. tracks between the new northbound and southbound structures.

It is proposed to construct a temporary embankment fill with a roadway width of 20 feet for the purpose of transporting heavy equipment across the C.N.R. track. As a result, this scheme would require that from 8 to 9 feet of fill is to be supported by 10 feet of material consisting of very soft and saturated dark brown organics to very soft grey silty clay. This again overlies a deposit of clayey silt to silt with a consistency ranging from very soft to stiff.

In view of the proposed embankment height and subsoil conditions coupled with the fact that heavy loads are to be transported along this road, we would recommend that an alternate crossing location be selected. The proposed fills and anticipated vibrating loads may result in excessive settlements and induce localized failures. In view of the close proximity to the C.N.R. embankment, this would surely be extremely hazardous and costly.

We would recommend that an alternate location be selected, perhaps 200 feet north-east of this location where the embankment height is less and the subsoil conditions are more favorable. To do this, a temporary easement may be required.

In addition, any roadways constructed to provide access to sites within the muskeg area should not be in excess of 3 feet in height above the original ground.

Agree Entirely MM

RVV/RDG:saw

c.c. M. Devata
K. Pilgrim
D.A. MacDonald
C.S. Grebski

H. S. Grebski

R. Van Veen

For: R.D. Gunter
Head, Geotechnical Section



Structural Section,
Central Region,
3501 Dufferin Street,
Downsview, Ontario.
M3K 1N6
Telephone: 248-3097

January 30, 1979

Mr. F.D. Campbell,
Regional Chief Engineer,
C.N. Rail,
R.R.B. Box 112,
Union Station,
Toronto, Ontario.
M5J 1E7

Dear Sir:

RE: C.N.R. Overhead at Highway 404,
W.P. 160-74-33, Site 37-700,
District 6, Toronto
Mileage 29.98 - Bala Subdivision,
Your File: 1600-BA-30.0

In reply to your letter dated December 29, 1978, attached please find a copy of a memorandum dated November 17, 1978 from our Soil Mechanics Section. This memorandum details their comments on the Preliminary Drawing 37-700-P1, and notes that the soft material should be subexcavated in strips not to exceed 20 feet in width, and should be backfilled immediately with granular material. In one critical area at the southwest approach fill, sheet piling is also suggested. This information is also detailed in the Foundation Report.

The following additional comments have been received from Mr. M. MacLean of our Soil Mechanics Section:

"For the construction of the pier caps located below existing ground and adjacent to the existing C.N.R. tracks, a track protection scheme will be necessary during construction to ensure the stability of the C.N.R. embankment. In our opinion, this can be achieved by constructing a sheeted cofferdam and then carrying out the pier cap excavations within this enclosure.



.....2
MM
↓
Files

We would like to point out that the stability of the railway embankment in relation to the proposed sub-excavations was thoroughly analyzed and because of the marginal factors of safety, it was recommended that excavations be carried out in strips not exceeding 20 feet in width or alternatively incorporating sheeting parallel to the critical area. We have recently re-analyzed the stability of the railway embankment considering continuous railway loading of 13,000 lbs/lin. foot of track as suggested by C.N.R. The original calculations assumed a Cooper E-70 loading of 1000 lbs/sq. foot evenly distributed over an area 5 feet by fourteen feet wide. The re-assessment agrees closely with our previous analysis.

We do agree that the M.T.C. did not carry out any borings beneath the existing railway embankment because of practical limitations of setting up a drill unit adjacent to the main track. Therefore, in our analysis we have assumed that the material beneath the C.N.R. embankment will be similar to that found beyond the embankment limits in the low lying area. In our opinion, this is a very conservative approach since the railway embankment has been in place for a considerable length of time and some displacement and consolidation of the underlying compressible material has taken place.

Please do not hesitate to contact this office if any further clarification is required. One additional copy of the Foundation Report is also enclosed as requested.

Yours truly,



K. Pilgrim,
Senior Structural Engineer,
for:
G.C.E. Burkhardt,
Head, Structural Section.

KP:gj
Attach.

c.c. M. MacLean ✓
E. Metzner

Mr. C.S. Grebski,
Head,
Central Section,
Structural Office,
West Building, Downsview.


1979-01-30

RE: C.N.R. Overhead at Highway 404,
W.P. 160-74-33, Site 37-700,
District 6, Toronto

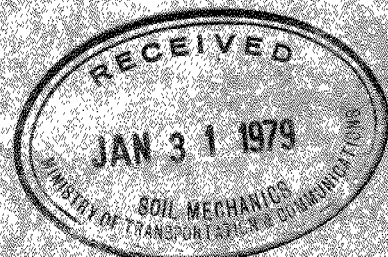
It has just been noted that the 2:1 slope within the median area of 37-700-P1 should be replaced as per the attached cross-section sheet. This would increase the fill height in the median and place the toe of slopes further away from the abutments. When the structure is widened, the fill height will again be increased as shown by the ultimate cross-section. The excavation of topsoil and organic material etc. at the toe of fills should be carried out for the ultimate condition.

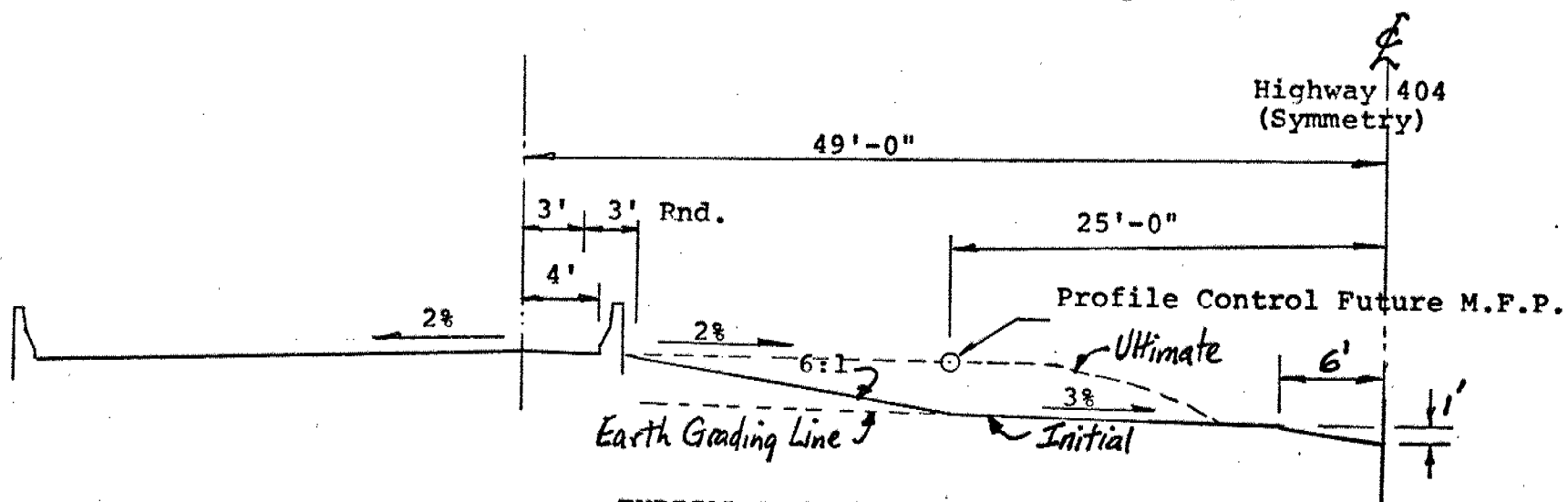
We regret that this information was not provided to you earlier, and wish to apologize for this. Kindly prepare a new preliminary drawing to reflect this, and other comments noted in our memorandum of 1979-01-10.

KP:qj
Attach.


K. Pilgrim,
Senior Structural Engineer,
for:
G.C.E. Burkhardt,
Head, Structural Section.

C.C. E. Metzner
M. Devata (Atten: M. MacLean) ✓





TYPICAL HWY. 404 MEDIAN DETAIL AT
C.N.R. OVERHEAD
W.P. 160-74-33, SITE 37-700,

Not to Scale
January, 1979





Memorandum

To: Mr. G.C.E. Burkhardt
Head, Structural Section
Central Region
3501 Dufferin Street, Downsview

From: Soil Mechanics Section
Engineering Materials Office
Room 315, Central Building

Attention:

Mr. K. Pilgrim

Date: 79 01 24

Our File Ref.

In Reply to

Subject: Re: Hwy. 404 C.N.R. Overhead
W.P. 160-74-33, Site 37-700

Further to your recent memorandum forwarding the copy of C.N.R.'s letter, we have reviewed the subsurface conditions, together with the recommendations in our report and subsequent comments in our letter of 78 11 17 to Mr. C.S. Grebski. Our additional comments are as follows.

For the construction of the pier caps located below existing ground and adjacent to the existing C.N.R. tracks, a track protection scheme will be necessary during construction to ensure the stability of the C.N.R. embankment. In our opinion, this can be achieved by constructing a sheeted cofferdam and then carrying out the pier cap excavations within this enclosure.

It appears that C.N.R. is not aware of our comments contained in our memorandum of 78 11 17 to Mr. C.S. Grebski. These comments include subexcavation of organic material in strips not exceeding 20 feet in width and backfilling immediately with granular material. In addition, in the one critical area, that of the S/W approach fill, sheet piling was also suggested. It is understood that this aspect will be discussed further between the representatives of this office, the Structural Office and the Area Construction Office from the Region.

We would like to point out that the stability of the railway embankment in relation to the proposed subexcavations was thoroughly analyzed and because of the marginal factors of safety, it was recommended that excavations be carried out in strips not exceeding 20 feet in width or alternatively incorporating sheeting parallel to the critical area. We have recently reanalyzed the stability of the railway embankment considering continuous railway loading of 15,000 lbs/lin. foot of track as suggested by C.N.R. The original calculations assumed a Cooper E-70 loading of 1000 lbs/sq. foot evenly distributed over an area 5 feet by fourteen feet wide. The reassessment agrees closely with our previous analysis.

We do agree that the M.T.C. did not carry out any borings beneath the existing railway embankment because of practical limitations of setting up a drill unit adjacent to the main track. Therefore,

cont'd.....

in our analysis we have assumed that the material beneath the C.N.R. embankment will be similar to that found beyond the embankment limits in the low lying area. In our opinion, this is a very conservative approach since the railway embankment has been in place for a considerable length of time and some displacement and consolidation of the underlying compressible material has taken place.

In view of this, we feel that there is no need for additional borings to investigate the material beneath the railway embankment and furthermore, it is impractical as discussed previously.

M MacLean

M. MacLean
Project Engineer

For: M. Devata
Supervising Engineer

MM/MD/gs

cc: C.S. Grebski
W. Lin
R.D. Gunter
M.R. Ernesaks
D. MacDonald
Files ✓

Mr. C.S. Grebski,
Head, Central Section,
Structural Office,
West Building, Downsview.

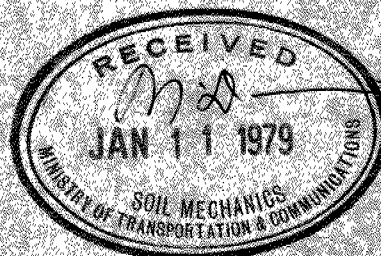
G.C.E. Burkhardt,
Structural Section,
Central Region.

1979-01-10

RE: C.N.R. Overhead at Highway 404,
W.P. 160-74-33, Site 37-700,
District 6, Toronto

Preliminary Drawing 37-700-P1 has been reviewed, and the following comments are submitted for your consideration.

1. Indicate top of pier footing elevations for each structure, or "typical" if the same.
2. Add chainage equation and offset to minimum clearance point. Delete minimum clearance point #2.
3. Please show existing 30" ϕ C.S.P. (G-Plan 4557) under C.N.R. embankment in the vicinity of Pier #2 "S". The culvert will have to be relocated in order to prevent any conflict with the pier.
4. Show slope of berms perpendicular to centreline abutment bearings.
5. Please add stations and elevations along C.N.R. track as shown in Planning Report.
6. Please show depth of WWF girders and total depth of concrete over exterior girder so that minimum clearance could be checked.
7. The northbound structure will be used by heavy construction equipment to transport fill over the track. Please indicate on drawing.
8. The bridge deck elevations at W.P.'s 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16 and 17 appear to be 0.24' greater than as shown. Rail elevation at Station 101+70.20 on C.N.R. profile should read 1003.56.



.....2


The Planning and Design Section has made the following additional comments. "The areas of swamp excavation north and south of the rail embankment require protection on the rail side to prevent damage to the C.N.R. road bed. Sheet piling is recommended. The piers located in the swamp area should be sheet piled also to protect the C.N.R. line during construction of the pier footings". It is however noted that the Soil Mechanics Section has recommended excavating the organic material and soft clayey silt under the proposed fills, and immediately backfilling with granular material in strips not to exceed 20' wide. Sheet piles may also be required in some unspecified areas prior to the excavation and backfilling operations for the embankment protection.

The Soil Mechanics Section will provide recommendations to ensure the stability of the C.N.R. track and approach embankments.

Please make the necessary revisions.

KP:ej

c.c. M. Devata ✓
E. Metzner


K. Pilgrim,
Senior Structural Engineer,
for:
G.C.E. Burkhardt,
Head, Structural Section.



Regional Engineering
R.R.B. Box 112
Union Station
Toronto, Ont.
M5J 1E7

29 December 1978

Our file: 1600-BA-30.0
Your file: WP 160-74-33,
Site 37-700

Mr. G. C. E. Burkhardt
Head, Structural Section
Central Region
Ministry of Transportation & Communications
3501 Dufferin St.
Downsview, Ont.
M3K 1N6



Attn: Mr. K. Pilgrim
Sr. Structural Engineer

Dear Sirs

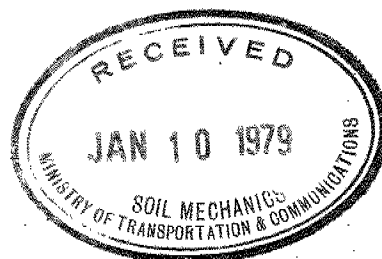
Re: Proposed Overhead Bridge to Carry Hwy. 404 over
our Bala Subdivision at Mi. 29.98 Bala Subdivision

Further to the second paragraph of my letter to you of the 5th instant in connection with subject proposal.

The following advice has been received from Mr. W. W. Wong, our Sr. Geotechnical Engineer, Montreal;

"The subsoil in the immediate area of our track generally consists of up to 18 ft. of compressible organic silt to clay silt, varying with depth from very soft to firm, and undrained shear strength from 100 to 400 lbs./sq. ft. There have been no actual borings taken directly under the track, so assumptions have to be made on analyzing the stability of the railway embankment.

MTC proposes to sub-excavate the soft compressible soil material in the vicinity of our track to a maximum depth of 26 ft. for construction of their approach fills and pier and abutment sub-structure. My preliminary calculations based on assumed





Rail

- 2 -

shear strength values indicate that due to sub-excavation the factor of safety of the railway embankment with train load can fall down to very close to 1.0, thereby creating a precarious situation on our track. This is mainline track and we cannot risk any possibility of sudden displacement or rupture of our road bed. The information provided in the MTC soil report is probably adequate for their highway work, but I do not think the stability of our embankment has been thoroughly analyzed.

I therefore recommend that we request the MTC to review the problem, considering continuous trainloads of 15,000 lbs./lin. ft. of track. Depending on the final required layout of the bridge and on how close the sub-excavation would be to the track, it may be necessary to make a few borings on track location to assess the soil condition under our road bed for final design purposes."

Your further submission with respect to the above is hereby requested. It would also be appreciated to be furnished with one additional copy of the soil report.

Yours truly

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to be 'F. D. Campbell', written over a circular stamp or seal.

for: F. D. Campbell
Regional Chief Engineer

JJ-4076



Memorandum

To: Mr. C.S. Grebski
Head, Central Section
Structural Office
2nd Floor, West Building

From: Soil Mechanics Section
Engineering Materials Office
Room 315, Central Building

Attention:

Date: 78 11 17

Our File Ref.

In Reply to

Subject: Re: Hwy. 404 C.N.R. Overhead
W.P. 160-74-33, Site 37-700
District 6, Toronto

We have reviewed the preliminary structural drawing for the above structure as per your request of 78 10 31, and have the following comments to make.

As mentioned in the foundation investigation and design report all the organic material and soft clayey silt should be removed entirely beneath the embankment to a plan limit as defined by the projection of a 1:1 line from the toe of the slope to firm bottom as shown on the attached typical section. In the area of required subexcavation, i.e. S.B.L. north and south approaches, firm bottom is encountered at depths generally increasing toward the railway tracks to a depth of up to 21 feet, i.e. at about elevation 975. Because of the depth of the required subexcavation and the proximity to the C.N.R. tracks it will be necessary to subexcavate the soft material and backfill immediately with granular material in strips not to exceed 20 feet in width, at right angles to the tracks. Alternatively, if subexcavation and subsequent backfilling is not carried out in strips it may be necessary to use sheet piling in certain areas to ensure stability of the temporary cut slopes and the C.N.R. tracks. In addition, it is important that all subexcavation be completed before the roadway grading starts. These recommendations are shown in graphical form on the attached drawing.

The recommendations for subexcavation are of paramount importance in ensuring the stability of the approach fills. In order to convey the necessary requirements to the construction staff it may be necessary to supply an additional drawing showing the limits and approximate depths of subexcavation, as well as pertinent notes and typical sections. A drawing to this effect is being prepared in our office and will be submitted for the contract package.

In addition, it is suggested that our office be kept informed of the progress of the structural earthworks to make, if necessary, modifications in requirement during construction.

cont'd.....

Also, as discussed in the foundation investigation report it will be necessary to remove all topsoil and surficial organic deposits entirely beneath the plan limits of the embankment to a minimum horizontal distance of 100 feet behind the abutments. In addition, fill material to be placed on the steep slopes at the south approach shall be keyed into the existing slope according to the M.T.C. Standard Benching of Earth Slopes (DD-414).

Furthermore, the berm shown for the N.B.L. north approach is not required. In fact, unless subexcavation is carried out at this location, the presence of the berm is detrimental to the stability of the slope since the toe of the berm will be even closer to the deep organic deposits.

We have no further comments at this time except that our office is more than ready to assist in the preparation of any contract documents relating to the sequence of earthwork construction as discussed above.

M MacLean

M. MacLean
Project Engineer

For: M. Devata
Supervising Engineer

MM/MD/gs

Attach.

cc: D. MacDonald
G.C.E. Burkhardt
R.D. Gunter
M.R. Ernesaks
W. Lin
Files J



Memorandum

To: Mr. G.C.E. Burkhardt,
Head, Structural Section
Central Region
3501 Dufferin St. Downsview
Attention:

From: Soil Mechanics Section
Engineering Materials Office
Room 315, Central Building

Date: 78 07 10

Our File Ref.

In Reply to

Subject: Re: C.N.R. Overhead, 3.7 Miles North of Regional Road 14
W.P. 160-74-33, Site 37-700
Hwy. 404, District 6, Toronto

A meeting was held on 78 07 07 between Mr. G.C.E. Burkhardt, Mr. V. Boehnke of the Central Region Structural Planning Office and Mr. M. Devata and Mr. M. MacLean of the Soil Mechanics Section. The purpose of the meeting was to discuss the implications of the alternate schemes in ~~lieu~~ view of results of the recently completed foundation investigation.

Fieldwork was originally carried out in early March to evaluate twin three span structures at this location. A subsequent memorandum dated 78 04 06 from our office to Mr. G.C.E. Burkhardt of the Structural Section discussed the subsoil conditions encountered at this site and gave preliminary recommendations for construction of high fills at this location. In view of the encountered subsurface conditions and revised requirements of the C.N.R., it was decided to adopt twin multi-span structures at this location and additional fieldwork was subsequently undertaken to outline and further investigate the organic deposits and to obtain sufficient subsurface data for the design of the multispan structures. Because of the duration of the fieldwork, and the large scope of the foundation investigation, the final report will not be complete until late August. We are hereby submitting preliminary recommendations, sufficient to proceed with the preliminary structural design. In addition, we have included two plans (one for the northbound lanes one for the southbound lanes) with stratigraphical profiles based on visual classifications of the borehole samples. It is important to note that these plans and profiles are preliminary in nature, and not complete.

The subsurface conditions discussed in our memorandum of 78 04 06 are still valid for the multispan scheme. The recent fieldwork indicates that the organic deposits are roughly located between the existing C.N.R. tracks and contour 998 to the south of the track and contour 996 to the north of the tracks.

cont'd...

The depth of organic material is between 10 and 20 feet deep.

As discussed in our memorandum of 78 04 06, construction of the embankments will require the following procedures to be carried out.

1. Excavate all topsoil and organic material within the plan limits of the embankment and backfill with granular type of material. The alternative of leaving the organics in place and providing multiple berms is not desirable.
2. To ensure the stability of the fill material itself, fills up to 25 feet high can be constructed with side slopes of 2:1, however fills in excess of 25 feet will require a mid-height berm. For example a 45 foot high fill will require a berm 10 feet wide.

To avoid any excavation of the organic deposits it will be necessary to construct the abutments not closer to the tracks than locations listed in Table 1 attached. Abutments located closer to the tracks than shown will require subexcavation of the organic material beneath the plan limits of the embankment.

Included in the following table are our preferences for the abutment locations for the alternate schemes received from the Structural Planning Office dated 78 05 11. The final locations of the abutments should be based on economic consideration.

C.N.R. Overhead, Hwy. 404
Table 1

	Approximate Abutment Location for No Organic Subexcavation	Approximate Abutment Location, with some Subexcavation (to comply with Structural Planning Office Scheme)
<u>Northbound Lanes</u>		
North Approach	821+00	821+50
South Approach	815+30	815+60
<u>Southbound Lanes</u>		
North Approach	820+60	820+60
South Approach	813+80	814+10

cont'd...

Finally, as discussed in the earlier memorandum, the structure piers and abutments can be supported on end bearing piles driven into the hard glacial deposit. For preliminary design purposes it can be assumed that steel 'H' piles (12 BP 74) will attain the required load at approximate tip elevation as follows:

	<u>Approximate Abutment/ Pier Location (STA.)</u>	<u>Approximate Tip Elevation (Feet)</u>
Southbound Lanes	820+60	925
	819+90	925
	819+00	930
	818+10	925
	817+00	905
	815+90	920
	815+00	915
	814+10	925
Northbound Lanes	822+10	920
	821+50	920
	820+60	925
	819+60	920
	818+60	915
	817+40	910
	816+50	910
	815+60	915
	814+90	915

However, driving of the piles during construction should be controlled as per M.T.C. current standards using the Hiley Formula. For design purposes a safe load of 130 tons per pile may be used for these steel 'H' piles. These loads are based on our recent experiment of a pile load test project on Hwy. 404 at 16th Avenue .

If you have any further questions please do not hesitate to contact this office.

M. Devata

for M. MacLean
Project Engineer

For: M. Devata
Supervising Engineer

MM/sr

cc: C. Grebski, Attn: W. Lin
R.D. Gunter
M.R. Ernesaks

Files ✓



Memorandum

To: Mr. M. Devata,
Supervising Engineer,
Soils Mechanics Section,
Central Building, Downsview

From: G.C.E. Burkhardt,
Structural Section,
Central Region.

Attention:

Date: 1978-04-26

Our File Ref.

In Reply to

Subject: RE: C.N.R. Overhead at Highway 404,
W.P. 160-74-33, Site 37-700,
District 6, Toronto

Further to your memorandum of 1978-04-06 and to our recent meetings on the problems associated with the above site, please note that twin multi-span steel structures will be adopted to span the problem area. Ultimately the twin bridges will be widened on the median side.

Attached please find two prints of the site plan, showing span lengths and approximate footing locations for two schemes, A and B.

Scheme A represents twin six span structures each 580' long. Soils information obtained from the Regional Geotechnical Section was used to tentatively locate the abutment footings, which are located so that the toe of fill, assuming 2:1 end slopes does not encroach on soft organic material. Fill would have to be placed at the abutments with this scheme.

Scheme B represents scheme A with two additional 70' long end spans to make twin eight span structures each 720' long. This scheme is proposed as suggested in your memorandum of 1978-04-06 and the realization that the abutment footing locations for scheme A are dependent on your findings during the field investigations.

In any case, we will be relying on your field investigations to give us the best locations for the abutment footings, and this may even be between the locations indicated for the above two schemes. For the scheme that is finally recommended, kindly let us know whether the end slopes at the abutments can be increased above the assumed 2:1 slopes, as this could mean a considerable shortening of the end spans. The final location of the abutment footings, and acceptable end slope, may also mean that some of the intermediate pier footings may be slightly relocated from the positions shown.



The revised profile grade will be submitted as soon as it is available, and will show the rise in profile as pointed out in our memorandum of 1978-04-03.

Kindly arrange to have a supplementary foundation investigation carried out based on the above. The present scheduling now calls for the final report by 1978-07-12.

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read 'K. Pilgrim', with a horizontal line drawn underneath the name.

K. Pilgrim,
Senior Structural Engineer,
for:
G.C.E. Burkhardt,
Head, Structural Section

KP:gj

c.c. R. Fitzgibbon
J. Anderson
R. Kunkel



Memorandum

To: Mr. G.C.E. Burkhardt, Head
Structural Office
Central Region
3501 Dufferin St., Downsview

From: Soil Mechanics Section
Engineering Materials Office
3rd Floor, Central Building

Attention: K. Pilgrim

Date: 78 04 06

Our File Ref.

In Reply to

Subject: Re: C.N. R. Overhead, 3.7 Miles North of Regional Road 14
W.P. 160-74-33 Site 37-700
Hwy 404, District 6, Toronto

INTRODUCTION

The foundation investigation fieldwork for the above project has been completed. Due to the urgency of this project we are hereby submitting a brief description of the subsurface conditions, together with preliminary recommendations concerning the proposed structure foundations and approaches. This memorandum is intended to provide sufficient information to proceed with the Preliminary Structural Design. The final foundation investigation report with detailed subsoil descriptions and recommendations including the log sheets and drawings, will be issued upon completion of the laboratory testing and drafting.

FIELDWORK AND SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

The fieldwork consisted of a total of 10 sampled boreholes and 9 dynamic cone penetration tests. The borings were advanced by means of hollow stem continuous flight augers to depths of 22 to 102 feet below the ground surface. Subsoil conditions were found to be quite variable across the site, as is the case throughout much of this physiographic region - The Oak Ridges Interlobate Moraine. Based on visual classifications the subsurface conditions are generally described as follows. The surficial deposit consists of a very soft peat (of the granular amorphous type) and/or organic silt which was found to vary in depth from less than 3 feet to 15 feet. Underlying these organic deposits are very soft to firm deposits of clayey silt to silty clay extending to a depth of up to 23 feet below the existing ground surface. The cohesive deposits overlie pockets or layers of random thickness and occurrence of stiff to hard clayey silt and loose to compact sands, silts, and silty sands; the cohesive deposits being generally dominant. Below these deposits at a depth of 60 to 65 feet is a glacial till composed of a heterogeneous mixture of clayey silt, sand and gravel. The groundwater level was found to be some 2 feet below the existing ground surface.

DISCUSSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The proposed Hwy. 404 will cross the C.N.R. tracks approximately 3.7 miles north of Regional Road 14. At this location it is proposed to construct Hwy. 404 as a four lane divided highway with a median width of about 100 feet to accommodate future transportation development within this corridor.

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At the time of the field investigation, the initial proposals included the provision for one additional railway track. The C.N.R. Overhead proposal called for twin three span (55'-70'-55) spill-thru type structures which would require fill heights up to 40 feet high. Subsequent C.N.R. requirements include the provision for three additional railway tracks. The revised C.N.R. Overhead proposals are twin three span (60'-110'-60') spill-thru type structures which would require fill heights up to 45 feet high. In addition, there is a further verbal request from the Central Region Structural Planning Section that our office should comment on the viability of constructing a C.N.R. subway structure rather than an overhead crossing.

Embankment Fills

In order to ensure the stability of the 45 foot embankment fills it will be necessary to carry out the following:

1. It is essential that all organic material shall be removed to its full depth within the plan limits of the approach embankments and backfilled with granular A material.
2. The very soft to soft cohesive deposit extending to a depth up to 23 feet below the ground surface will not provide adequate stability for the proposed high embankments. In order to improve the stability the following two alternatives may be considered.
 - a) Excavate all the very soft to soft cohesive material down to elevation 977 within the plan limits of the base of the proposed embankments. Requirements for backfilling will be very similar to those described for organic material sub-excavation.
 - b) Alternatively, the very soft to soft cohesive material can be left in place but multiple berms will be required both in the transverse and the longitudinal direction for the proposed embankments. In addition, excessive settlements for fills of this magnitude can be anticipated. Furthermore, advance placement of approach embankments will be necessary to minimize the post construction problems of the roadway. For preliminary assessment it can be assumed that fills up to 10 feet will be stable with 2:1 slopes. The configuration of multiple berms will be discussed in the final foundation report if such a scheme can be considered. As indicated previously, the settlements will be excessive and this aspect can only be discussed in detail once the confirmation of the geometry and the final location of the abutments is selected.
3. The approach fills as mentioned previously will be in the order of 45 feet in height. The stability of the fill itself will

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be governed by the selection of embankment material and placement methods. In order to provide adequate stability within the fill material itself irrespective of the base failure, we recommend that fills can only be built with 2:1 slopes up to 30 feet in height. For fills in excess of 30 feet a mid-height berm should be provided. For example, a 22.5 foot wide berm will be required for a fill height of 45 feet. A smooth transition should be incorporated between a 30 foot fill with no berm to a 45 foot fill with a 22.5 foot wide berm.

4. The sub-excavation requirements in the longitudinal direction behind the abutments can only be investigated after the completion of the preliminary design. However, for preliminary design purposes the excavation should extend for a minimum distance of 100 feet behind the abutment bearing seats. Extensive sub-excavation will be necessary and in view of this an elaborate track protection scheme is warranted for the sub-excavation in the proximity of the C.N.R. tracks. One method of achieving this is by driving steel sheet piling parallel to and also on either side of the C.N.R. tracks with tie backs. Such methods were employed successfully on a Hwy. 417 and C.N.R. crossing in Ottawa District.

Structure Foundations

The underlying subsoil conditions are such that the piers and abutments can only be supported on end-bearing piles driven into the hard glacial till deposit. Depending on the final location of the abutments and piers, it may be necessary to carry out further borings upon completion of the preliminary structural design if the location of piers and abutments has shifted significantly. For estimating purposes it can be assumed that steel 'H' piles (12 BP74) will attain the required load at approximate tip elevation as follows:

Approximate Tip Elevation Ft.

Southbound Lanes

South Abutment & South Pier	905
North Abutment & North Pier	915

Northbound Lanes

South Abutment & South Pier	915
North Abutment & North Pier	915

However, driving of piles during construction should be controlled as per M.T.C. current standards using the Hiley Formula. For design purposes a safe load of 130 tons per pile may be used for these steel 'H' piles. These loads are based on our recent experience of a pile load test project on Hwy. 404 at 16th Avenue.

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If excavation for the pier pile cap is carried out below the prevailing groundwater level and if the sub-excavation backfill material is subject to basal upheaval, a dewatering scheme will be necessary to construct the pile cap.

As an alternative, a multi-span structure can be adopted to span the problem area. In so doing, the sub-excavation and berm requirements would be minimized, as well as the adverse affects associated with excessive settlements. In such a case the structure should be spanned from about Sta. 814+50 to Sta. 821+50, having a total length of 700 feet. Whether this alternative is acceptable or not will depend on economic considerations. Again, this alternative will further be elaborated on if it can be considered for design.

C.N.R. Subway Alternative

The Central Region Structural Planning Section also requested our office to comment on the viability of cutting Hwy. 404 at this location and constructing a C.N.R. subway. This would require cuts in excess of 20 feet. Because of the organic material and the underlying very soft cohesive deposits within the cut, and the presence of water, the following procedures are to be adopted.

1. Cuts up to 6 feet deep will be stable with 2:1 side slopes
Cuts in excess of 6 feet with 2:1 side slopes will require benches.

For example, with 2:1 side slopes:

- Cuts up to 12 feet deep will be stable with one mid-height 15 foot wide bench.
 - Cuts up to 18 feet deep will be stable with 15 foot wide benches at the 1/3 and 2/3 heights.
 - Cuts up to 24 feet deep will be stable with 15 foot wide benches at the 1/4, 1/2 and 3/4 heights.
2. Excessive seepage can be anticipated for the excavation of the approach cuts in the organic material. Pumping at all times during construction will be required to remove the water.
 3. The roadway should be provided with permanent subdrains at the toe of both sides of the cut to continually drain the groundwater and also to relieve the rain water from the slopes and the pavement. If adequate relief is not available to drain this water, a permanent pumping system has to be incorporated in the scheme.
 4. The presence of numerous silty sand and silt layers at the base elevation of the cut are subjected to boiling under an excessive hydrostatic head. Therefore, a temporary dewatering scheme will be necessary during construction until the permanent subsurface drainage system is in operation.

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5. For construction purposes a detour of the C.N.R. track may be necessary if the subway scheme is adopted.

Because of the complexity of this project and the wide range of alternatives, it would be advantageous to have a meeting to discuss the options with all interested parties to choose the most reasonable solution for this crossing.

If you have any further questions please do not hesitate to contact this office.

M MacLean

M. MacLean
Project Engineer

For: M. Devata
Supervising Engineer

MM/MD/ig

cc: R.D. Gunter
M.R. Ernesaks
D.E. Thrasher

C. Grebski
G.A. Wrong
B.J. Giroux
R.S. Pillar

R. Hore

R. Fitzgibbon
J. Anderson
G. Sloan

Files ✓

C.N.R. OVERHEAD - HWY 404
H.P. 160-74-33 SNE 37-100

K. Pilgrim
77-10-20



C.N.R. TO BALA



C.N.R. TO TORONTO



NORTH ALONG
HWY 404



SOUTH ALONG
HWY 404

SHEET

ABUTMENTS LOCATED HERE
REQUIRE

- 1 NO SUBEXCAVATION
2 2:1 SIDE & FORWARD SLOPES
NO BERMS

ABUTMENTS LOCATED HERE
REQUIRE

- 1 SUBEXCAVATION
2 MID-HEIGHT BERM 10' WIDE
FOR STABILITY

ABUTMENTS LOCATED HERE
REQUIRE

- 1 NO SUBEXCAVATION
- 2 MID-HEIGHT BERM
10' WIDE FOR STABILITY

ABUTMENTS LOCATED HERE
REQUIRE

- 1 SUBEXCAVATION
- 2 RAILWAY TRACK PROTECTION
IE SHEET PILING & TIE BACKS
- 3 MID-HEIGHT BERM 10' WIDE
FOR SLOPE STABILITY

ABUTMENTS LOCATED HERE
REQUIRE

- 1 NO SUBEXCAVATION
2 2:1 SIDE SLOPES
NO BERM

ABUTMENTS LOCATED HERE
REQUIRE

- 1 SUBEXCAVATION
2 MID-HEIGHT BERM
10' WIDE FOR STABILITY

NOTE: TOE OF SLOPE
BASED ON 20'
WING WALL

SCALE



DWG No 1607433-E

