

**FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION REPORT
STURGEON RIVER BRIDGE REPLACEMENT
HIGHWAY 11
GERALDTON COMMUNITY
DISTRICT OF THUNDER BAY, TOWNSHIP OF COLTER, ONTARIO**

G.W.P. 6056-10-00, Site No. 48E-8

Geocres Number: 42H-13

Report to

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PART 1: FACTUAL INFORMATION

1 INTRODUCTION

This report presents the factual findings obtained from a foundation investigation conducted at the site of a proposed replacement of the existing bridge structure which carries Highway 11 over Sturgeon River located approximately 18 km east of Jellicoe and 30 km west of Geraldton, in the District of Thunder Bay, Township of Colter, Ontario.

The purpose of this investigation was to explore the subsurface conditions at the site and, based on the data obtained, to provide a borehole location plan, records of boreholes, stratigraphic profile and cross-sections, laboratory test results and a written description of the subsurface conditions. A model of the subsurface conditions was developed from the data obtained in the course of the investigation.

Thurber carried out the investigation as a sub-consultant to McCormick Rankin Corporation (MRC), under the Ministry of Transportation Ontario (MTO) Agreement Number 6010-E-0011.

In the preparation of this report and in addition to the boreholes drilled under the current assignment, reference has been made to information on subsurface conditions contained in a previous foundation report. The title of this report is listed as follows:

- Foundation Investigation and Design Report for Sturgeon River Bridge (18 km east of Jellicoe), W.P. 335-85-01, Site 48E-8, Hwy. 11, District 19, Thunder Bay, Contract No. 87-202, Geocres No. 42E-3, prepared by Engineering Materials Office, Foundation Design Section, dated June 27, 1986. (Reference 1).

2 SITE DESCRIPTION

The Sturgeon River Bridge is located on Highway 11 approximately 18 km east of Jellicoe and 30 km west of Geraldton, Ontario in the District of Thunder Bay, Township of Colter.

At present, the highway crosses the Sturgeon River on a three-span structure supported on two piers and two abutments. The span lengths are 12 m, 17 m and 12 m. The total length of the bridge is 41.0 m and the width is 10.9 m.

At this site, the Sturgeon River flows to the north. The river channel is approximately 25 m to 30 m wide and 1.0 m to 3.0 m deep at the bridge. The river is relatively fast-flowing at this site. Rock fill erosion protection is visible above the river level throughout the lower parts of the approach embankments.

The area surrounding the bridge site is gently to moderately rolling. The areas to east and west of the site are generally heavily treed. Camp 51 Road is located approximately 90 m east of the bridge. Rock outcrops are visible near the site.

Photographs in Appendix F show the general nature of the site.

The site is located on a morainal landform, which consist of thin till deposits over bedrock. The site lies within the physiographic region known as the Wabigoon Subprovince of the Superior Province of the Canadian Shield. The region is characterized by metasedimentary rocks. Locally, the bedrock is mantled by sand and silt till deposit. Rock knobs are associated with this terrain.

3 SITE INVESTIGATION AND FIELD TESTING

A site investigation and field testing for this project were carried out on July 26 and 27 and August 3 and 5, 2011 and consisted of drilling and sampling six boreholes (numbered STR-01 to STR-03 and STR-08 to STR-10).

Locations of Boreholes STR-01 to STR-03 and STR-08 to STR-10 were selected based on the bridge design information available at the time of the investigation, including the possibility of retaining the existing abutments. However, after the field investigation was completed, the design concept was finalized to a full bridge replacement. For a bridge span of 35.0 m, the drilled boreholes were not positioned at the foundation units of the new design. A second investigation, consisting of four boreholes (numbered STR-04 to STR-07) was conducted from September 26 to 28, 2012 to identify soil conditions and establish the bedrock elevation at the revised abutment locations.

All the boreholes were drilled through the highway embankment or the bridge deck in the area of the existing and proposed west and east approaches and abutments.

Boreholes STR-01 and STR-10 were drilled through the existing west and east approaches, respectively, and were both terminated at 4.9 m and 6.4 m (elevations 337.2 and 335.8).

Boreholes STR-02 to STR-05 were drilled near the existing and proposed west abutments to depths ranging from 4.1 m to 8.7 m (elevations 333.4 to 338.0).

Boreholes STR-06 to STR-09 were drilled at the location of the existing and proposed east abutments and were terminated at depths ranging from 6.8 m to 12.7 m (elevations 329.5 to 335.4).

Bedrock was proved in Boreholes STR-03 to STR-08 by NQ size diamond coring. Boreholes STR-03 to STR-08 were advanced 2.8 m to 4.4 m into bedrock.

A Dynamic Cone Penetration Tests (DCPTs) was conducted adjacent to Borehole STR-09 to supplement the data collected from the borehole. The DCPT was terminated at 7.1 m depth (elevation 335.1), upon refusal on probable bedrock.

Records of Boreholes 1 to 4 drilled during the previous investigation (Reference 1) and their respective laboratory test results are enclosed in Appendix C.

The approximate locations of the boreholes are shown on the attached Borehole Locations and Soil Strata Drawing in Appendix G.

The borehole locations were marked in the field and utility clearances were obtained prior to drilling.

The drilling was carried out from the highway grade using both CME 75 and CME 55 truck-mounted drill rigs. Hollow stem augers, NW casing and tricone were used to advance the boreholes through the overburden deposits and NQ coring methods were used to advance boreholes through the bedrock. Overburden samples were obtained at selected intervals using a split spoon sampler in conjunction with Standard Penetration Testing (SPT).

The drilling and sampling operations were supervised on a full time basis by a member of Thurber's technical staff. The supervisor logged the boreholes and processed the recovered soil and rock samples for transport to Thurber's laboratory for further examination and testing.

All rock cores were logged, and the Total Core Recovery (TCR), Rock Quality Designation (RQD) and the Fracture Indices (FI) were determined.

Two standpipe piezometers consisting of 19 mm PVC pipe with slotted screen and enclosed in filter sand were installed at this site to permit longer term groundwater level monitoring. The boreholes were backfilled with bentonite holeplug in general accordance with O.Reg. 903 upon completion. The location and completion details of the piezometer and boreholes are presented in Table 3.1.

Table 3.1 – Borehole Abandonment Details

Location	Borehole	Piezometer Tip Depth/ Elevation (m)	Abandonment Details
West Approach	STR-01	None installed	Borehole backfilled with bentonite holeplug to 0.9 m, sand and gravel to 0.6 m, concrete to 0.15 m then asphalt to surface.
West Abutment	STR-02	None installed	Borehole backfilled with bentonite holeplug to 0.9 m, sand and gravel to 0.6 m, concrete to 0.15 m, then asphalt to surface.
	STR-03	8.5/333.6	Sand from 8.5 m to 6.7 m, bentonite holeplug from 6.7 m to 2.0 m, sand from 2.0 m to 0.4 m, then asphalt to surface.
	STR-04	None installed	Boreholes backfilled with bentonite holeplug to ground surface. Bridge deck backfilled with 0.28 m of concrete, then asphalt to highway surface.
	STR-05	None installed	
East Abutment	STR-06	None installed	
	STR-07	None installed	
	STR-08	11.0 / 331.2	Sand from 11.0 m to 9.1 m, bentonite holeplug from 9.1 m to 1.8 m, sand from 1.8 m to 0.4 m, then asphalt to surface.
	STR-09	None installed	Borehole backfilled with bentonite holeplug to 1.5 m, sand and gravel from 1.5 m to 0.45 m, concrete to 0.15 m, then asphalt to surface.
East Approach	STR-10	None installed	Borehole backfilled with bentonite holeplug to 0.9 m, sand and gravel from 0.9 m to 0.15 m, asphalt to surface.

Piezometers have been decommissioned in accordance with O. Reg. 903 in September 2012.

4 LABORATORY TESTING

The recovered soil samples were subjected to Visual Identification (VI) and to natural moisture content determination. Selected samples were also subjected to grain size distribution analyses (sieve and hydrometer). The results of this testing program are summarized on the Record of Borehole sheets in Appendix A and shown on the figures contained in Appendix B.

Point load tests were carried out on selected samples of intact bedrock upon arrival at the laboratory to assist in evaluation of the compressive strength of the bedrock. Results of point load tests on the rock core samples are included in Appendix B and on the Record of Borehole sheets in Appendix A.

5 DESCRIPTION OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

Reference is made to the Record of Borehole sheets in Appendix A. Details of the encountered soil stratigraphy are presented in these sheets and on the “Borehole Locations and Soil Strata” drawing in Appendix G. An overall description of the stratigraphy is given in the following paragraphs. However, the factual data presented in the Record of Borehole Sheets governs any interpretation of the site conditions. It must be recognized that soil conditions may vary between and beyond borehole locations.

In general terms, the stratigraphy encountered at this site consists of pavement structure overlying granular embankment fill. A layer of sandy silt with organics was encountered below the fill at the west approach. On the east side of the river, native sand and silt till was contacted below the granular fill. A layer of cobbles and boulders was contacted below the granular fill at the west abutment and below the sand and silt till at the east abutment. Grey metasedimentary bedrock as well as auger refusal on probable bedrock were encountered below the fill, the native sand and silt till and layer of cobbles and boulders at depths ranging from 2.7 m to 9.4 m (elevations 332.8 to 338.0).

More detailed descriptions of the individual strata are presented below.

5.1 Pavement Structure

Pavement structure was encountered in all the boreholes, which were drilled through the existing Highway 11 roadway at this site. Boreholes STR-01 and STR-10 revealed a 150-mm thick layer of asphalt overlying granular fill.

Boreholes STR-02 to STR-09, drilled through the approach slab, revealed 75 mm to 150 mm of asphalt over 225 mm to 275 mm of concrete. Granular fill was encountered below the concrete.

5.2 Sand and Sand and Gravel Fill

Two distinctive layers of road base and embankment fill were encountered below the asphalt pavement in the boreholes:

- Brown to dark brown sand and gravel containing trace to some silt and clay, occasional cobbles and occasional organics.
- Brown sand containing trace gravel to gravelly, some silt and clay and occasional organics.

A layer of organics, approximately 200 mm thick, was encountered within the fill at 0.9 m depth (elevation 341.3) in Borehole STR-10.

The thickness of the granular fill ranged from 1.9 m to 3.9 m.

The depth to the base of the granular fill ranged from 1.9 m to 4.3 m (elevations 337.2 to 338.6).

SPT 'N' values recorded in the sand/sand and gravel fill ranged from 4 to 25 blows for 0.3 m penetration, indicating a loose to compact relative density. Higher SPT 'N' values of 33 to 54 blows per 0.3 m of penetration and 50 blows per 0.1 m of penetration, indicating a dense to very dense relative density, were measured in Boreholes STR-04, STR-05, STR-06, STR-08 and STR-10 near elevations 338.0 to 339.0, which may indicate the presence of cobbles within the fill. In 1986, two test pits excavated by MTO revealed numerous cobbles and boulders within the sand fills (see Reference 1). It must be recognized that embankment fills are heterogeneous and may contain obstructions such as cobbles, boulders and rockfill.

The moisture content of samples of the sand/sand and gravel fill generally ranged from 3% to 26%. A moisture content of 37% was measured in Borehole STR-09 near elevation 339.0. A moisture content of 164% was measured in the organic layer encountered in Borehole STR-10.

Grain size distribution curves for sand fill and sand and gravel fill samples are presented on the Record of Borehole sheets and on Figures B1 and B2 of Appendix B..

The results of the laboratory tests are summarized as follows:

Soil Particles	Percentage (%) Sand to Gravelly Sand Fill	Percentage (%) Sand and Gravel Fill
Gravel	1 to 26	44
Sand	60 to 88	41
Silt and Clay	11 to 19	15

5.3 Sandy silt with organics

A layer of dark brown to black sandy silt with organics was encountered below the sand fill at 3.5 m depth (elevation 338.6) in Borehole STR-01, which was drilled at the west approach.

The thickness of the sandy silt with organics was 1.4 m.

The depth to the base of this layer was 4.9 m (elevation 337.2). Borehole STR-01 was terminated, below this layer, at 4.9 m depth, upon auger refusal on probable bedrock or boulder.

An SPT 'N' value of 13 blows for 0.3 m penetration, indicating a compact relative density was recorded in the sandy silt with organics.

The moisture content of samples of the sandy silt with organics ranged from 11% to 31%.

5.4 Sand and Silt Till

Native brown to grey sand and silt till containing trace to some clay, trace gravel and occasional cobbles was contacted in Boreholes STR-06 to STR-10, drilled near the east abutment and east approach. Cobbles and boulders were encountered below the sand and silt till near elevation 334.3 in Borehole STR-07.

The thickness of the sand and silt till ranged from 2.3 m to 3.9 m.

In Boreholes STR-06 to STR-08, the depths to the base of the sand and silt till layer ranged from 5.1 m to 8.2 m (elevations 333.9 to 334.3). Boreholes STR-09 and STR-10 were terminated upon refusal on probable bedrock or boulders, encountered below the sand and silt till, at 6.8 m and 6.4 m depth (elevations 335.4 and 335.8).

SPT 'N' values recorded in the sand and silt till layer ranged from 6 to 61 blows per 0.3 m of penetration, indicating loose to very dense relative density. Higher SPT 'N' values of 50 to 100 blows per 0.075 m of penetration, indicating a very dense relative density were measured near the base of the sand and silt till layer in Boreholes STR-06, STR-08 and STR-10, and in Borehole STR-07 where cobbles and boulders were encountered.

The moisture contents of the sand and silt till samples ranged from 7% to 21%.

Three samples of the sand and silt till were selected for gradation analysis and the results are summarized below. These results are also presented on the Record of Borehole sheets in Appendix A and on Figure B3 of Appendix B.

Soil Particles	Percentage (%)
Gravel	0 to 8
Sand	37 to 38
Silt	35 to 45
Clay	18 to 19

Glacial tills inherently contain cobbles and boulders.

5.5 Cobbles and Boulders

A layer of cobbles and boulders with some sand was contacted below the approach embankment fill at 3.9 m, 2.1 m and 2.8 m depth (elevations 338.2, 337.9 and 337.2) in Boreholes STR-03, STR-04 and STR-05 drilled at the west abutment. The thickness of this layer varies from 0.2 m to 1.7 m. A 1.5-m thick layer of cobbles and boulders was encountered at 5.1 m depth (elevation 334.3) in Borehole STR-07, drilled at the east

abutment. The layers of cobbles and boulders were encountered immediately above the bedrock. Coring through the cobbles and boulders was required to advance these boreholes.

In Boreholes STR-03, STR-04 and STR-05, drilled at the west abutment, the depths to the base of the cobbles and boulders were 5.6 m, 2.7 m and 3.0 m (elevations 336.5, 337.3 and 337.0), respectively. At the east abutment, in Borehole STR-07, the depth to the base of the cobbles and boulders was 6.6 m (elevation 332.8).

An SPT 'N' value of 100 blows for 0.2 m of penetration was recorded in this layer in Borehole STR-03.

Based on depths to refusal and elevations of top of bedrock encountered in adjacent boreholes, it is possible that a layer of cobbles and boulders exists immediately above the bedrock in Boreholes STR-02, STR-09 and STR-10.

5.6 Bedrock and Auger Refusal

The overburden soils described above are underlain by metasedimentary bedrock. The bedrock was grey with occasional white bands. Occasional mechanical breaks and horizontal joints were noted throughout the bedrock cores.

Bedrock was proved by coring in Boreholes STR-03 to STR-08. Boreholes STR-01, STR-02, STR-09 and STR-10 were terminated upon auger refusal on probable bedrock or boulders. Table 5.1 summarizes depths and elevations to the top of bedrock and auger refusal from the present investigation and the 1986 investigation (Boreholes 1 to 4).

**Table 5.1 – Depths and Elevations of Top of Bedrock
and Auger Refusal on Probable Bedrock or Boulders**

Foundation Element	Borehole	Top of Bedrock/Auger Refusal on probable bedrock or boulders	
		Depth (m)	Elevation (m)
West Approach	STR-01	4.9	337.2
	3	5.2	336.8
West abutment	STR-02	4.1	338.0
	STR-03	5.6*	336.5*
	STR-04	2.7*	337.3*
	STR-05	3.0*	337.0*
	4	4.7	337.4
	STR-06	5.4*	334.3*
East abutment	STR-07	6.6*	332.8*
	STR-08	8.2*	333.9*
	STR-09	6.8	335.4
	2	6.4	335.7
	STR-10	6.4	335.8
East Approach	1	6.6	335.5

*Bedrock proved by coring

Core recovery in the bedrock was 100%. The RQD values ranged from 0% to 94%, indicating very poor to excellent rock quality. An RQD of 40% was measured in Borehole STR-04, Run 1, indicating a poor rock quality. RQD values of 0% were noted in Boreholes STR-08 Run 1, STR-06 Runs 1 to 4 and STR-07 Run 1 and 4. The rock quality of the upper 3.0 m of rock at the east abutment appears to be of very poor quality.

The Fracture Index (FI) of the rock, expressed as fractures per 0.3 m of core, ranged from 0 to 8. FI greater than 10 was noted in Borehole STR-06.

The estimated unconfined compressive strength of the rock cores (average per Run) generally ranged from 77 MPa to 255 MPa, indicating a strong to very strong rock. Low unconfined compressive strengths ranging from 26 MPa to 38 MPa, indicating a weak to medium strong rock, were estimated in Boreholes STR-03 and STR-08. These estimated rock strength values are interpreted from point load tests that were conducted on rock cores recovered from the boreholes. A summary of the Point Load Test Results are presented in Appendix B.

5.7 Water Levels

Water levels were monitored in the open boreholes during and upon completion of drilling. Two standpipe piezometers were installed in Boreholes STR-03 and STR-08 to

monitor water levels after completion of drilling. The water levels measured in the piezometer and open boreholes are summarized in Table 5.2.

Table 5.2 – Water Level Measurements

Foundation Unit	Borehole	Date	Water Level (m)		Comments
			Depth	Elevation	
West Approach	STR-01	July 27, 2011	3.7	338.4	Open borehole
West Abutment	STR-02	July 27, 2011	3.4	338.7	Open borehole
	STR-03	August 5, 2011	3.9	338.2	Open borehole
		November 28, 2011	4.6	337.5	In piezometer
East Abutment	STR-06	September 27, 2012	1.9	337.8	Open borehole
	STR-08	November 28, 2011	4.1	338.0	In piezometer
	STR-09	July 26, 2011	5.9	336.3	Open borehole

Piezometric readings indicate that the water level is near elevations 337.5 to 338.0.

The above values are short-term readings and seasonal fluctuations of the groundwater level are to be expected. In particular, the groundwater level may be at a higher elevation after the spring snowmelt or after periods of heavy rainfall.

Preliminary GA drawing indicates that water level in the Sturgeon River was near Elevation 338.1 in April, 2011.

5.8 Data from previous investigation, 1986 (Reference 1)

Boreholes 1 to 4 were drilled at this site during the previous investigation conducted in 1986. Data from the 1986 investigation revealed that the subsurface soils conditions are consistent with the data obtained by Thurber. The 1986 boreholes were advanced through the embankment fill and into the underlying native materials. The subsurface conditions encountered were as follows:

- A 100-mm thick layer of asphalt was encountered surficially in the boreholes.
- Below the asphalt, sand fill containing silt, gravel and numerous cobbles and boulders was contacted. Augering through the fill was difficult due to the presence of boulders. The thickness of the fill varied from 2.7 m to 2.9 m. Two test pits completed on either side of the existing structure revealed the presence of numerous cobbles and boulders. The boulders were up to 0.5 m in diameter. Boulders and cobbles were also surficially observed on the river banks.
- A 0.6-m thick layer of organics was encountered below the fill in Borehole 2, drilled at the east abutment.

- Native compact to very dense sand containing some silt, trace gravel and organics was contacted below the fill in Boreholes 1, 3 and 4 and below the organics in Borehole 2.
- Very stiff to hard glacial till consisting of, heterogeneous mixture of gravel, sand, silt and clay was encountered below the sand layer in Boreholes 1 and 2, drilled at the east abutment and east approach. The thickness of this layer was less than 3.0 m.
- Boreholes were terminated upon refusal to auger on probable bedrock, at depths ranging from 4.7 m to 6.6 m.
- Groundwater level was noted at elevation 338.3 in 1986.

6 MISCELLANEOUS

Borehole locations for the first stage of the investigation were selected and established in the field by Thurber Engineering Ltd. MMM Group Limited surveyed the borehole locations and provided the co-ordinates and the ground surface elevations.

For the second investigation, MRC provided plan drawings to obtain the co-ordinates and the ground surface elevations for the boreholes.

Thurber obtained utility clearances for the borehole locations prior to drilling.

Eastern Ontario Diamond Drilling Ltd. from Hawkesbury, Ontario and TBT Engineering from Thunder Bay, Ontario supplied truck mounted CME 75 and CME 55 drill rigs and conducted the drilling, sampling and in-situ testing operations.

The drilling and sampling operations in the field were supervised on a full time basis by Mr. Jason Mei, Mr. Stephane Loranger, C.E.T. and Mr. Mark Farrant, P. Eng. of Thurber Engineering Ltd.

Routine laboratory testing was carried out by Thurber Engineering Ltd.

Overall planning and supervision of the field program was conducted by Mr. Mark Farrant, P. Eng.

Interpretation of the data and preparation of the report was carried out by Ms. R. Palomeque Reyna, P.Eng. and Mr. Murray Anderson, P.Eng. The report was reviewed by Dr. P.K. Chatterji, P.Eng., a Designated Principal Contact for MTO Foundations Projects.

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Appendix A

Record of Borehole Sheets (Present investigation)

SYMBOLS, ABBREVIATIONS AND TERMS USED ON RECORDS OF BOREHOLES

1. TEXTURAL CLASSIFICATION OF SOILS

CLASSIFICATION	PARTICLE SIZE	VISUAL IDENTIFICATION
Boulders	Greater than 200mm	same
Cobbles	75 to 200mm	same
Gravel	4.75 to 75mm	5 to 75mm
Sand	0.075 to 4.75mm	Not visible particles to 5mm
Silt	0.002 to 0.075mm	Non-plastic particles, not visible to the naked eye
Clay	Less than 0.002mm	Plastic particles, not visible to the naked eye

2. COARSE GRAIN SOIL DESCRIPTION (50% greater than 0.075mm)

TERMINOLOGY	PROPORTION
Trace or Occasional	Less than 10%
Some	10 to 20%
Adjective (e.g. silty or sandy)	20 to 35%
And (e.g. sand and gravel)	35 to 50%

3. TERMS DESCRIBING CONSISTENCY (COHESIVE SOILS ONLY)

DESCRIPTIVE TERM	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH (kPa)	APPROXIMATE SPT ⁽¹⁾ 'N' VALUE
Very Soft	12 or less	Less than 2
Soft	12 to 25	2 to 4
Firm	25 to 50	4 to 8
Stiff	50 to 100	8 to 15
Very Stiff	100 to 200	15 to 30
Hard	Greater than 200	Greater than 30

NOTE: Hierarchy of Soil Strength Prediction

- 1) Laboratory Triaxial Testing
- 2) Field Insitu Vane Testing
- 3) Laboratory Vane Testing
- 4) SPT value
- 5) Pocket Penetrometer

4. TERMS DESCRIBING DENSITY (COHESIONLESS SOILS ONLY)

DESCRIPTIVE TERM	SPT "N" VALUE
Very Loose	Less than 4
Loose	4 to 10
Compact	10 to 30
Dense	30 to 50
Very Dense	Greater than 50

5. LEGEND FOR RECORDS OF BOREHOLES

SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS FOR SAMPLE TYPE	SS Split Spoon Sample	WS Wash Sample	AS Auger (Grab) Sample
	TW Thin Wall Shelby Tube Sample		TP Thin Wall Piston Sample
	PH Sampler Advanced by Hydraulic Pressure		PM Sampler Advanced by Manual Pressure
	WH Sampler Advanced by Self Static Weight		RC Rock Core
			SC Soil Core

$$\text{Sensitivity} = \frac{\text{Undisturbed Shear Strength}}{\text{Remoulded Shear Strength}}$$



Water Level

C_{pen}


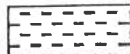


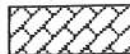
Shear Strength Determination by Pocket Penetrometer

- (1) SPT 'N' Value Standard Penetration Test 'N' Value – refers to the number of blows from a 63.5kg hammer free falling a height of 0.76m to advance a standard 50 mm outside diameter split spoon sampler for 0.3 m depth into undisturbed ground.
- (2) DCPT Dynamic Cone Penetration Test – Continuous penetration of a 50 mm outside diameter, 60° conical steel point attached to "A" size rods driven by a 63.5 kg hammer free falling a height of 0.76 m. The resistance to cone penetration is the number of hammer blows required for each 0.3 m advance of the conical point into undisturbed ground.

UNIFIED SOILS CLASSIFICATION

MAJOR DIVISIONS		GROUP SYMBOL	TYPICAL DESCRIPTION
COARSE GRAINED SOILS	GRAVEL AND GRAVELLY SOILS	GW	Well-graded gravels or gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines.
		GP	Poorly-graded gravels or gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines.
		GM	Silty gravels, gravel-sand-silt mixtures.
		GC	Clayey gravels, gravel-sand-clay mixtures.
	SAND AND SANDY SOILS	SW	Well-graded sands or gravelly sands, little or no fines.
		SP	Poorly-graded sands or gravelly sands, little or no fines.
		SM	Silty sands, sand-silt mixtures.
		SC	Clayey sands, sand-clay mixtures.
FINE GRAINED SOILS	SILTS AND CLAYS $W_L < 50\%$	ML	Inorganic silts and very fine sands, rock flour, silty or clayey fine sands or clayey silts with slight plasticity.
		CL	Inorganic clays of low to medium plasticity, gravelly clays, sandy clays, silty clays, lean clays. ($W_L < 30\%$).
		CI	Inorganic clays of medium plasticity, silty clays. ($30\% < W_L < 50\%$).
		OL	Organic silts and organic silty-clays of low plasticity.
	SILTS AND CLAYS $W_L > 50\%$	MH	Inorganic silts, micaceous or diatomaceous fine sandy or silty soils, elastic silts.
		CH	Inorganic clays of high plasticity, fat clays.
		OH	Organic clays of medium to high plasticity, organic silts.
	HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS		Pt
CLAY SHALE			
SANDSTONE			
SILTSTONE			
CLAYSTONE			
COAL			

EXPLANATION OF ROCK LOGGING TERMS

ROCK WEATHERING CLASSIFICATION		SYMBOLS	
Fresh (FR)	No visible signs of weathering.		
Fresh Jointed (FJ)	Weathering limited to the surface of major discontinuities.		CLAYSTONE
Slightly Weathered (SW)	Penetrative weathering developed on open discontinuity surfaces, but only slight weathering of rock material.		SILTSTONE
Moderately Weathered (MW)	Weathering extends throughout the rock mass, but the rock material is not friable.		SANDSTONE
Highly Weathered (HW)	Weathering extends throughout the rock mass and the rock is partly friable.		COAL
Completely Weathered (CW)	Rock is wholly decomposed and in a friable condition, but the rock texture and structure are preserved.		Bedrock (general)

DISCONTINUITY SPACING		STRENGTH CLASSIFICATION			
Bedding	Bedding Plane Spacing	Rock Strength	Approximate Uniaxial Compressive Strength		Field Estimation of Hardness*
			(MPa)	(psi)	
Very thickly bedded	Greater than 2m	Extremely Strong	Greater than 250	Greater than 36,000	Specimen can only be chipped with a geological hammer
Thickly bedded	0.6 to 2m				
Medium bedded	0.2 to 0.6m	Very Strong	100-250	15,000 to 36,000	Requires many blows of geological hammer to break
Thinly bedded	60mm to 0.2m				
Very thinly bedded	20 to 60mm	Strong	50-100	7,500 to 15,000	Requires more than one blow of geological hammer to break
Laminated	6 to 20mm				
Thinly Laminated	Less than 6mm	Medium Strong	25.0 to 50.0	3,500 to 7,500	Breaks under single blow of geological hammer.
		Weak	5.0 to 25.0	750 to 3,500	Can be peeled by a pocket knife with difficulty
		Very Weak	1.0 to 5.0	150 to 750	Can be peeled by a pocket knife, crumbles under firm blows of geological pick.
		Extremely Weak (Rock)	0.25 to 1.0	35 to 150	Indented by thumbnail

TERMS	
Total Core Recovery: (TCR)	Core recovered as a percentage of total core run length.
Solid Core Recovery: (SCR)	Percent Ratio of solid core of full cylindrical shape recovered. Expressed with respect to the total length of core run.
Rock Quality Designation: (RQD)	Total length of sound core recovered in pieces 0.1m in length or larger as a percentage of total core run length.
Uniaxial Compressive Strength (UCS)	Axial stress required to break the specimen
Fracture Index: (FI)	Frequency of natural fractures per 0.3m of core run.

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No STR-01

1 OF 1

METRIC

W.P. 6056-10-00 LOCATION Sturgeon River Bridge N 5 506 736.8 E 282 728.1 ORIGINATED BY JM
 HWY 11 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY AN
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 2011.07.27 - 2011.07.27 CHECKED BY MRA

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			20	40	60	80	100		
342.1														
0.0	ASPHALT: (150mm)													
0.2	SAND and GRAVEL, trace silt Compact Brown Moist (FILL)		1	AS			342							
			1	SS	19		341							
340.6														
1.4	SAND, some gravel to gravelly, some silt and clay Compact to Loose Brown Moist (FILL) Occasional organics		2	SS	17		340							
			3	SS	7		339							
338.6			4	SS	5									
3.5	Sandy SILT, with organics, trace gravel, occasional cobbles Compact Dark Brown to Black Moist		5	SS	13		338							
337.2			6	SS	100/									
4.9	END OF BOREHOLE AT 4.8m UPON AUGER REFUSAL ON PROBABLE BOULDER OR BEDROCK. BOREHOLE OPEN TO 4.8m AND WATER LEVEL AT 3.7m. BOREHOLE BACKFILLED WITH HOLEPLUG TO 0.9m, SAND AND GRAVEL TO 0.6m, CONCRETE TO 0.15m, THEN ASPHALT TO SURFACE.				0.125									

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No STR-02

1 OF 1

METRIC

W.P. 6056-10-00 LOCATION Sturgeon River Bridge N 5 506 737.3 E 282 735.3 ORIGINATED BY JM
HWY 11 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY AN
DATUM Geodetic DATE 2011.07.27 - 2011.07.27 CHECKED BY MRA

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			20	40	60	80	100		
342.1														
0.0	ASPHALT: (150mm)						342							
0.2	CONCRETE: (225mm)													
341.7														
0.4	SAND and GRAVEL Compact Brown Moist (FILL)		1	AS										
			1	SS	16									
340.6							341							
1.5	SAND, some gravel to gravelly, some silt and clay Compact Brown Moist (FILL)		2	SS	16									
			3	SS	16									
	Occasional organics		4	SS	25		339							26 60 14 (SI+CL)
338.0														
4.1	END OF BOREHOLE AT 4.1m UPON AUGER REFUSAL ON PROBABLE BOULDER OR BEDROCK. BOREHOLE OPEN TO 4.1m AND WATER LEVEL AT 3.4m. BOREHOLE BACKFILLED WITH HOLEPLUG TO 0.3m, SAND AND GRAVEL TO 0.6m, CONCRETE TO 0.15m, THEN ASPHALT TO SURFACE.													

+³ ×³: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10
5
(%) STRAIN AT FAILURE

METRIC

[illegible]

ONTMT4S 1197 GPJ 7/24/12

Continued Next Page

+³, ×³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity

METRIC

[illegible]

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No STR-04

1 OF 1

METRIC

W.P. 6056-10-00 LOCATION Sturgeon River Bridge N 5 506 738.2 E 282 742.0 ORIGINATED BY MEF
 HWY 11 BOREHOLE TYPE NW Casing/Tricone COMPILED BY AN
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 2012.09.27 - 2012.09.27 CHECKED BY MEF

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			20	40	60	80	100		
342.1	ASPHALT: (75mm)						342							
0.0														
0.1	CONCRETE: (275mm)													
341.7														
0.4	Air gap between underside of bridge deck and ground surface													
	Rockfill and cobbles at surface													
340.0														
2.1	SAND and GRAVEL (FILL)						340							
339.1														
3.0	SAND, trace gravel, trace to some silt and clay Loose Grey to Brown Wet (FILL) Very Dense		1	SS	4		339							
337.9			2	SS	50/ 0.100		338							1 88 11 (SI+CL)
4.2	Coring through COBBLES and BOULDERS from 4.2m													
337.3														
4.8	BEDROCK, metasedimentary, grey with white bands						337							RUN #1 TCR=100% SCR=95% RQD=40% UCS=153MPa (Average)
	Subvertical fractures from 5.2m to 5.3m and 5.7m to 6.2m		1	RUN										
	Subhorizontal fractures from 6.1m to 6.3m						336							
	Occasional quartz veins													RUN #2 TCR=100% SCR=98% RQD=78% UCS=168MPa (Average)
			2	RUN			335							
334.2														
7.9	END OF BOREHOLE AT 7.9m. BOREHOLE BACKFILLED WITH BENTONITE HOLEPLUG TO GROUND SURFACE, BRIDGE DECK BACKFILLED WITH CONCRETE TO 0.28m, THEN ASPHALT TO HIGHWAY SURFACE.													

ONTMT4S 1197.GPJ 10/19/12

+ 3, x 3: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity 20
15 5
10 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No STR-05

1 OF 1

METRIC

W.P. 6056-10-00 LOCATION Sturgeon River Bridge N 5 506 744.1 E 282 740.2 ORIGINATED BY MEF
 HWY 11 BOREHOLE TYPE Tricone/NW Casing/NQ Coring COMPILED BY AN
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 2012.09.28 - 2012.09.28 CHECKED BY MEF

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT			UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			20 40 60 80 100	PLASTIC LIMIT w _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT w	LIQUID LIMIT w _L	
342.1	ASPHALT: (75mm)											
341.7	CONCRETE: (275mm)											
340.0	Air gap between underside of bridge deck and ground surface											
338.3	Rockfill and cobbles at surface											
337.2	SAND and GRAVEL, occasional cobbles Dense Grey (FILL)		1	SS	43							
335.8	SAND, trace gravel, trace to some silt and clay Very Dense to Dense Grey Wet (FILL)		2	SS	50/ 0.100							
334.2	Coring through COBBLES and BOULDERS at 4.9m		3	SS	44							
332.2	BEDROCK, metasedimentary, grey with white bands Cobbles zone (75mm) at 5.3m		1	RUN								
330.2			2	RUN								
328.2	END OF BOREHOLE AT 7.9m. BOREHOLE BACKFILLED WITH BENTONITE HOLEPLUG TO GROUND SURFACE, BRIDGE DECK BACKFILLED WITH CONCRETE TO 0.28m, THEN ASPHALT TO HIGHWAY SURFACE.											

+ 3, x 3: Numbers refer to Sensitivity
 20
 15 5
 10 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No STR-06

1 OF 2

METRIC

W.P. 6056-10-00 LOCATION Sturgeon River Bridge N 5 506 741.8 E 282 776.1 ORIGINATED BY MEF
 HWY 11 BOREHOLE TYPE Solid Stem Augers/NW Casing/Coring COMPILED BY AN
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 2012.09.26 - 2012.09.27 CHECKED BY MEF

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT			UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			20 40 60 80 100	20 40 60 80 100	20 40 60		
342.2	ASPHALT: (75mm)											
0.0												
0.1	CONCRETE: (275mm)											
341.8												
0.4	Air gap between underside of bridge deck and ground surface											
339.7	Rockfill and cobbles at surface											
2.5	SAND and GRAVEL Compact (FILL)		1	SS	12							
338.5	Layer of topsoil (50mm)											
3.7	SAND, some gravel, trace to some silt and clay Dense Brown Moist (FILL)		4	SS	33							21 60 19 (SI+CL)
337.8	SAND and SILT, trace to some gravel, trace clay Very Dense Brown Wet (TILL) Compact Grey		2	SS	40							
4.4			3	SS	14							
			5	SS	50/							
	Coring started at 7.9m				0.125							
334.3	BEDROCK, metasedimentary, grey with white bands		1	RUN							FI	RUN #1 TCR=78% SCR=0% RQD=0%
7.9	Highly broken		2	RUN								RUN #2 TCR=82% SCR=0% RQD=0%
	Sand and silt seam at 9.4m		3	RUN								RUN #3 TCR=100%

Continued Next Page

+ 3 x 3 Numbers refer to Sensitivity 20 15 10 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No STR-06

2 OF 2

METRIC

W.P. 6056-10-00 LOCATION Sturgeon River Bridge N 5 506 741.8 E 282 776.1 ORIGINATED BY MEF
HWY 11 BOREHOLE TYPE Solid Stem Augers/NW Casing/Coring COMPILED BY AN
DATUM Geodetic DATE 2012.09.26 - 2012.09.27 CHECKED BY MEF

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			20	40	60	80	100		
	Continued From Previous Page							SHEAR STRENGTH kPa						
								○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE						
								● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE						
								20	40	60	80	100		
								WATER CONTENT (%)						
								20	40	60				
331.4	BEDROCK, metasedimentary, grey with white bands Sand and silt seam at 10.1m Highly broken		4	RUN			332						>10	GR SA SI CL SCR=86% RQD=0%
10.8	END OF BOREHOLE AT 10.8m. WATER OBSERVED AT 1.9m BELOW GROUND SURFACE DURING DRILLING. BOREHOLE BACKFILLED WITH BENTONITE HOLEPLUG TO GROUND SURFACE, BRIDGE DECK BACKFILLED WITH CONCRETE TO 0.28m, THEN ASPHALT TO HIGHWAY SURFACE.												>10	RUN #4 TCR=100% SCR=48% RQD=0%

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No STR-07

1 OF 2

METRIC

W.P. 6056-10-00 LOCATION Surgeon River Bridge N 5 506 747.8 E 282 775.6 ORIGINATED BY MEF
 HWY 11 BOREHOLE TYPE Tricone/NW Casing/Coring COMPILED BY AN
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 2012.09.28 - 2012.09.28 CHECKED BY MEF

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT			UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			20 40 60 80 100	PLASTIC LIMIT	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT	LIQUID LIMIT	
342.2												
0.0	ASPHALT: (100mm)											
0.1												
341.8	CONCRETE: (275mm)											
0.4	Air gap between underside of bridge deck and ground surface											
339.4	Rockfill and cobbles at surface											
2.8	SAND and GRAVEL, trace silt Compact to Loose Grey (FILL)		3	SS	11							
			1	SS	10							
337.2			2	SS	5							
5.0	SAND and SILT, trace gravel, some clay Dense Grey Wet (TILL)											
			4	SS	41							
	Some cobbles and boulders (spoon bouncing, no recovery)		5	SS	50/0.050							
334.3	Coring through COBBLES (25mm to 125mm in diameter) in a sand and silt matrix		1	RUN								
332.8												
9.4	BEDROCK, metasedimentary, greenish grey with white bands, vertical and subvertical breaks		2	RUN								

ONTMT4S 1197.GPJ 10/30/12

Continued Next Page

+ 3, x 3: Numbers refer to Sensitivity 20 15 10 5 0 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No STR-07

2 OF 2

METRIC

W.P. 6056-10-00 LOCATION Sturgeon River Bridge N 5 506 747.8 E 282 775.6 ORIGINATED BY MEF
 HWY 11 BOREHOLE TYPE Tricone/NW Casing/Coring COMPILED BY AN
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 2012.09.28 - 2012.09.28 CHECKED BY MEF

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT	LIQUID LIMIT	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			20	40	60	80	100						W _P
	Continued From Previous Page																	
	BEDROCK, metasedimentary, greenish grey with white bands, vertical and subvertical breaks		3	RUN			332									>10	RUN #3 TCR=87% SCR=60% RQD=40% UCS=45MPa (Average)	
	Rubble zone: 75mm at 11.4m 100mm at 11.5m		4	RUN			331									>10	RUN #4 TCR=95% SCR=45% RQD=10% UCS=52MPa (Average)	
			5	RUN			330									>10	RUN #5 TCR=89% SCR=18% RQD=0%	
329.5																		
12.7	END OF BOREHOLE AT 12.7m. BOREHOLE BACKFILLED WITH BENTONITE HOLEPLUG TO GROUND SURFACE, BRIDGE DECK BACKFILLED WITH CONCRETE TO 0.3m, THEN ASPHALT TO HIGHWAY SURFACE.																	

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No STR-08

1 OF 2

METRIC

W.P. 6056-10-00 LOCATION Sturgeon River Bridge N 5 506 742.4 E 282 782.3 ORIGINATED BY SLL
 HWY 11 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers/NQ Coring COMPILED BY AN
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 2011.08.03 - 2011.08.05 CHECKED BY MRA

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT			UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)		
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH kPa						
342.1								20	40	60	80	100		
0.0	ASPHALT: (150mm)						342							
0.2	CONCRETE: (250mm)													
341.7														
0.4	SAND and GRAVEL, some silt and clay Compact Brown Moist (FILL)		1	SS	18		341							
			2	SS	19									
							340							
			3	SS	6									
							339							
	Very Dense Dark Brown Moist to Wet		4	SS	54									
337.8							338							
4.3	SAND and SILT, some clay, trace gravel Loose Brown Moist (TILL)		5	SS	6		337							
							336							
	Occasional cobbles		6	SS	61									
							335							
	Very Dense		7	SS	100/0.075									
333.9							334							
8.2	BEDROCK, metasedimentary, moderately to slightly weathered, grey with white bands, sub-vertical breaks Coring started at 8.2m Sub-vertical joints at 8.3m, 8.4m Vertical joint (75mm) at 8.2m Horizontal joints (50mm) at 9.4m		1	RUN										
			2	RUN			333							

Continued Next Page

+ 3, X 3, Numbers refer to Sensitivity 20 15 10 5 0 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE



ONTMT4S 1197.GPJ 7/24/12

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No STR-08

2 OF 2

METRIC

W.P. 6056-10-00 LOCATION Sturgeon River Bridge N 5 506 742.4 E 282 782.3 ORIGINATED BY SLL
 HWY 11 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers/NO Coring COMPILED BY AN
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 2011 08 03 - 2011.08.05 CHECKED BY MRA

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL									
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH kPa ○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL × LAB VANE							WATER CONTENT (%) w _p w w _L								
	Continued From Previous Page							20	40	60	80	100											
	BEDROCK , metasedimentary, moderately to slightly weathered, grey with white bands, sub-vertical breaks Sub-vertical joints (25mm to 75mm) at 9.0m, 10.0m 100mm at 8.6m 100mm at 9.4m 225mm at 10.5m 250mm at 11.1m 275mm at 11.6m Rubble zone (25mm to 75mm) at 9.2m, 9.8m 175mm at 8.9m Mechanical breaks at 11.1m, 11.5m and 11.7m Silt infilling at 12.2m and 12.3m		3	RUN		332												0	RUN #3 TCR=100% SCR=100% RQD=94% UCS=109MPa (Average)				
																						1	
																							1
											331												0
																							1
																							2
329.5																		0					
																		2					
12.6	END OF BOREHOLE AT 12.6m. Piezometer installation consists of 19mm diameter Schedule 40 PVC pipe with a 1.52m slotted screen. WATER LEVEL READINGS: DATE DEPTH (m) ELEV. (m) Nov.28/11 4.1 338.0																						

METRIC

[illegible]

ONTMT4S 1197 GPJ 7/24/12

+³, ×³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No STR-10

1 OF 1

METRIC

W.P. 6056-10-00 LOCATION Sturgeon River Bridge N 5 506 748.8 E 282 787.9 ORIGINATED BY JM
HWY 11 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY AN
DATUM Geodetic DATE 2011.07.26 - 2011.07.26 CHECKED BY MRA

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			20	40	60	80	100		
342.2	ASPHALT: (150mm)													
0.0														
0.2	SAND and GRAVEL, trace silt Loose Brown Moist (FILL) Layer of organics at 0.9m (200mm)		1	AS			342							
			1	SS	9		341							
			2	SS	8		340							
			3	SS	7		339							
	Occasional cobbles, occasional organics Dense		4	SS	53		338							
338.1							337							
4.1	SAND and SILT, some clay, trace gravel Compact Brown to Grey Moist (TILL)		5	SS	22		336							
			6	SS	100/									
335.8	Grey				0.075									
6.4	END OF BOREHOLE AT 6.4m UPON AUGER REFUSAL ON PROBABLE BEDROCK. BOREHOLE OPEN TO 6.4m AND DRY. BOREHOLE BACKFILLED WITH HOLEPLUG TO 0.9m, SAND AND GRAVEL TO 0.15m, THEN ASPHALT TO SURFACE.													

+³ . X³ : Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 10 5
(%) STRAIN AT FAILURE

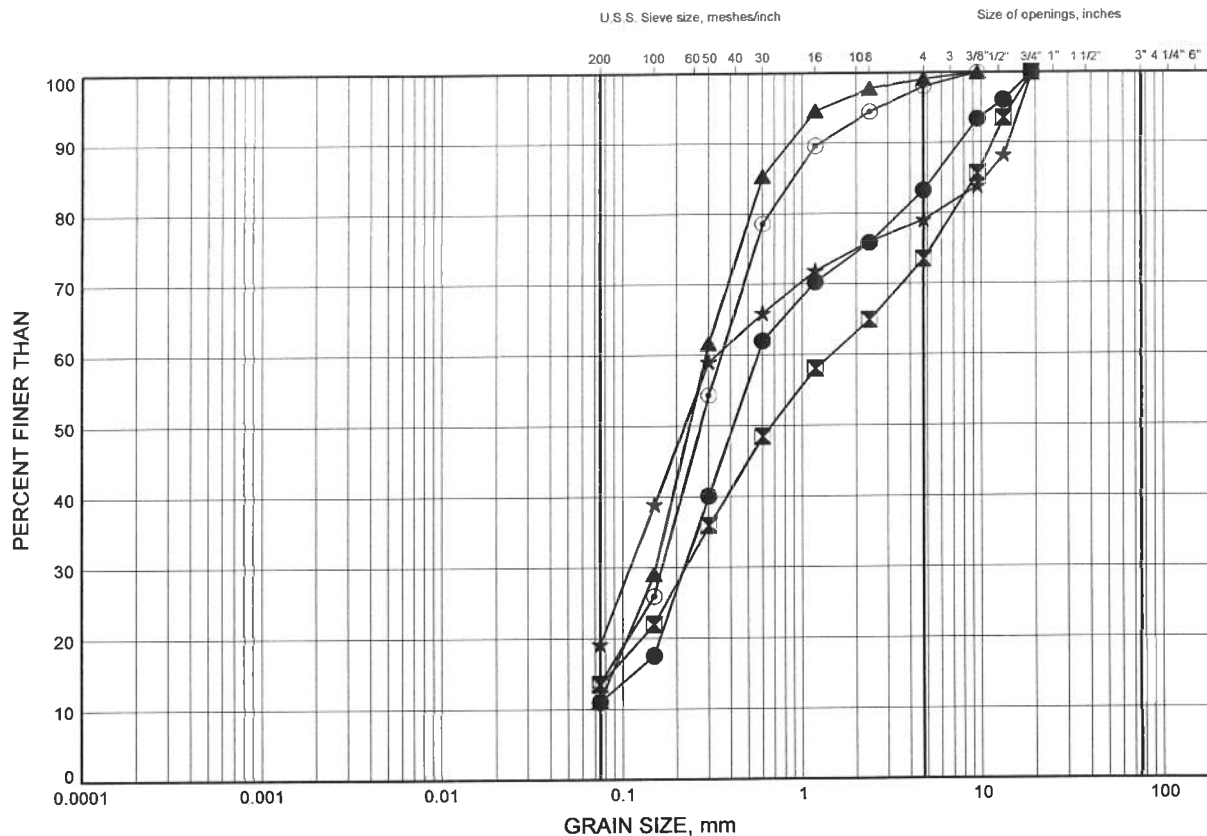
Appendix B

Laboratory Test Results (Present investigation)

NWR 32 Rehabs GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIGURE B1

SAND to GRAVELLY SAND FILL



SILT and CLAY	FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	COBBLE SIZE
FINE GRAINED	SAND			GRAVEL		

LEGEND

SYMBOL	BOREHOLE	DEPTH (m)	ELEV. (m)
●	STR-01	1.83	340.27
⊠	STR-02	2.59	339.51
▲	STR-04	4.01	338.09
★	STR-06	3.96	338.24
⊙	STR-09	2.59	339.61

Date October 2012
W.P.# 6056-10-00



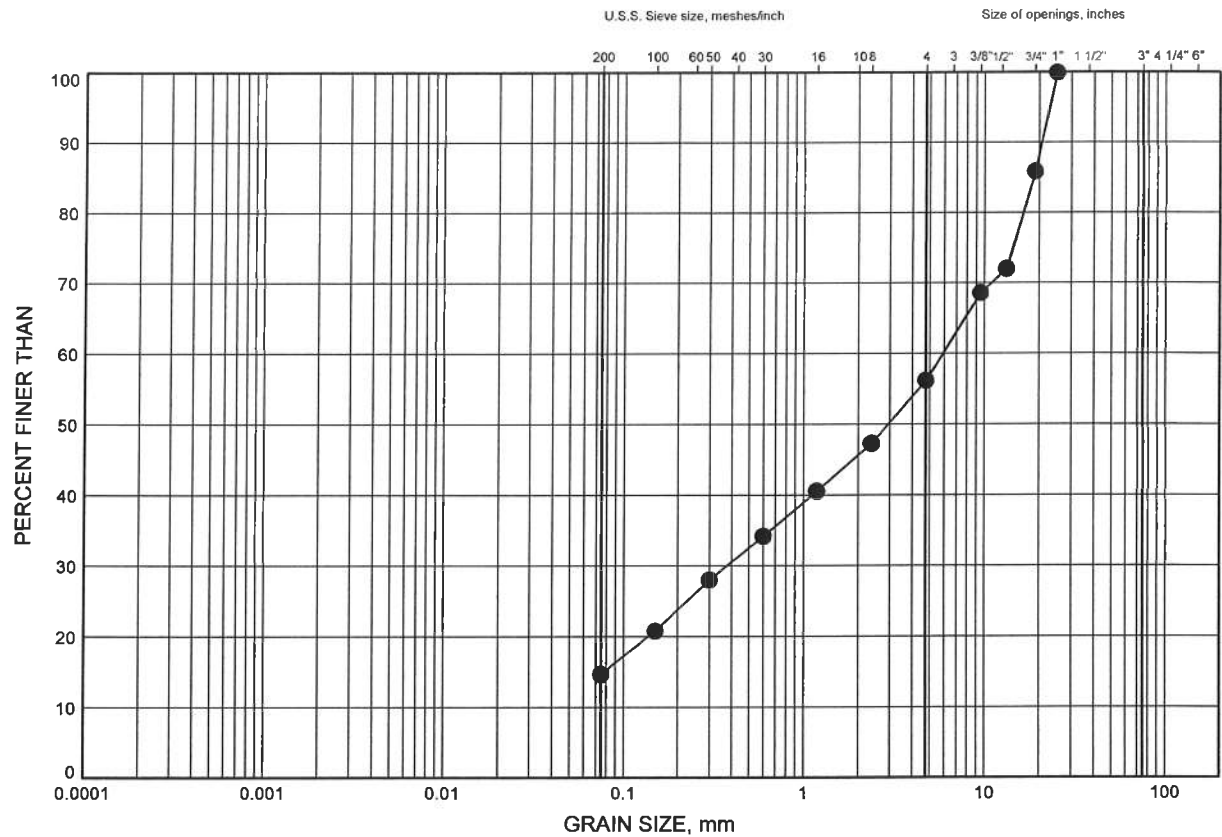
Prep'd AN
Chkd. RPR

NWR 32 Rehabs

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIGURE B2

SAND & GRAVEL FILL



SILT and CLAY	FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	COBBLE SIZE
FINE GRAINED	SAND			GRAVEL		

LEGEND

SYMBOL	BOREHOLE	DEPTH (m)	ELEV. (m)
●	STR-08	3.35	338.74

Date July 2012
W.P.# 6056-10-00



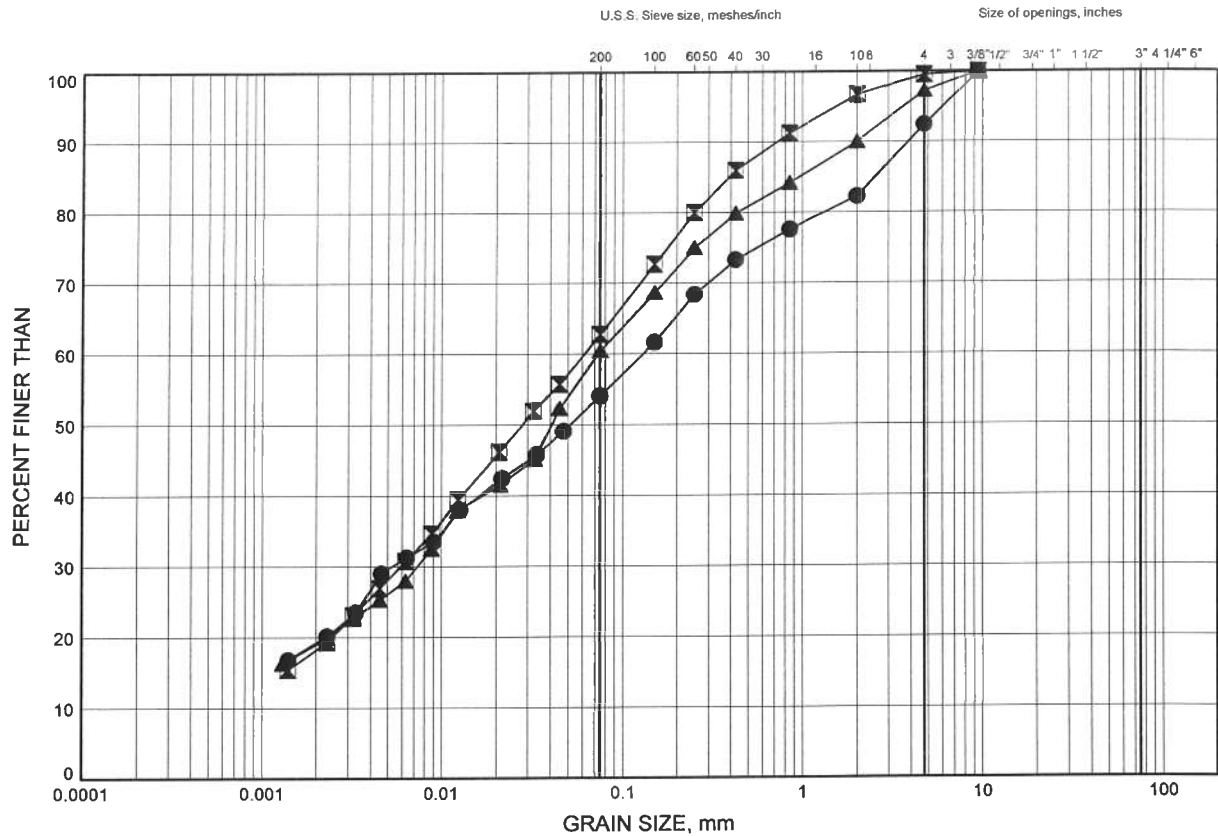
Prep'd AN
Chkd. RPR

NWR 32 Rehabs

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIGURE B3

SAND & SILT TILL



SILT and CLAY	FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	COBBLE SIZE
FINE GRAINED	SAND			GRAVEL		

LEGEND

SYMBOL	BOREHOLE	DEPTH (m)	ELEV. (m)
●	STR-07	6.40	335.80
⊠	STR-09	4.88	337.32
▲	STR-10	4.88	337.32

Date October 2012
W.P.# 6056-10-00



Prep'd AN
Chkd. RPR



THURBER ENGINEERING LTD.
GEOTECHNICAL • ENVIRONMENTAL • MATERIALS

POINT LOAD TEST SHEET

Job No : 19-1351-197 Client : GENIVAR
Date Drilled : 8/5/2011
Project Name : Sturgeon River Bridge Date Tested : 9/8/2011
Core Size : NQ BH No : STR-03 Tester : DB

Test No.	Run No.	Depth (m)	Axial or Diametral	Force (kN)	Diameter (mm)	Length (mm)	UCS (MPa)	Rock Type	Notes
1	1	5.9	A	4.9	47.3	55.4	37.9	Metasedimentary	Medium Strong
2	1	6.5	D	4.3	47.2	55.4	44.9	Metasedimentary	Medium Strong
3	1	7.2	D	16.3	47.2	60.5	171.1	Metasedimentary	Very Strong
4	1	7.4	A	31.3	47.2	62.3	219.5	Metasedimentary	Very Strong
5	2	7.8	D	20.7	47.2	64.9	217.7	Metasedimentary	Very Strong
6	2	8.1	A	36.5	47.1	54.4	284.7	Metasedimentary	Extremely Strong
7	2	8.5	D	12.9	47.2	65.4	135.2	Metasedimentary	Very Strong
8									
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26									
27									
28									
29									
30									

* It is ideal to perform axial test on core specimens with D/L ratio of 1.1 ± 0.1

Long pieces of core can be tested diametrically to produce suitable lengths for axial testing

* Diametral Test should have $0.7 \times D$ on either side of test point.



THURBER ENGINEERING LTD.
GEOTECHNICAL • ENVIRONMENTAL • MATERIALS

POINT LOAD TEST SHEET

Job No : 19-1351-197 Client : GENIVAR
Date Drilled : 9/28/2012
Project Name : Sturgeon River Bridge Date Tested : 11/1/2012
Core Size : NQ BH No : STR-04 Tester : RK

Test No.	Run No.	Depth (m)	Axial or Diametral	Force (kN)	Diameter (mm)	Length (mm)	UCS (MPa)	Rock Type	Notes
1	1	4.9	D	6.9	46.8	115.0	73.4	Metasedimentary	Strong
2	1	5.3	D	17.9	47.5	77.4	186.8	Metasedimentary	Very Strong
3	1	5.6	D	17.4	44.6	95.3	199.6	Metasedimentary	Very Strong
4	2	6.5	D	20.5	48.0	89.1	209.5	Metasedimentary	Very Strong
5	2	6.9	D	17.3	48.4	86.4	174.6	Metasedimentary	Very Strong
6	2	7.3	D	17.0	47.6	100.0	175.9	Metasedimentary	Very Strong
7	2	7.8	D	11.1	48.3	78.3	112.1	Metasedimentary	Very Strong
8									
9									
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30									

- * It is ideal to perform axial test on core specimens with D/L ratio of 1.1 ± 0.1
Long pieces of core can be tested diametrically to produce suitable lengths for axial testing
* Diametral Test should have $0.7 \times D$ on either side of test point.



THURBER ENGINEERING LTD.
GEOTECHNICAL • ENVIRONMENTAL • MATERIALS

POINT LOAD TEST SHEET

Job No : 19-1351-197 Client : GENIVAR
Date Drilled : 9/28/2012
Project Name : Sturgeon River Bridge Date Tested : 11/1/2012
Core Size : NQ BH No : STR-05 Tester : RK

Test No.	Run No.	Depth (m)	Axial or Diametral	Force (kN)	Diameter (mm)	Length (mm)	UCS (MPa)	Rock Type	Notes
1	1	5.5	D	21.0	47.4	94.9	218.7	Metasedimentary	Very Strong
2	2	6.7	D	11.1	47.5	102.0	114.9	Metasedimentary	Very Strong
3	2	7.0	D	17.5	47.4	99.1	182.4	Metasedimentary	Very Strong
4	2	7.1	D	24.9	48.0	98.9	255.0	Metasedimentary	Extremely Strong
5	2	7.8	D	20.9	48.2	76.9	212.2	Metasedimentary	Very Strong
6									
7									
8									
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26									
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28									
29									
30									

- * It is ideal to perform axial test on core specimens with D/L ratio of 1.1 ± 0.1
Long pieces of core can be tested diametrically to produce suitable lengths for axial testing
* Diametral Test should have $0.7 \times D$ on either side of test point.



THURBER ENGINEERING LTD.
GEOTECHNICAL • ENVIRONMENTAL • MATERIALS

POINT LOAD TEST SHEET

Job No : 19-1351-197 Client : GENIVAR
Date Drilled : 9/28/2012
Project Name : Sturgeon River Bridge Date Tested : 11/1/2012
Core Size : NQ BH No : STR-07 Tester : RK

Test No.	Run No.	Depth (m)	Axial or Diametral	Force (kN)	Diameter (mm)	Length (mm)	UCS (MPa)	Rock Type	Notes
1	3	10.2	D	10.8	46.8	93.4	115.1	Metasedimentary	Very Strong
2	4	11.9	D	14.3	46.9	99.1	151.8	Metasedimentary	Very Strong
3									
4									
5									
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30									

- * It is ideal to perform axial test on core specimens with D/L ratio of 1.1 ± 0.1
Long pieces of core can be tested diametrically to produce suitable lengths for axial testing
- * Diametral Test should have $0.7 \times D$ on either side of test point.



THURBER ENGINEERING LTD.
GEO TECHNICAL • ENVIRONMENTAL • MATERIALS

POINT LOAD TEST SHEET

Job No : 19-1351-197 Client : GENIVAR
Date Drilled : July 26 2011
Project Name : Sturgeon River Bridge Date Tested : 9/8/2011
Core Size : NQ BH No : STR-08 Tester : DB

Test No.	Run No.	Depth (m)	Axial or Diametral	Force (kN)	Diameter (mm)	Length (mm)	UCS (MPa)	Rock Type	Notes
1	1	8.4	A	7.3	47.2	33.5	83.2	Metasedimentary	Strong
2	2	8.6	A	4.5	47.2	51.6	36.6	Metasedimentary	Medium Strong
3	2	8.8	D	12.0	47.2	60.1	126.0	Metasedimentary	Very Strong
4	2	9.5	A	3.5	47.2	56.5	26.2	Metasedimentary	Medium Strong
5	3	10.4	A	13.6	47.3	57.1	102.4	Metasedimentary	Very Strong
6	3	10.5	D	12.7	47.3	61.0	133.3	Metasedimentary	Very Strong
7	3	10.9	A	11.5	47.2	54.3	90.2	Metasedimentary	Strong
8	3	12.0	D	8.0	47.2	62.7	83.5	Metasedimentary	Strong
9	3	12.5	A	16.6	47.2	51.1	135.9	Metasedimentary	Very Strong
10									
11									
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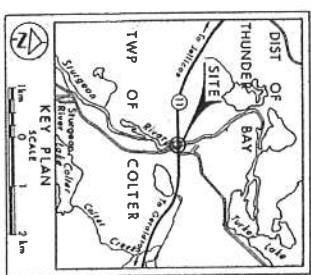
- * It is ideal to perform axial test on core specimens with D/L ratio of 1.1 ± 0.1
Long pieces of core can be tested diametrically to produce suitable lengths for axial testing
- * Diametral Test should have $0.7 \times D$ on either side of test point.

Appendix C

Record of Borehole Sheets and Laboratory Results (previous investigation)

METRIC
DIMENSIONS ARE IN METERS
AND MILLIMETERS
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
ORIGINALLY DRAWN IN
INCHES - 1/8" = 1"

CONT NO	WP No 335-85-01	SHEET
STURGEON RIVER BRIDGE #4		
REHABILITATION		SHEET
BORE HOLE LOCATIONS & SOIL STRATA		

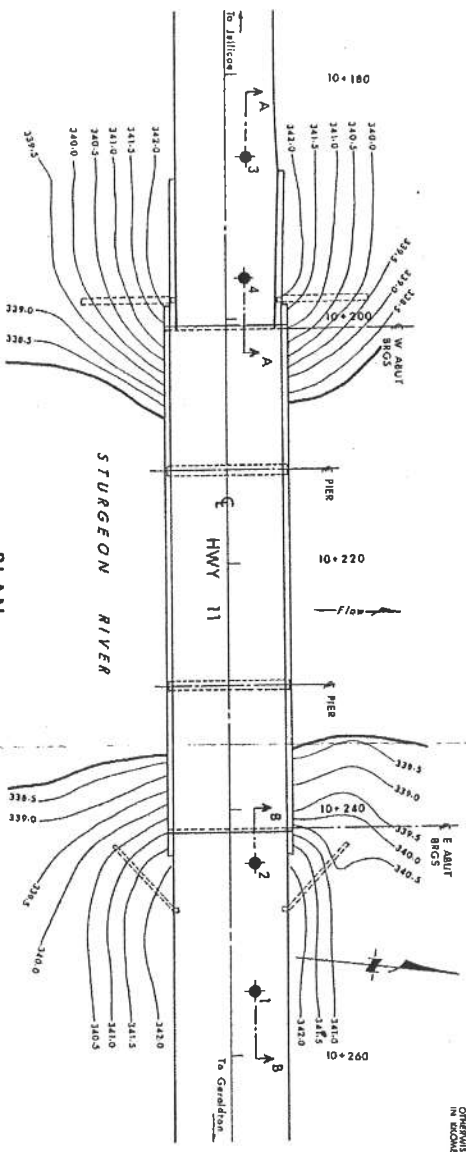


LEGEND

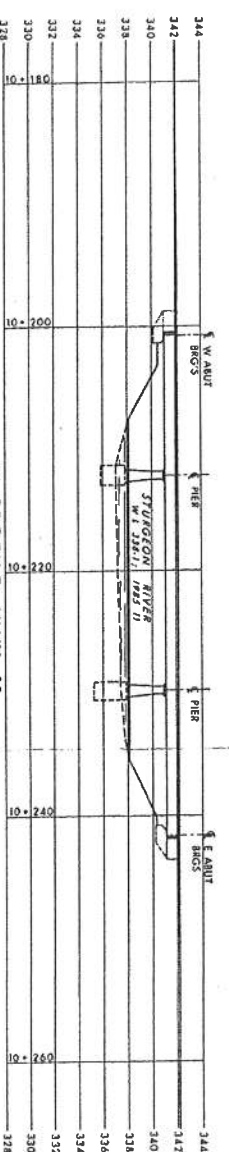
- Base Hole
- Dynamic Cone Penetration Test (Cone)
- Bore Hole & Core
- N Bore/0.5m (Std Pen Test, 475 J/Blow)
- CONE Bore/0.5m (60° Cone, 875 J/Blow)
- WL or line of investigation 1988-04

No	REVISION	STATION	OFFSET
1	342.1	10+254.8	2.0m (1')
2	342.1	10+264.4	2.0m (1')
3	342.0	10+186.8	1.0m (1')
4	342.1	10+196.6	1.5m (1')

PLAN
SCALE
4m 2 0 4m

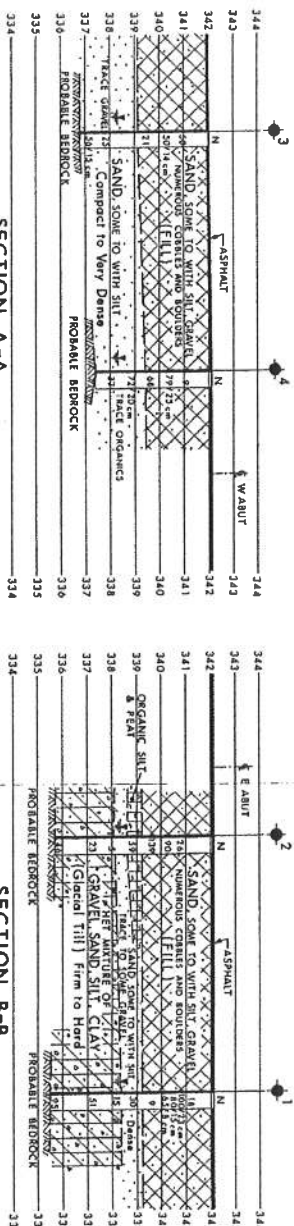


SECTION A-A
SCALE
4m 2 0 4m



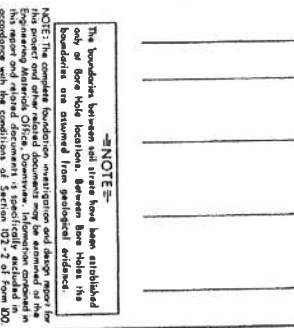
SECTION A-A

SCALE
2m 1 0 2m



SECTION B-B

SCALE
2m 1 0 2m



NOTE: The complete foundation investigation and design report for this project is available from the project file. The information contained in this report and related documents is specifically excluded from the public release of the project file. The information is available to the public in accordance with the provisions of the Access to Information Act.

Geotechnical	DATE	BY	DESIGNER
Geotechnical	1985-06-17	10	10
Geotechnical	1985-06-17	10	10
Geotechnical	1985-06-17	10	10

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 1

METRIC

W P 335-85-01 LOCATION STA. 10 + 254.8; % 2.0 m Lt. 4 Hwy. 11 ORIGINATED BY LP
 DIST 19 HWY 11 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Auger COMPILED BY LP
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 86 04 22 CHECKED BY *LP*

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			20	40	60	80	100					
342.1	Pavement Surface					342										
0.0	Asphalt															
	Fill															
	Sand, Some to with Silt, Gravel		1	SS	18	341										
	Numerous Cobbles and Boulders		2	SS	100	340										14 53 30 3
			3	SS	80	340										
			4	SS	65	340										
339.2			5	SS	9	339										28 47 23 2
2.9	Sand with Silt, Some Gravel		6	SS	30	339										
338.4	Dense					338										23 44 30 3
3.7	Heterogeneous Mixture Gravel, Sand, Silt, Clay (Glacial Till)		7	SS	15	338										18 29 40 13
			8	SS	51	337										3 34 47 16
	Very Stiff to Hard					336										
335.5			9	SS	95	336										9 35 43 13
6.6	End of Borehole															
	Refusal to Auger, Probable Bedrock															

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

+3, x5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10
5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 2										METRIC				
W P 335-85-01		LOCATION STA. 10 + 244.4; 0/a 2.0 m Lt. 4 Hwy. 11				ORIGINATED BY LP								
DIST 19 HWY 11		BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Auger				COMPILED BY LP								
DATUM Geodetic		DATE 86 04 22				CHECKED BY <i>GP</i>								
SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT			PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			'N' VALUES	20	40					
342.1	Pavement Surface													
0.0	Asphalt													
	<u>Fill</u>													
	Sand, Some to with Silt, Gravel													
	Numerous Cobbles and Boulders		1	SS	26									
			2	SS	90									
			3	SS	139									
339.2	Organics													
2.9	Silt and Peat		4	SS	59									
338.6														
3.5	Sand Some Silt, Trace Gravel													
338.1														
4.0	Heterogeneous Mixture of Gravel, Sand, Silt, Clay (Glacial Till)		5	SS	5									
	Firm to Hard		6	SS	23									
			7	SS	46									
335.7	End of Borehole													
6.4	Refusal to Auger, Probable Bedrock													

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

*3, *5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15 *3 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 3

METRIC

W P 335-85-01 LOCATION STA. 10 + 186.8; 0/s 1.6 m Lt. 4 Hwy. 11 ORIGINATED BY LP
 DIST 19 HWY 11 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Auger COMPILED BY LP
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 86 04 23 CHECKED BY CP

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			20	40	60	80	100		
342.0	Pavement Surface												
0.0	Asphalt												
	Fill												
	Sand Some to with												
	Silt, Gravel												
	Numerous Cobbles and												
	Boulders												
			1	SS	50	341							
			2	SS	50	340							
			3	SS	21	339							
339.1													
2.9	Sand, Some Silt Trace												
	Gravel												
			4	SS	25	338							
			5	SS	56	337							
336.8	Compact to Vary Dense												
5.2	End of Borehole												
	Refusal to Auger,												
	Probable Bedrock												

+3, x⁵: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity

20
15
10
5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 4

METRIC

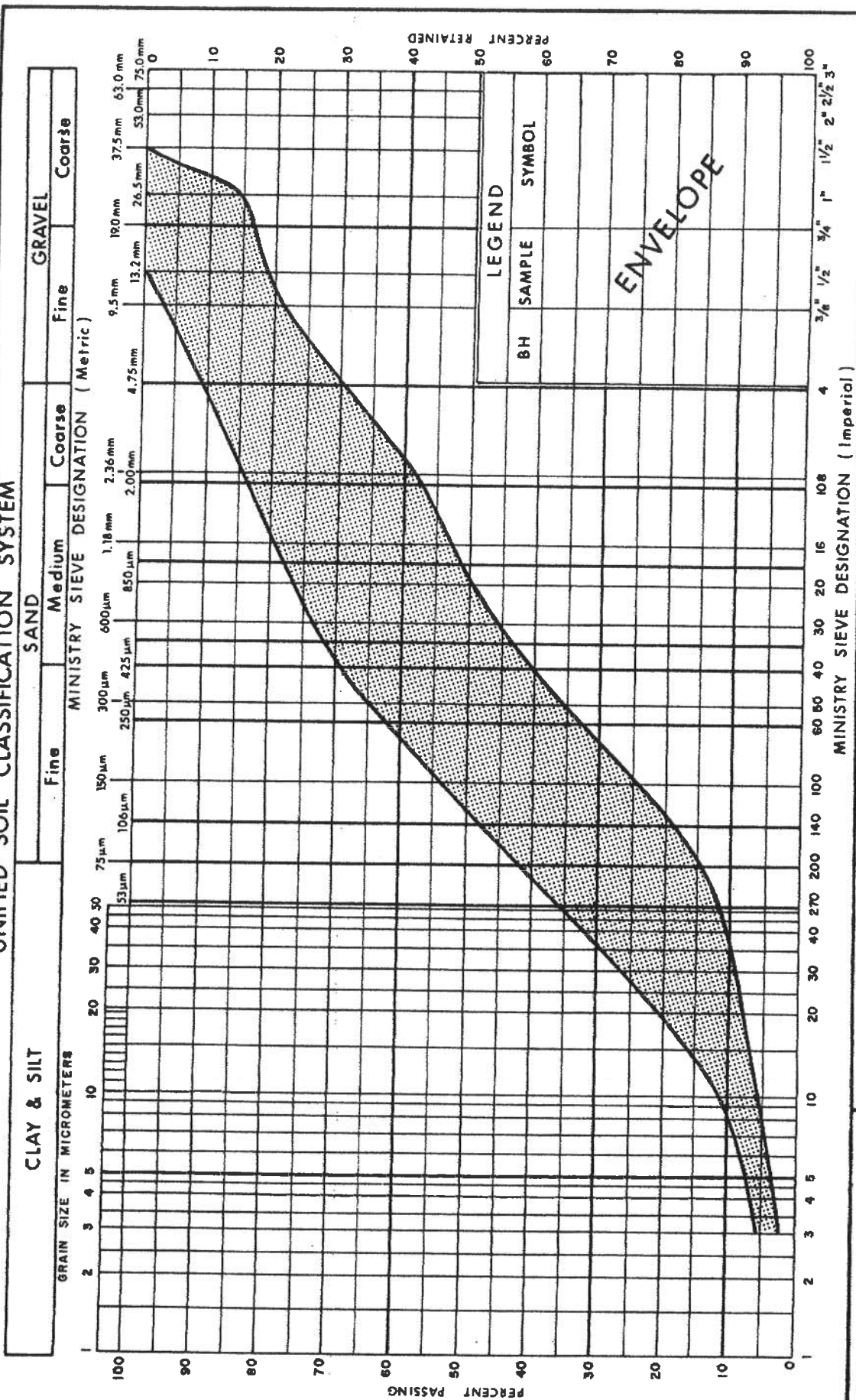
W P 335-85-01 LOCATION STA. 10 + 196.6; 0/a 1.5 m Lt. 4 Hwy. 11 ORIGINATED BY LP
 DIST 19 HWY 11 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Auger COMPILED BY LP
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 86 04 23 CHECKED BY GP

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			20	40	60	80	100					
342.1	Pavement Surface															
0.0	Asphalt					342										
	Fill															
	Sand, Some to with Silt, Gravel		1	SS	9	341										10 50 38 2
	Numerous Cobbles and Boulders		2	SS	79/25 cm	340										
339.4			3	SS	68											33 50 15 2
2.7	Sand, with Silt Trace Organics		4	SS	72	339										
			5	SS	32	338										
337.4	Dense to Very Dense		6	SS	*											
4.7	End of Borehole															
	* Spoon Bouncing Probable Bedrock															
	** Spoon Bouncing on Boulder															

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

*3, *5: Numbers refer to
Sensitivity 20
15 5 (%) STRAIN AT FAILURE
10

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM



**Ministry of
Transportation and
Communications**

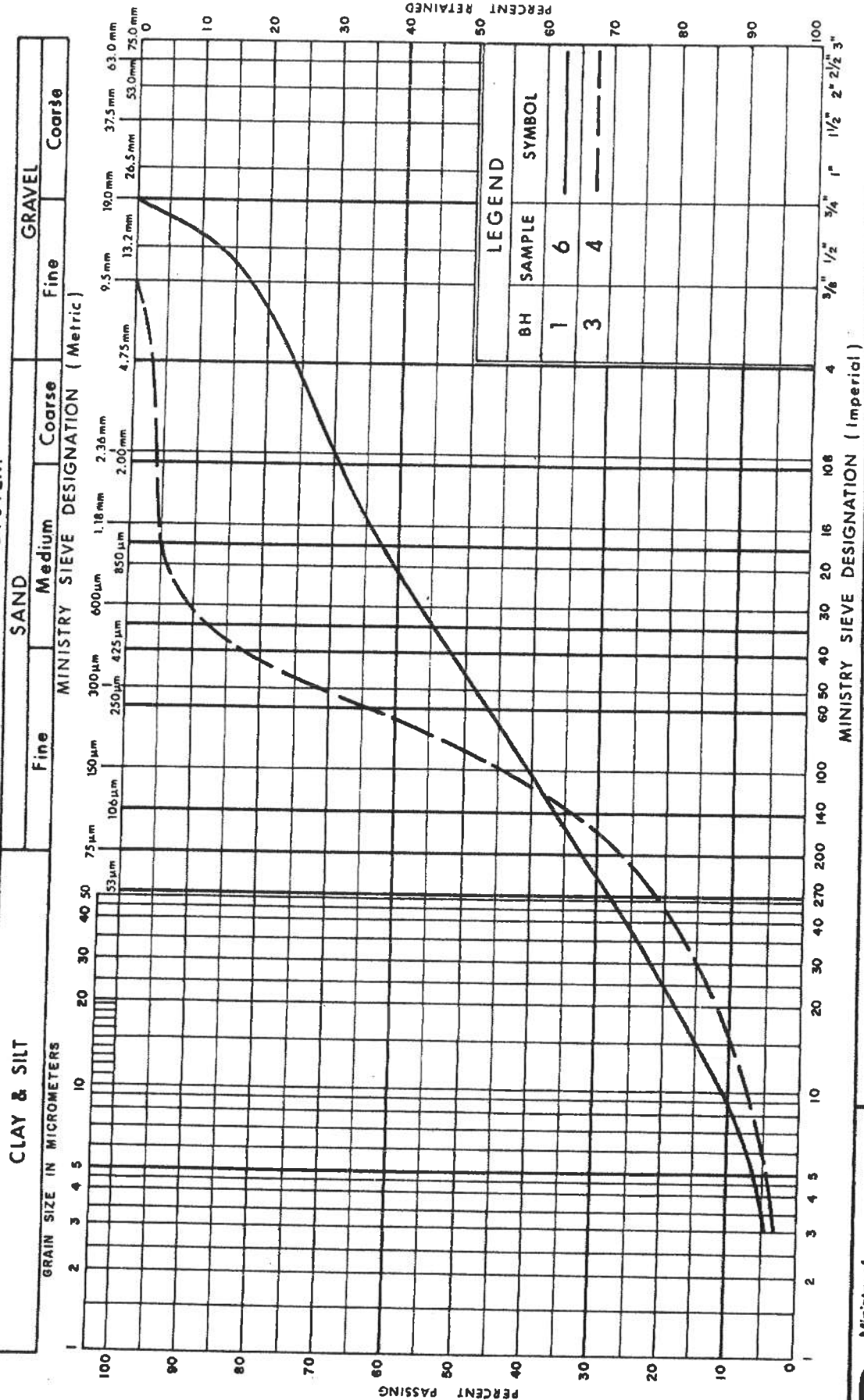


GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION
SAND, SOME TO WITH SILT, GRAVEL (FILL)
NUMEROUS COBBLES AND BOULDERS

FIG No 1

W P 335-85-01

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

Ministry of
Transportation and
Communications

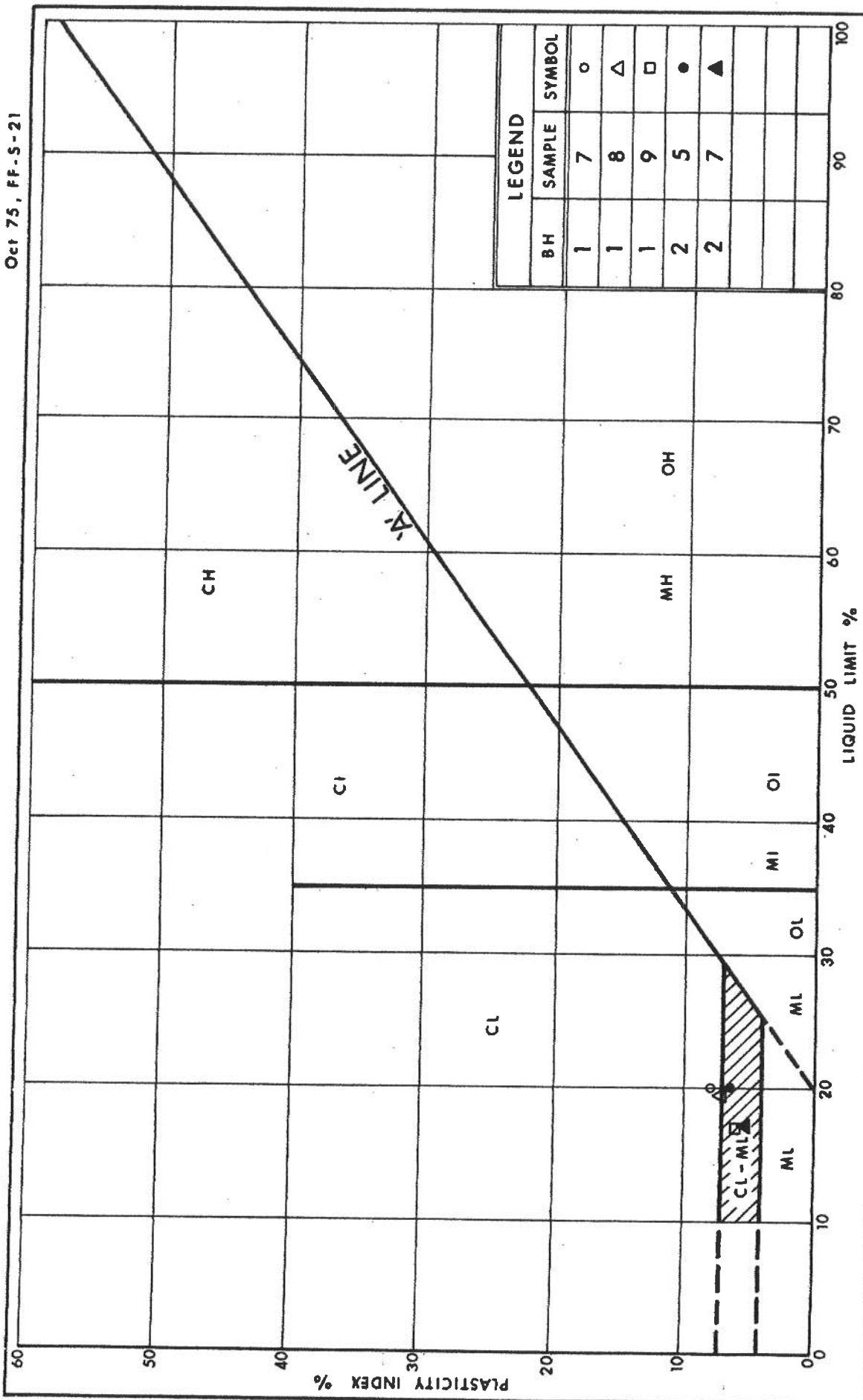
GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

SAND WITH SILT, TRACE TO WITH GRAVEL

FIG No 2

WP 335-85-01

Oct 75, FF-S-21



PLASTICITY CHART

HET MIXTURE OF
GRAVEL, SAND, SILT, CLAY (Glacial Till)

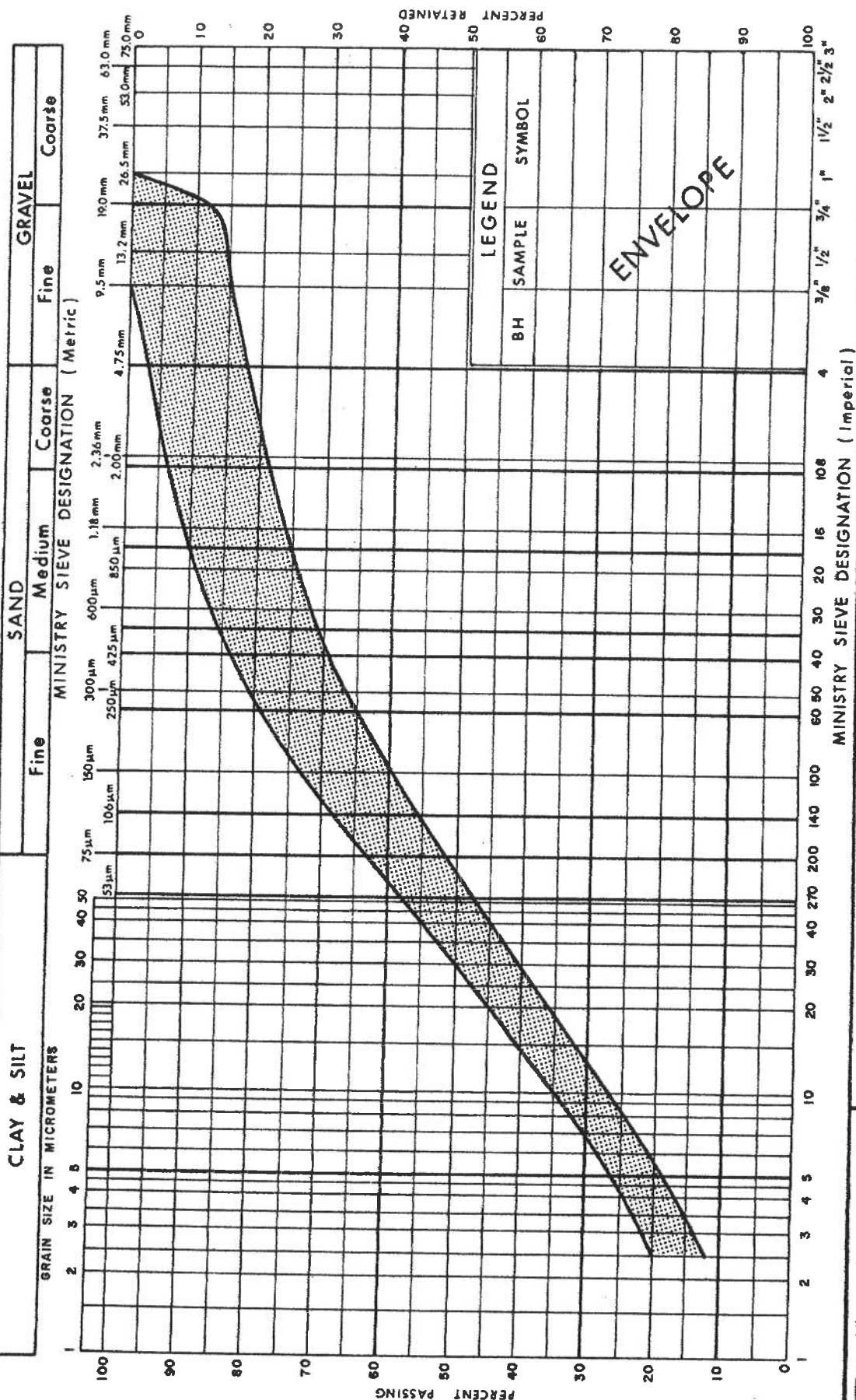
Ministry of
Transportation and
Communications



FIG No 3

W P 335-85-01

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM



**Ministry of
Transportation and
Communications**



GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

HET MIXTURE OF

GRAVEL, SAND, SILT, CLAY (Glacial Till)

FIG No 4

WP 335-85-01

Appendix D

Site Photographs



Photograph 1– Highway 11 and Sturgeon River Bridge crossing



Photograph 2– Existing Highway 11 embankment



Photograph 3–Sturgeon River Bridge



Photograph 4–Sturgeon River Bridge



Photographs 5 and 6 –Sturgeon River south and north sides of the Highway 11

Appendix E

Drawing titled “Borehole Locations and Soil Strata”

METRIC
DIMENSIONS ARE IN METRES
AND/OR MILLIMETRES
UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN

CONT No
WP No 6056-10-00



HIGHWAY 11
STURGEON RIVER BRIDGE
BOREHOLE LOCATIONS AND SOIL STRATA

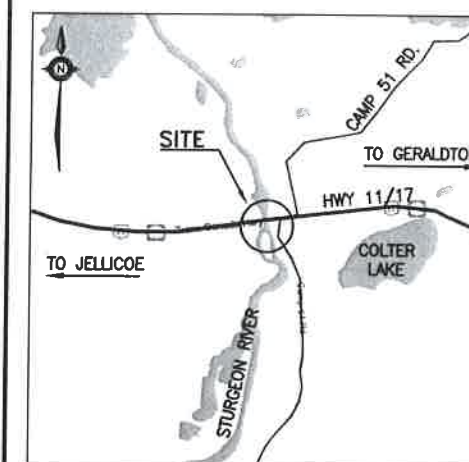
SHEET



McCORMICK RANKIN
AMERICA'S #1  MCM GROUP








THURBER ENGINEERING LTD



KEYPLAN

LEGEND

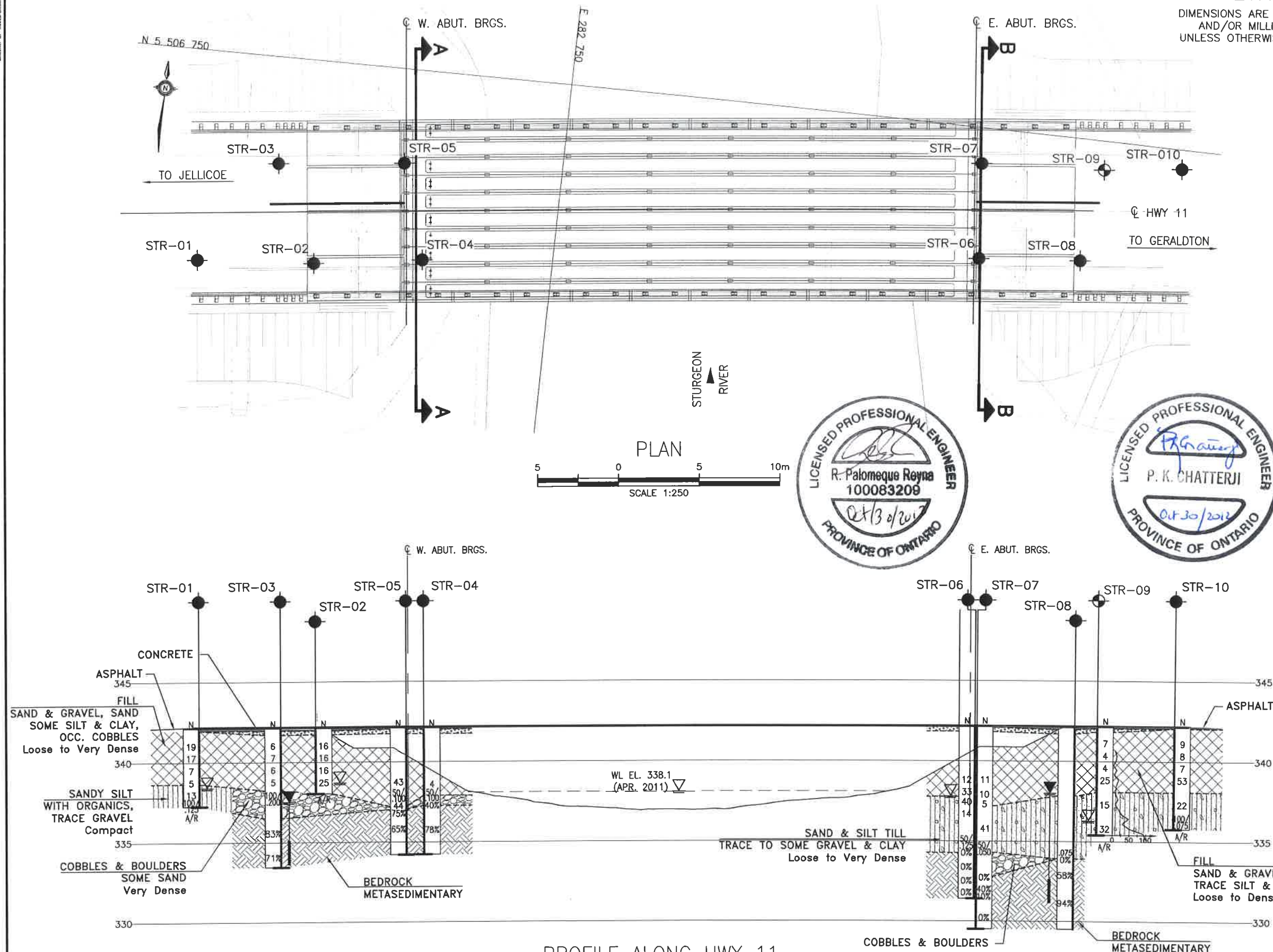
- | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
|  | Borehole |
|  | Borehole and Cone |
| N | Blows /0.3m (Std Pen Test, 475J/blow) |
| CONE | Blows /0.3m (60' Cone, 475J/blow) |
| PH | Pressure, Hydraulic |
|  | Water Level |
|  | Head Artesian Water |
|  | Piezometer |
| 90% | Rock Quality Designation (RQD) |
| A/R | Auger Refusal |

NO	ELEVATION	NORTHING	EASTING
STR-01	342.1	5 506 736.8	282 728.3
STR-02	342.1	5 506 737.3	282 735.3
STR-03	342.1	5 506 743.3	282 732.5
STR-04	342.1	5 506 738.2	282 742.0
STR-05	342.1	5 506 744.1	282 740.2
STR-06	342.2	5 506 741.8	282 776.3
STR-07	342.2	5 506 747.8	282 775.6
STR-08	342.1	5 506 742.4	282 782.3
STR-09	342.2	5 506 748.2	282 783.3
STR-10	342.2	5 506 748.8	282 787.9

-NOTES-

- 1) The boundaries between soil strata have been established only at Borehole locations. Between Boreholes the boundaries are assumed from geological evidence.
- 2) This drawing is for subsurface information only. Surface details and features are for conceptual illustration.

GEOCRES No. 42H-13



PROFILE ALONG HWY 11



REVISIONS											
	DATE	BY						DESCRIPTION			
DESIGN	RPR	CHK	RPR	CODE			LOAD		DATE	OCT. 2012	
DRAWN	AN	CHK	PKC	SITE	48C-46	ISTRUCT	IDWG	1			

CONT No
WP No 6056-10-00

HIGHWAY 11
STURGEON RIVER BRIDGE
BOREHOLE LOCATIONS AND SOIL STRATA

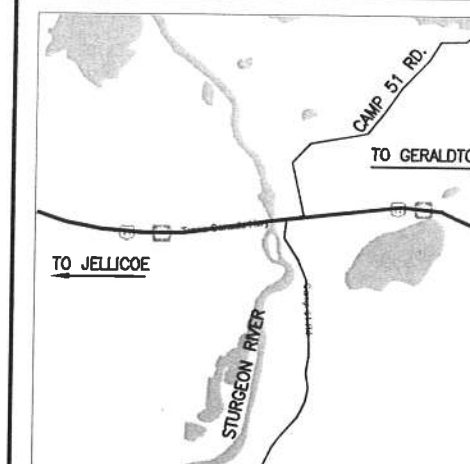
SHEET



McCORMICK RANKI
4 number of  MMM GROUP








THURBER ENGINEERING LTD.



KEYPLAN

LEGEND

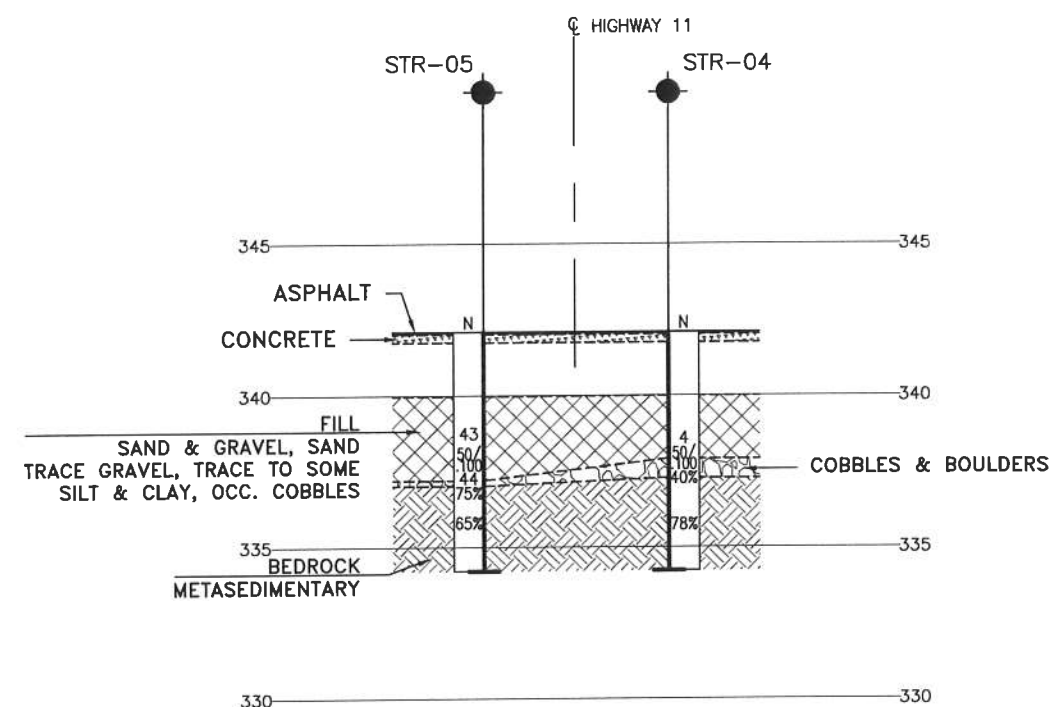
- | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
|  | Borehole |
|  | Borehole and Cone |
| N | Blows /0.3m (Std Pen Test, 475J/blow) |
| CONE | Blows /0.3m (60° Cone, 475J/blow) |
| PH | Pressure, Hydraulic |
|  | Water Level |
|  | Head Artesian Water |
|  | Piezometer |
| 90% | Rock Quality Designation (RQD) |
| A/R | Auger Refusal |

NO	ELEVATION	NORTHING	EASTING
STR-01	342.1	5 506 736.8	282 728.
STR-02	342.1	5 506 737.3	282 735.
STR-03	342.1	5 506 743.3	282 732.
STR-04	342.1	5 506 738.2	282 742.
STR-05	342.1	5 506 744.1	282 740.
STR-06	342.2	5 506 741.8	282 776.
STR-07	342.2	5 506 747.6	282 775.
STR-08	342.1	5 506 742.4	282 782.
STR-09	342.2	5 506 748.2	282 783.
STR-10	342.2	5 506 748.8	282 787.

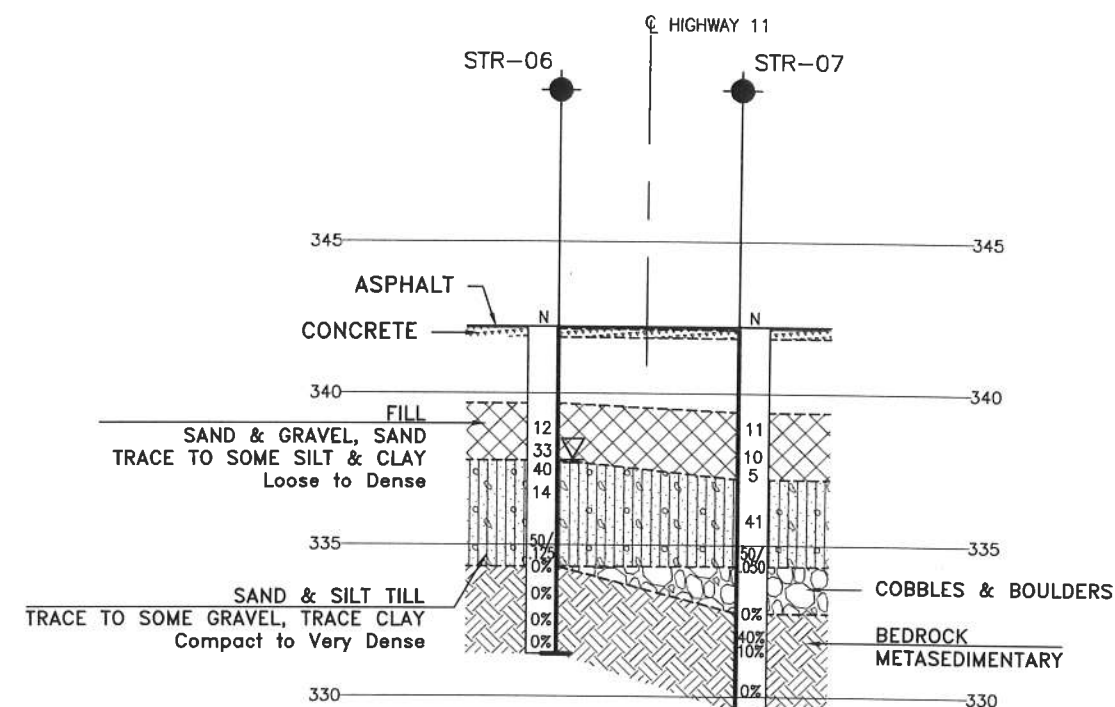
-NOTES-

- 1) The boundaries between soil strata have been established only at Borehole locations. Between Boreholes the boundaries are assumed from geological evidence.
- 2) This drawing is for subsurface information only. Surface details and features are for conceptual illustration.

GEOCRES No. 42H-13



SECTION ALONG A-A



SECTION ALONG B-B

[illegible]