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GEOCRES No. 30M12-172

DIST. 6 REGION _____

W.P. No. 21-79-02

CONT. No. 84-45

W. O. No. _____

STR. SITE No. 24-476

HWY. No. 416

LOCATION Orenda Rd. Overpass

No of PAGES -



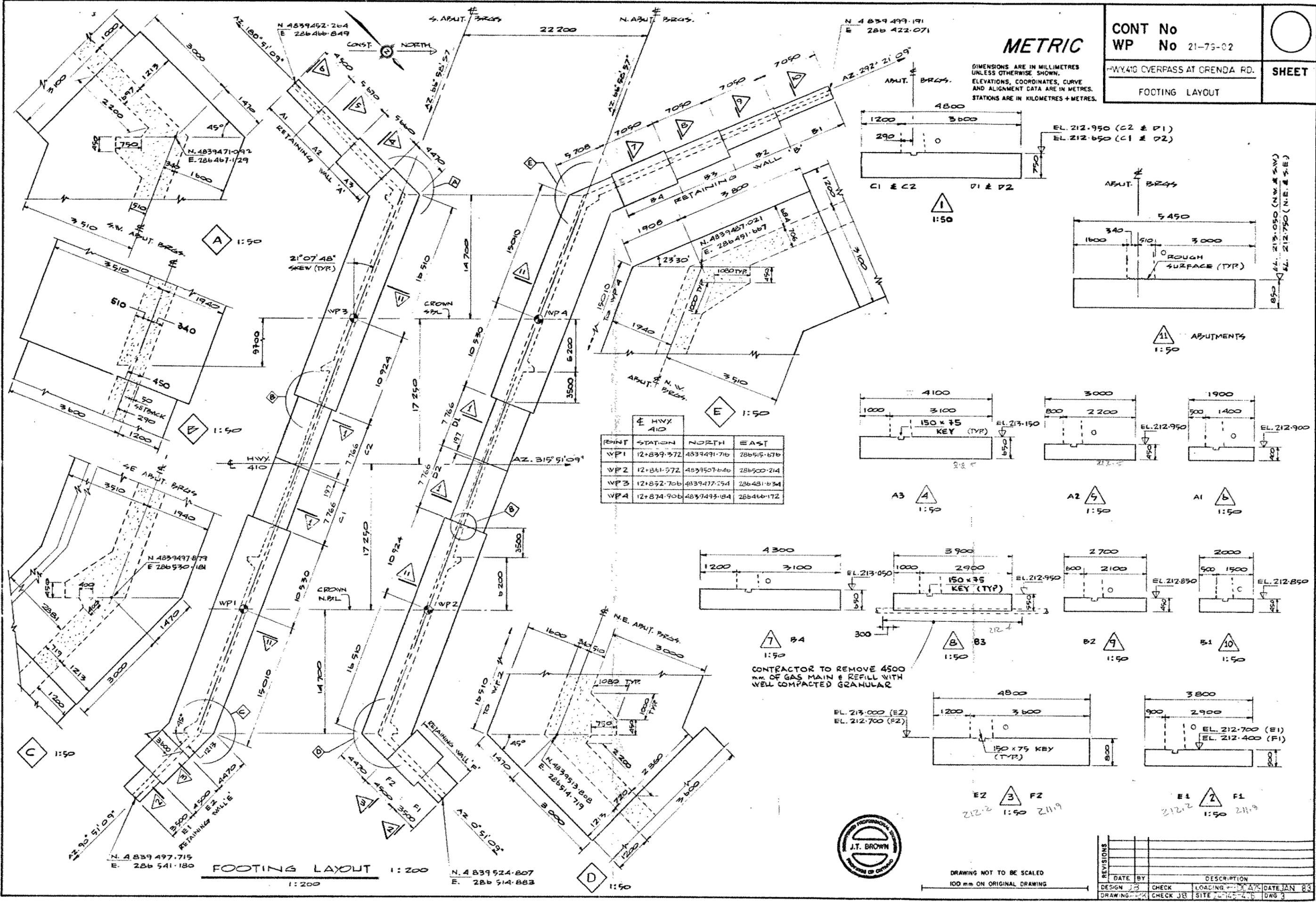
OVERSIZE DRAWINGS TO BE INCLUDED WITH THIS REPORT. _____

REMARKS: _____

G.I.-30 SEPT. 1976

METRIC

DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN. ELEVATIONS, COORDINATES, CURVE AND ALIGNMENT DATA ARE IN METRES. STATIONS ARE IN KILOMETRES + METRES.



POINT	STATION	NORTH	EAST
VP1	12+839.372	4839491.716	286515.676
VP2	12+861.372	4839507.646	286500.214
VP3	12+852.706	4839477.054	286481.634
VP4	12+874.906	4839493.184	286466.172

CONTRACTOR TO REMOVE 4500 mm OF GAS MAIN & REFILL WITH WELL COMPACTED GRANULAR



DRAWING NOT TO BE SCALED
100 mm ON ORIGINAL DRAWING

REVISIONS	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

FOOTING LAYOUT 1:200

FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION REPORT

CONTRACT NO 84-45



Ontario

Ministry of
Transportation and
Communications

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NOTE: For purposes of the contract these reports supersede all other foundation reports prepared by or for the Ministry in connection with the above-mentioned projects.

EXPLANATION OF TERMS USED IN REPORT

N VALUE: THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (SPT) N VALUE IS THE NUMBER OF BLOWS REQUIRED TO CAUSE A STANDARD 51mm O.D. SPLIT BARREL SAMPLER TO PENETRATE 0.3m INTO UNDISTURBED GROUND IN A BOREHOLE WHEN DRIVEN BY A HAMMER WITH A MASS OF 63.5kg, FALLING FREELY A DISTANCE OF 0.76m. FOR PENETRATIONS OF LESS THAN 0.3m N VALUES ARE INDICATED AS THE NUMBER OF BLOWS FOR THE PENETRATION ACHIEVED. AVERAGE N VALUE IS DENOTED THUS \bar{N} .

DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION TEST: CONTINUOUS PENETRATION OF A CONICAL STEEL POINT (51mm O.D. 60° CONE ANGLE) DRIVEN BY 475 J IMPACT ENERGY ON 'A' SIZE DRILL RODS. THE RESISTANCE TO CONE PENETRATION IS MEASURED AS THE NUMBER OF BLOWS FOR EACH 0.3m ADVANCE OF THE CONICAL POINT INTO THE UNDISTURBED GROUND.

SOILS ARE DESCRIBED BY THEIR COMPOSITION AND CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS.

CONSISTENCY: COHESIVE SOILS ARE DESCRIBED ON THE BASIS OF THEIR UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH (c_u) AS FOLLOWS:

c_u (kPa)	0 - 12	12 - 25	25 - 50	50 - 100	100 - 200	> 200
	VERY SOFT	SOFT	FIRM	STIFF	VERY STIFF	HARD

DENSENESS: COHESIONLESS SOILS ARE DESCRIBED ON THE BASIS OF DENSENESS AS INDICATED BY SPT N VALUES AS FOLLOWS:

N (BLOWS/0.3m)	0 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 30	30 - 50	> 50
	VERY LOOSE	LOOSE	COMPACT	DENSE	VERY DENSE

ROCKS ARE DESCRIBED BY THEIR COMPOSITION AND STRUCTURAL FEATURES AND / OR STRENGTH.

RECOVERY: SUM OF ALL RECOVERED ROCK CORE PIECES FROM A CORING RUN EXPRESSED AS A PERCENT OF THE TOTAL LENGTH OF THE CORING RUN.

MODIFIED RECOVERY: SUM OF THOSE INTACT CORE PIECES, 100mm+ IN LENGTH EXPRESSED AS A PERCENT OF THE LENGTH OF THE CORING RUN. THE ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD), FOR MODIFIED RECOVERY, IS:

RQD (%)	0 - 25	25 - 50	50 - 75	75 - 90	90 - 100
	VERY POOR	POOR	FAIR	GOOD	EXCELLENT

JOINTING AND BEDDING:

SPACING	50mm	50 - 300mm	0.3m - 1m	1m - 3m	> 3m
JOINTING	VERY CLOSE	CLOSE	MOD. CLOSE	WIDE	VERY WIDE
BEDDING	VERY THIN	THIN	MEDIUM	THICK	VERY THICK

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

FIELD SAMPLING

SS	SPLIT SPOON	TP	THINWALL PISTON
WS	WASH SAMPLE	OS	OSTERBERG SAMPLE
ST	SLOTTED TUBE SAMPLE	RC	ROCK CORE
BS	BLOCK SAMPLE	PH	TW ADVANCED HYDRAULICALLY
CS	CHUNK SAMPLE	PM	TW ADVANCED MANUALLY
TW	THINWALL OPEN	FS	FOIL SAMPLE

STRESS AND STRAIN

u_w	kPa	PORE WATER PRESSURE
u	l	PORE PRESSURE RATIO
σ	kPa	TOTAL NORMAL STRESS
σ'	kPa	EFFECTIVE NORMAL STRESS
τ	kPa	SHEAR STRESS
$\sigma_1, \sigma_2, \sigma_3$	kPa	PRINCIPAL STRESSES
ϵ	%	LINEAR STRAIN
$\epsilon_1, \epsilon_2, \epsilon_3$	%	PRINCIPAL STRAINS
E	kPa	MODULUS OF LINEAR DEFORMATION
G	kPa	MODULUS OF SHEAR DEFORMATION
μ	l	COEFFICIENT OF FRICTION

MECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF SOIL

m_v	kPa ⁻¹	COEFFICIENT OF VOLUME CHANGE
C_c	l	COMPRESSION INDEX
C_s	l	SWELLING INDEX
C_α	l	RATE OF SECONDARY CONSOLIDATION
c_v	m ² /s	COEFFICIENT OF CONSOLIDATION
H	m	DRAINAGE PATH
T_v	l	TIME FACTOR
U	%	DEGREE OF CONSOLIDATION
σ'_{vo}	kPa	EFFECTIVE OVERBURDEN PRESSURE
σ'_p	kPa	PRECONSOLIDATION PRESSURE
τ_f	kPa	SHEAR STRENGTH
c'	kPa	EFFECTIVE COHESION INTERCEPT
ϕ'	-°	EFFECTIVE ANGLE OF INTERNAL FRICTION
c_u	kPa	APPARENT COHESION INTERCEPT
ϕ_u	-°	APPARENT ANGLE OF INTERNAL FRICTION
τ_R	kPa	RESIDUAL SHEAR STRENGTH
τ_r	kPa	REMOULDED SHEAR STRENGTH
S_t	l	SENSITIVITY = $\frac{c_u}{\tau_r}$

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF SOIL

ρ_s	kg/m ³	DENSITY OF SOLID PARTICLES	e	l, %	VOID RATIO	e_{min}	l, %	VOID RATIO IN DENSEST STATE
γ_s	kN/m ³	UNIT WEIGHT OF SOLID PARTICLES	n	l, %	POROSITY	I_D	l	DENSITY INDEX = $\frac{e_{max} - e}{e_{max} - e_{min}}$
ρ_w	kg/m ³	DENSITY OF WATER	w	l, %	WATER CONTENT	D	mm	GRAIN DIAMETER
γ_w	kN/m ³	UNIT WEIGHT OF WATER	S_r	%	DEGREE OF SATURATION	D_n	mm	n PERCENT - DIAMETER
ρ	kg/m ³	DENSITY OF SOIL	w_L	%	LIQUID LIMIT	C_u	l	UNIFORMITY COEFFICIENT
γ	kN/m ³	UNIT WEIGHT OF SOIL	w_p	%	PLASTIC LIMIT	h	m	HYDRAULIC HEAD OR POTENTIAL
ρ_d	kg/m ³	DENSITY OF DRY SOIL	w_s	%	SHRINKAGE LIMIT	q	m ³ /s	RATE OF DISCHARGE
γ_d	kN/m ³	UNIT WEIGHT OF DRY SOIL	I_p	%	PLASTICITY INDEX = $\frac{w_L - w_p}{I_p}$	v	m/s	DISCHARGE VELOCITY
ρ_{sat}	kg/m ³	DENSITY OF SATURATED SOIL	I_L	l	LIQUIDITY INDEX = $\frac{w - w_p}{I_p}$	i	l	HYDRAULIC GRADIENT
γ_{sat}	kN/m ³	UNIT WEIGHT OF SATURATED SOIL	I_C	l	CONSISTENCY INDEX = $\frac{w_L - w}{I_p}$	k	m/s	HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY
ρ'	kg/m ³	DENSITY OF SUBMERGED SOIL	e_{max}	l, %	VOID RATIO IN LOOSEST STATE	j	kn/m ²	SEEPAGE FORCE
γ'	kN/m ³	UNIT WEIGHT OF SUBMERGED SOIL						

FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION REPORT

For

Orenda Road Overpass

W.P. 21-79-02, Site: 24-145-476

Hwy. 410, District 6, Toronto.INTRODUCTION:

This report summarizes the factual information obtained from a foundation investigation carried out by Morton & Partners Limited at the site mentioned above.

The fieldwork for this investigation was carried out on July 5th and 6th, 1982, and consisted of six boreholes advanced by means of solid stem augers and six dynamic cone penetration tests at the locations shown on Drawing No. 2. The work was carried out using a truck-mounted CME 45 drilling machine.

The elevations of the ground surface at the borehole locations were determined using a benchmark consisting of the northwest corner of a concrete slab, 15.5 m left at chainage 12 + 934.7. The elevation of this benchmark is reported to be at 214.051.

SITE DESCRIPTION AND GEOLOGY

The site is located immediately east of Heart Lake Road and immediately south of Orenda Road. The area is an open and grassed field at the present time and approximately level at about el. 214.

The site is located centrally within the broad, gently southward shelving Peel Clay Plain which was formed by glacial deposition and post-glacial sequential erosion and sedimentation that took place within a large ephemeral garland lake which was dammed up behind (i.e. north of) the remnant of the Wisconsin ice sheet that was left temporarily within the Lake Ontario topographic basin during the ultimate stage of Pleistocene ice retreat. The clay plain tends to be "stepped" into a series of rises from south to north as a result of bedrock influences and by the staged south-eastward withdrawal of the ice margin.

Bedrock comprises grey, interbedded thin shales, siltstones, mudstones and limestone of the Meaford-Dundas formation, which are of late Ordovician age. Bedding is essentially flatlying with less than one degree declination (dip) almost due southwest.

SOIL CONDITIONS

The soil conditions at the borehole locations are shown on the Borehole Records and consist essentially of silty clay resting on bedrock as described below.

Topsoil

All boreholes encountered topsoil extending to depths ranging from 50 to 300 mm. In Borehole 8 only, the topsoil was covered with a veneer of sand and gravel fill, about 75 mm in thickness.

Silty Clay (Glacial Till)

The topsoil covers a deposit of silty clay with some sand and widely dispersed fine gravel, extending to bedrock at depths of about 5 to 6 m below ground level.

The colour of the stratum grades from brown to grey-brown with depth and becomes grey, rather abruptly, at about el. 210, i.e. from 3.5 to 4.2 m below the ground surface.

Grain size analyses were carried out on samples from the stratum. The results are shown on the Borehole Records and summarized on the Envelope on Figure 1. In the samples tested, the clay content ranged from 22 to 37% with a median value of 30%.

Atterberg limit tests resulted in liquid limits ranging from 21 to 28 with plasticity indices ranging from 7 to 11, identifying the material as inorganic clay of low plasticity. Moisture content determinations indicated an almost constant moisture content throughout the depth of both the oxidized and non-oxidized parts of the clay stratum, averaging between 12 and 13% and significantly below the plastic limit.

The nature and composition of the material is such that values of shear strength could not conveniently be determined by normal laboratory testing. The insitu strength of the stratum was therefore judged on the basis of 'N' values, visual examination and pocket penetrometer tests.

The standard penetration ('N') values obtained in the upper, brown to grey-brown, part of the deposit (ignoring the surficial ones in each borehole) ranged from 20 to 52 blows per 300 mm with a median value of 34. In the grey part of the deposit, the 'N' values ranged from 17 to 48 with a median value of 31. On the average there is no significant difference in strength between the oxidized (brown) and non-oxidized (grey) parts of the stratum.

On the basis of all the evidence, it is considered that the silty clay stratum is of very stiff to hard consistency with estimated shear strengths of the order of 150 kPa to about el. 212, rapidly increasing to values well in excess of 200 kPa between el. 212 and 210, to decrease to an average value of 150 kPa between el. 210 and the bedrock surface.

Bedrock

Bedrock was encountered at depths ranging from 5 to 6 m below the ground surface, i.e. between el. 208.0 and 208.8 and augered to refusal as deep as el. 204.9.

The bedrock was identified as weathered grey shale with thin limestone bands. It is believed that auger refusal was obtained in more substantial limestone layers.

GROUNDWATER

With the exception of Boreholes 2 and 8, all boreholes were dry during drilling and upon completion. Boreholes 2 and 8 showed evidence of groundwater at a depth just below the bedrock surface and sealed piezometers were installed in these boreholes at depths of about 6 m.

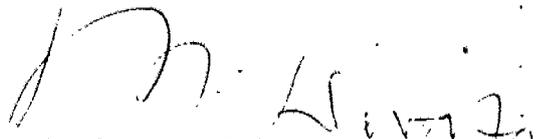
The water levels were measured in the standpipes and in the open cone holes on July 20 (after a prolonged dry spell) and on August 4 (immediately following a night of heavy rain). The results are tabulated below:

	<u>WATER LEVEL ELEVATION</u>	
	<u>July 20</u>	<u>August 4</u>
Borehole 2	212.8	212.7
Cone 3	211.3	
Cone 4	212.0	212.8
Cone 6	211.9	
Cone 7	212.1	212.8
Borehole 8	212.6	212.9
Cone 9	212.1	212.9
Cone 10	212.1	212.9

On the basis of these observations, it is concluded that the ground-water level was at about el. 212.5 at the time of the investigation.



H. Sturm, P.Eng.
Project Foundation Engineer



M. Devata, P.Eng.
Chief Foundations Engineer (East)

A P P E N D I X

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 1

METRIC

W P 21-79-02 LOCATION Co-ords. 4,839,512 N; 286,514 E. ORIGINATED BY MS
 DIST 6 HWY 410 BOREHOLE TYPE Solid Stem Auger COMPILED BY MS
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 82-07-05 CHECKED BY _____

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT				PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			'N' VALUES	20	40	60						80
213.52	Ground Level															
0.00	Topsoil 125 mm		1	SS	15	*										
	Silty clay, some sand, trace of gravel. (Till)		2	SS	26											4 14 52 30
	Very Stiff to Hard		3	SS	31											2 16 52 30
			4	SS	52											
	Brown and grey-brown becoming grey at elevation 210.1.		5	SS	40											
			6	SS	48											
208.02	Shale Bedrock weathered.		7	SS	100/200mm											
5.50			8	SS	100/50mm											
206.75	End of Borehole. Refusal on Auger and Sampler.															
6.77																

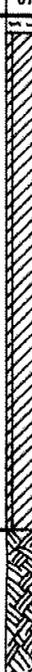
OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

+3, x5: Numbers refer to Sensitivity 20
15 ⋄ 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 2

METRIC

W P 21-79-02 LOCATION Co-ords. 4,839,490 N; 286,548 E. ORIGINATED BY MS
 DIST 6 HWY 410 BOREHOLE TYPE Solid Stem Auger COMPILED BY MS
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 82-07-05 CHECKED BY _____

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT				PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			'N' VALUES	20	40	60						80
213.68	Ground Level															
0.00	Topsoil 150 mm		1	SS	6											
	Silty clay, some sand, trace of gravel. (Till)		2	SS	25											7 13 43 37
	Very Stiff to Hard		3	SS	24											5 12 48 37
			4	SS	37											
			5	SS	32											
	Brown and grey-brown becoming grey at elevation 210.3.		6	SS	34											
208.48			Shale Bedrock weathered.	7	SS	52										
5.20				8	AS											
	9			SS	100/137mm											
206.97	End of Borehole. Refusal on Auger.															
6.71																

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

³, x⁵: Numbers refer to Sensitivity
 20
 15 ϕ 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
 10

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 5

METRIC

W P 21-79-02 LOCATION Co-ords. 4,839,485 N; 286,507 E. ORIGINATED BY MS
 DIST 6 HWY 410 BOREHOLE TYPE Solid Stem Auger COMPILED BY MS
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 82-07-05 CHECKED BY _____

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT			PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			'N' VALUES	20	40						60
214.11	Ground Level														
0.00	Topsoil		1	SS	5	★									
0.30	Silty clay, some sand, trace of gravel. (Till)		2	SS	25										
	Very Stiff to Hard		3	SS	31										4 17 47 32
			4	SS	51										6 17 48 29
	Brown and grey-brown becoming grey at elevation 210.1.		5	SS	36										
			6	SS	23										
208.61	Shale Bedrock weathered.		7	AS											
5.50			8	SS	60/50 mm										
207.31															
6.80	End of Borehole. Refusal on Auger.														
	★ Groundwater not encountered.														

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

+3, x⁵: Numbers refer to Sensitivity
 20
 15 - 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
 10

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 8

METRIC

W P 21-79-02 LOCATION Co-ords. 4,839,494 N; 286,471 E. ORIGINATED BY MS
 DIST 6 HWY 410 BOREHOLE TYPE Solid Stem Auger COMPILED BY MS
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 82-07-05 CHECKED BY _____

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT Y	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			'N' VALUES	20	40	60	80						100
											○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE			WATER CONTENT (%)			
213.96	Ground Level																
0.00	Gravel fill 75 mm Topsoil 50 mm		1	SS	7							0					
	Silty clay, some sand, trace of gravel. (Till)		2	SS	20							0					
			3	SS	23								0				4 19 50 27
			4	SS	32								0	1			
	Very Stiff to Hard		5	SS	48							0					
	Brown and grey-brown becoming grey at elevation 209.2		6	SS	28							0					
			7	SS	50/12 mm								0				
208.46	Shale Bedrock weathered.																
5.50																	
207.25																	
6.71	End of Borehole. Refusal on Auger and Sampler.																

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

+3, x5: Numbers refer to Sensitivity
 20
 15-5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
 10

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 11

METRIC

W P 21-79-02 LOCATION Co-ords. 4,839,445 N; 286,477 E. ORIGINATED BY MS
 DIST 6 HWY 410 BOREHOLE TYPE Solid Stem Auger COMPILED BY MS
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 82-07-06 CHECKED BY _____

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			'N' VALUES	20	40	60	80						100
214.17	Ground Level																
0.00	Topsoil 50 mm		1	SS	5	*											
	Silty clay, some sand, trace of gravel. (Till) Very Stiff to Hard Brown and grey-brown becoming grey at elevation 210.0.		2	SS	36											1 20 56 23	
			3	SS	38												9 20 49 22
			4	SS	45												
			5	SS	45												
			6	SS	17												
208.17	Shale Bedrock weathered.		7	SS	90												
6.00			8	SS	100/50mm												
			9	SS	100/50mm												
204.87	End of Borehole. Refusal on Auger and Sampler.																
9.50																	

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

+3, x⁵ : Numbers refer to 20
Sensitivity 15 ϕ 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 12

METRIC

W P 21-79-02 LOCATION Co-ords. 4,839,499 N; 286,428 E. ORIGINATED BY MS
 DIST 6 HWY 410 BOREHOLE TYPE Solid Stem Auger COMPILED BY MS
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 82-07-06 CHECKED BY

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT				PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			'N' VALUES	20	40	60						80
214.04	Ground Level															
0.00	Topsoil 200 mm		1	SS	7	*										
	Silty clay, some sand, trace of gravel. (Till)		2	SS	25		213.00									
			3	SS	28		212.00									
			Very Stiff to Hard	4	SS		42	211.00								
	5			SS	41		210.00									
	Brown to grey-brown becoming grey at elevation 209.8.		6	SS	40		209.00									
208.84			Shale Bedrock weathered.	7	SS		100/50mm	208.00								
5.20																
207.33	End of Borehole. Refusal on Auger.															
6.71	* Groundwater not encountered.															

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

+3, x5: Numbers refer to Sensitivity
 20
 15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
 10

RECORD OF CONE No 3

METRIC

W P 21-79-02 LOCATION Co-ords 4,839,529 N; 286,510 E ORIGINATED BY MS
 DIST 6 HWY 410 BOREHOLE TYPE Dynamic Cone Penetration Test COMPILED BY MS
 DATUM Geodetic DATE (Cone 3: 82-07-06) (Cone 4: 82-07-06) (Cone 6: 82-07-06) CHECKED BY AP

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT 20 40 60 80 100 SHEAR STRENGTH ○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE	PLASTIC LIMIT W _p NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W LIQUID LIMIT W _L WATER CONTENT (%)	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE						
213.05	Ground Level									
0.00										
210.00										
3.05	End of Dynamic Cone Penetration Test 3									
RECORD OF CONE No 4										
Co-ords 4,839,498 N; 286,528 E										
213.80	Ground Level									
0.00										
210.60										
3.20	End of Dynamic Cone Penetration Test 4									
RECORD OF CONE No 6										
Co-ords 4,839,502 N; 286,490 E										
213.89	Ground Level									
0.00										
211.00										
2.89	End of Dynamic Cone Penetration Test 6									

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

+3, x5 : Numbers refer to Sensitivity
 20
 15
 10
 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE

FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION REPORT

For

Queen Street (Hwy. 7) Underpass

W.P. 21-79-05 Site: 24-145-343

Hwy. 410, District 6, Toronto.INTRODUCTION:

This report summarizes the factual information obtained from a foundation investigation program performed at the above mentioned structural site. The fieldwork was carried out between 74 01 29 and 74 02 14 under W.P. 134-73-02.

Six boreholes, four of which accompanied by a dynamic cone penetration test, were put down during the course of the field investigation. The borings and the penetration tests were advanced by means of a continuous flight auger machine adapted for soil sampling purposes for depths ranging from 15.7 to 16.6 m. Bedrock was cored in all boreholes for a maximum depth of 2 m.

Site Description and Geology

The site is located immediately east of the existing intersection of Queen St. (Hwy.7) and Heart Lake Rd., in the City of Brampton, Municipality of Peel.

Land use in the area has recently changed from predominately farming to industrial subdivision development. Topography across the site is generally flat with ground surface sloping gently towards Lake Ontario.

The site is located in the physiographic region known as the "Peel Plain". The characteristic deposit, in the vicinity of the area under investigation, is a ground moraine composed of cohesive glacial till, laid down during the Wisconsinian glacial age. Deposits of silt and sand are often found interbedded within the till.

Subsurface Conditions

Although variable in composition, generally competent subsurface conditions were encountered across the site.

The predominant stratum encountered at the site is a cohesive deposit of stiff to hard silty clay with sand and gravel. At three boring locations this stratum is overlain by fill material of up to 1.5 m thick. The surficial cohesive deposit is followed by a granular deposit ranging from silt to silty sand, which is in turn underlain by a heterogeneous mixture of silty clay, sand and gravel of glacial origin. The overburden is followed by limestone bedrock.

The boundaries between the various soil types, insitu and laboratory test results, as well as stabilized ground water levels, are shown on the attached Record of Borehole Sheets. The locations and elevations of the borings, along with a profile and three estimated soil stratigraphical sections based on borehole data, are shown on Drawing No. 2.

The various soil types encountered are briefly described in the following paragraphs.

Fill Material

Roadway fill material was encountered at three boring locations (BH's 2, 3 and 4). The fill material was composed of silty clay of low plasticity with sand and gravel at two boreholes. At BH #3, it is a silty sand with traces of gravel. The thickness of the fill material was found to be 1.5 m at all three boreholes. Standard Penetration Testing carried out within this stratum gave 'N' values ranging from 9 to 18 blows per 0.3 m. Based on these values, it is estimated that the fill material has been moderately compacted.

Silty Clay, with Sand and Gravel

This is the predominant stratum which was encountered immediately below the ground surface or directly under the fill material where it exists. The thickness of this deposit ranges from 2.2 m at BH #3 to 9.8 m at BH #4. Random thin seams of silt and sand are present within this deposit. At BH #4, the upper 2.1 m of this deposit consists of alternate layers of silty sand and silty clay.

Grain-size distribution tests were performed on the samples obtained from the cohesive portion of this deposit. The results are summarized on Fig. #2 in envelope form.

Atterberg Limit tests were carried out on the cohesive portion of the samples obtained. The results, which are plotted on the Record of Borehole Sheets and the Plasticity Chart (Fig.#1), are summarized in tabulated form as below.

			Range
Liquid Limit	(W)	%	16-34
Plastic Limit	(W _p)	%	12-20
Natural Moisture Content	(W)	%	8-18

Based on these values, it may be estimated that the cohesive deposit is an inorganic silty clay of low plasticity (CL).

Standard Penetration testing carried out within this deposit gave 'N' values ranging from 14 to in excess of 100 blows per 0.3 m. It is estimated that the consistency of this deposit varies between stiff to hard.

Granular Deposits - Silts and Sands:

Directly underlying the silty clay deposit is a granular deposit, whose composition ranges from silt with some sand to sand with some silt and a trace to some gravel. The thickness of this granular deposit varies between 3.3 m (BH #1) and 8.2 m (BH #2). The results of the grain-size distribution testing carried out on samples recovered from this deposit are presented on Fig.#3. This material is subject to "boiling" if excavations within this deposit are carried out under an unbalanced hydrostatic head. Standard Penetration Testing was carried out within this stratum. This testing gave 'N' values ranging from 37 to in excess of 100 blows per 0.3 m. The relative density of this deposit is therefore estimated to be varying from dense to very dense.

Silty Clay, Sand, and Gravel (Glacial Till)

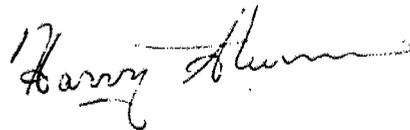
This deposit of glacial origin was encountered at all boring locations except at BH #2. It is composed of a heterogeneous mixture of silty clay, sand and gravel. Its thickness ranges from 0.9 (BH #3) to 5.9 m (BH #1). Typical grain-size distribution curves are shown on Fig.#4. From a limited number of Atterberg limit tests, it is estimated that the glacial till has a matrix which is an inorganic silty clay of low plasticity (CL). Standard Penetration testing gave 'N' values of in excess of 100 blows per foot. Based on these values, it is estimated that the consistency of the glacial till is hard.

Bedrock

Bedrock was proven at all boring locations by obtaining 1.1 to 2.0 m of BXL size rock core. Rock surface elevations varied from 205.6 to 206.9 corresponding to depths of 14.6 to 13.9 m respectively. Rock is described as a good quality limestone showing signs of minor fracturing.

Groundwater Conditions

Groundwater conditions were observed by recording the water levels in the open boreholes during the course of the field investigation. The observations indicated that the groundwater table within the overburden varied between elevations 220.5 and 218.7 corresponding to levels from 0.5 to 1.5 m below the ground surface at the time of investigation.



H. Sturm, P.Eng.
Project Foundation Engineer



M. Devata, P.Eng.
Chief Foundations Engineer (East)

APPENDIX

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 1

METRIC

W P 21-79-05 LOCATION Co-ords. N 4 840 385.5; E 285 567.7 ORIGINATED BY V.K.
 DIST 6 HWY 410 BOREHOLE TYPE Continuous Flight Auger - BXL Core COMPILED BY R.Z.
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 74 01 29 CHECKED BY [Signature]

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT	PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20 40 60 80 100						WATER CONTENT (%) 10 20 30
221.1	Ground Surface												
0.0	Silty Clay of low plasticity with Sand and Gravel Very Stiff to Hard Brown Grey	1	SS	17							22 25 41 12		
		2	SS	47									
		3	SS	128									
		4	SS	146/	28 cm								0 31 55 14
		5	SS	100/	13 cm								
215.9		6	SS	100/	20 cm								
5.2	Grey Silt Some Sand Very Dense	7	SS	100/	13 cm							0 23 76 1	
		8	SS	106									
212.6													
8.5	Grey (Glacial Till) Silty Clay, Sand and Varying amounts of Gravel Hard	9	SS	100/	8 cm								
		10	SS	108/	15 cm								
		11	SS	100/	5 cm							14 35 41 10	
206.6													
14.5	Limestone Bedrock	12	SS	100/	5 cm								
204.6		13	RC BXL	92% REC									
16.5	End of Borehole												

+3, x5: Numbers refer to 20
Sensitivity 15-5 (% STRAIN AT FAILURE
10

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 2

METRIC

W P 21-79-05 LOCATION Co-ords. N 4 840 413.9; E 285 540.3 ORIGINATED BY V.K.
 DIST 6 HWY 410 BOREHOLE TYPE Continuous Flight Auger - BXL Core COMPILED BY R.Z.
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 74 02 11 CHECKED BY *[Signature]*

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20 40 60 80 100	WATER CONTENT (%) 10 20 30					
221.4	Ground Level												
0.0	Silty Clay-low plasticity with Sand & Gravel & Trace of Organics (Fill) Stiff	1	SS	14									
219.9	Brown Silty Clay of low Plasticity with Sand Hard	2	SS	46									19 24 47 10
1.5		3	SS	82									0 38 52 10
		4	SS	105									
		5	SS	150	25 cm								
		6	SS	128	28 cm								0 28 54 18
215.0	Grey Silty Sand with some Gravel Very Dense	7	SS	124									0 81 (19)
		8	SS	163									
		9	SS	125	20 cm								
		10	SS	191	23 cm								17 59 (24)
206.8	Limestone Bedrock Partly Fractured	11	BXL RC	75% REC									
204.8		12	BXL RC	76% REC									
16.6	End of Borehole												

+3, x5: Numbers refer to Sensitivity
 20
 15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
 10

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 3

METRIC

W P 21-79-05 LOCATION Co-ords. N 4 840 411.8 E 285 599.1 ORIGINATED BY V.K.
 DIST 6 HWY 410 BOREHOLE TYPE Continuous Flight Auger - BXL Core COMPILED BY R.Z.
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 74 02 07 CHECKED BY [Signature]

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT Y	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			'N' VALUES	20	40	60	80					
220.8	Ground Level															GR SA SI CL
0.0	Silty Sand with Trace of Gravel	[Pattern]	1	SS	18											
219.3	(Fill) Compact	[Pattern]	2	SS	14											
1.5	Silty Clay of Low Plasticity	[Pattern]	3	SS	44											16 31 38 15
	Some Sand and Gravel	[Pattern]	4	SS	93											0 22 53 25
217.1	Stiff to Hard Brown	[Pattern]	5	SS	57											
3.7	Grey	[Pattern]	6	SS	98											0 5 95 0
	Silty Sand with occasional layers of silt	[Pattern]	7	SS	119											0 64 (36)
		[Pattern]	8	SS	142/28 cm											
		[Pattern]	9	SS	46											
211.0	Very Dense	[Pattern]	10	SS	100/13 cm											
9.8	Grey (Glacial Till)	[Pattern]	11	SS	100/10 cm											
	Silty Clay, Sand varying am'ts of Gravel	[Pattern]	12	RC	70% REC											47 36 (17)
206.9	Hard	[Pattern]	13	BXL RC	100%											
13.9	Limestone	[Pattern]														
205.1	Bedrock	[Pattern]														
15.7	End of Borehole															

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

+3, x5: Numbers refer to Sensitivity
 20
 15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
 10

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 4

METRIC

W P 21-79-05 LOCATION Co-ords. N 4 840 441.0 E 285 570.8 ORIGINATED BY V.K.
 DIST 6 HWY 410 BOREHOLE TYPE Continuous Flight Auger - BXL Core COMPILED BY R.Z.
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 74-02-13 CHECKED BY [Signature]

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT Y	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			'N' VALUES	20					
221.0	Ground Level												
0.0	Silty Clay with Seams of Sand and Gravel		1	SS	9								
219.5	(Fill) Stiff		2	SS	43								0 57 (43)
1.5	with alter- nating layers of Silty Sand		3	SS	77								0 42 45 13
	Brown Grey		4	SS	124								
			5	SS	145	23 cm							
	Silty Clay of Low Plasticity with Sand varying am'ts of Gravel		6	SS	88								
			7	SS	172	20 cm							37 18 29 16
			8	SS	100	15 cm							
	Hard		9	SS	100	15 cm							14 30 42 14
209.7	Silty Sand, Trace to Some Gravel		10	SS	172	25 cm							
11.3	Very Dense		11	SS	100	15 cm							0 52 42 6
206.7	(Glacial Till) Silty Clay, Sand and Gravel		12	SS	100	10 cm							
14.3	Hard		13	BXL RC	70%								
205.8	Limestone Bedrock Partly Fractured		14	BXL RC	80%								
15.2													
204.2	End of Borehole												
16.8													

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

+3, x5 : Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15-5 (% STRAIN AT FAILURE
10

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 5

METRIC

W P 21-79-05 LOCATION Co-ords. N 4 840 447.1; E 285 617.1 ORIGINATED BY V.K.
 DIST 6 HWY 410 BOREHOLE TYPE Continuous Flight Auger - BXL Core COMPILED BY R.Z.
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 74 01 29 CHECKED BY [Signature]

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			'N' VALUES	SHEAR STRENGTH								
						20	40	60	80	100						
220.2	Ground Level															
0.0	Brown Silty Clay of Low Plasticity With Sand and Gravel		1	SS	45											
			2	SS	117										0 41 46 13	
			3	SS	100	15 cm										
			4	SS	135	25 cm									0 23 65 12	
216.4	Hard		5	SS	118	25 cm									3 27 54 16	
3.8	Silty Sand With Occ. Layers of Silt		6	SS	159	25 cm										
	Dense to Very Dense		7	SS	37										0 85 (15)	
	Brown Grey		8	SS	113											
	Some Gravel		9	SS	166										22 54 (24)	
			10	SS	100	15 cm										
208.3	Grey (Glacial Till)		11	SS	100	8 cm										
11.9	Silty Clay, Sand, Varying Amt's of Gravel															
205.6	Hard															
14.6	Limestone Bedrock		12	BXL RC	67% REC											
203.7	Partly Fractured		13	BXL RC	67% REC											
16.5	End of Borehole															

+3, x5 : Numbers refer to Sensitivity
 20
 15-5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
 10

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 6

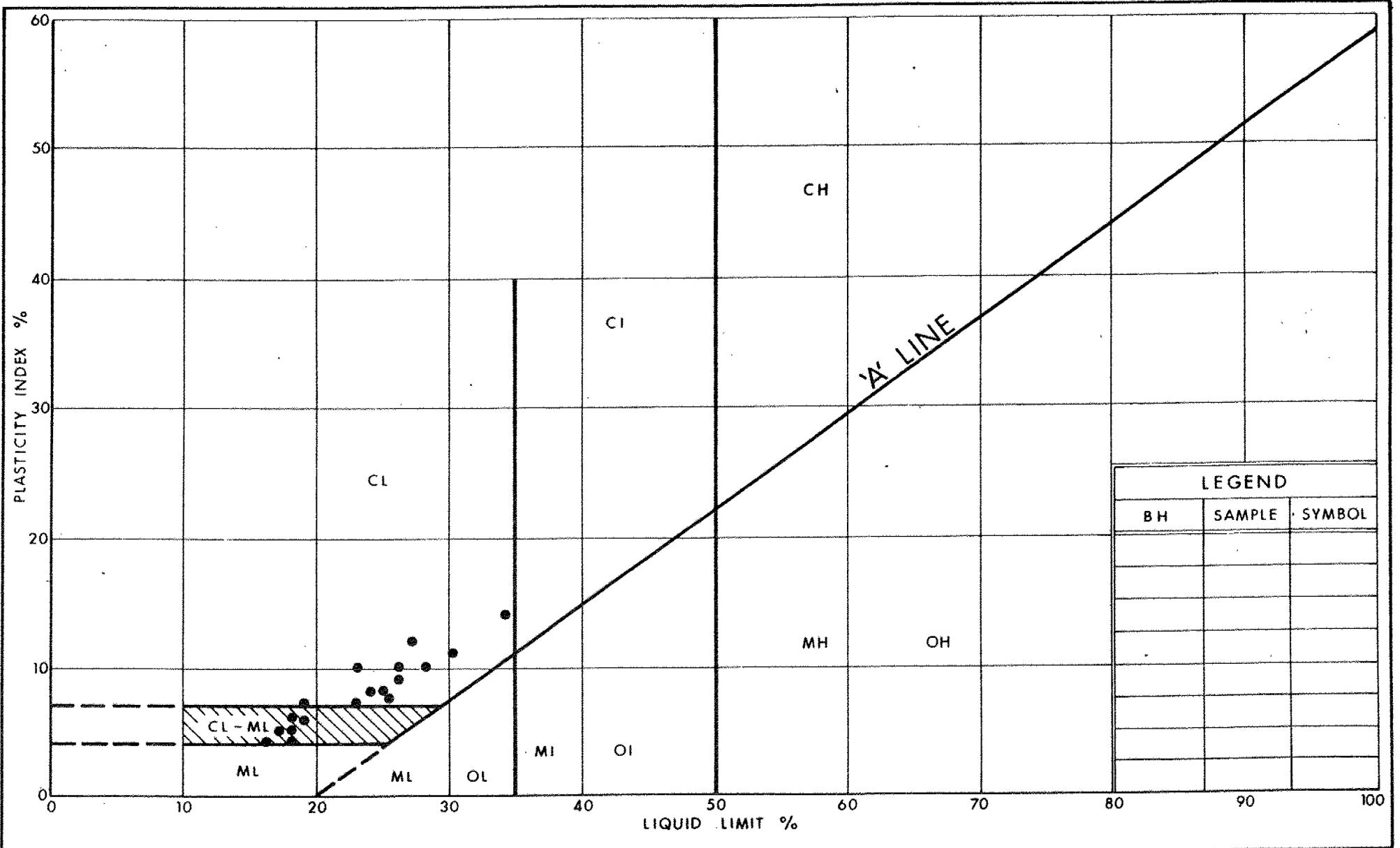
METRIC

W P 21-79-05 LOCATION Co-ords. N 4 840 472.7 E 285 592.4 ORIGINATED BY V.K.
 DIST 6 HWY 410 BOREHOLE TYPE Continuous Flight Auger - BXL Core COMPILED BY R.Z.
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 74-02-14 CHECKED BY [Signature]

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT 20 40 60 80 100	SHEAR STRENGTH ○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE	PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE									
220.7	Ground Level												
0.0	Silty Clay of Low Plasticity with varying am'ts of Sand and Gravel		1	SS	47								
			2	SS	47								
			3	SS	62								
			4	SS	142								
			5	SS	190								
	Brown Grey												
	Hard												
214.6			6	SS	172								
6.1	Grey												
	Silty Sand		7	SS	150								
	Trace of Gravel												
	Very Dense		8	SS	163	25 cm							
			9	SS	173								
			10	SS	160	23 cm							
207.9													
12.8	Grey (Glacial Till) Silty Clay, Sand and Gravel		11	SS	100	13 cm							
	Hard												
206.1													
14.6	Limestone Bedrock		12	BXL									
205.0	Partly Fractured			RC	60%								
15.7	End of Borehole												

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

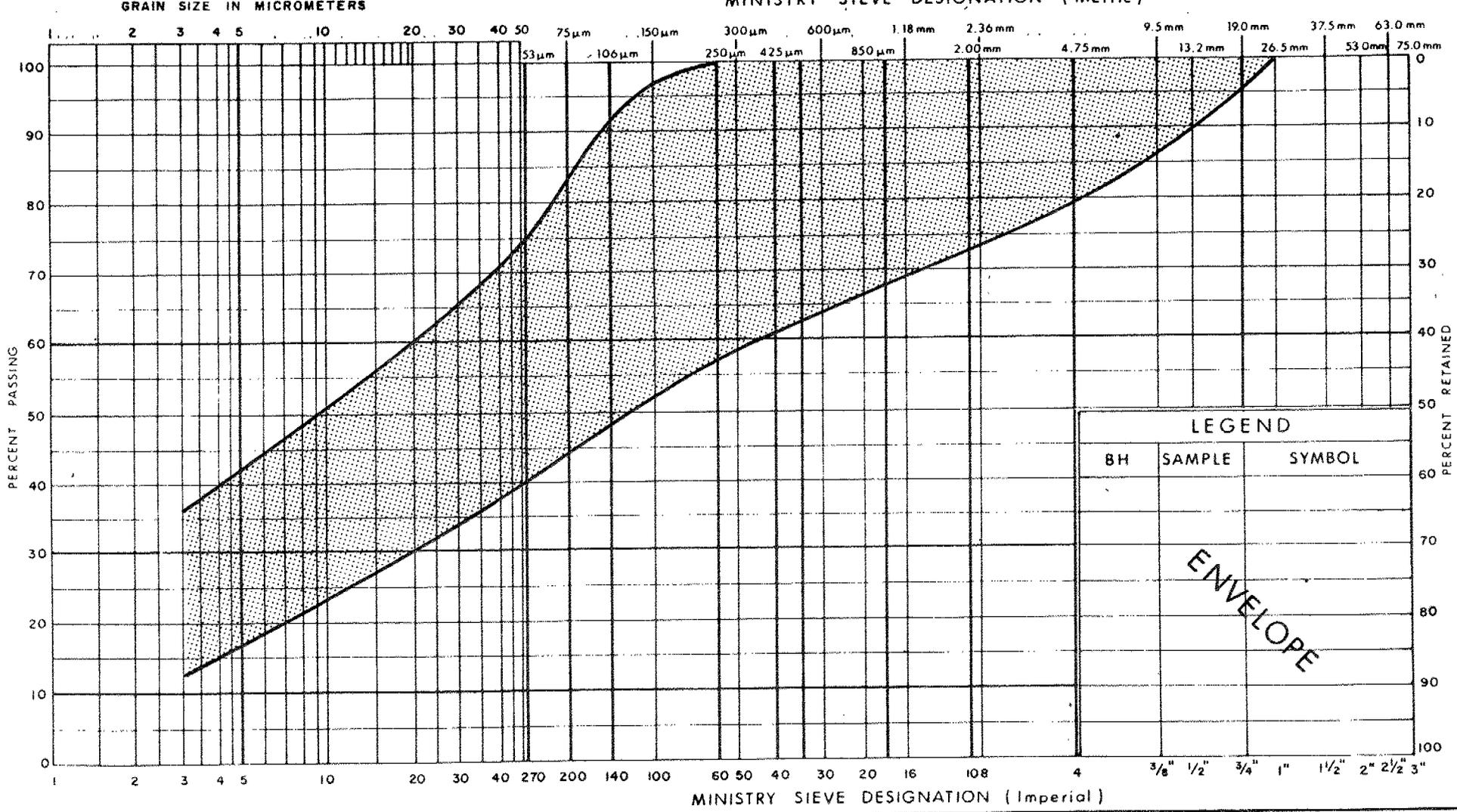
+3, x5: Numbers refer to Sensitivity
 20
 15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
 10



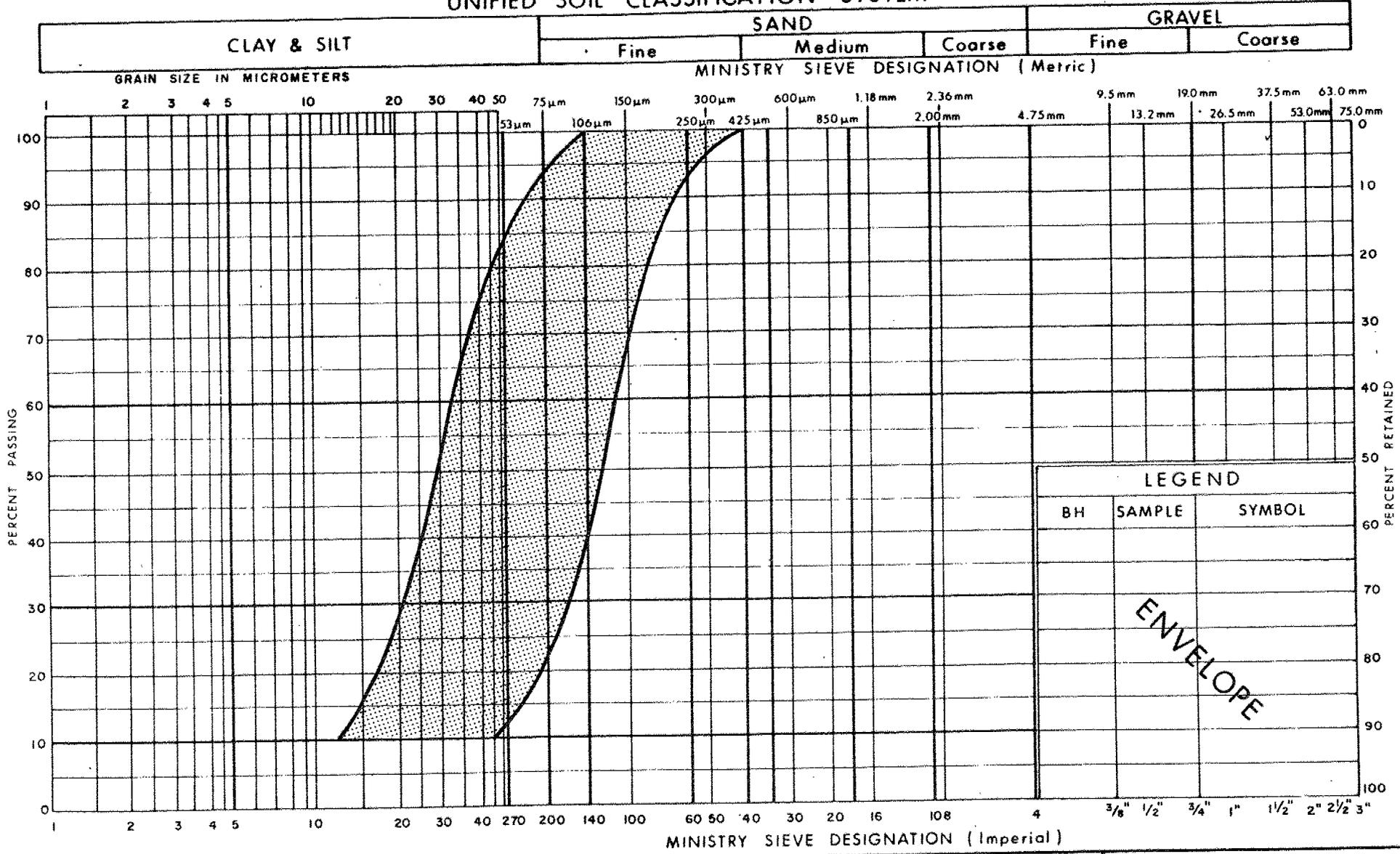
LEGEND		
BH	SAMPLE	SYMBOL

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

CLAY & SILT	SAND			GRAVEL	
	Fine	Medium	Coarse	Fine	Coarse



UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

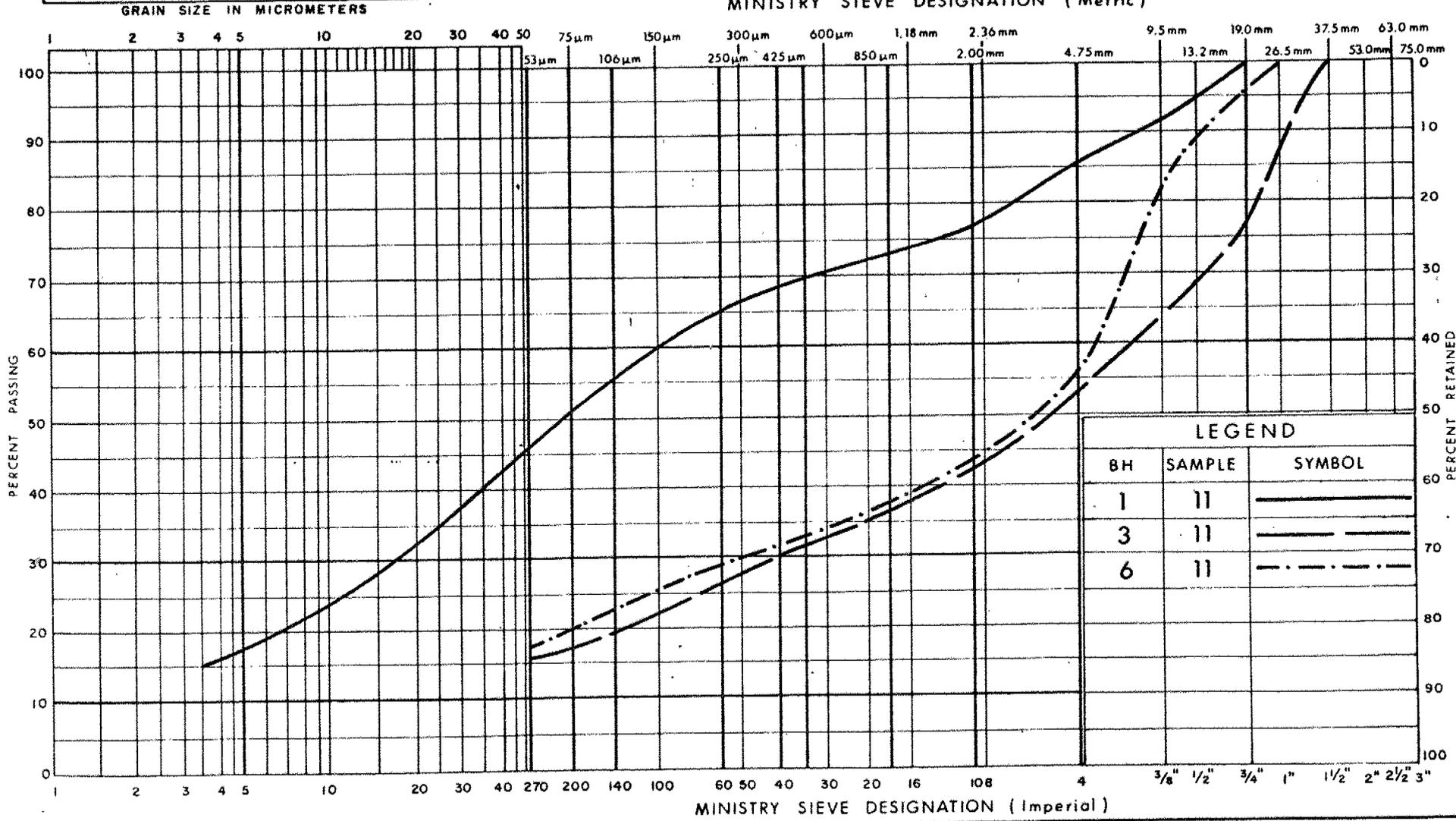


GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION SILTY SAND

FIG No 3
WP 21-79-05

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

CLAY & SILT	SAND			GRAVEL	
	Fine	Medium	Coarse	Fine	Coarse



Ministry of
Transportation and
Communications

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION SILTY CLAY, SAND & GRAVEL (Glacial Till)

FIG No 4
WP 21-79-05

memorandum



To: Mr. G.C.E. Burkhardt
Head, Structural Planning Section
Central (5000 Yonge St.) Region

Date: 82 08 17

From: Pavement & Foundation Design Section
Room 315, Central Bldg.
Downsview

Re: Orenda Road Overpass
W.P. 21-79-02, Site 24-476
Hwy. 410, District 6, Toronto

Please find attached the complete foundation investigation and design report for the above-mentioned structural site as prepared by Morton & Partners Ltd., consulting geotechnical engineers. We have reviewed this report for technical content/format and feel that full height abutment footings, founded at or below elevation 212.5, can be designed to the following O.H.B.D.C. parameters:

Factored Capacity at U.L.S.	550 kPa
Capacity at S.L.S. Type II	250 kPa

We trust the above and attached information is sufficient for your design requirements.

Tom Kazmierowski, P. Eng.
Foundations Engineer

TK:syc

- cc: R.D. Gunter
- F. Norman
- J. Smrcka (2)
- K. Bassi
- B.J. Giroux
- R. Hore

- R. Fitzgibbon (memo only)
- T.J. Kovich (memo only)

Att.

FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION REPORT

ORENDA ROAD OVERPASS

HIGHWAY 410 - BRAMPTON BYPASS

W.P. 21-79-02

SITE 24 - 476

DISTRICT 6

TORONTO

00/82.061

AUGUST, 1982

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PREPARED BY:

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215 CARLINGVIEW DRIVE
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GEOCKES 30M12-172

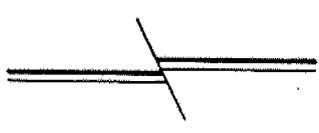


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 GRAINSIZE DISTRIBUTION CURVES	 FIGURE 1
 BOREHOLE RECORDS	
 CONE RECORDS	
 BOREHOLE LOCATIONS AND SOIL STRATA	 SITE PLAN



MORTON & PARTNERS LIMITED
CONSULTING ENGINEERS & ENGINEERING GEOLOGISTS

215 CARLINGVIEW DRIVE,
REXDALE, ONTARIO, CANADA M9W 5X8
TELEPHONE: (416) 675-1440
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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Morton & Partners Limited have been retained by the Ministry of Transportation and Communications to carry out a foundation investigation for a proposed bridge structure to carry Highway 410 over Orenda Road in the City of Brampton.

2.0 SITE AND GEOLOGY

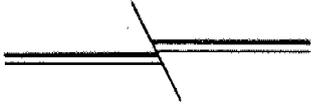
The site is located immediately east of Heart Lake Road and immediately south of Orenda Road. The area is an open and grassed field at the present time and approximately level at about elevation 214.

The site located centrally within the broad, gently southward shelving Peel Clay Plain which was formed by glacial deposition and post-glacial sequential erosion and sedimentation that took place within a large ephemeral garland lake which was dammed up behind (i.e. north of) the remnant of the Wisconsin ice sheet that was left temporarily within the Lake Ontario topographic basin during the ultimate stage of Pleistocene ice retreat. The clay plain tends to be "stepped" into a series of rises from south to north as a result of bedrock influences and by the staged southeastward withdrawal of the ice margin.

Bedrock comprises grey, interbedded thin shales, siltstones, mudstones and limestones of the Meaford - Dundas formation, which are of late Ordovician age. Bedding is essentially flatlying with less than one degree declination (dip) almost due southwest.

3.0 FIELD WORK

The field work for this investigation was carried out on July 5th and 6th, 1982, and consisted of six boreholes and six dynamic cone penetration tests at the locations shown on the enclosed drawing. The work was carried out using a truck-mounted CME 45 drilling machine.



3.0 FIELD WORK (Continued)

Soil samples were taken using the Standard Penetration Test method and brought to our laboratory for further examination and testing. Samples remaining after testing will normally be stored for a period of three months following the date of this report and then discarded, unless other instructions are received.

The elevations of the ground surface at the borehole locations were determined using a benchmark consisting of the northwest corner of a concrete slab, 15.5 m left at chainage 12 + 934.7. The elevation of this benchmark is reported to be at 214.051.

4.0 SOIL CONDITIONS

The soil conditions at the borehole locations are shown on the Borehole Records and consist essentially of silty clay resting on bedrock as described below.

4.1 Topsoil

All boreholes encountered topsoil extending to depths ranging from 50 to 300 mm. In Borehole 8 only, the topsoil was covered with a veneer of sand and gravel fill, about 75 mm in thickness.

4.2 Silty Clay (Till)

The topsoil covers a deposit of silty clay with some sand and widely dispersed fine gravel, extending to bedrock at depths of about 5 to 6 m below ground level.

The colour of the stratum grades from brown to grey-brown with depth and becomes grey, rather abruptly, at about elevation 210, i.e. from 3.5 to 4.2 m below the ground surface.

4.2 Silty Clay (Till) (Continued)

Grainsize analyses were carried out on samples from the stratum. The results are shown on the Borehole Records and summarized on the Envelope on Figure 1. In the samples tested, the clay content ranged from 22 to 37 per cent with a median value of 30 per cent.

Atterberg limit tests resulted in liquid limits ranging from 21 to 28 with plasticity indices ranging from 7 to 11, identifying the material as inorganic clay of low plasticity. Moisture content determinations indicated an almost constant moisture content throughout the depth of both the oxidized and non-oxidized parts of the clay stratum, averaging between 12 and 13 per cent and significantly below the plastic limit.

The nature and composition of the material is such that values of shear strength could not conveniently be determined by normal laboratory testing. The in-situ strength of the stratum was therefore judged on the basis of "N" values, visual examination and pocket penetrometer tests.

The standard penetration ("N") values obtained in the upper, brown to grey-brown, part of the deposit (ignoring the surficial ones in each borehole) ranged from 20 to 52 blows per 300 mm with a median value of 34. In the grey part of the deposit, the "N" values ranged from 17 to 48 with a median value of 31. On the average there is no significant difference in strength between the oxidized (brown) and non-oxidized (grey) parts of the stratum.

On the basis of all the evidence, it is considered that the silty clay stratum is of very stiff to hard consistency with estimated shear strengths of the order of 150 kPa to about elevation 212, rapidly increasing to values well in excess of 200 kPa between elevations 212 and 210, to decrease to an average value of 150 kPa between elevation 210 and the bedrock surface.

4.3 Bedrock

Bedrock was encountered at depths ranging from 5 to 6 m below the ground surface, i.e. between elevations 208.0 and 208.8 and augered to refusal as deep as elevation 204.9.

4.3 Bedrock (Continued)

The bedrock was identified as weathered grey shale with thin limestone bands. It is believed that auger refusal was obtained in more substantial limestone layers.

5.0 GROUNDWATER

With the exception of Boreholes 2 and 8, all boreholes were dry during drilling and upon completion. Boreholes 2 and 8 showed evidence of groundwater at a depth just below the bedrock surface and sealed piezometers were installed in these boreholes at depths of about 6 m.

The water levels were measured in the standpipes and in the open cone holes on July 20 (after a prolonged dry spell) and on August 4 (immediately following a night of heavy rain). The results are tabulated below:

	<u>WATER LEVEL ELEVATION</u>	
	<u>July 20</u>	<u>August 4</u>
Borehole 2	212.8	212.7
Cone 3	211.3	
Cone 4	212.0	212.8
Cone 6	211.9	
Cone 7	212.1	212.8
Borehole 8	212.6	212.9
Cone 9	212.1	212.9
Cone 10	212.1	212.9

On the basis of these observations, it is concluded that the groundwater level was at about elevation 212.5 at the time of the investigation.

6.0 DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

6.1 General

The proposed overpass will be a twin, single span, bridge structure carrying Highway 410 over Orenda Road. It is understood that the Orenda



6.1 General (Continued)

Road grade elevation will be approximately at present ground level (i.e. at about elevation 214) and that the profile grade of Highway 410, at the crossing, will be at about elevation 221. Consequently, the embankment height at the location of the abutments will be of the order of 7 m.

6.2 Foundations

It is intended that the structure be founded on spread footings. Footing sizes are not known at the present time, but judging from the physical layout, it is assumed that the footing dimensions will be approximately 22 by 3 m. The surficial soil is not or only marginally frost susceptible but it is suggested that the footings be founded below the depth of frost influence. It is, therefore, recommended that the footings be provided with an earth cover of at least 1500 mm. Consequently the footing level will be at or below approximate elevation 212.5.

6.3 Bearing Capacity

It is considered that spread footings are an acceptable foundation solution. The soil at and below the recommended founding elevation (elevation 212.5) consists of very stiff to hard silty clay of low plasticity with a moisture content below the plastic limit. It is deemed to have a shear strength increasing from 150 kPa at the founding elevation to more than 200 kPa at about elevation 210. From there to the bedrock surface at about elevation 208.5, the shear strength is estimated to be of the order of 150 kPa.

The factored bearing capacity at ultimate limit states is expressed as

$$q_f = \gamma D + 5 c_f \left(1 + 0.2 \frac{D}{B}\right) \left(1 + 0.2 \frac{B}{L}\right)$$

6.3 Bearing Capacity (Continued)

where:

- γ = unit weight = 22 kN/m³
- D = footing depth = 1.5 m
- c_f = factored soil parameter for cohesion = $f_c c$
- f_c = constant = 0.5
- c = cohesion = 150 kPa
- B = footing width = 3 m
- L = footing length = 22 m

Substitution gives $q_f = 457$ kPa.

The bearing capacity at serviceability limit states is dependent on the anticipated settlement of the clay stratum under actual applied loadings (neglecting transient loads). These loadings are not available at this time. However, it is believed that settlement will be minor, considering the low plasticity of the clay, its low moisture content and its corresponding low void ratio of the order of 0.35. It is further considered that any settlement will be due more to the surcharge of the embankment than to the pressures induced at depth by the abutment footing. If settlement occurs under the embankment surcharge, the seat of such settlement is likely to be in the lower grey part of the clay which is of limited thickness and underlain by essentially unyielding weathered shale.

Consequently, it is believed that the footing design at this site is not governed by settlement considerations. It is further believed that, in any event, the applied bearing pressures, neglecting transient loadings, will be considerably less than the bearing capacity computed for ultimate limit states design.

6.4 Stability

It is assumed that the backfill behind and in front of the abutment wall will be free draining granular material for which the angle of internal friction may be taken as 30 degrees.

6.4 Stability (Continued)

On this basis the earth pressure coefficients for the ultimate limit and serviceability states design may be taken to be equal to:

	<u>ULTIMATE LIMIT STATE</u>	<u>SERVICEABILITY LIMIT STATE</u>
Active State	0.41	0.33
At-Rest State	0.58	0.50
Passive State	2.44	3.00

The resistance to sliding of a horizontal footing on clay may be computed using a cohesion $c_f = 0.65 \times c$ where c may be assumed to be 150 kPa at the recommended footing level.

The recommendations given in the preceding paragraphs apply to the footings for the abutments for which dimensions have been assumed. The general considerations, however, apply equally to footings for wing walls and retaining walls which may be incorporated.

6.5 Construction

The groundwater level at the time of the investigation appeared to be at elevation ± 212.5 , i.e. at or close to the recommended founding elevation. It will therefore probably be necessary to dewater the footing excavation in order to facilitate construction and avoid disturbance of the soil at the founding level. However, as the soil is of relatively low permeability, unusual construction problems are not anticipated.

6.6 Embankments

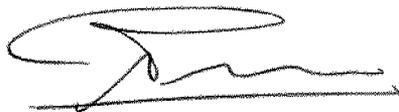
At the borehole locations, the average topsoil depth was about 125 to 150 mm. This should be stripped prior to placing the embankment fill. The maximum height of fill appears to be of the order of 7 m. The natural soil, below the topsoil is suitable for the support of the embankment with normal side slopes of 1 vertical to 2 horizontal.



7.0 MISCELLANEOUS

The field work for this investigation was carried out under the supervision of Mr. M. Schiller, using equipment owned and operated by Master Soil Investigations Limited. The report was prepared by Mr. A. Prior, P.Eng.

Respectfully submitted,
MORTON & PARTNERS LIMITED



A. PRIOR, P.Eng.

AP/lh

EXPLANATION OF TERMS USED IN REPORT

N VALUE: THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (SPT) N VALUE IS THE NUMBER OF BLOWS REQUIRED TO CAUSE A STANDARD 51mm O.D. SPLIT BARREL SAMPLER TO PENETRATE 0.3m INTO UNDISTURBED GROUND IN A BOREHOLE WHEN DRIVEN BY A HAMMER WITH A MASS OF 63.5kg, FALLING FREELY A DISTANCE OF 0.76m. FOR PENETRATIONS OF LESS THAN 0.3m N VALUES ARE INDICATED AS THE NUMBER OF BLOWS FOR THE PENETRATION ACHIEVED. AVERAGE N VALUE IS DENOTED THUS \bar{N} .

DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION TEST: CONTINUOUS PENETRATION OF A CONICAL STEEL POINT (51mm O.D. 60° CONE ANGLE) DRIVEN BY 475 J IMPACT ENERGY ON 'A' SIZE DRILL RODS. THE RESISTANCE TO CONE PENETRATION IS MEASURED AS THE NUMBER OF BLOWS FOR EACH 0.3m ADVANCE OF THE CONICAL POINT INTO THE UNDISTURBED GROUND.

SOILS ARE DESCRIBED BY THEIR COMPOSITION AND CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS.

CONSISTENCY: COHESIVE SOILS ARE DESCRIBED ON THE BASIS OF THEIR UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH (c_u) AS FOLLOWS:

c_u (kPa)	0 - 12	12 - 25	25 - 50	50 - 100	100 - 200	>200
	VERY SOFT	SOFT	FIRM	STIFF	VERY STIFF	HARD

DENSENESS: COHESIONLESS SOILS ARE DESCRIBED ON THE BASIS OF DENSENESS AS INDICATED BY SPT N VALUES AS FOLLOWS:

N (BLOWS / 0.3 m)	0 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 30	30 - 50	>50
	VERY LOOSE	LOOSE	COMPACT	DENSE	VERY DENSE

ROCKS ARE DESCRIBED BY THEIR COMPOSITION AND STRUCTURAL FEATURES AND / OR STRENGTH.

RECOVERY: SUM OF ALL RECOVERED ROCK CORE PIECES FROM A CORING RUN EXPRESSED AS A PERCENT OF THE TOTAL LENGTH OF THE CORING RUN.

MODIFIED RECOVERY: SUM OF THOSE INTACT CORE PIECES, 100mm+ IN LENGTH EXPRESSED AS A PERCENT OF THE LENGTH OF THE CORING RUN. THE ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (R Q D), FOR MODIFIED RECOVERY, IS:

R Q D (%)	0 - 25	25 - 50	50 - 75	75 - 90	90 - 100
	VERY POOR	POOR	FAIR	GOOD	EXCELLENT

JOINTING AND BEDDING:

SPACING	50mm	50 - 300mm	0.3m - 1m	1m - 3m	>3m
JOINTING	VERY CLOSE	CLOSE	MOD. CLOSE	WIDE	VERY WIDE
BEDDING	VERY THIN	THIN	MEDIUM	THICK	VERY THICK

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

FIELD SAMPLING

S S	SPLIT SPOON	T P	THINWALL PISTON
W S	WASH SAMPLE	O S	OSTERBERG SAMPLE
S T	SLOTTED TUBE SAMPLE	R C	ROCK CORE
B S	BLOCK SAMPLE	P H	T W ADVANCED HYDRAULICALLY
C S	CHUNK SAMPLE	P M	T W ADVANCED MANUALLY
T W	THINWALL OPEN	F S	FOIL SAMPLE

STRESS AND STRAIN

u_w	kPa	PORE WATER PRESSURE
r_u	1	PORE PRESSURE RATIO
σ	kPa	TOTAL NORMAL STRESS
σ'	kPa	EFFECTIVE NORMAL STRESS
τ	kPa	SHEAR STRESS
$\sigma_1, \sigma_2, \sigma_3$	kPa	PRINCIPAL STRESSES
ϵ	%	LINEAR STRAIN
$\epsilon_1, \epsilon_2, \epsilon_3$	%	PRINCIPAL STRAINS
E	kPa	MODULUS OF LINEAR DEFORMATION
G	kPa	MODULUS OF SHEAR DEFORMATION
μ	1	COEFFICIENT OF FRICTION

MECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF SOIL

m_v	kPa ⁻¹	COEFFICIENT OF VOLUME CHANGE
C_c	1	COMPRESSION INDEX
C_s	1	SWELLING INDEX
C_α	1	RATE OF SECONDARY CONSOLIDATION
c_v	m ² /s	COEFFICIENT OF CONSOLIDATION
H	m	DRAINAGE PATH
T_v	1	TIME FACTOR
U	%	DEGREE OF CONSOLIDATION
σ'_{v0}	kPa	EFFECTIVE OVERBURDEN PRESSURE
σ'_p	kPa	PRECONSOLIDATION PRESSURE
τ_f	kPa	SHEAR STRENGTH
c'	kPa	EFFECTIVE COHESION INTERCEPT
ϕ'	-°	EFFECTIVE ANGLE OF INTERNAL FRICTION
c_u	kPa	APPARENT COHESION INTERCEPT
ϕ_u	-°	APPARENT ANGLE OF INTERNAL FRICTION
τ_R	kPa	RESIDUAL SHEAR STRENGTH
τ_r	kPa	REMOULDED SHEAR STRENGTH
S_t	1	SENSITIVITY = $\frac{c_u}{\tau_r}$

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF SOIL

ρ_s	kg/m ³	DENSITY OF SOLID PARTICLES	e	1, %	VOID RATIO	e_{min}	1, %	VOID RATIO IN DENSEST STATE
γ_s	kn/m ³	UNIT WEIGHT OF SOLID PARTICLES	n	1, %	POROSITY	I_D	1	DENSITY INDEX = $\frac{e_{max} - e}{e_{max} - e_{min}}$
ρ_w	kg/m ³	DENSITY OF WATER	w	1, %	WATER CONTENT	D	mm	GRAIN DIAMETER
γ_w	kn/m ³	UNIT WEIGHT OF WATER	S_r	%	DEGREE OF SATURATION	D_n	mm	n PERCENT - DIAMETER
ρ	kg/m ³	DENSITY OF SOIL	w_L	%	LIQUID LIMIT	C_u	1	UNIFORMITY COEFFICIENT
γ	kn/m ³	UNIT WEIGHT OF SOIL	w_p	%	PLASTIC LIMIT	h	m	HYDRAULIC HEAD OR POTENTIAL
ρ_d	kg/m ³	DENSITY OF DRY SOIL	w_s	%	SHRINKAGE LIMIT	q	m ³ /s	RATE OF DISCHARGE
γ_d	kn/m ³	UNIT WEIGHT OF DRY SOIL	I_p	%	PLASTICITY INDEX = $w_L - w_p$	v	m/s	DISCHARGE VELOCITY
ρ_{sat}	kg/m ³	DENSITY OF SATURATED SOIL	I_L	1	LIQUIDITY INDEX = $\frac{w - w_p}{I_p}$	i	1	HYDRAULIC GRADIENT
γ_{sat}	kn/m ³	UNIT WEIGHT OF SATURATED SOIL	I_C	1	CONSISTENCY INDEX = $\frac{w_L - w}{I_p}$	k	m/s	HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY
ρ'	kg/m ³	DENSITY OF SUBMERGED SOIL	e_{max}	1, %	VOID RATIO IN LOOSEST STATE	j	kn/m ²	SEEPAGE FORCE
γ'	kn/m ³	UNIT WEIGHT OF SUBMERGED SOIL						

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 1

METRIC

W P 21-79-02 LOCATION Co-ords. 4,839,512 N; 286,514 E. ORIGINATED BY MS
 DIST 6 HWY 410 BOREHOLE TYPE Solid Stem Auger COMPILED BY MS
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 82-07-05 CHECKED BY _____

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT				PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH									WATER CONTENT (%)
							20 40 60 80 100										
								○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE									
213.52	Ground Level															GR SA SI CL	
0.00	Topsoil 125 mm		1	SS	15		213.00										
	Silty clay, some sand, trace of gravel. (Till)		2	SS	26		212.00									4 14 52 30	
		Very Stiff to Hard		3	SS	31		211.00									2 16 52 30
	Brown and grey-brown becoming grey at elevation 210.1.			4	SS	52		210.00									
				5	SS	40		209.00									
			6	SS	48		208.00										
208.02	Shale Bedrock weathered.		7	SS	100/100mm		207.00										
5.50			8	SS	100/50mm												
206.75	End of Borehole. Refusal on Auger and Sampler.																
6.77																	

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

+3, x5; Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15-5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 2

METRIC

W P 21-79-02 LOCATION Co-ords. 4,839,490 N; 286,548 E. ORIGINATED BY MS
 DIST 6 HWY 410 BOREHOLE TYPE Solid Stem Auger COMPILED BY MS
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 82-07-05 CHECKED BY _____

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT Y	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100						SHEAR STRENGTH
											○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE			WATER CONTENT (%)				
												10	20	30				
215.68	Ground Level																	
0.00	Topsoil 150 mm	SS	1	SS	6													
	Silty clay, some sand, trace of gravel. (Till)	SS	2	SS	25											7 13 43 37		
	Very Stiff to Hard	SS	3	SS	24											5 12 48 37		
		SS	4	SS	37													
		SS	5	SS	32													
	Brown and grey-brown becoming grey at elevation 210.3.																	
208.18	Shale Bedrock weathered.	SS	6	SS	34													
5.20		AS	7	SS	52													
		SS	8	AS														
206.97	End of Borehole. Refusal on Auger.	SS	9	SS	100/137mm													
6.71																		

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 5

METRIC

W P 21-79-02 LOCATION Co-ords. 4,839,485 N; 286,507 E. ORIGINATED BY MS
 DIST 6 HWY 410 BOREHOLE TYPE Solid Stem Auger COMPILED BY MS
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 82-07-05 CHECKED BY _____

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT				PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT Y	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)		
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80						100	WATER CONTENT (%)
214.11	Ground Level																	
0.00	Topsoil		1	SS	5													
0.30	Silty clay, some sand, trace of gravel. (Till)		2	SS	25	*												
	Very Stiff to Hard		3	SS	31													4 17 47 32
			4	SS	51													6 17 48 29
			Brown and grey-brown becoming grey at elevation 210.1.	5	SS		36											
				6	SS		25											
208.61	Shale Bedrock weathered.		7	AS														
5.50		8	SS	60/50mm														
207.31	End of Borehole. Refusal on Auger.																	
6.80																		
	* Groundwater not encountered.																	

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 8

METRIC

W P 21-79-02 LOCATION Co-ords. 4,839,494 N; 286,471 E. ORIGINATED BY MS
 DIST 6 HWY 410 BOREHOLE TYPE Solid Stem Auger COMPILED BY MS
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 82-07-05 CHECKED BY _____

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)		
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100						WATER CONTENT (%)	
213.96	Ground Level																		
0.00	Gravel fill 75 mm Topsoil 50 mm	▨	1	SS	7								0						
	Silty clay, some sand, trace of gravel. (Till) Very Stiff to Hard Brown and grey-brown becoming grey at elevation 209.2	▨	2	SS	20								0						
		▨	3	SS	23									0					
		▨	4	SS	32									0	—				
		▨	5	SS	48									0					
		▨	6	SS	28									0	—				
208.46	5.50 Shale Bedrock weathered.	▨	7	SS	50/12 mm														
207.25	6.71 End of Borehole. Refusal on Auger and Sampler.	▨	8	SS	70/12 mm								0						

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 11

METRIC

W P 21-79-02 LOCATION Co-ords. 4,839,445 N; 286,477 E. ORIGINATED BY MS
 DIST 6 HWY 410 BOREHOLE TYPE Solid Stem Auger COMPILED BY MS
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 82-07-06 CHECKED BY _____

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)		
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			20	40	60	80	100						WATER CONTENT (%)	
214.17	Ground Level																		
0.00	Topsoil 50 mm	[Hatched Pattern]	1	SS	5	*	214.00												
	Silty clay, some sand, trace of gravel. (Till)		2	SS	36		213.00												
			3	SS	38		212.00												1 20 56 23
	Very Stiff to Hard		4	SS	45		211.00												
	Brown and grey-brown becoming grey at elevation 210.0.		5	SS	45		210.00												
			6	SS	17		209.00												
208.17	6.00																		
	Shale Bedrock weathered.	[Cross-hatched Pattern]	7	SS	90		208.00												
			8	SS	100/750mm		207.00												
			9	SS	100/750mm	206.00													
204.87	9.30																		
	End of Borehole. Refusal on Auger and Sampler.						205.00												

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

* Groundwater
not encountered.

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 12

METRIC

W P 21-79-02 LOCATION Co-ords. 4,839,499 N; 286,428 E. ORIGINATED BY MS
 DIST 6 HWY 410 BOREHOLE TYPE Solid Stem Auger COMPILED BY MS
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 82-07-06 CHECKED BY _____

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	'N' VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH									
						20 40 60 80 100 ○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE					WATER CONTENT (%)						
214.04	Ground Level																
0.00	Topsoil 200 mm	/	1	SS	7	*	214.00										
	Silty clay, some sand, trace of gravel. (Till) Very Stiff to Hard	/	2	SS	25		213.00										
		/	3	SS	28		212.00									3 21 48 28	
		/	4	SS	42		211.00										
		/	5	SS	41		210.00										
	Brown to grey-brown becoming grey at elevation 209.8.	/	6	SS	40		209.00										
208.84		Shale Bedrock weathered.	X					208.00									
5.20		X	7	SS	100.50mm												
207.35	End of Borehole. Refusal on Auger.																
6.71																	
	* Groundwater not encountered.																

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

+3, x5 : Numbers refer to Sensitivity 20
15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10

RECORD OF CONE No 3

METRIC

W P 21-79-02 LOCATION Co-ords 4,839,529 N; 286,510 E ORIGINATED BY MS
 DIST 6 HWY 410 BOREHOLE TYPE Dynamic Cone Penetration Test COMPILED BY MS
 DATUM Geodetic DATE (Cone 3: 82-07-06) (Cone 4: 82-07-06) (Cone 6: 82-07-06) CHECKED BY AI

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT				PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT Y	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			'N' VALUES	20	40	60					
213.05	Ground Level					213.00									
0.00						212.00									
						211.00									
210.00						210.00									
3.05	End of Dynamic Cone Penetration Test 3														
RECORD OF CONE No 4															
Co-ords 4,839,498 N; 286,528E															
213.80	Ground Level					213.00									
0.00						212.00									
						211.00									
210.60															
3.20	End of Dynamic Cone Penetration Test 4														
RECORD OF CONE No 6															
Co-ords 4,839,502 N; 286,490 E															
213.89	Ground Level					213.00									
0.00						212.00									
						211.00									
211.00															
2.89	End of Dynamic Cone Penetration Test 6														

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION



MORTON AND PARTNERS LTD



LEGEND

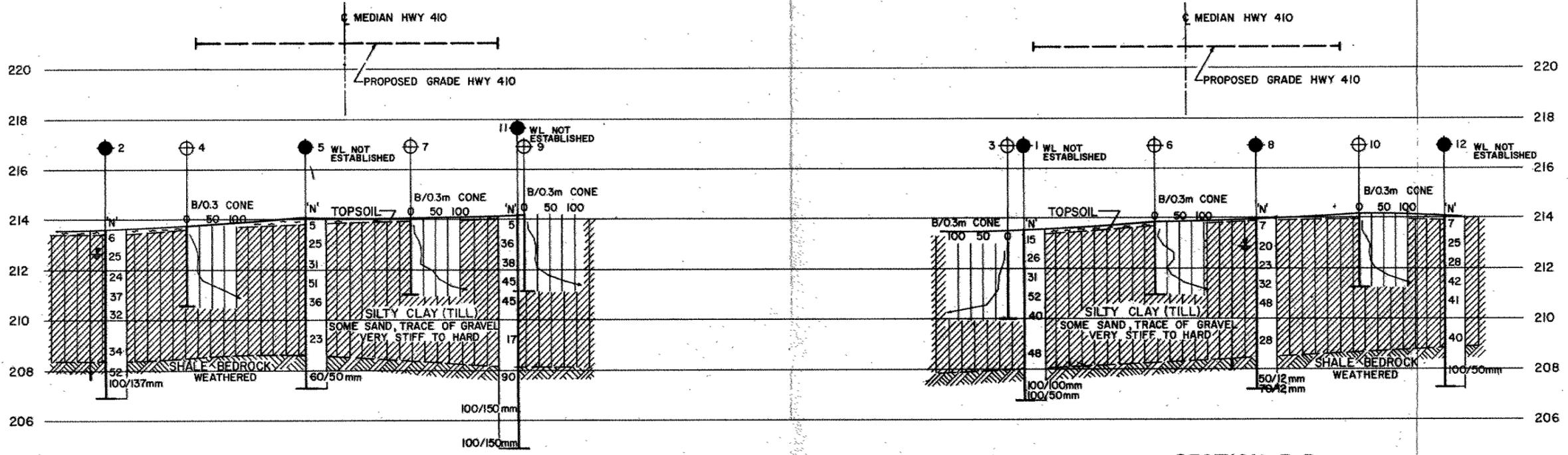
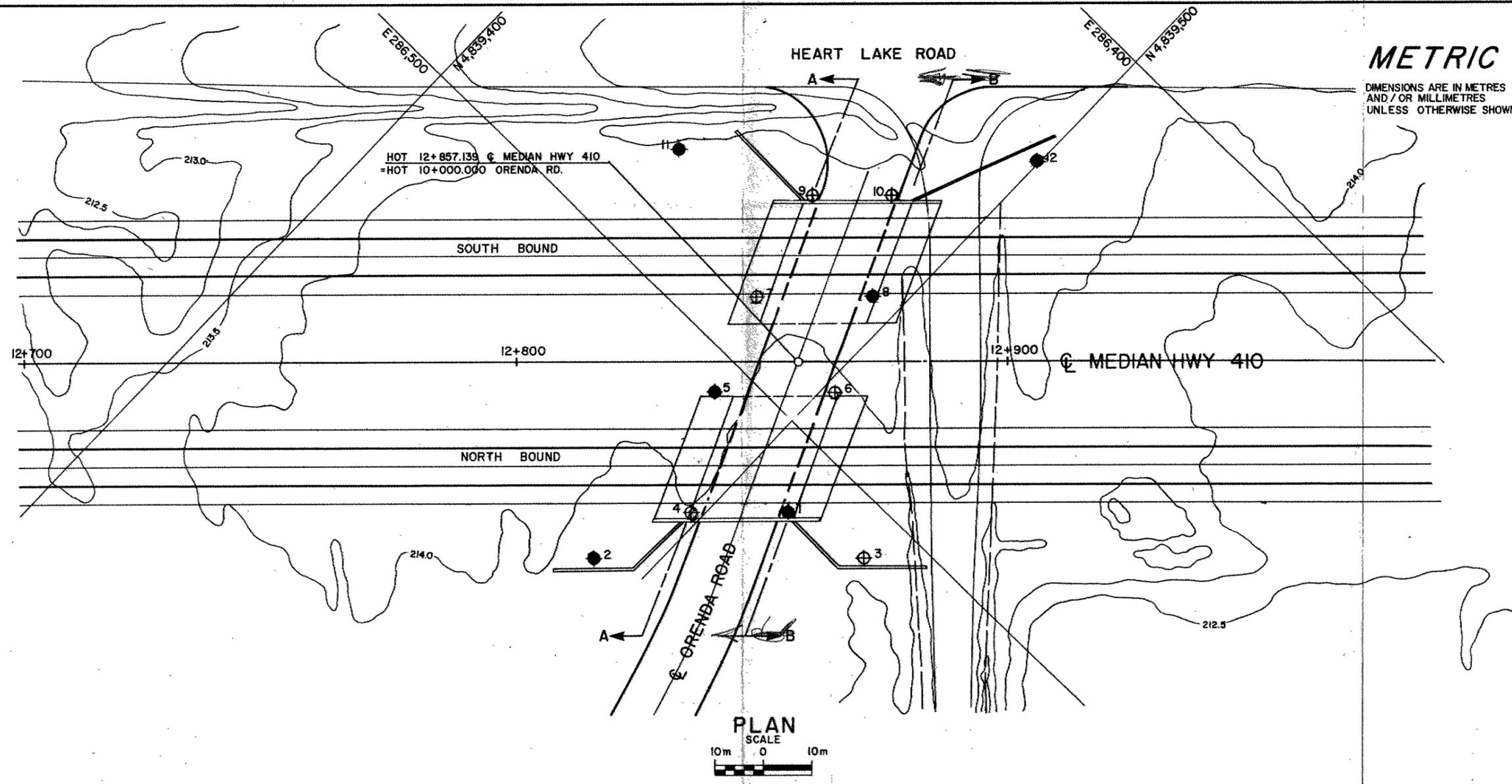
- Bore Hole
- ⊕ Dynamic Cone Penetration Test (Cone)
- ⊕ Bore Hole & Cone
- N Blows/0.3m (Std Pen Test, 475 J/blow)
- CONE Blows/0.3m (60° Cone, 475 J/blow)
- W L at time of investigation July 1982

No	ELEVATION	CO-ORDINATES NORTH	EAST
1	213.52	N4,839,512	E286,514
2	213.68	N4,839,490	E286,548
3	213.05	N4,839,529	E286,510
4	213.80	N4,839,498	E286,528
5	214.11	N4,839,485	E286,507
6	213.89	N4,839,502	E286,490
7	214.08	N4,839,477	E286,487
8	213.96	N4,839,494	E286,471
9	214.20	N4,839,471	E286,465
10	214.16	N4,839,483	E286,454
11	214.17	N4,839,445	E286,477
12	214.04	N4,839,499	E286,428

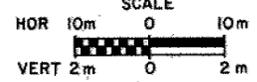
NOTE
The boundaries between soil strata have been established only at Bore Hole locations. Between Bore Holes the boundaries are assumed from geological evidence.

REVISIONS	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

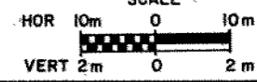
Geocres No	HWY No 410	DIST 6
SUBMD AP CHECKED	DATE 82-07-15	SITE 24-476
DRAWN MS CHECKED	APPROVED	DWG 217902-A



SECTION A-A



SECTION B-B



410 - ORENDA RD. O'PASS
SITE 24-476 W.P. 21-79-02



LOOKING WEST ALONG ORENDA RD.
ALIGNMENT TOWARD 410



LOOKING EAST ALONG ORENDA RD.
ALIGNMENT TOWARD 410



LOOKING NORTH ALONG 410 ALIGNMENT
TOWARD ORENDA RD.



LOOKING SOUTH ALONG 410 ALIGNMENT
TOWARD ORENDA RD.