

MEMORANDUM

30M4-52

TO: Mr. G.C.E. Burkhardt, (3)
Regional Structural Planning Engineer,
Central Region,
3501 Dufferin Street,
Downsview, Ontario.

FROM: Geotechnical Office,
Engineering Services Branch,
West Bldg., Downsview.

ATTENTION: DATE: January 8, 1974.

OUR FILE REF. IN REPLY TO JAN 14 1974

SUBJECT:

FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION REPORT
For
Proposed Twenty Mile Creek Crossing
on Highway 56
District #4 (Hamilton)
W.O. 73-11092 -- W.P. 277-60
CONT. 75-02

Attached we are forwarding to you our detailed foundation investigation report on the subsoil conditions existing at the above-mentioned site.

We believe that the factual data and recommendations contained therein will prove adequate for your design requirements. Should additional information be required, please do not hesitate to contact our Office.

KGS/ao
Attch.

- c.c. E. J. Orr
E. R. Davis
R. S. Pillar
C. R. Robertson
B. J. Giroux
C. Mirza
G. A. Wrong
B. A. Singh

K. G. Selby
K. G. Selby,
Supervising Foundations Eng.,
For: A. Rutka,
Manager, Geotechnical Office.

Foundations Files ✓
Documents

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION.
 2. SITE CONDITIONS.
 3. FIELD AND LABORATORY INVESTIGATION.
 4. SUBSOIL CONDITIONS.
 - 4.1) General.
 - 4.2) Clayey Silt.
 - 4.3) Clayey Silt to Silt.
 - 4.4) Clayey Silt.
 5. GROUNDWATER CONDITIONS.
 6. BEDROCK.
 7. DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS.
 - 7.1) General.
 - 7.2) Foundations.
 - 7.3) Dewatering.
 8. MISCELLANEOUS.
-

FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION REPORT
For
Proposed Twenty Mile Creek Crossing
on Highway 56
District #4 (Hamilton)
W.O. 73-11092 --- W.P. 277-60

1. INTRODUCTION:

A request for a foundation investigation where Highway 56 crosses Twenty Mile Creek was received from Mr. G.C.E. Burkhardt, Regional Structural Planning Engineer, in a memo dated November 7, 1973.

A field investigation was subsequently carried out by the Foundations Office to determine the subsoil conditions at this site. This report contains the results of the investigation and our recommendations.

2. SITE CONDITIONS:

Highway #56 crosses Twenty Mile Creek about 2.2 miles south of Elfrida and 4 to 5 miles south of the Niagara Escarpment. The surrounding area is generally quite flat as witnessed by the meandering nature of Twenty Mile Creek. During the foundation investigation three days of not unusually heavy rain resulted in a rapid change of river level (about 2.5 ft.) and discussion with neighbouring farmers revealed that there is considerable flooding at this location in the spring.

The existing structure was built in two sections; the east side having been built some time after the west side. Both sides of the bridge show considerable spalling of concrete, with a severe crack visible on the west side. The steel guard

rail on the bridge was in a poor condition having rusted through completely in several places. The approach fills are both about 6 feet high with no visible signs of instability.

3. FIELD AND LABORATORY INVESTIGATION:

Three sampled boreholes and two dynamic cone penetration tests were carried out at the site. The boreholes were advanced by washboring and diamond drilling, using a diamond drill modified for soil sampling.

Disturbed samples were obtained using a 2-inch O.D. split-spoon sampler driven according to the specifications of the Standard Penetration Test. Rock cores were obtained at the ends of two of the boreholes.

Dynamic cone penetration tests were taken adjacent to two boreholes. Driving energy to advance the cone was 350 ft.-lbs. per blow.

Locations and elevations of the boreholes and cone tests are shown on Drawing No. 73-11092A accompanying this report.

Samples were examined visually in the field and later in the laboratory. Selected samples were tested to determine the following properties:

- . Grain-Size Distribution
- Atterberg Limits
- Natural Moisture Content

The results of the field and laboratory tests are given in the Record of Borehole sheets and in Figures 1 to 4 of the Appendix.

4. SUBSOIL CONDITIONS:

4.1) General:

The subsoil is basically cohesive clayey silt, although a layer of clayey silt to silt up to 4.5 feet thick divides the clayey silt at varying elevations. A Plasticity Chart for the subsoil is included as Fig. 1 of the Appendix.

Underlying the subsoil is Dolomite bedrock.
From ground level, the soil strata are as follows:

4.2) Clayey Silt:

This 5 to 9 foot thick stratum consisted of clayey silt with some or traces of sand, traces of gravel, and traces of organics (in the upper 3 to 4 feet). Colour ranged from orange-brown (0 to 5 ft.) to grey. In B.H.'s 1 and 3, Standard Penetration Resistances were 11 and 7 blows per foot for the upper 4.5 ft., increasing to 64 blows per foot at 6 feet. Standard Penetration Resistance in B.H. 2 was 74 blows per foot. The Natural Moisture Content ranged from 19 to 27 percent with an average value of 25 percent.

Grain-size distribution analyses of this layer produced the following results:

Gravel	0 - 7%
Sand	2 - 17%
Silt	66 - 69%
Clay	11 - 24%

A typical grain size curve envelope is included in the Appendix (Fig. 2).

4.3) Clayey Silt to Silt:

This layer ranged in thickness from 3 to 4.5 feet and intersected the clayey silt at different elevations in each borehole. In B.H.'s 1 and 3, the upper boundary lies between elevation 655 and 656 with the lower boundary at 650.8 and 653.3, respectively. The soil consisted of grey clayey silt to silt with traces of sand, however, in B.H. 2, the material was borderline between silt and silt to clayey silt. Standard Penetration Resistances ranged from 51 to 99 blows per foot. Natural Moisture Contents varied from 16.5 to 20.5 percent with an average value of 19 percent.

Grain-size analyses for this stratum resulted in the

following distribution:

Gravel	0%
Sand	1 - 2%
Silt	76 - 94%
Clay	5 - 22%

A typical grain size curve envelope is incorporated as Fig. 3 of the Appendix.

4.4) Clayey Silt:

A 3 to 7.5 foot thick stratum of grey clayey silt with traces of sand overlies bedrock. Standard Penetration Resistances of 38 to 118 blows per foot were encountered in this layer. Natural Moisture Contents of 17.5 to 21.5 with an average value of 20 percent were also found.

For this stratum, grain size analysis yielded the following distribution:

Gravel	0%
Sand	1%
Silt	70 - 90%
Clay	9 - 29%

A typical grain size curve envelope is shown in Fig. 4 of the Appendix.

5. GROUNDWATER CONDITIONS:

All the boreholes were placed less than 3 feet from the existing river edge. Water levels in the river fluctuated considerably, for example, following several days of rain (November 15 to November 19, 1973), the river rose from elevation 661.3 to 663.5. Moreover, local residents explained that the river rises to within a foot of the roof of the existing concrete arch bridge, during spring floods.

Artesian water was encountered in a fractured rock seam in B.H. 2, with water rising to elevation 664.4, 8 inches above ground level. No artesian condition was noticed prior to coring. Artesian water may have been present in B.H. 1 where the water level was 661.2 vs. river level 661.3 prior to coring

(November 15). After coring (November 19), the water level in B.H. 1 was 664.0 vs. 663.5 in the river although the river was less than 1 foot from the hole.

The water level in B.H. 3 was found to be at river level.

It should be noted that the water in this area has a high sulphate concentration, therefore, sulphate resistant concrete should be used.

6. BEDROCK:

Rock cores taken from this site were examined by Z. Koniuszy, Geologist. Her description is as follows:

Borehole 1:

16.5' to 21.5'		Bedrock elevation 647.8
From	To	
16.5	17.2	Dolomite, slightly weathered - core broken
17.2	18.6	Dolomite, light grey, hard, pitted
18.6	18.8	Dolomite, slightly weathered - core broken (water seepage zone)
18.8	21.5	Dolomite, light grey, hard, pitted

Borehole 2:

15.5 to 20.5		Bedrock elevation 648.2
From	To	
15.5	15.8	Dolomite, light grey, hard pitted - core broken
15.8	20.2	Dolomite, light grey, hard, pitted
20.2	20.5	Dolomite, slightly weathered, core broken (water seepage zone)

7. DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

7.1) General:

It is proposed that the existing structure be replaced with a new structure at the same location. The new structure will be some 10 ft. wider than the present bridge, but approximately the same length.

The subsoil consists of 5 to 9 feet of firm to hard clayey silt, followed by 3 to 4.5 feet of very dense clayey silt to silt. Underlying the clayey silt to silt, another layer of hard clayey silt varying in thickness from 3 to 7.5 feet extends to bedrock. The Dolomite bedrock contained seams of fractured rock with zones of water seepage.

7.2) Foundations:

Since the relative density of the clayey silt to silt layer is very dense and the clayey silt layers are of hard consistency, spread footings are practical at this site. At any elevation below 658.0, a safe design load of 3.5 tons/sq.ft. may be assumed. Scour and frost protection may require spread footings to be several feet below the above elevation. At least 4 feet of cover for frost protection will be required.

Alternatively, the spread footing can be placed on bedrock. Elevations of the bedrock varied from 647.8 in B.H. 1 to 648.2 in B.H. 2 and 649.1 in B.H. 3 (a maximum difference of 1.3 feet). An allowable bearing capacity of 20 tons/sq.ft. may be used for design purposes.

7.3) Dewatering:

Because the excavation for the footings will be below the water level of Twenty Mile Creek, dewatering will be required. Some seepage from seams of silt within the subsoil may also be anticipated if the footing extends into the clayey silt to silt stratum. It should be noted that rapid fluctuations of the river water level with rainfall could affect excavation of the footings.

Due to the relatively impervious nature of the subsoil, no major dewatering problems are anticipated. Excavation can proceed with conventional pumping methods using sumps in the bottom of the excavation. It is possible that slight seepage may soften the bottom of the excavation; hence, it is desirable that a concrete working slab be placed on the surface of the

foundation soil as soon as possible after exposure.

8. MISCELLANEOUS:

This project was carried out between November 14 and 22, 1973, under the immediate supervision of Mr. W. J. Alcock, Project Foundations Engineer, who also prepared this report.

The drilling equipment used was owned and operated by P.V.K. and Sons Drilling Limited, Burford.

This project was under the overall supervision of Mr. A. Prakash, Senior Foundations Engineer, and was reviewed by Mr. K. G. Selby, Supervising Foundations Engineer.



W. J. Alcock



K. G. Selby, P. Eng.

WJA/ao
Jan. 7, 1974.

APPENDIX I

B.H. No. 1 ◊
B.H. No. 2 ◻
B.H. No. 3 ◴

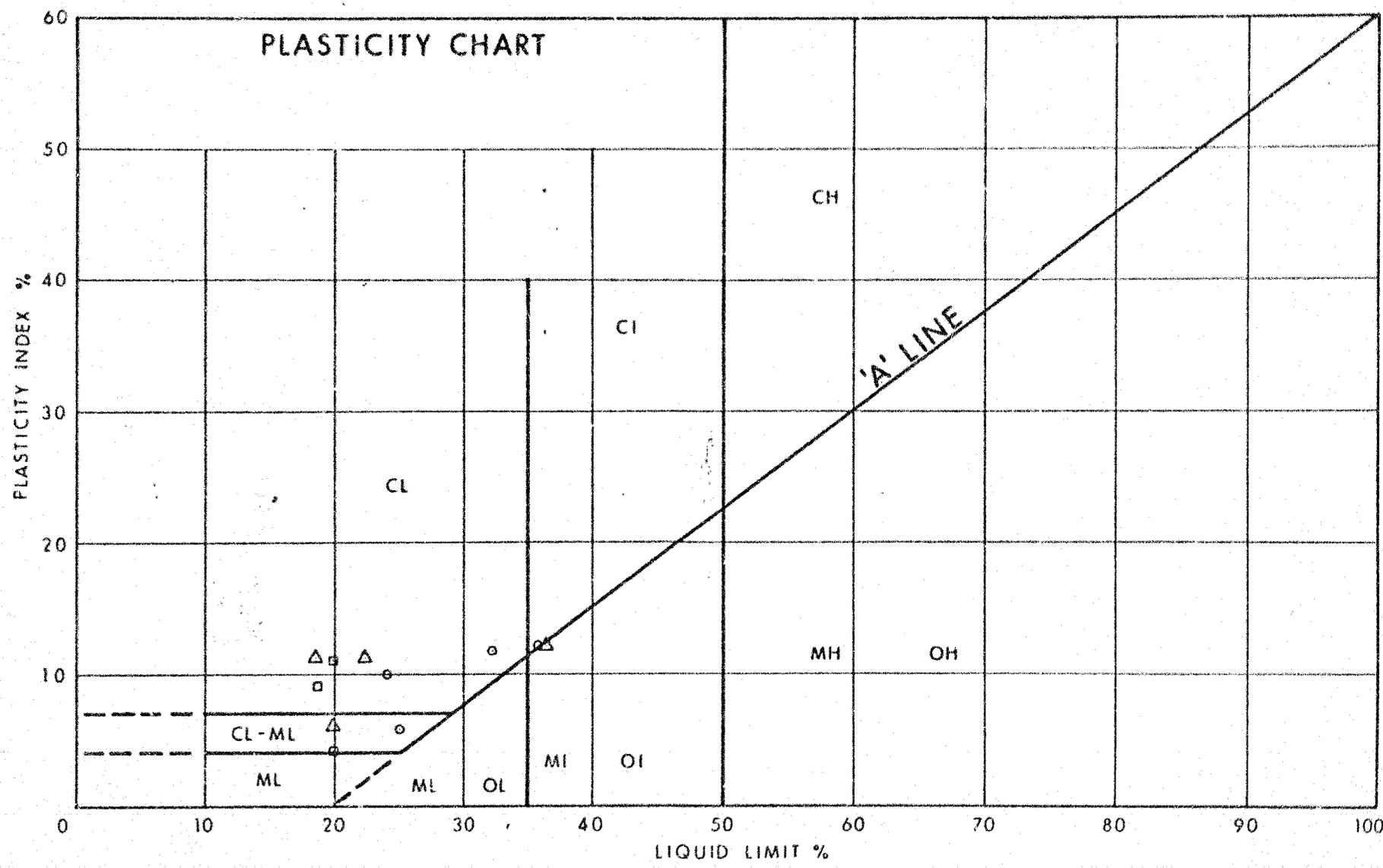
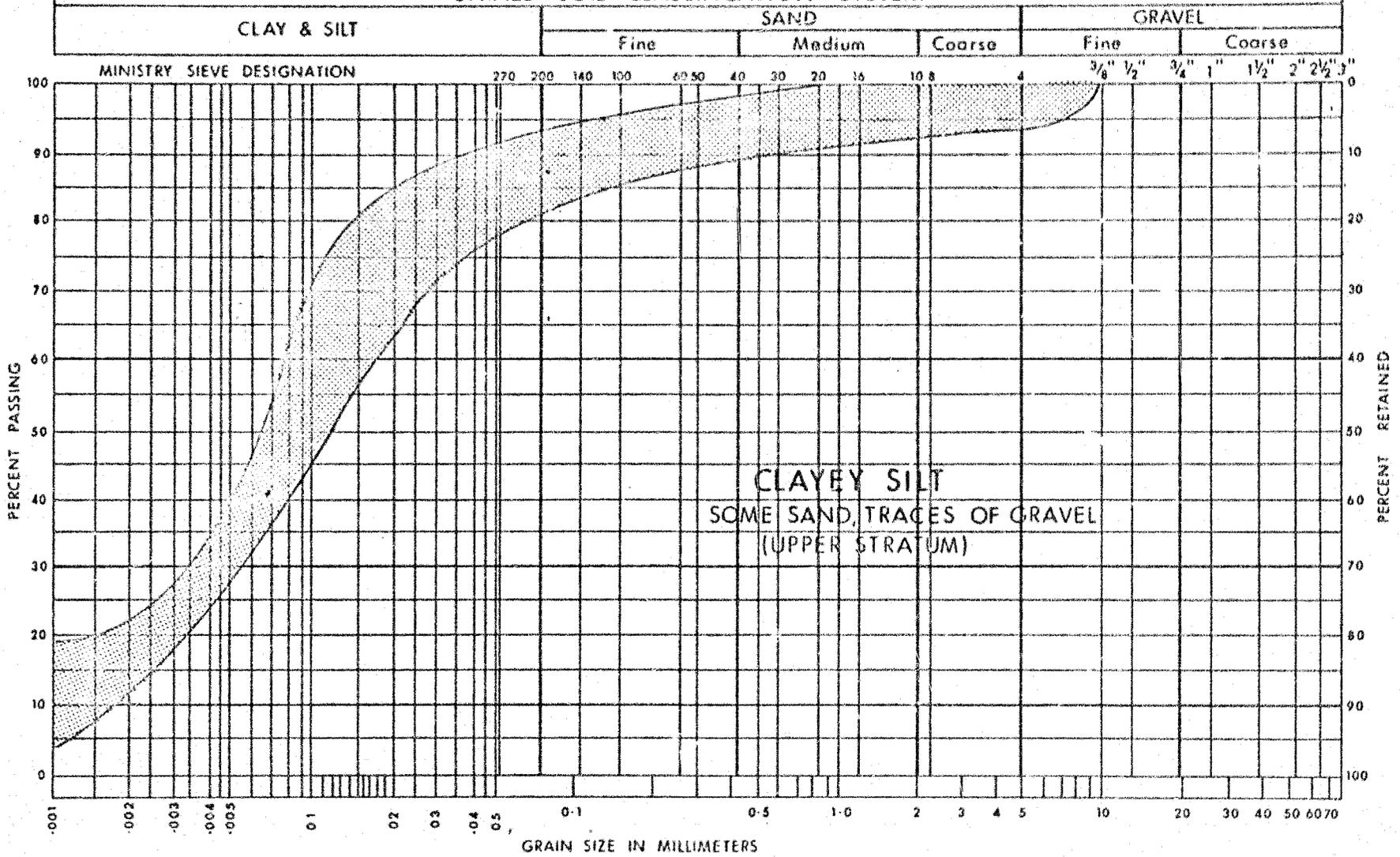


FIG. 1

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

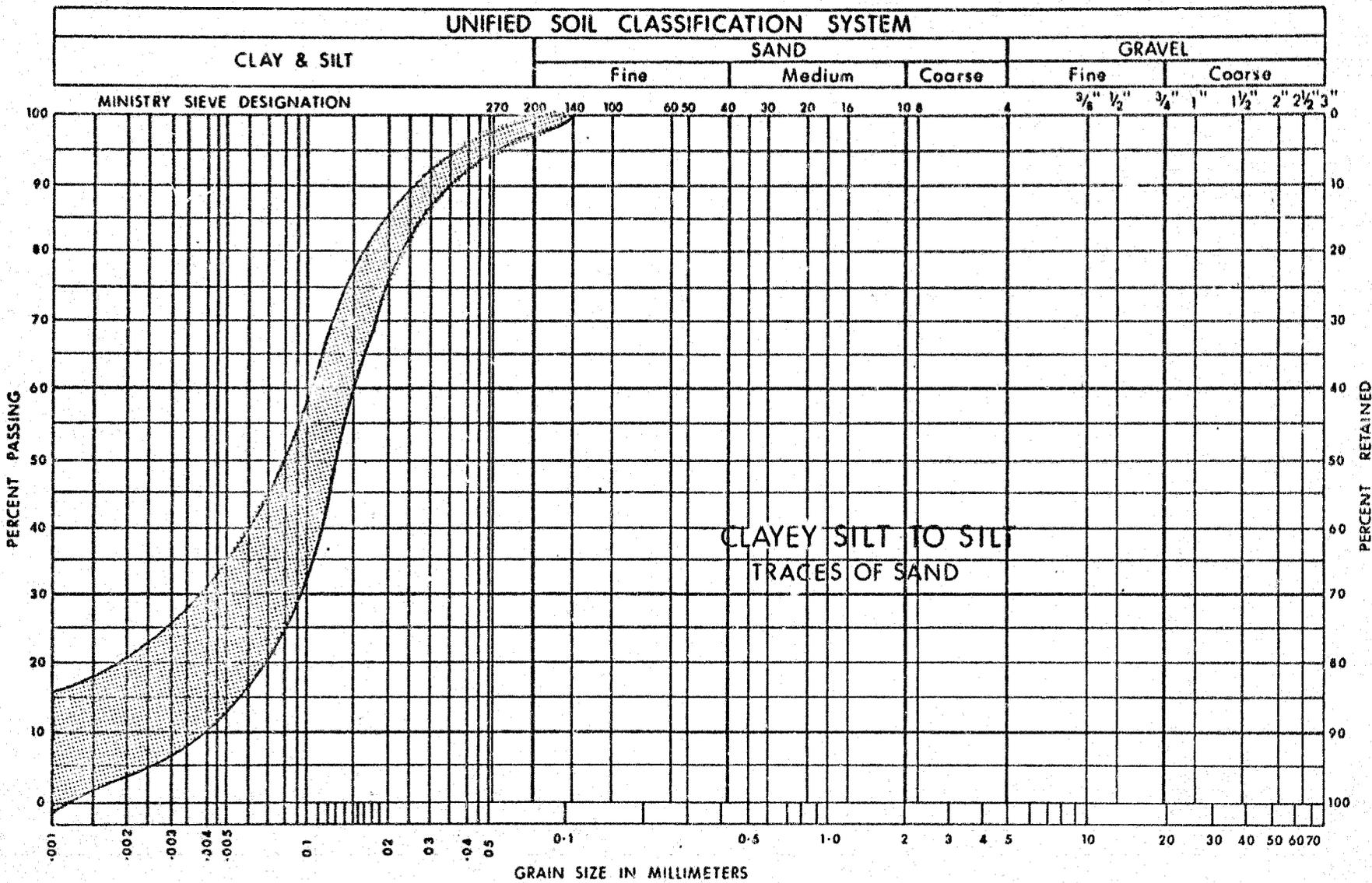


CLAYEY SILT
 SOME SAND, TRACES OF GRAVEL
 (UPPER STRATUM)

FIG. 2

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM



CLAYEY SILT TO SILT
TRACES OF SAND

FIG. 3

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

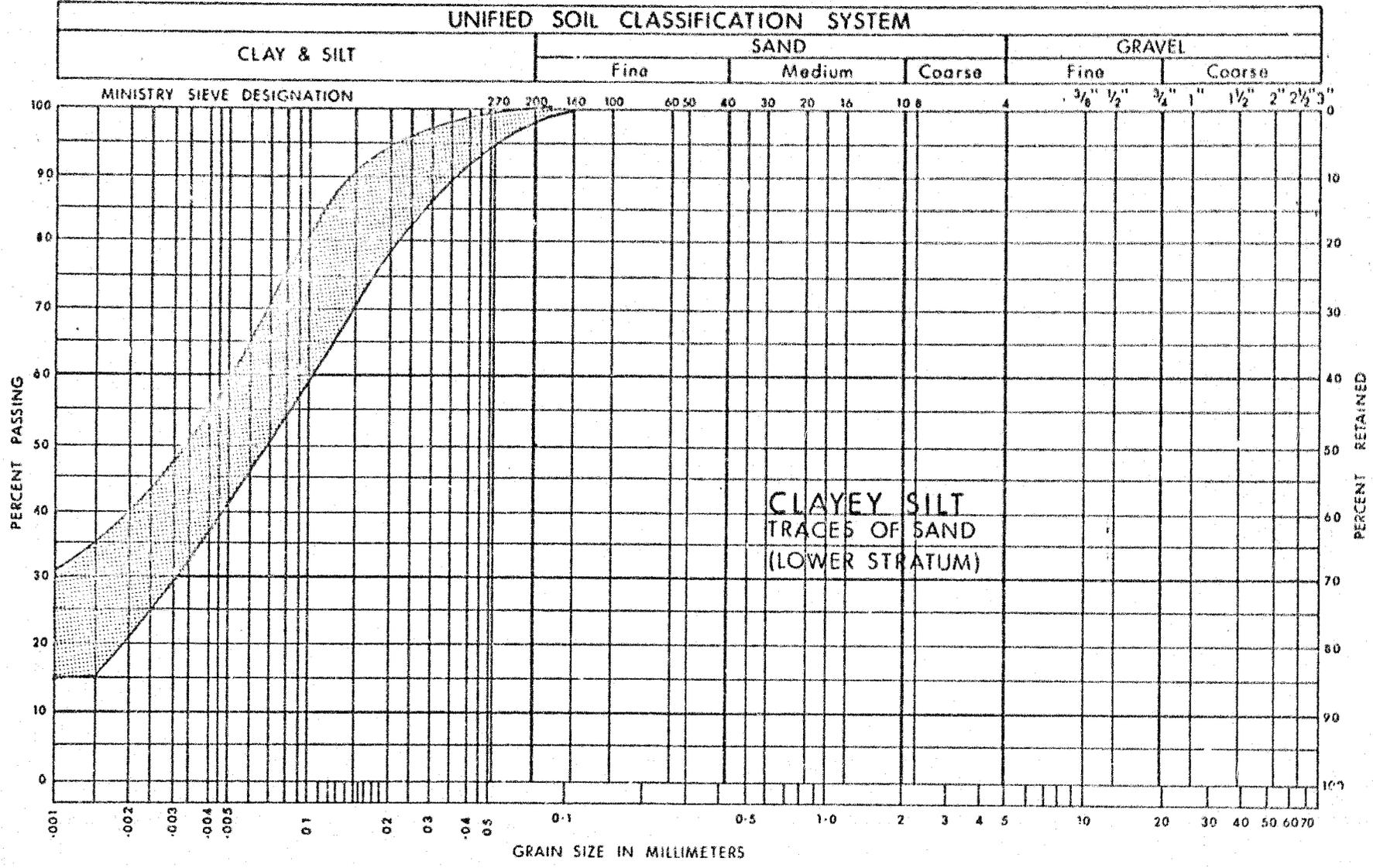


FIG. 4

DESIGN SERVICES BRANCH

FOUNDATIONS OFFICE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE NO 1

JOB 73-11092

LOCATION Sta. 377+77 0/S 30' RT. of Hwy. 56 Line 'B'

ORIGINATED BY WJA

W.P. 277-60

BORING DATE November 14, 15, 1973

COMPILED BY WJA

DATUM Geodetic

BOREHOLE TYPE Washboring, NX Casing

CHECKED BY WJA

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE BLOWS / FOOT					LIQUID LIMIT w_L			BULK DENSITY γ	REMARKS			
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/FOOT		20	40	60	80	100	PLASTIC LIMIT w_p	WATER CONTENT w				P.C.F.	GR	SA
							SHEAR STRENGTH P.S.F.					WATER CONTENT %							
							○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE												
664.3	Ground Level																		
0.0																			
	Clayey Silt Some Sand Brown Stiff to Tr. Organics Hard		1	SS	11	660													663.5
			2	SS	67														0 14 66 20
655.3																			
	Grey																		
9.0	Clayey Silt to Silts Trace Sand Grey Very Dense		3	SS	89	655													0 2 76 22
650.8			4	SS	99														0 1 90 9
13.5	Clayey Silt Trace Sand Grey, Hard		5	SS	118	650													01 71 28
647.8			6	SS	43														
16.5	Bedrock Dolomite With Fractured Seams		7	RC	100%	645													645.7
642.8																			
21.5	End of Borehole					640													

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

DESIGN SERVICES BRANCH

FOUNDATIONS OFFICE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE NO 2

JOB 73-11092

LOCATION Sta. 375+37 O/S 38' LT. of Hwy. 56 Line 'R'

ORIGINATED BY WJA

W.P. 277-60

BORING DATE November 19, 20, 1973

COMPILED BY WJA

DATUM Geodetic

BOREHOLE TYPE Washboring, NX Casing

CHECKED BY *D.J.*

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE BLOWS / FOOT 20 40 60 80 100	LIQUID LIMIT w_L PLASTIC LIMIT w_p WATER CONTENT w w_p — w — w_L	BULK DENSITY ρ	REMARKS
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE					
663.7	Ground Level								664.0 GR. SA. SI. CL.
658.5	Clayey Silt Some Sand Tr. Organics Hard Brown		1	SS	74				663.5 0 8 68 24
5.2	Clayey Silt to Silt		2	SS	51				0 1 94 5
655.5	Tr. Sand Grey - Vary Dense		3	SS	38				0 1 70 29
8.2	Clayey Silt Tr. Sand Grey, Hard		4	SS	30				0 1 60 39
648.2	With Sand, Some Gr.		5	SS	100				
15.5	Bedrock - Dolomite With Fractured Seams		6	RC	100				
643.2									643.5
20.5	End of Borehole								

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

FD-9 (Rev. Jan. 73)

ABBREVIATIONS & SYMBOLS USED IN THIS REPORT

PENETRATION RESISTANCE

*STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE - THE NUMBER OF BLOWS REQUIRED TO ADVANCE A STANDARD SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER 12 INCHES INTO THE SUBSOIL, DRIVEN BY MEANS OF A 140 POUND HAMMER FALLING FREELY A DISTANCE OF 30 INCHES.

DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE - THE NUMBER OF BLOWS REQUIRED TO ADVANCE A 2 INCH, 60 DEGREE CONE, FITTED TO THE END OF DRILL RODS, 12 INCHES INTO THE SUBSOIL. THE DRIVING ENERGY BEING 350 FOOT POUNDS PER BLOW.

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL

THE CONSISTENCY OF COHESIVE SOILS AND THE RELATIVE DENSITY OR DENSENESS OF COHESIONLESS SOILS ARE DESCRIBED IN THE FOLLOWING TERMS :-

<u>CONSISTENCY</u>	<u>c LB/SQ. FT.</u>	<u>DENSENESS</u>	<u>'N' BLOWS / FT.</u>
VERY SOFT	0 - 250	VERY LOOSE	0 - 4
SOFT	250 - 300	LOOSE	4 - 10
FIRM	500 - 1000	COMPACT	10 - 30
STIFF	1000 - 2000	DENSE	30 - 50
VERY STIFF	2000 - 4000	VERY DENSE	> 50
HARD	> 4000		

TERMS TO BE USED IN DESCRIBING SOILS :-

TRACE < 10% , SOME 10-25% , WITH 25-40% , > 40% SILTY, SANDY, GRAVELLY, CLAYEY ETC.

TYPE OF SAMPLE

S.S.	SPLIT SPOON	T.W.	THINWALL OPEN
W.S.	WASHED SAMPLE	T.P.	THINWALL PISTON
S.T.	SLOTTED TUBE SAMPLE	O.S.	OSTERBERG SAMPLE
A.S.	AUGER SAMPLE	F.S.	FOIL SAMPLE
C.S.	CHUNK SAMPLE	R.C.	ROCK CORE

P.H. SAMPLE ADVANCED HYDRAULICALLY

P.M. SAMPLE ADVANCED MANUALLY

SOIL TESTS

U	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION	L.V.	LABORATORY VANE
UU	UNCONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL	F.V.	FIELD VANE
CU	CONSOLIDATED ISOTROPIC UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL	C	CONSOLIDATION
CID	" " DRAINED "	S	SENSITIVITY
CAU	" ANISOTROPIC UNDRAINED "		
CAD	" " DRAINED "		

ABBREVIATIONS & SYMBOLS USED IN THIS REPORT

SOIL PROPERTIES

- γ UNIT WEIGHT OF SOIL (BULK DENSITY)
- γ_s UNIT WEIGHT OF SOLID PARTICLES
- γ_w UNIT WEIGHT OF WATER
- γ_d UNIT DRY WEIGHT OF SOIL (DRY DENSITY)
- γ' UNIT WEIGHT OF SUBMERGED SOIL
- G SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF SOLID PARTICLES $G = \frac{\gamma_s}{\gamma_w}$
- e VOID RATIO
- n POROSITY
- w WATER CONTENT
- S_r DEGREE OF SATURATION
- w_L LIQUID LIMIT
- w_p PLASTIC LIMIT
- I_p PLASTICITY INDEX
- w_s SHRINKAGE LIMIT
- I_L LIQUIDITY INDEX = $\frac{w - w_p}{I_p}$
- I_C CONSISTENCY INDEX = $\frac{w_L - w}{I_p}$
- e_{max} VOID RATIO IN LOOSEST STATE
- e_{min} VOID RATIO IN DENSEST STATE
- I_D DENSITY INDEX = $\frac{e_{max} - e}{e_{max} - e_{min}}$
- RELATIVE DENSITY D_r IS ALSO USED
- h HYDRAULIC HEAD OR POTENTIAL
- q RATE OF DISCHARGE
- v VELOCITY OF FLOW
- i HYDRAULIC GRADIENT
- k COEFFICIENT OF PERMEABILITY
- j SEEPAGE FORCE PER UNIT VOLUME
- m_v COEFFICIENT OF VOLUME CHANGE = $\frac{-\Delta e}{(1+e)\Delta\sigma}$
- C_v COEFFICIENT OF CONSOLIDATION
- C_c COMPRESSION INDEX = $\frac{\Delta e}{\Delta \log_{10} \sigma}$
- T_v TIME FACTOR = $\frac{C_v t}{d^2}$ (d, DRAINAGE PATH)
- U DEGREE OF CONSOLIDATION
- τ_f SHEAR STRENGTH
- c' EFFECTIVE COHESION INTERCEPT
- ϕ' EFFECTIVE ANGLE OF SHEARING RESISTANCE, OR FRICTION
- c_u APPARENT COHESION
- ϕ_u APPARENT ANGLE OF SHEARING RESISTANCE, OR FRICTION
- μ COEFFICIENT OF FRICTION
- S_r SENSITIVITY

IN TERMS OF EFFECTIVE STRESS
 $\tau_f = c' + \sigma' \tan \phi'$

IN TERMS OF TOTAL STRESS
 $\tau_f = c_u + \sigma \tan \phi$

GENERAL

- π 3.1416
- e BASE OF NATURAL LOGARITHMS 2.7183
- $\log_e \sigma$ OR $\ln \sigma$ NATURAL LOGARITHM OF σ
- $\log_{10} \sigma$ OR $\log \sigma$ LOGARITHM OF σ TO BASE 10
- t TIME
- g ACCELERATION DUE TO GRAVITY
- V VOLUME
- W WEIGHT
- M MOMENT
- F FACTOR OF SAFETY

STRESS AND STRAIN

- u PORE PRESSURE
- σ NORMAL STRESS
- σ' NORMAL EFFECTIVE STRESS ($\bar{\sigma}$ IS ALSO USED)
- τ SHEAR STRESS
- ϵ LINEAR STRAIN
- γ SHEAR STRAIN
- ν POISSON'S RATIO (μ IS ALSO USED)
- E MODULUS OF LINEAR DEFORMATION (YOUNG'S MODULUS)
- G MODULUS OF SHEAR DEFORMATION
- K MODULUS OF COMPRESSIBILITY
- η COEFFICIENT OF VISCOSITY

EARTH PRESSURE

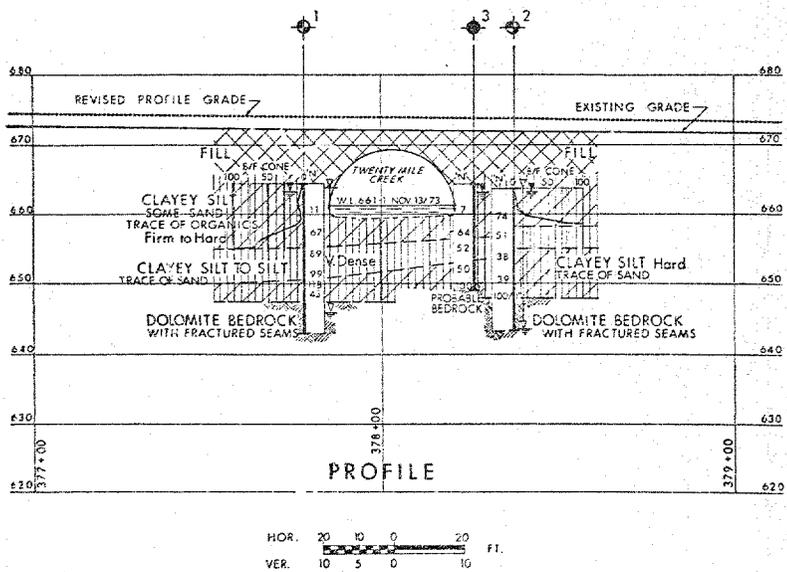
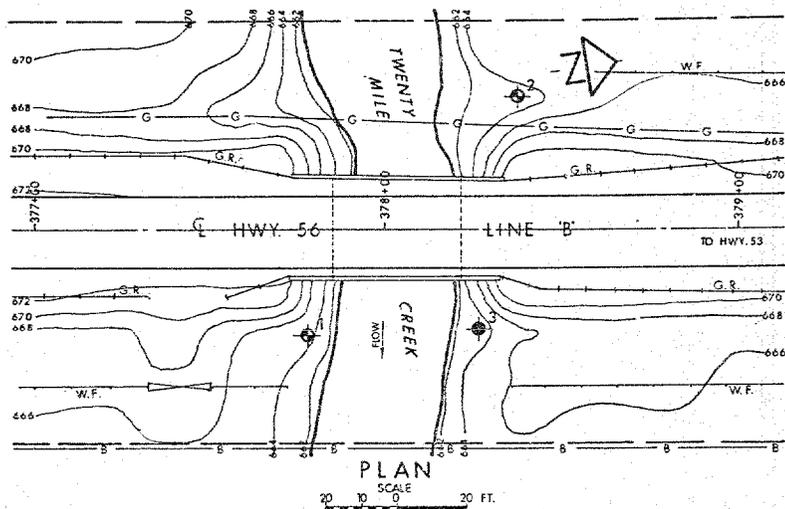
- d DISTANCE FROM TOP OF WALL TO POINT OF APPLICATION OF PRESSURE
- δ ANGLE OF WALL FRICTION
- K DIMENSIONLESS COEFFICIENT TO BE USED WITH VARIOUS SUFFIXES IN EXPRESSIONS REFERRING TO NORMAL STRESS ON WALLS
- K_0 COEFFICIENT OF EARTH PRESSURE AT REST

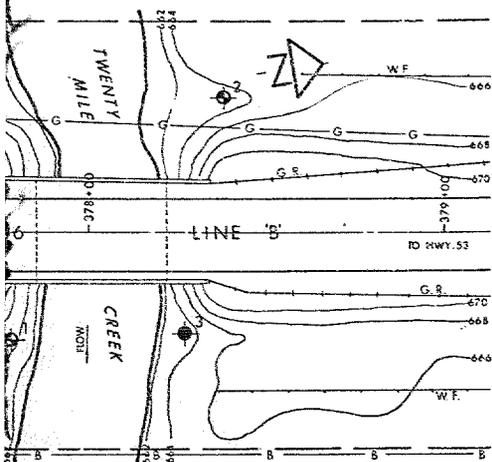
FOUNDATIONS

- B BREADTH OF FOUNDATION
- L LENGTH OF FOUNDATION
- D DEPTH OF FOUNDATION BENEATH GROUND
- N DIMENSIONLESS COEFFICIENT USED WITH A SUFFIX APPLYING TO SPECIFIC GRAVITY, DEPTH AND COHESION ETC. IN THE FORMULA FOR BEARING CAPACITY
- k_s MODULUS OF SUBGRADE REACTION

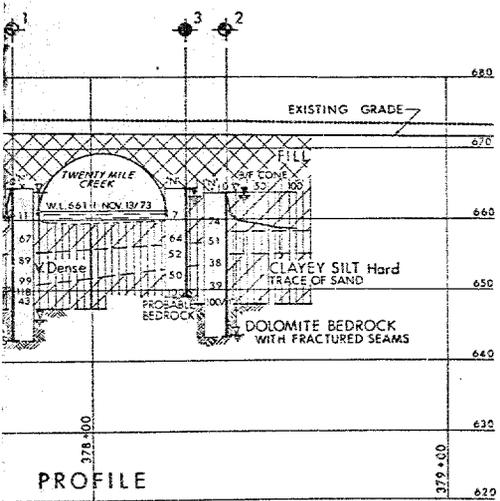
SLOPES

- H VERTICAL HEIGHT OF SLOPE
- D DEPTH BELOW TOE OF SLOPE TO HARD STRATUM
- β ANGLE OF SLOPE TO HORIZONTAL



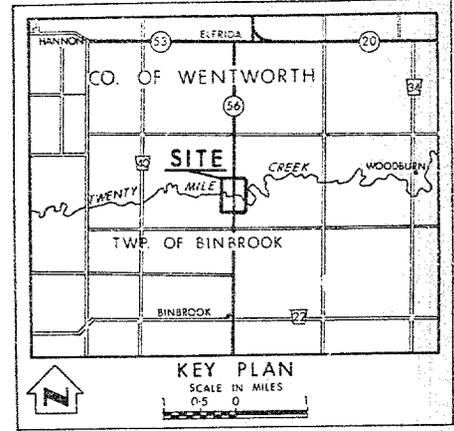


PLAN
SCALE
0 10 20 FT.



PROFILE

20 10 0 20 FT.
10 5 0 10



KEY PLAN
SCALE IN MILES
0.5 0 1

LEGEND			
	Bore Hole		
	Cone Penetration Test		
	Bore Hole & Cone Test		
	Water Levels established at time of field investigation NOV. 19/73		
	Head Artesian Condition Encountered		
NO.	ELEVATION	STATION	OFFSET
1	664.3	377+77	30' RT.
2	663.7	378+37	38' LL
3	664.5	378+27	28' RT.

NOTE:
The complete foundation investigation report for this structure may be examined at the Structural Office and Foundation Office, Downsview, and at the HANNOON District Office.

NOTE:
The boundaries between soil strata have been established only at Bore Hole locations. Between Bore Holes the boundaries are assumed from geological evidence.

REVISIONS	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS—ONTARIO
ENGINEERING SERVICES BRANCH—GEOTECHNICAL OFFICE

TWENTY MILE CREEK

HIGHWAY NO 56 LINE 'B' DIST. NO. 4
CO. WENTWORTH
TWP. BINBROOK LOT 5 & 1 CON. 2

BORE HOLE LOCATIONS & SOIL STRATA

SUBMD W/A	CHECKED	WF NO 277-60	DRAWING NO.
DRAWN O/L	CHECKED	WC NO 73-11092	73-11092A
DATE	7 JAN 1974	SHE NO	BRIDGE DRAWING NO.
APPROVED		CONT NO	

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS, ONTARIO

MEMORANDUM

TO: Mr. A. G. Stermac,
Principal Foundation Engineer,
West Building.

FROM: G. C. E. Burkhardt,
Structural Planning Office,
3501 Dufferin Street.

ATTENTION: Mr. K. Selby

DATE: November 7, 1973,

OUR FILE REF.

IN REPLY TO

SUBJECT: Twenty Mile Creek Bridge
near Binbrook,
W.P. 277-60, Site 36-114,
Highway 56, District 4.

Further to our conversation, we are enclosing a sketch of the foundation layout for the above structure. Also attached are photographs and a map showing the location of the site.

Systems Design Office have recently requested from Engineering Surveys a survey of the site and a new E Plan. Copies of the E Plan will be provided at a later date for the completion of the Foundation Report.

Please arrange for a Foundation investigation of sufficient scope for bridge design purposes.

WMK:lm
Encl.

W. M. Killin
W. M. Killin,
for:
G. C. E. Burkhardt,
REG. STRUCTURAL PLANNING ENG.

c.c. J. Cullen
R. Fitzgibbon
J. Barclay

638
OJK

START OF FIELD WORK	NOV 13
END OF FIELD WORK	NOV 20
END OF REPORT WORK	DEC 19
MAKING OF THE REPORT	DEC 27

Design Services Branch,
1201 Wilson Avenue,
Downsview, Ontario.
MM 179

November 19, 1973.

P.V.K. & Sons,
R.R. #4,
Brantford, Ontario.
N3T 5L7

Dear Sirs:

This letter confirms our request of November 12th, 1973 for the supply of a diamond drill together with all necessary equipment, as specified under the terms of our Contract Agreement, at Simbrook, Ontario on November 14th, 1973.

Mobilisation will be from Burford, Ontario.

Our Project Number is W.O. 73-11092. ✓

Yours truly,

KGS/j1

A. G. Sternac,
PRINCIPAL FOUNDATIONS ENGINEER.

c.c. W. W. Fry
(Attn: Mrs. J. McLaren)

Foundations Files
Documents

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS, ONTARIO

MEMORANDUM

TO: Mr. G. Burkhardt,
Regional Str. Planning Engineer,
3501 Dufferin Street,
Downsview, Ontario.

FROM: Structural Office,
West Building,
Downsview, Ontario.

ATTENTION:

DATE: April 11, 1974.

OUR FILE REF.

IN REPLY TO

SUBJECT:

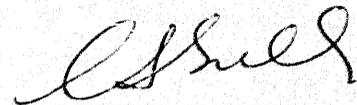
Twenty Mile Creek Bridge
1.5 Miles North of Binbrook
W.P. 277-60, Site 36-114
Hwy. #56, District #4

73-11-092

Attached herewith are prints of the Preliminary Bridge Plan Drawing D-36-114-P2 for the above-mentioned structure.

The estimated revised cost of the proposed structure is \$74,000.00 which includes tender, materials, engineering, and sundry construction.

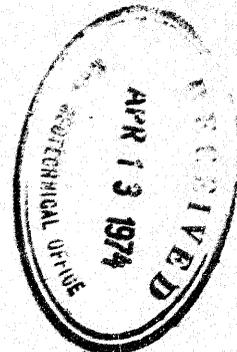
Any comments or revisions you may have should be submitted within four weeks.



C.S. Grebski,
Structural Design Engineer

CSG/ac
Attach.

c.c. E.R. Davis
W.D. Birch
A.E. McKim
W. McParlane
M. Stoyanoff
A. Rutka ✓
J. Anderson
R. Fitzgibbon



MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS, ONTARIO

MEMORANDUM

73-11092

TO: Mr. C. Mirza
Head
Soils Mechanics Office
West Bldg.

FROM: Structural Office
West Bldg.

ATTENTION: *K. G. Selby*

DATE: June 13/74

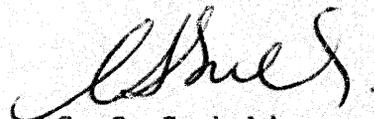
OUR FILE REF.

IN REPLY TO

SUBJECT: Twenty Mile Creek Bridge
1.5 Miles North of Binbrook
W.P. 277-60, Site #36-114
Hwy. 56, District #4

Attached herewith we are submitting the final bridge drawings which show the foundation design for this structure.

Kindly give us your comments at your earliest convenience.



C. S. Grebski
Structural Design Engineer

CSG/ek

Attached

*Finalized and
copy sent to C. H. Grebski
July 3/74. al jackson
No comments*



Arakash

June 26/74

DOCUMENT MICROFILMING IDENTIFICATION

GEOCRES No. 30174-52

DIST. 4 REGION CENTRAL

W.P. No. 272-60

CONT. No. 75-02

W. O. No. 73-11092

STR. SITE No. 36-114

HWY. No. 56

LOCATION TWENTY MILE CREEK

CROSSING Hwy 56

OVERSEE DRAWINGS TO BE INCLUDED WITH THIS REPORT. 2

REMARKS: to be called to existing

manifolds

documents to be included before

microfilmed

