



REPORT

**Foundation Investigation
CNR Overhead Widening
Site Nos. 3-301/1 (EBL) and 3-301/2 (WBL)
Ottawa, Ontario
G.W.P. 4145-10-00**

Submitted to:

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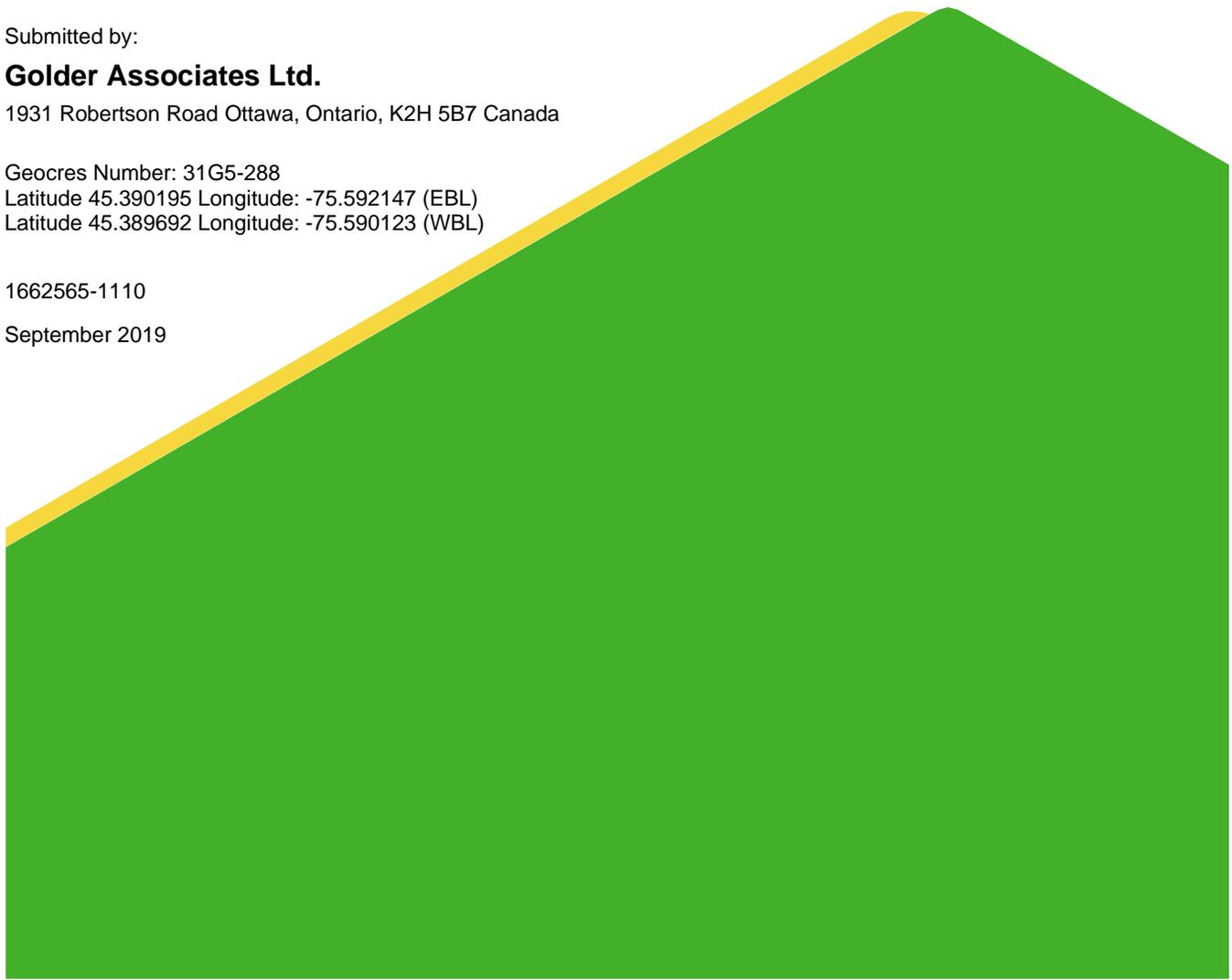
Geocres Number: 31G5-288

Latitude 45.390195 Longitude: -75.592147 (EBL)

Latitude 45.389692 Longitude: -75.590123 (WBL)

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PART A

Foundation Investigation
Proposed CNR Overhead Widening
Site Nos. 3-301/1 and 3-301/2
Highway 417
Ottawa, Ontario
G.W.P. 4145-10-00

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Golder Associates Ltd. (Golder) has been retained by WSP Canada Group Limited (WSP) on behalf of the Ministry of Transportation, Ontario (MTO) to carry out foundation investigations associated with numerous bridge and structural culvert rehabilitations and/or replacements on Highway 417 between the Aviation Parkway and Ramsayville Road, as well as the widening of Highway 417 from Ottawa Road 174 to Hunt Club Road in Ottawa, Ontario (Assignment number 4016-E-0008).

This report presents the results of the foundation investigation carried out to collect subsurface information required for the widening, seismic retrofit and temporary protection systems for the CNR Overhead structures, Site Nos. 3-301/1 and 3-301/2 located on the Highway 417 East Bound Lanes (EBL) and West Bound Lanes (WBL), respectively, in Ottawa, Ontario (G.W.P. 4145-10-00 and W.P. 266-00-01/266-00-02). The widening of the structures are to be carried out in accordance with the current version of the Canadian Highway Bridge Design Code (CHBDC, S6-14).

The terms of reference and scope of work for the foundation investigation are outlined in the MTO's Request for Proposal (RFP), dated May 2016, and subsequent addenda. Golder's scope of work for foundation engineering services associated with the Highway 417 CNR Overhead structures is contained in Table 17.8.3 of WSP's Technical Proposal for this assignment as well as in Change Request No. 2 dated April 6, 2018. The work has been carried out in accordance with Golder's Quality Control Plan for foundation engineering services for this project, dated March 13, 2017.

2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION AND GEOLOGY

2.1 General

The CNR Overhead bridges (Sites 3-301/1 and 3-301/2) are located approximately 800 m north of the Hunt Club Road interchange in Ottawa, Ontario. The existing EBL structure is located at about Station 18+069 and the WBL structure is located at about Station 18+274. At these locations, Highway 417 is a divided highway with two travel lanes in each direction and an on-ramp in the EB direction. The highway is separated by a grassed median area with an approximate width of 145 m. The CN rail line runs east-west beneath the EBL and WBL structures.

The existing bridges were constructed in 1975 and are five-span reinforced concrete slab on pre-stressed concrete girder structures. The overall EBL structure is about 72.8 m long, with 11.2 m, 16.8 m, 16.8 m, 16.8 m, and 11.2 m spans and varies in width from about 14.3 to 17.9 m. The overall WBL structure is about 70.8 m long, with 10.2 m, 16.8 m, 16.8 m, 16.8 m, and 10.2 m spans and is about 13.0 m wide. The bridge abutments are supported on "perched" foundations on battered steel HP12 x 74 (HP310 x 110) piles end bearing on bedrock. The pier foundations are supported on vertical and battered HP12 x 74 (HP310 x 110) steel piles end bearing on bedrock.

The existing pavement grade of Highway 417 is at about Elevation 76 m; the approach embankments are approximately 10 to 11 m in height. The existing embankment side slopes were constructed at about 2 horizontal to 1 vertical (2H:1V) with approximately 3 m wide mid-slope bench. Based on visual observation at the time of the site investigation, the existing embankment slopes appear to be performing satisfactorily. Either 914 mm or 1,829 mm diameter corrugated steel pipe (CSP) culverts exist below the lower portion of embankment foreslopes between Piers 1 and 2 and Piers 3 and 4 at both the EBL and WBL structures.

Selected site photographs taken by WSP personnel showing the existing structure and surrounding area are included in Appendix D.

2.2 Regional Geology

As delineated in *The Physiography of Southern Ontario*¹, this section of Highway 417 lies on the boundary of the minor physiographic regions known as the Ottawa Valley Clay Plain and the Russell and Prescott Sand Plain, which lies within the major physiographic region of the Ottawa-St. Lawrence Lowland.

The Ottawa Valley Clay Plain region is characterized by relatively thick deposits of sensitive marine clay, silt and silty clay that were deposited within the Champlain Sea basin. These deposits, known as the Champlain Sea clay or Leda clay, overlie relatively thin, commonly reworked glacial till and glaciofluvial deposits, that in turn overlie bedrock². The Russell and Prescott Sand Plains are generally characterized by a sand mantle about 3 to 5 m thick overlying an extensive deposit of sensitive marine clay deposited within the Champlain Sea basin, underlain by glacial till and bedrock.

This region is underlain by a series of sedimentary rocks, consisting of sandstones, dolostones, limestones and shales that are, in turn, underlain at depth by igneous and metamorphic bedrock of the Precambrian Shield. Regional bedrock mapping indicates that the bedrock at this site is primarily limestone and shale of the Carlsbad Formation.³

The site falls within the Western Québec (WQ) seismic zone according to the Geological Survey of Canada⁴. The WQ zone constitutes a large area which encompasses the urban areas of Montreal, Ottawa-Hull and Cornwall. Within the WQ zone recent seismic activity has been concentrated in two subzones; one along the Ottawa River and another more active subzone along the Montreal-Maniwaki axis. The two major earthquakes in the WQ zone includes the 1935 Témiscaming event which had a magnitude (i.e., a measure of the intensity of the earthquake) of 6.2, and the 1944 Cornwall-Massena event which had a magnitude of 5.6.

The topography in the area of the bridge structures ranges from about Elevation 76 m at the EBL and WBL of Highway 417, sloping down towards the CN rail line at about Elevation 67 m. The areas to the southwest of the EBL bridge, and to the northeast of the WBL bridge are forested, while the other areas are sparsely vegetated.

3.0 INVESTIGATION PROCEDURES

3.1 Current Investigation (2017)

The subsurface investigation for the bridge widenings was carried out between June 25 and July 7, 2017 and between August 20 and September 8, 2017. During that time, 14 boreholes (17-1101 to 17-1104, 17-1106 to 17-1111, and 17-1113 to 17-1116, inclusive) were advanced at the locations shown on Drawings 1 and 2.

The boreholes were advanced as follows:

- Boreholes 17-1101, 17-1102, 17-1107, and 17-1108 were advanced through the north and south approach embankments of the EBL of Highway 417 using 108 mm inside diameter (200 mm outside diameter) continuous flight hollow stem augers on truck mounted drill rigs, supplied and operated by Forage Grenville Drilling of Grenville, Québec. Traffic control required to access the borehole locations was provided by

¹ Chapman, L. J. and Putnam, D. F., 1984. *The Physiography of Southern Ontario*, Ontario Geological Survey. Special Volume 2, Third Edition. Accompanied by Map P.2715, Scale 1:600,000. Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources.

² Belanger, J.R. "Urban Geology of Canada's National Capital Area", in *Urban Geology of Canadian Cities*, Geological Association of Canada Special Paper 42, Ed. P.F. Karrow and O.L. White, 1998.

³ MacDonald, G. and Harrison, J.E. 1976 : Generalized Bedrock Geology, Ottawa-Hull, Ontario and Quebec, Geological Survey of Canada, Map 1508A, scale 1:125,000. Geology 1967.

⁴ Natural Resources Canada (2016, February 10). Earthquake Zones in Eastern Canada, Retrieved from <http://www.seismescanada.rncan.gc.ca/zones/eastcan-en.php#WQSZ>

Beacon Lite Ltd. of Ottawa, Ontario. The boreholes were advanced through the overburden to practical refusal to auger or casing advancement at depths between about 16.2 and 20.6 m below the existing pavement grade. Boreholes 17-1102 and 17-1107 were then cored for about 3.7 and 3.0 m, respectively, into the bedrock using NQ-sized coring equipment. A water truck was on site to supply the drill rigs with water for the coring of the bedrock.

- Boreholes 17-1109, 17-1110, 17-1115, and 17-1116 were advanced through the north and south approach embankments of the WBL of Highway 417 also using 108 mm inside diameter (200 mm outside diameter) continuous flight hollow stem augers on truck mounted drill rigs, supplied and operated by Forage Grenville Drilling of Grenville, Québec. Traffic control required to access the borehole locations was provided by Beacon Lite Ltd. of Ottawa, Ontario. The boreholes were advanced through the overburden to practical refusal to auger advancement at depths between about 16.0 and 18.2 m below the existing pavement grade. Boreholes 17-1110 and 17-1115 were then cored for about 5.7 and 3.6 m, respectively, into the bedrock using NQ or HQ-sized coring equipment. A water truck was on site to supply the drill rigs with water for the coring of the bedrock.
- Boreholes 17-1106 and 17-1111 were advanced within the median of Highway 417 adjacent to the most southern piers of the EBL and WBL structures, in the area of the proposed widening, using 108 mm inside diameter (200 mm outside diameter) continuous flight hollow stem augers on a track mounted drill rig, supplied and operated by CCC Geotechnical and Environmental Drilling Ltd. of Ottawa, Ontario. Railway track protection required to access the borehole locations was provided by VIA Rail Canada Inc. An additional borehole (Borehole 17-1106A) was drilled adjacent to Borehole 17-1106 to retrieve a relatively undisturbed 73 millimetre diameter thin-walled Shelby tube samples of the clay using a fixed piston sampler. The boreholes were advanced through the overburden to practical refusal to auger or casing advancement at depths between about 11.2 and 12.2 m below the existing ground surface. The boreholes were then cored for about 1.5 to 4.1 m into the bedrock using NQ-sized coring equipment. A water truck was on site to supply the drill rigs with water for the coring of the bedrock.
- Boreholes 17-1103, 17-1104, 17-1113, and 17-1114 were advanced within the median of Highway 417 adjacent to the northern piers of the EBL and WBL structures, in the area of the proposed widening, using portable drilling equipment, supplied and operated by CCC Geotechnical and Environmental Drilling Ltd. of Ottawa, Ontario. Railway track protection required to access the borehole locations was provided by VIA Rail Canada Inc. The boreholes were advanced through the overburden to depths between about 7.8 and 13.6 m below the existing ground surface. The boreholes were then cored for about 3.0 to 3.5 m into the bedrock using BQ-sized coring equipment. A water truck was on site to supply the drill rigs with water for the coring of the bedrock.
- Boreholes 17-1105 and 17-1112 which were to be located within the median, adjacent to the piers south of the CNR rail line, could not be advanced due to restrictions from CN with regards to drilling in their right-of-way (i.e., no drilling was permitted south of the rail line due to buried utilities).

Samples of the overburden were obtained at vertical intervals of about 0.6 to 1.75 m, using a 50 mm outside diameter split-spoon sampler in accordance with the Standard Penetration Test (SPT) procedure. In-situ vane testing was carried out within the cohesive deposits, where possible, using either an MTO “N”-sized vane or a “B”-sized vane. Rotary diamond drilling (DD) techniques were also required to advance through cobbles and boulders at one location.

Monitoring wells were installed in Boreholes 17-1108 and 17-1115 to monitor the groundwater level at the site. The monitoring wells consist of 32 mm diameter rigid PVC pipes with 3.0 m long slotted screen sections, installed within silica sand backfill and sealed by a sections of bentonite pellet backfill. The groundwater levels in the monitoring wells were measured between September 24 and 25, 2017. The monitoring wells in Boreholes 17-1108 and 17-1115 were decommissioned between September 24 and 25, 2017. The monitoring wells were decommissioned by backfilling the monitoring well with bentonite, removing the top section of the monitoring well, and the asphalt patched upon completion.

A 63.5 mm inside diameter rigid PVC casing was grouted for the full advancement depth (i.e. through the overburden and into the bedrock) at Borehole 17-1110 to allow for Vertical Seismic Profile testing.

The boreholes were backfilled with bentonite pellets, mixed with native soils in the overburden and bentonite pellets in the bedrock, except as indicated previously for the monitoring wells. The site conditions were reinstated following completion of work.

The field work was supervised by members of Golder's technical staff, who located the boreholes, supervised the drilling, sampling, and in situ testing operations, logged the boreholes, and examined and cared for the soil and bedrock samples. The soil and bedrock samples were identified in the field, placed in appropriate containers, labelled, and transported to Golder's laboratory in Ottawa for further examination. Index and classification tests consisting of water content determinations, Atterberg Limit tests, and grain size distribution analyses were carried out on selected soil samples. In addition, consolidation tests were performed on selected Shelby tube samples from Boreholes 17-1106A and 17-1116. Unconfined compressive strength tests were also carried out on selected rock core samples. The laboratory tests were carried out to MTO and/or ASTM standards, as appropriate.

Soil samples from Boreholes 17-1102, 17-1103, 17-1104, 17-1106, 17-1107, 17-1110, 17-1111, 17-1113, 17-1114, and 17-1115 were submitted to Eurofins Environment Testing for chemical analyses related to potential corrosion of exposed buried steel and potential sulphate attack on buried concrete elements (corrosion and sulphate attack). The results of the chemical analysis are presented in Appendix E.

In addition to the borehole investigation, shear wave velocity profiling was carried out at two locations on the site on May 25, 2017, using the Multichannel Analysis of Surface Waves (MASW) method. The MASW lines were located within the grassed median of Highway 417, north and south of the CNR rail line, as shown in the technical memorandum provided in Appendix F. Shear wave velocity profiling using the Vertical Seismic Profile (VSP) method was also carried out at the site on July 27, 2017, within Borehole 17-1110. The MASW and VSP testing was carried out by personnel from Golder Associates' Mississauga and Ottawa offices. For each MASW line a series of 24 low frequency (4.5 Hz) geophones were laid out at approximately 3 m intervals and a 9.9 kg sledge hammer and 45 kg weight drop were used as the seismic sources. The source locations were offset at distances of 5, 10, and 15 m off the end and collinear with the geophone array. For the VSP method, seismic energy is generated at the ground surface by an active seismic source and recorded by a geophone located in the borehole at a known depth. The active seismic source can be either a compression or shear wave. Data obtained from different geophone depths are used to calculate a detailed vertical seismic velocity profile of the subsurface in the immediate vicinity of the borehole. Traffic control required to carry out the MASW and VSP testing was provided by Beacon Lite Ltd. of Ottawa, Ontario.

The MASW and VSP test results and report are presented in Appendix F and include the calculated shear wave velocity profile measured from the field testing and a graphical representation of the shear wave velocity profile with depth.

The borehole elevations were surveyed by Golder using a Trimble R8 GPS unit. The borehole locations, including MTM NAD83 Zone 9 northing and easting coordinates, ground surface elevations referenced to geodetic datum, and drilled depths are summarized in the following table and are shown on Drawings 1 and 2. Northing and easting grid coordinates and latitude and longitude geographic coordinates are also indicated on the Record of Borehole and Drillhole sheets.

Borehole Number	Borehole Location	MTM NAD83 Northing (m)	MTM NAD83 Easting (m)	Ground Surface Elevation (m)	Borehole Depth (m)
17-1101	EBL North Approach Embankment	5028263.4	375871.3	75.8	20.6
17-1102	EBL North Abutment	5028251.0	375875.2	75.9	23.8
17-1103	EBL North Pier 1	5028229.6	375888.5	70.5	17.1
17-1104	EBL North Pier 2	5028213.6	375894.5	66.4	11.9
17-1106	EBL South Pier 4	5028182.6	375906.8	70.3	12.8
17-1106A	EBL South Pier 4	5028182.6	375906.8	70.3	13.2
17-1107	EBL South Abutment	5028160.3	375911.2	75.8	19.2
17-1108	EBL South Approach Embankment	5028156.3	375912.9	75.7	16.2
17-1109	WBL South Approach Embankment	5028103.2	376067.6	75.9	16.0
17-1110	WBL South Abutment	5028121.3	376057.8	76.0	21.9
17-1111	WBL South Pier 4	5028135.2	376046.0	70.4	16.3
17-1113	WBL North Pier 2	5028164.4	376031.8	66.9	10.8
17-1114	WBL North Pier 1	5028179.8	376023.8	70.4	15.3
17-1115	WBL North Abutment	5028195.6	376020.9	75.9	21.7
17-1116	WBL North Approach Embankment	5028207.2	376015.1	75.9	18.2

3.2 Previous Investigation (1972)

As part of the current assignment, previously collected subsurface information pertinent to the site was reviewed and compiled. This existing subsurface information was contained in the following report:

- Report prepared by MTO (then the Department of Transportation and Communications, Ontario) titled “*Foundation Investigation Report for Proposed Structures at the Crossing of the C.N.R. and Hwy. #417 (E.B.L. and W.B.L.) Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton, District No. 9 (Ottawa), W.O. 71-11124 – W.P. 10-69-03 (E.B.L.), 10-69-04 (W.B.L.)*”, dated February 28, 1972 (Geocres No. 31G5-79).

Sixteen boreholes were put down as part of the original investigation in 1972 along the then-proposed bridge alignments. The approximate borehole and ground surface elevations are shown on the Record of Borehole sheets included in Appendix C and are also shown on Drawings 1 and 2. The locations of the previous boreholes should be considered approximate since the locations were referenced to an imperial borehole location plan rather than metric MTM coordinates. The detailed subsurface soils and groundwater conditions encountered in the boreholes and the results of in situ and laboratory testing are given on the borehole records from the 1972 investigation.

4.0 DESCRIPTION OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

4.1 Site Stratigraphy

The Record of Borehole and Drillhole sheets from the current investigation are presented in Appendix A. Photographs of the recovered bedrock core are included on Figures A1 to A22 also in Appendix A. The results of the laboratory testing carried out during the current investigation are presented on the Record of Boreholes sheets and on Figures B1 to B10 in Appendix B. These results are also presented on the Summary of Engineering Properties, Figure B11 in Appendix B. The Record of Borehole sheets and lab testing from the previous investigation are provided in Appendix C. The results of basic chemical analysis completed on select soil samples are provided in Appendix E.

The borehole locations and the interpreted stratigraphic profiles projected along the CNR Overhead EBL and WBL structures are shown on Drawings 1 and 2, respectively. The stratigraphic boundaries shown on the Record of Borehole sheets and on the interpreted stratigraphic profiles are inferred from observations of drilling progress and non-continuous sampling and, therefore, represent transitions between soil types rather than exact planes of geological change. The subsoil conditions will vary between and beyond the borehole locations.

The MASW and VSP test results and report are presented in Appendix F and include the calculated shear wave velocity profile measured from the field testing and a graphical representation of the shear wave velocity profile with depth.

In general, the subsurface conditions at the site consist of a layer of fill underlain by a deposit of sensitive silty clay overlying glacial till and shale bedrock. Shale bedrock was indicated to be present at depths ranging from about 8 to 21 m below the existing ground surface (i.e., elevations ranging from about 55 to 60 m). The groundwater level was encountered at depths of about 9 and 10 m below the existing ground surface (i.e., about Elevation 66 m).

A detailed description of the subsurface conditions encountered in the boreholes from the current investigation is as well as the 1972 investigation are provided in the following sections.

4.2 Pavement Structure, Topsoil, and Fill

Boreholes 17-1101, 17-1102, 17-1107 and 17-1108 were advanced through the pavement structure of the EBL of Highway 417 and Boreholes 17-1109, 17-1110, 17-1115, and 17-1116 were advanced through the pavement structure of the WBL of Highway 417. The asphaltic concrete was about 200 mm thick and was underlain by a granular base that ranges in thickness from about 300 to 500 mm and generally consists of gravelly sand to sandy gravel.

Topsoil fill was encountered at the ground surface at Boreholes 17-1103 and 17-1114. The topsoil has a thickness of about 200 mm.

A layer of embankment/grade fill exists at the ground surface, or below the topsoil or pavement structure, where encountered, in the boreholes advanced for the current investigation and extends to depths ranging from about 0.6 to 10.7 m below the ground surface (i.e., elevations ranging from about 64.1 to 66.0 m). The fill generally consists of granular fill with various compositions of sand and gravel (i.e., gravelly sand, sandy gravel, sand and gravel, silty sand, and sand). Sandy silty clay to clayey silt fill was encountered beneath the granular fill at Boreholes 17-1113 and 17-1114. Organic matter, cobbles, and boulders were also encountered within the fill.

SPT 'N' values measured in the fill generally range from about 7 to greater than 50 blows per 0.3 m of penetration indicating a loose to very dense compactness, but more typically compact to dense.

The results of grain size distribution testing carried out on several samples of the fill are provided on Figures B1a and B1b in Appendix B. The measured water content of the fill ranges from approximately 3 to 34 percent.

A layer of buried topsoil was encountered below the fill in Boreholes 17-1106, 17-1107, 17-1108, and 17-1109. The buried topsoil has a thickness ranging from about 0.3 to 0.8 m and extends to depths ranging from about 4.6 to 10.7 m (i.e., elevations ranging from about 65.0 to 65.7 m). The measured water content of two samples of the topsoil are about 24 and 39 percent.

An approximately 0.2 m thick layer of sandy silt containing organic matter underlies the fill at Borehole 17-1115.

4.3 Silty Clay, Clay and Clayey Silt

The fill, buried topsoil and sandy silt (where encountered) are underlain by a deposit of silty clay, clay and/or clayey silt (hereafter referred to as silty clay).

The upper portion of the silty clay deposit has been weathered to a grey brown crust as identified in the boreholes from the current investigation. The weathered crust has a thickness ranging from about 1.4 to 2.9 m and extends to depths ranging from about 3.1 to 13.1 m below the existing ground surface (i.e., Elevations ranging from 62.5 to 64.1 m). The depth of weathering was not identified on the Record of Borehole sheets from the previous investigation.

SPT 'N' values measured in the weathered silty clay crust range from 1 to 19 blows per 0.3 m of penetration, indicating that the deposit has a stiff to very stiff consistency.

The results of Atterberg limit testing on several samples of the weathered silty clay deposit from the current investigation gave plasticity index values ranging from about 31 and 59 percent and liquid limit values ranging from about 46 and 76 percent, indicating a deposit of intermediate to high plasticity. The results of the Atterberg limit testing are provided on Figure B2 in Appendix B. The measured water content of samples of the weathered silty clay deposit from the current investigation ranges from approximately 24 to 55 percent.

The results of grain size distribution testing carried out on two samples from the current investigation of the weathered silty clay crust are provided on Figure B3 in Appendix B.

The silty clay deposit below the depth of weathering is grey in colour. The silty clay has a thickness that ranges from about 1.6 to 5.0 m and extends to depths ranging from about 6.1 to 16.8 m below the existing ground surface (i.e., elevations ranging from about 59.1 to 61.3 m).

SPT 'N' values measured in the silty clay deposit range from "weight of hammer" to 5 blows per 0.3 m of penetration. In situ shear vane testing carried out within the unweathered silty clay deposit measured undrained shear strengths ranging from about 19 kPa to greater than 96 kPa. Lower values of 19 kPa and 23 kPa were measured at Boreholes 7 and 6, from the previous investigation prior to the construction of the embankment in the EBL and WBL, respectively, with the remainder of the boreholes showing values ranging from 31 kPa to greater than 96 kPa. The results of the in situ testing typically indicate a firm to very stiff consistency. Remolded strengths ranging from about 3 to 29 kPa were measured in the silty clay, indicating a medium to extra-sensitive deposit.

The results of Atterberg limit testing on several samples of the silty clay deposit from the current investigation gave plasticity index values ranging from about 10 to 44 percent and liquid limit values ranging from about 27 to 61 percent, indicating a deposit of low to high plasticity. The results of the Atterberg limit testing are provided on Figure B4 and Figure B11 in Appendix B. The measured water content on samples of the silty clay deposit from the current investigation ranges from approximately 33 to 63 percent.

The results of grain size distribution testing carried out on two samples of the clayey deposit from the current investigation are provided on Figure B5 in Appendix B.

The results of Atterberg limit testing, grain size distribution testing and measured water contents from the previous investigation are provided in Appendix C as well as on the Record of Borehole sheets also in Appendix C.

Laboratory oedometer consolidation testing was carried out on two samples of silty clay from Boreholes 17-1106A and 17-1116 from the current investigation as well as five samples from Boreholes 1, 2, 4, 8, and 9 from the 1972 investigation. The results of that testing are provided on Figures B6 and B7 in Appendix B for the current investigation and in Appendix C for the previous investigation, as well as summarized in the table below.

Borehole/ Sample Number	Sample Depth/ Elevation (m)	Unit Weight (kN/m ³)	$\sigma_{p'}$ (kP)	$\sigma_{vo'}$ (kP)	$\sigma_{p'} - \sigma_{vo'}$ (kPa)	Cc	Cr	e _o	OCR
17-1106A / 1	8.1 / 62.2	16.2	165	120	45	1.33	0.013	1.75	1.4
17-1116 / 18	14.1 / 61.8	17.1	275	250	25	0.76	0.011	1.33	1.1
1 / 3	3.0 / 62.8	16.3	297	-	-	1.17	-	1.68	-
2 / 2	2.2 / 63.5	17.8	335	-	-	0.30	-	1.12	-
4 / 4	4.2 / 61.6	18.0	240	-	-	0.92	-	1.27	-
8 / 2	2.1 / 63.9	17.1	335	-	-	0.76	-	1.30	-
9 / 4	3.9 / 62.1	16.2	211	-	-	1.58	-	1.77	-

Notes: $\sigma_{p'}$ - Apparent preconsolidation pressure
 $\sigma_{vo'}$ - Computed existing vertical effective stress
Cc - Compression index
Cr - Recompression index
e_o - Initial void ratio
OCR - Overconsolidation ratio

The consolidation test results, undrained shear strengths, Atterberg limits and measured water contents are also presented on the Summary of Engineering Properties, Figure B11 in Appendix B.

4.4 Sandy Silt

A deposit of sandy silt was encountered below the silty clay in Borehole 17-1116. The sandy silt has a thickness of about 0.3 m and extends to a depth of about 15.8 m below the existing ground surface (i.e., Elevation 60.1 m).

4.5 Silt and Sand, Silty Sand, Sandy Silt and Clayey Silt Till

A deposit of glacial till was present below the silty clay and sandy silt, where encountered. The glacial till deposit generally consists of gravel, cobbles, and boulders in a matrix of sand, clay and silt in varying compositions (i.e., silt and sand, silty sand, sandy silt, and/or clayey silt) with trace to some clay. Gravelly silty sand, gravelly sandy silt as well as sand and gravel till deposits were also encountered. The glacial till extends to depths ranging from about 6.2 to 10.6 m below the existing ground surface (i.e., elevations ranging from about 55.2 to 59.9 m).

SPT 'N' values measured in the glacial till deposit range from 'weight of hammer' to greater than 50 blows per 0.3 m of penetration, but more generally ranging from 2 to 23 blows per 0.3 m of penetration, indicating a very loose to state of compact compactness. The higher blow counts could possibly reflect the presence of cobbles, boulders or the bedrock surface rather than the state of compactness of the soil matrix. Rotary diamond drilling techniques were also required to advance through the cobbles and boulders within the till at Borehole 17-1111.

The results of Atterberg limit testing on the percent passing the 425 µm sieve of 5 samples of the glacial till deposit from the current investigation gave plasticity index values ranging from about 6 to 8 percent and liquid limit values ranging from about 17 to 22 percent, indicating a silty clay to clayey silt of low plasticity. The results of the Atterberg limit testing are provided on Figure B8 in Appendix B. The measured water content on samples of the glacial till deposit ranges from about 6 to 24 percent.

The results of grain size distribution testing carried out on several samples of the glacial till from the current investigation are provided on Figures B9a and B9b in Appendix B.

The results of grain size distribution testing carried out on samples of the glacial till from the previous investigation are provided in Appendix C. The measured natural water contents within the glacial till from the previous investigation are shown on the Record of Borehole sheets also in Appendix C.

4.6 Bedrock

Refusal to auger, casing, or DCPT advancement was encountered in Boreholes 17-1101, 17-1108, 17-1109, and 17-1116 from the current investigation and Boreholes 3A, 4, 5, 5A, 6, 7, and 9 from the previous investigation. The refusal was encountered at depths ranging from about 5.6 to 20.6 m below the existing ground surface (i.e., elevations ranging from about 55.2 to 60.2 m); this has been inferred to represent the bedrock surface. However, refusal could also indicate cobbles or boulders within the glacial till.

Bedrock was proven beneath the glacial till in Boreholes 17-1102 to 17-1106, 17-1106A, 17-1107, and 17-1110 to 17-1115 from the current investigation and Boreholes 1, 1A, 2, 2A, 3, 4A, 8, and 10 from the previous investigation. The bedrock was encountered at depths ranging from about 6.2 to 20.1 m below the existing ground surface (i.e., elevations ranging from about 55.5 to 59.8 m). During the current investigation, the bedrock was cored between about 1.5 and 5.7 m depth using BQ, NQ or HQ-sized coring equipment. During the previous investigation, the bedrock was cored between about 0.6 and 3.0 m depth using BX coring equipment.

The following table summarizes the bedrock surface or refusal depths and elevations as encountered at the borehole locations for the current investigation.

Borehole Number	Borehole Location with respect to Bridge Structure	Existing Ground Surface Elevation (m)	Depth to Bedrock/ Refusal (m)	Bedrock Surface/ Refusal Elevation (m)
17-1101	EBL North Approach Embankment	75.8	20.6 ⁽¹⁾	55.2 ⁽¹⁾
17-1102	EBL North Abutment	75.9	20.1	55.8
17-1103	EBL North Pier 1	70.5	13.6	56.9
17-1104	EBL North Pier 2	66.4	8.8	57.7
17-1106	EBL South Pier 4	70.3	11.3	59.0
17-1106A	EBL South Pier 4	70.3	11.2	59.0

Borehole Number	Borehole Location with respect to Bridge Structure	Existing Ground Surface Elevation (m)	Depth to Bedrock/ Refusal (m)	Bedrock Surface/ Refusal Elevation (m)
17-1107	EBL South Abutment	75.8	16.2	59.7
17-1108	EBL South Approach Embankment	75.7	16.2 ⁽¹⁾	59.6 ⁽¹⁾
17-1109	WBL South Approach Embankment	75.9	16.0 ⁽¹⁾	59.8 ⁽¹⁾
17-1110	WBL South Abutment	76.0	16.2	59.8
17-1111	WBL South Pier 4	70.4	12.2	58.2
17-1113	WBL North Pier 2	66.9	7.8	59.1
17-1114	WBL North Pier 1	70.4	12.0	58.5
17-1115	WBL North Abutment	75.9	18.1	57.8
17-1116	WBL North Approach Embankment	75.9	18.2 ⁽¹⁾	57.7 ⁽¹⁾
1A	EBL West Approach Embankment	66.1	10.6	55.5
4A	EBL North Pier 1	66.0	9.0	57.0
5A	EBL South Pier 3	65.9	8.5 ⁽¹⁾	57.4 ⁽¹⁾
7	EBL North Pier 2	66.0	8.7 ⁽¹⁾	57.3 ⁽¹⁾
8	EBL	66.1	9.3	56.8
9	EBL South Pier 3	66.1	7.5 ⁽¹⁾	58.6 ⁽¹⁾
10	EBL	65.8	7.0	58.8
1	WBL South Pier 4	65.7	6.2	59.5
2	WBL	65.7	7.0	58.7
2A	WBL North Pier 1	65.8	6.4	59.4
3	WBL West Approach Embankment	66.0	8.1	57.9
3A	WBL West Approach Embankment	66.1	8.5 ⁽¹⁾	57.6 ⁽¹⁾
4	WBL	65.5	6.9 ⁽¹⁾	58.6 ⁽¹⁾
5	WBL	65.8	5.6 ⁽¹⁾	60.2 ⁽¹⁾
6	WBL East Approach Embankment	65.7	6.6 ⁽¹⁾	59.1 ⁽¹⁾

Note ⁽¹⁾: Depth and elevation to bedrock inferred from refusal to auger, casing or DCPT advancement.

The bedrock encountered in these boreholes consist of slightly weathered to fresh, thinly to medium bedded, black to dark grey, fine grained, porous shale. The Rock Quality Designation (RQD) values measured on recovered bedrock core samples from the current investigation typically ranged from about 50 to 100 percent indicating a generally fair to excellent quality rock. However, an RQD value of 19 percent (indicating a very poor quality rock) was encountered in the upper 0.6 m (i.e., between about Elevations 55.2 and 55.6 m) of the bedrock at Borehole 17-1102 which is located adjacent to the north abutment of the EBL structure. In addition, RQD values ranging from 0 to 33 percent (indicating a very poor to poor quality rock) were measured for the full length of bedrock cored (i.e., between about Elevations 56.6 and 59.7 m) at Boreholes 17-1106, 17-1106A, and 17-1107 which are located adjacent to Pier 4 and the south abutment, respectively, of the EBL structure. An RQD value of 22 percent (indicating a very poor quality rock) was also measured in middle portion of the bedrock cored (i.e., between about Elevations 55.6 and 57.1 m) at Borehole 17-1111 which is located adjacent to Pier 4 of the WBL structure.

Photos of the bedrock core from the current investigation are provided in Figures A1 to A22 in Appendix A.

Results of unconfined compressive strength testing carried out on two bedrock core samples from Boreholes 17-1106A and 17-1113 were about 29 and 33 MPa, as shown on Figure B10 in Appendix B. These results indicate a medium strong bedrock.

4.7 Groundwater Conditions

The groundwater conditions observed in the open boreholes during drilling at Boreholes 17-1106, 17-1109, 17-1110, and 17-1111 were between about Elevations 61.0 and 64.6 m. However, these groundwater levels are not considered representative of stabilized groundwater conditions.

The groundwater levels in the monitoring wells installed in Boreholes 17-1108 and 17-1115, measured two to three months after well installation, are summarized in the following table.

Borehole	Ground Surface Elevation (m)	Screened Interval Material	Water Level Depth (m)	Water Level Elevation (m)	Date of Reading
17-1108	75.7	Embankment Fill	9.4	66.3	September 24, 2017
17-1115	75.9	Embankment Fill/ Silty Clay	10.3	65.6	September 25, 2017

The groundwater levels measured within the open boreholes during the 1972 investigation indicated groundwater levels which ranged from about Elevation 64.6 to 66.1 m at the time of drilling. It should be noted that groundwater levels in the area are subject to fluctuations both seasonally and with precipitation events. In addition, the groundwater levels from the 1972 investigation may not be representative of the current site conditions.

5.0 CLOSURE

This report was prepared by Mr. Alex Meacoe, P.Eng. It was reviewed by Mr. Michael Snow P.Eng., a senior geotechnical engineer and Principal with Golder. Mr. Fintan Heffernan, P.Eng., a Senior Consultant with Golder and the MTO Foundations Designated Contact, conducted an independent quality control review of this report.

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WAM/MSS/FJH/mvrd

[https://golderassociates.sharepoint.com/sites/11263g/shared documents/01_foundations/6 - reports/1110 cnr/final/1662565-1110-r-rev0-cnr overpass-09_2019 fidr.docx](https://golderassociates.sharepoint.com/sites/11263g/shared%20documents/01_foundations/6%20reports/1110_cnr/final/1662565-1110-r-rev0-cnr_overpass-09_2019_fidr.docx)

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APPENDIX A

Borehole and Drillhole Records, Current Investigation

Lists of Abbreviations and Symbols

Lithological and Geotechnical Rock Description Terminology

Records of Boreholes 17-1101 to 17-1104, 17-1106 to 17-1111, 17-1113 to 17-1116

Bedrock Core Photographs, Figures A1 to A22

LIST OF SYMBOLS

Unless otherwise stated, the symbols employed in the report are as follows:

I.	GENERAL	(a)	Index Properties (continued)
π	3.1416	w	water content
$\ln x$,	natural logarithm of x	w_l or LL	liquid limit
\log_{10}	x or log x, logarithm of x to base 10	w_p or PL	plastic limit
g	acceleration due to gravity	I_p or PI	plasticity index = $(w_l - w_p)$
t	time	w_s	shrinkage limit
FoS	factor of safety	I_L	liquidity index = $(w - w_p) / I_p$
		I_C	consistency index = $(w_l - w) / I_p$
		e_{max}	void ratio in loosest state
		e_{min}	void ratio in densest state
		I_D	density index = $(e_{max} - e) / (e_{max} - e_{min})$ (formerly relative density)
II.	STRESS AND STRAIN	(b)	Hydraulic Properties
γ	shear strain	h	hydraulic head or potential
Δ	change in, e.g. in stress: $\Delta \sigma$	q	rate of flow
ε	linear strain	v	velocity of flow
ε_v	volumetric strain	i	hydraulic gradient
η	coefficient of viscosity	k	hydraulic conductivity (coefficient of permeability)
ν	Poisson's ratio	j	seepage force per unit volume
	total stress		
σ'	effective stress ($\sigma' = \sigma - u$)	(c)	Consolidation (one-dimensional)
σ'_{vo}	initial effective overburden stress	C	compression index (normally consolidated range)
$\sigma_1, \sigma_2, \sigma_3$	principal stress (major, minor)	C_r	recompression index (over-consolidated range)
σ_{oct}	mean stress or octahedral stress = $(\sigma_1 + \sigma_2 + \sigma_3) / 3$	C_s	swelling index
τ	shear stress	C_α	secondary compression index
u	porewater pressure	m_v	coefficient of volume change
E	modulus of deformation	c_v	coefficient of consolidation (vertical direction)
G	shear modulus of deformation	C_h	coefficient of consolidation (horizontal direction)
K	bulk modulus of compressibility	T_v	time factor (vertical direction)
		U	degree of consolidation
III.	SOIL PROPERTIES	σ'_p	pre-consolidation stress
(a)	Index Properties	OCR	over-consolidation ratio = σ'_p / σ'_{vo}
$\rho(\gamma)$	bulk density (bulk unit weight)*	(d)	Shear Strength
$\rho_d(\gamma_d)$	dry density (dry unit weight)	τ_p, τ_r	peak and residual shear strength
$\rho_w(\gamma_w)$	density (unit weight) of water	ϕ'	effective angle of internal friction
$\rho_s(\gamma_s)$	density (unit weight) of solid particles	δ	angle of interface friction
γ'	unit weight of submerged soil ($\gamma' = \gamma - \gamma_w$)	μ	coefficient of friction = $\tan \delta$
D_R	relative density (specific gravity) of solid particles ($D_R = \rho_s / \rho_w$) (formerly G_s)	c'	effective cohesion
e	void ratio	C_u, S_u	undrained shear strength ($\phi = 0$ analysis)
n	porosity	p	mean total stress $(\sigma_1 + \sigma_3) / 2$
S	degree of saturation	p'	mean effective stress $(\sigma'_1 + \sigma'_3) / 2$
		q	$(\sigma_1 - \sigma_3) / 2$ or $(\sigma'_1 - \sigma'_3) / 2$
		q_u	compressive strength $(\sigma_1 - \sigma_3)$
		S_t	sensitivity
* Density symbol is ρ . Unit weight symbol is γ where $\gamma = \rho g$ (i.e. mass density multiplied by acceleration due to gravity)		Notes: 1	$\tau = c' + \sigma' \tan \phi'$
		2	shear strength = (compressive strength)/2

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

The abbreviations commonly employed on Records of Boreholes, on figures and in the text of the report are as follows:

I. SAMPLE TYPE

AS	Auger sample
BS	Block sample
CS	Chunk sample
DS	Denison type sample
FS	Foil sample
RC	Rock core
SC	Soil core
SS	Split-spoon
ST	Slotted tube
TO	Thin-walled, open
TP	Thin-walled, piston
WS	Wash sample

II. PENETRATION RESISTANCE

Standard Penetration Resistance (SPT), N:

The number of blows by a 63.5 kg. (140 lb.) hammer dropped 760 mm (30 in.) required to drive a 50 mm (2 in.) drive open sampler for a distance of 300 mm (12 in.)

Dynamic Cone Penetration Resistance; N_d :

The number of blows by a 63.5 kg (140 lb.) hammer dropped 760 mm (30 in.) to drive uncased a 50 mm (2 in.) diameter, 60° cone attached to "A" size drill rods for a distance of 300 mm (12 in.).

PH: Sampler advanced by hydraulic pressure

PM: Sampler advanced by manual pressure

WH: Sampler advanced by static weight of hammer

WR: Sampler advanced by weight of sampler and rod

Piezo-Cone Penetration Test (CPT)

A electronic cone penetrometer with a 60° conical tip and a project end area of 10 cm² pushed through ground at a penetration rate of 2 cm/s. Measurements of tip resistance (Q_t), porewater pressure (PWP) and friction along a sleeve are recorded electronically at 25 mm penetration intervals.

V. MINOR SOIL CONSTITUENTS

Per cent by Weight	Modifier	Example
0 to 5	Trace	Trace sand
5 to 12	Trace to Some (or Little)	Trace to some sand
12 to 20	Some	Some sand
20 to 30	(ey) or (y)	Sandy
over 30	And (non-cohesive (cohesionless)) or With (cohesive)	Sand and Gravel Silty Clay with sand / Clayey Silt with sand

III. SOIL DESCRIPTION

(a) Non-Cohesive (Cohesionless) Soils

Compactness	Condition	N Blows/300 mm or Blows/ft
	Very loose	0 to 4
	Loose	4 to 10
	Compact	10 to 30
	Dense	30 to 50
	Very dense	over 50

(b) Cohesive Soils

Consistency	Cu, Su	
	kPa	psf
Very soft	0 to 12	0 to 250
Firm Stiff	12 to 25	250 to 500
Very stiff	25 to 50	500 to 1,000
Hard	50 to 100	1,000 to 2,000
	100 to 200	2,000 to 4,000
	over 200	over 4,000

IV. SOIL TESTS

w	water content
w _p	plastic limit
w _l	liquid limit
C	consolidation (oedometer) test
CHEM	chemical analysis (refer to text)
CID	consolidated isotropically drained triaxial test ¹
CIU	consolidated isotropically undrained triaxial test with porewater pressure measurement ¹
D _R	relative density (specific gravity, G _s)
DS	direct shear test
M	sieve analysis for particle size
MH	combined sieve and hydrometer (H) analysis
MPC	Modified Proctor compaction test
SPC	Standard Proctor compaction test
OC	organic content test
SO ₄	concentration of water-soluble sulphates
UC	unconfined compression test
UU	unconsolidated undrained triaxial test
V	field vane (LV-laboratory vane test)
γ	unit weight

Note: 1 Tests which are anisotropically consolidated prior to shear are shown as CAD, CAU.

LITHOLOGICAL AND GEOTECHNICAL ROCK DESCRIPTION TERMINOLOGY

WEATHERINGS STATE

Fresh: no visible sign of weathering

Faintly weathered: weathering limited to the surface of major discontinuities.

Slightly weathered: penetrative weathering developed on open discontinuity surfaces but only slight weathering of rock material.

Moderately weathered: weathering extends throughout the rock mass but the rock material is not friable.

Highly weathered: weathering extends throughout rock mass and the rock material is partly friable.

Completely weathered: rock is wholly decomposed and in a friable condition but the rock and structure are preserved.

BEDDING THICKNESS

<u>Description</u>	<u>Bedding Plane Spacing</u>
Very thickly bedded	Greater than 2 m
Thickly bedded	0.6 m to 2 m
Medium bedded	0.2 m to 0.6 m
Thinly bedded	60 mm to 0.2 m
Very thinly bedded	20 mm to 60 mm
Laminated	6 mm to 20 mm
Thinly laminated	Less than 6 mm

JOINT OR FOLIATION SPACING

<u>Description</u>	<u>Spacing</u>
Very wide	Greater than 3 m
Wide	1 m to 3 m
Moderately close	0.3 m to 1 m
Close	50 mm to 300 mm
Very close	Less than 50 mm

GRAIN SIZE

<u>Term</u>	<u>Size*</u>
Very Coarse Grained	Greater than 60 mm
Coarse Grained	2 mm to 60 mm
Medium Grained	60 microns to 2 mm
Fine Grained	2 microns to 60 microns
Very Fine Grained	Less than 2 microns

Note: * Grains greater than 60 microns diameter are visible to the naked eye.

CORE CONDITION

Total Core Recovery (TCR)

The percentage of solid drill core recovered regardless of quality or length, measured relative to the length of the total core run.

Solid Core Recovery (SCR)

The percentage of solid drill core, regardless of length, recovered at full diameter, measured relative to the length of the total core run.

Rock Quality Designation (RQD)

The percentage of solid drill core, greater than 100 mm length, recovered at full diameter, measured relative to the length of the total core run. RQD varied from 0% for completely broken core to 100% for core in solid sticks.

DISCONTINUITY DATA

Fracture Index

A count of the number of discontinuities (physical separations) in the rock core, including both naturally occurring fractures and mechanically induced breaks caused by drilling.

Dip with Respect to Core Axis

The angle of the discontinuity relative to the axis (length) of the core. In a vertical borehole a discontinuity with a 90° angle is horizontal.

Description and Notes

An abbreviation description of the discontinuities, whether naturally occurring separations such as fractures, bedding planes and foliation planes or mechanically induced features caused by drilling such as ground or shattered core and mechanically separated bedding or foliation surfaces. Additional information concerning the nature of fracture surfaces and infillings are also noted.

Abbreviations

JN Joint	PL Planar
FLT Fault	CU Curved
SH Shear	UN Undulating
VN Vein	IR Irregular
FR Fracture	K Slickensided
SY Stylolite	PO Polished
BD Bedding	SM Smooth
FO Foliation	SR Slightly Rough
CO Contact	RO Rough
AXJ Axial Joint	VR Very Rough
KV Karstic Void	
MB Mechanical Break	

PROJECT <u>1662565-1110</u>	RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1101	SHEET 1 OF 3	METRIC
G.W.P. <u>4145-10-00</u>	LOCATION <u>N 5028263.4; E 375871.3 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.390703; LONG. -75.592335)</u>	ORIGINATED BY <u>RI</u>	
DIST <u>Eastern</u> HWY <u>417</u>	BOREHOLE TYPE <u>Power Auger, 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)/Rotary Drill, NW Casing</u>	COMPILED BY <u>ZS</u>	
DATUM <u>Geodetic</u>	DATE <u>June 25-26, 2017</u>	CHECKED BY <u>WAM</u>	

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)								
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	SHEAR STRENGTH kPa									WATER CONTENT (%)							
						20	40	60	80	100	20	40	60	80	100	25	50	75		GR	SA	SI	CL	
75.8	GROUND SURFACE																							
0.0	ASPHALTIC CONCRETE																							
0.2	(SP) Gravelly sand (FILL) Grey Moist		1	SS	23																			
75.3	(SP) Sand, trace gravel, contains organic matter (FILL) Compact Brown Moist		2	SS	28																			
0.5	(SP) Sand, trace gravel, contains organic matter (FILL) Compact Brown Moist																							
74.3	(SP/GP) Sand and gravel, some silt, trace to some clay (FILL) Compact to dense Grey Moist		3	SS	29																			
1.5	(SP/GP) Sand and gravel, some silt, trace to some clay (FILL) Compact to dense Grey Moist		4	SS	24																			
			5	SS	27																			
			6	SS	39																			
70.9	(SP/GP) Sand and gravel, trace to some silt (FILL) Compact Grey-brown Moist		7	SS	33																			
4.9	(SP/GP) Sand and gravel, trace to some silt (FILL) Compact Grey-brown Moist		8	SS	16																			
			9	SS	51																			
69.6	(GP) Sandy gravel (FILL) Very dense Grey-brown Moist		10	SS	72																			
6.3	(GP) Sandy gravel (FILL) Very dense Grey-brown Moist		11	SS	77																			
			12	SS	18																			
67.4	(SP) Sand, some silt (FILL) Compact Brown Moist to wet		13	SS	21																			
8.4	(SP) Sand, some silt (FILL) Compact Brown Moist to wet																							
65.9																								

GTA-MTO 001 N:\ACTIVE\SPATIAL_IMMTO\HWY417REHAB&WIDENING02_DATA\GINT1662565.GPJ GAL-GTA.GDT 9/16/19 ZS

Continued Next Page

 +³, ×³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT <u>1662565-1110</u>	RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1101	SHEET 3 OF 3	METRIC
G.W.P. <u>4145-10-00</u>	LOCATION <u>N 5028263.4; E 375871.3 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.390703; LONG. -75.592335)</u>	ORIGINATED BY <u>RI</u>	
DIST <u>Eastern</u> HWY <u>417</u>	BOREHOLE TYPE <u>Power Auger, 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)/Rotary Drill, NW Casing</u>	COMPILED BY <u>ZS</u>	
DATUM <u>Geodetic</u>	DATE <u>June 25-26, 2017</u>	CHECKED BY <u>WAM</u>	

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT LIQUID LIMIT			UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	20	40	60	80	100	W _p	W			W _L
	--- CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE ---	[Hatched Box]	24	SS	55/0.15												
55.2 20.6	END OF BOREHOLE CASING REFUSAL																

GTA-MTO 001 N:\ACTIVE\SPATIAL_IMMTO\HWY417REHAB&WIDENING\02_DATA\GINT\1662565.GPJ GAL-GTA.GDT 9/16/19 ZS

+³, X³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT 1662565-1110 **RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1102** SHEET 1 OF 4 **METRIC**
G.W.P. 4145-10-00 **LOCATION** N 5028251.0; E 375875.2 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.390591; LONG. -75.592288) **ORIGINATED BY** RI
DIST Eastern **HWY** 417 **BOREHOLE TYPE** Power Auger, 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)/Rotary Drill, NQ Core **COMPILED BY** ZS
DATUM Geodetic **DATE** July 5-7, 2017 **CHECKED BY** WAM

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)							
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	SHEAR STRENGTH kPa									WATER CONTENT (%)						
						20	40	60	80	100	20	40	60	80	100	25	50	75	GR	SA	SI	CL	
75.9	GROUND SURFACE																						
75.9	ASPHALTIC CONCRETE																						
0.2	(SP) Gravelly sand (FILL) Grey Moist		1	SS	42																		
75.3	(SP) Sand (FILL) Dense Brown Moist		2	SS	40																		
74.4	(SP) Sand, some silt, trace to some gravel (FILL) Compact to dense Brown to dark brown Moist		3	SS	26																		
1.5			4	SS	46																		
			5	SS	16																		
			6	SS	34																		
			7	SS	39																		
			8	SS	44																		
			9	SS	40																		
			10	SS	49																		
			11	SS	53																		
			12	SS	38																		
			13	SS	35																		
66.8	(SM) Silty sand, trace gravel (FILL) Dense Brown Wet																						
9.2																							
66.0																							

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 +³, ×³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT <u>1662565-1110</u>	RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1102	SHEET 3 OF 4	METRIC
G.W.P. <u>4145-10-00</u>	LOCATION <u>N 5028251.0; E 375875.2 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.390591; LONG. -75.592288)</u>	ORIGINATED BY <u>RI</u>	
DIST <u>Eastern</u> HWY <u>417</u>	BOREHOLE TYPE <u>Power Auger, 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)/Rotary Drill, NQ Core</u>	COMPILED BY <u>ZS</u>	
DATUM <u>Geodetic</u>	DATE <u>July 5-7, 2017</u>	CHECKED BY <u>WAM</u>	

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC NATURAL LIQUID LIMIT MOISTURE LIMIT CONTENT			UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	SHEAR STRENGTH kPa					WATER CONTENT (%)			
							20	40	60	80	100	W _p	W	W _L		
	--- CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE ---						○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL × REMOULDED					25 50 75				
55.8 20.1	Shale (BEDROCK) Bedrock cored from depths 20.1 m to 23.8 m For bedrock coring details refer to Record of Drillhole 17-1102	[Hatched Pattern]	1	RC	REC 100%											RQD = 19%
			2	RC	REC 94%											RQD = 77%
			3	RC	REC 99%											RQD = 99%
52.1 23.8	END OF BOREHOLE															

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+³, ×³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT 1662565-1110 **RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1103** **SHEET 1 OF 3** **METRIC**
G.W.P. 4145-10-00 **LOCATION** N 5028229.6; E 375888.5 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.390397; LONG. -75.592121) **ORIGINATED BY** RI
DIST Eastern **HWY** 417 **BOREHOLE TYPE** Portable Drill, NQ/BW Casing/Rotary Drill, BW Casing **COMPILED BY** ZS
DATUM Geodetic **DATE** August 20-21, 2017 **CHECKED BY** WAM

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)						
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH kPa										WATER CONTENT (%)					
						20	40	60	80	100	20	40	60	80	100	25	50	75	GR	SA	SI	CL	
70.5	GROUND SURFACE																						
0.0	(SM) Silty sand, trace gravel (FILL/TOPSOIL)																						
0.2	Dark brown Moist		1	SS	15																		
	(SP) Sand, some gravel, trace to some silt, trace clay (FILL)		2	SS	11																		
	Compact to dense Moist		3	SS	25																		20 66 10 4
			4	SS	46																		
			5	SS	43																		
67.5	(SM) Gravelly silty sand (FILL)		6	SS	68																		
3.1	Very dense to compact Moist		7	SS	85																		
			8	SS	20																		
65.8	(CI/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY, trace to some sand (WEATHERED CRUST)		9	SS	11																		
4.7	Very stiff Moist		10	SS	12																		
			11	SS	6																		
63.8	(CI/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY, trace sand		12	SS	PM																		
6.7	Stiff to firm Grey																						
			13	SS	PM																		

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 +³, ×³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT 1662565-1110 **RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1103** SHEET 2 OF 3 **METRIC**
G.W.P. 4145-10-00 **LOCATION** N 5028229.6; E 375888.5 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.390397; LONG. -75.592121) **ORIGINATED BY** RI
DIST Eastern **HWY** 417 **BOREHOLE TYPE** Portable Drill, NQ/BW Casing/Rotary Drill, BW Casing **COMPILED BY** ZS
DATUM Geodetic **DATE** August 20-21, 2017 **CHECKED BY** WAM

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	20	40	60	80						100
--- CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE ---											○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL × REMOULDED			25 50 75			GR SA SI CL
60.2 10.3	(CL-ML) SILTY CLAY to CLAYEY SILT, some sand Firm Grey Wet					X		+									
59.4 11.2	(SM) Gravelly Silty SAND, some clay, contains shale fragments, cobbles and boulders (TILL) Loose to compact Black Wet		14	SS	7												
			15	SS	18												25 39 24 12
58.1 12.4	(SM) Gravelly Silty SAND, contains cobbles and boulders (TILL) Very dense Dark brown Wet		16	SS	50/0.15												
			17	RC	DD												
			18	SS	79												
56.9 13.6	Shale (BEDROCK) Bedrock cored from depths of 13.6 m to 17.1 m For bedrock coring details refer to Record of Drillhole 17-1103		19	RC	DD												RQD = 100%
			1	RC	REC 100%												
			2	RC	REC 90%												RQD = 49%
			3	RC	REC 91%												RQD = 68%
			4	RC	REC 100%												RQD = 100%
53.4 17.1	END OF BOREHOLE																

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+³, ×³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT <u>1662565-1110</u>	RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1104	SHEET 1 OF 3	METRIC
G.W.P. <u>4145-10-00</u>	LOCATION <u>N 5028213.6; E 375894.5 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.390253; LONG. -75.592046)</u>	ORIGINATED BY <u>DG</u>	
DIST <u>Eastern</u> HWY <u>417</u>	BOREHOLE TYPE <u>Rotary Drill, BW Casing</u>	COMPILED BY <u>ZS</u>	
DATUM <u>Geodetic</u>	DATE <u>September 6-8, 2017</u>	CHECKED BY <u>WAM</u>	

ELEV DEPTH	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
			NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH kPa									
								20	40	60	80	100					
								○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL × REMOULDED									
								20	40	60	80	100	25	50	75		
66.4 0.0	GROUND SURFACE (SP) Sand, trace silt (FILL) Loose Brown Moist		1	SS	9		66										
65.8 0.6	(CI/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY (WEATHERED CRUST) Very stiff Grey-brown Moist		2	SS	10		65						○				
			3	SS	19		65										
			4	SS	6		64						○				
			5	SS	9		64										
63.4 3.1	(CI/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY Firm Grey Wet		6	SS	4		63	×		+							0 1 44 55
			7	SS	WH		62	×		+							
			8	SS	5		61	×		+							
60.3 6.1	(CL/ML) SILTY CLAY to CLAYEY SILT Stiff Grey Wet		9	SS	4		60	×		+							
59.8 6.6	(ML) Sandy CLAYEY SILT, some gravel, contains cobbles and boulders (TILL) Loose Dark grey Wet		10	SS	10		59						○				14 30 40 16
			11	RC	DD		58										CHEM
57.6 8.8	Shale (BEDROCK) Bedrock cored from depths of 8.8 m to 11.9 m For bedrock coring details refer to Record of Drillhole 17-1104		1	RC	REC 100%		57										RQD = 87%

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 +³, ×³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT <u>1662565-1110</u>	RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1104	SHEET 2 OF 3	METRIC
G.W.P. <u>4145-10-00</u>	LOCATION <u>N 5028213.6; E 375894.5 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.390253; LONG. -75.592046)</u>	ORIGINATED BY <u>DG</u>	
DIST <u>Eastern</u> HWY <u>417</u>	BOREHOLE TYPE <u>Rotary Drill, BW Casing</u>	COMPILED BY <u>ZS</u>	
DATUM <u>Geodetic</u>	DATE <u>September 6-8, 2017</u>	CHECKED BY <u>WAM</u>	

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC NATURAL LIQUID LIMIT MOISTURE LIMIT CONTENT			UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)		
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	20	40	60	80	100	W _p	W			W _L	25
	--- CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE ---																	
	Shale (BEDROCK) Bedrock cored from depths of 8.8 m to 11.9 m For bedrock coring details refer to Record of Drillhole 17-1104		1	RC	REC 100%													RQD = 87%
			2	RC	REC 100%													RQD = 89%
54.5						56												
11.9	END OF BOREHOLE					55												

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+³, ×³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT <u>1662565-1110</u>	RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1106A	SHEET 2 OF 3	METRIC
G.W.P. <u>4145-10-00</u>	LOCATION <u>N 5028182.6; E 375906.8 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.389973; LONG. -75.591894)</u>	ORIGINATED BY <u>DG</u>	
DIST <u>Eastern</u> HWY <u>417</u>	BOREHOLE TYPE <u>Rotary Drill, NW Casing</u>	COMPILED BY <u>ZS</u>	
DATUM <u>Geodetic</u>	DATE <u>August 23-24, 2017</u>	CHECKED BY <u>WAM</u>	

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	20	40	60	80					
--- CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE ---																
60.7	(SP/GP) SAND and GRAVEL, some silt, trace to some clay, contains shale fragments, cobbles and boulders (TILL) Very dense Grey Wet															
59.1	Shale (BEDROCK) Bedrock cored from depths of 11.2 m to 13.2 m For bedrock coring details refer to Record of Drillhole 17-1106A		1	RC	REC 100%											RQD = 28%
58			2	RC	REC 92%											
57.1	END OF BOREHOLE Note(s): 1. Soil stratigraphy is inferred from Record of Borehole 17-1106.															
13.2																

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+³, ×³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT 1662565-1110 **RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1106** SHEET 1 OF 3 **METRIC**
G.W.P. 4145-10-00 **LOCATION** N 5028182.6; E 375906.8 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.389973; LONG. -75.591894) **ORIGINATED BY** DG
DIST Eastern **HWY** 417 **BOREHOLE TYPE** Power Auger, 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem) Rotary Drill, NW Casing **COMPILED BY** ZS
DATUM Geodetic **DATE** August 22-23, 2017 **CHECKED BY** WAM

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)							
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	SHEAR STRENGTH kPa									WATER CONTENT (%)						
						20	40	60	80	100	20	40	60	80	100	25	50	75	GR	SA	SI	CL	
70.3	GROUND SURFACE																						
0.0	(SP) Sand, trace gravel (FILL) Compact Brown Moist		1	SS	15																		
			2	SS	20																		
			3	SS	29																		
67.3	(SM) Gravelly silty sand, trace clay (FILL) Compact Brown Moist		4	SS	18																		
66.0			5	SS	12																		
65.7	(SM) Silty sand, contains organic matter (TOPSOIL) Black Moist		6	SS	8																		
65.7	(CI/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY (WEATHERED CRUST) Very stiff to stiff Grey-brown Moist		7	SS	5																		
64.6			8	SS	2																		
63.6	(CL/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY Stiff Grey Wet		9	SS	WH																		
61.0			10	SS	WH																		

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 +³, X³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT <u>1662565-1110</u>	RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1106	SHEET 2 OF 3	METRIC
G.W.P. <u>4145-10-00</u>	LOCATION <u>N 5028182.6; E 375906.8 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.389973; LONG. -75.591894)</u>	ORIGINATED BY <u>DG</u>	
DIST <u>Eastern</u> HWY <u>417</u>	BOREHOLE TYPE <u>Power Auger, 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem) Rotary Drill, NW Casing</u>	COMPILED BY <u>ZS</u>	
DATUM <u>Geodetic</u>	DATE <u>August 22-23, 2017</u>	CHECKED BY <u>WAM</u>	

ELEV DEPTH	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
			NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
60.2	(SP/GP) SAND and GRAVEL, some silt, trace to some clay, contains shale fragments, cobbles and boulders (TILL) Very dense Grey Wet		11	SS	67/0.28		60										38 36 18 8
59.1	Shale (BEDROCK)		1	RC	REC 100%		59										RQD = 30%
57.5	END OF BOREHOLE		2	RC	REC 5%		58										RQD = 0%
12.8	NOTES: 1. Water level in open borehole at a depth of 6.2 m below ground surface (Elev. 64.1), measured during drilling.																

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+³, X³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT 1662565-1110 **RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1107** **SHEET 2 OF 3** **METRIC**
G.W.P. 4145-10-00 **LOCATION** N 5028160.3; E 375911.2 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.389772; LONG. -75.591841) **ORIGINATED BY** DG
DIST Eastern **HWY** 417 **BOREHOLE TYPE** Power Auger, 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)/Rotary Drill, NQ Core **COMPILED BY** ZS
DATUM Geodetic **DATE** June 25-26, 2017 **CHECKED BY** WAM

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	SHEAR STRENGTH kPa								
--- CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE ---																
65.7 10.1	(CI/CH) Silty clay, contains organic matter (TOPSOIL) Dark grey Moist		13	SS	9											
65.3 10.5	(CI/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY (WEATHERED CRUST) Very stiff to stiff Grey-brown Moist		14	SS	10											
			15	SS	2											
63.6 12.2	(CI/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY, contains silt seams Stiff to firm Grey Wet		16	SS	1											
			17	SS	WH											
60.4 15.4	(SM) Silty SAND, some gravel, contains shale fragments, cobbles and boulders (TILL) Loose to dense Dark grey Wet		18	SS	7											
59.7 16.2	Shale (BEDROCK) Bedrock cored from depths 16.2 m to 19.2 m For bedrock coring details refer to Record of Drillhole 17-1107		19	SS	50/0.13											
			1	RC	REC 100%											RQD = 33%
			2	RC	REC 100%											RQD = 32%
56.6 19.2	END OF BOREHOLE															

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 +³, ×³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT 1662565-1110 **RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1108** **SHEET 1 OF 2** **METRIC**
G.W.P. 4145-10-00 **LOCATION** N 5028156.3; E 375912.9 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.389736; LONG. -75.591820) **ORIGINATED BY** DG
DIST Eastern **HWY** 417 **BOREHOLE TYPE** Power Auger, 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem) **COMPILED BY** ZS
DATUM Geodetic **DATE** June 25-26, 2017 **CHECKED BY** WAM

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC NATURAL LIQUID LIMIT			UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)		
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	20	40	60	80	100	W _p	W			W _L	GR
75.7	GROUND SURFACE																	
0.0	ASPHALTIC CONCRETE																	
0.3	(SP) Gravelly sand (FILL) Grey Moist		1	SS	33													
75.1	(GP) Sandy gravel (FILL) Grey Moist																	
0.6	(SP) Sand (FILL) Compact Brown Moist		2	SS	23													
73.9	(GP) Sandy gravel, some silt (FILL) Compact to dense Grey Moist		3	SS	24													
1.8			4	SS	36													52 33 12 3
72.7	(SM/SP) Layered silty sand and sand (FILL) Compact Brown Moist		5	SS	11													
3.1																		
72.0	(GP) Sandy gravel (FILL) Compact Grey Moist		6	SS	34													
3.7																		
71.1	(SP) Sand (FILL) Compact Brown Moist		7	SS	35													
4.6																		
70.4	(GP) Sandy gravel (FILL) Compact Grey Moist		8	SS	27													
5.3																		
69.6	(SM) Sand, some gravel and silt (FILL) Compact Brown Moist		9	SS	34													19 65 13 3
6.1																		
67.4	(SM) Silty sand (FILL) Compact Grey Wet		10	SS	38													
8.3																		
65.8			11	SS	43													

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 +³, ×³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT 1662565-1110 **RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1108** SHEET 2 OF 2 **METRIC**
 G.W.P. 4145-10-00 LOCATION N 5028156.3; E 375912.9 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.389736; LONG. -75.591820) ORIGINATED BY DG
 DIST Eastern HWY 417 BOREHOLE TYPE Power Auger, 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem) COMPILED BY ZS
 DATUM Geodetic DATE June 25-26, 2017 CHECKED BY WAM

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)						
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	SHEAR STRENGTH kPa									WATER CONTENT (%)					
						20	40	60	80	100	20	40	60	80	100	25	50	75	GR	SA	SI	CL
9.9	(CI/CH) Silty clay to clay, contains organic matter (TOPSOIL) Dark grey Moist		12	SS	10																	
65.0																						
10.7	(CI/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY, trace sand (WEATHERED CRUST) Very stiff to stiff Grey-brown Moist		13	SS	10														0	5	44	51
			14	SS	3																	
63.5																						
12.2	(CI/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY Stiff Grey Wet		15	SS	1																	
			16	TP	PH																	
60.9																						
14.8	(ML) CLAYEY SILT, some sand, trace gravel, contains silt seams, cobbles and boulders (TILL) Very loose Dark grey Wet		17	SS	3														2	13	60	25
59.6																						
16.2	END OF BOREHOLE AUGER REFUSAL		18	SS	50/0.08																	
	NOTES: 1. Water level in well screen at a depth of 9.4 m below ground surface (Elev. 66.3 m), measured on Sept. 24, 2017.																					

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+ 3, X 3: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT <u>1662565-1110</u>	RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1109	SHEET 2 OF 2	METRIC
G.W.P. <u>4145-10-00</u>	LOCATION <u>N 5028103.2; E 376067.6 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.389242; LONG. -75.589852)</u>	ORIGINATED BY <u>DG</u>	
DIST <u>Eastern</u> HWY <u>417</u>	BOREHOLE TYPE <u>Power Auger, 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)</u>	COMPILED BY <u>ZS</u>	
DATUM <u>Geodetic</u>	DATE <u>June 29, 2017</u>	CHECKED BY <u>WAM</u>	

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC NATURAL LIQUID LIMIT MOISTURE LIMIT CONTENT			UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	SHEAR STRENGTH kPa					WATER CONTENT (%)			
--- CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE ---						20	40	60	80	100	W _p	W	W _L			
65.5		[Hatched]	10	SS	33											
10.4	(Cl) Silty clay, contains organic matter (TOPSOIL)	[Wavy]														
65.2	Dark grey	[Wavy]														
10.7	(Cl/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY (WEATHERED CRUST) Very stiff Grey-brown Moist	[Hatched]	11	SS	10						○					
		[Hatched]	12	SS	9											
		[Hatched]	13	SS	2						—○—					
62.8	(Cl/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY Stiff to firm Grey Wet	[Hatched]														
13.1		[Hatched]	14	SS	1						—○—					
		[Hatched]														
60.5	(SM) Silty SAND, some gravel, contains cobbles and boulders (TILL) Grey Wet	[Hatched]	15	TP	PH											
15.4		[Hatched]														
59.9	END OF BOREHOLE AUGER REFUSAL	[Hatched]	16	SS	50/0.03											
16.0		[Hatched]														

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+³, ×³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○³% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT 1662565-1110 **RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1110** SHEET 1 OF 4 **METRIC**
 G.W.P. 4145-10-00 LOCATION N 5028121.3; E 376057.8 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.389406; LONG. -75.589974) ORIGINATED BY DG
 DIST Eastern HWY 417 BOREHOLE TYPE Power Auger, 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)/Rotary Drill, HQ Core COMPILED BY ZS
 DATUM Geodetic DATE July 3-5, 2017 CHECKED BY WAM

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)								
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	SHEAR STRENGTH kPa									WATER CONTENT (%)							
						20	40	60	80	100	20	40	60	80	100	25	50	75		GR	SA	SI	CL	
76.0	GROUND SURFACE																							
0.0	ASPHALTIC CONCRETE																							
0.2	(SP) Gravelly sand (FILL) Very dense Grey Moist		1	SS	58																			
75.3	(SP) Sand, trace to some silt, trace gravel (FILL) Compact to very dense Brown Moist		2	SS	31																			
0.7			3	SS	31																			
			4	SS	29																			
			5	SS	20																			
			6	SS	35																			
			7	SS	28																			
			8	SS	51																			
			9	SS	39																			
66.9	(SM) Silty sand (FILL) Dense to loose Brown Moist		10	SS	35																			
9.1																								

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 +³, ×³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT 1662565-1110 **RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1110** SHEET 2 OF 4 **METRIC**
G.W.P. 4145-10-00 **LOCATION** N 5028121.3; E 376057.8 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.389406; LONG. -75.589974) **ORIGINATED BY** DG
DIST Eastern **HWY** 417 **BOREHOLE TYPE** Power Auger, 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)/Rotary Drill, HQ Core **COMPILED BY** ZS
DATUM Geodetic **DATE** July 3-5, 2017 **CHECKED BY** WAM

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)						
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	SHEAR STRENGTH kPa									WATER CONTENT (%)					
						20	40	60	80	100	20	40	60	80	100	25	50	75	GR	SA	SI	CL
65.6 10.4	(ML) Sandy silt, contains organic matter (FILL)		11	SS	9																	
65.3 10.7	Dark grey Wet (CI/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY (WEATHERED CRUST) Very stiff Grey-brown Moist		12	SS	9																	
			13	SS	8																	
			14	SS	1																	
62.9 13.1	(CI/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY Stiff Grey Wet																					
			15	TP	PH																	
61.1 14.9	(ML/SP) SILT and SAND, some gravel and clay (TILL) Loose Dark grey Wet																					
			16	SS	5																	18 40 30 12
59.8 16.2	Shale (BEDROCK) Bedrock cored from depths 16.2 m to 21.9 m For bedrock coring details refer to Record of Drillhole 17-1110		1	RC	REC 100%																	RQD = 59%
			2	RC	REC 100%																	RQD = 81%
			3	RC	REC 100%																	RQD = 68%

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 +³, ×³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT <u>1662565-1110</u>	RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1110	SHEET 3 OF 4	METRIC
G.W.P. <u>4145-10-00</u>	LOCATION <u>N 5028121.3; E 376057.8 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.389406; LONG. -75.589974)</u>	ORIGINATED BY <u>DG</u>	
DIST <u>Eastern</u> HWY <u>417</u>	BOREHOLE TYPE <u>Power Auger, 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)/Rotary Drill, HQ Core</u>	COMPILED BY <u>ZS</u>	
DATUM <u>Geodetic</u>	DATE <u>July 3-5, 2017</u>	CHECKED BY <u>WAM</u>	

ELEV DEPTH	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
			NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
	--- CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE ---																
	Shale (BEDROCK) Bedrock cored from depths 16.2 m to 21.9 m For bedrock coring details refer to Record of Drillhole 17-1110	[Hatched Pattern]	3	RC	REC 100%												RQD = 68%
			4	RC	REC 100%		55										RQD = 90%
54.1 21.9	END OF BOREHOLE NOTES: 1. Water level in open borehole at a depth of 14.5 m below ground surface (Elev. 61.5), measured during drilling.																

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+³, X³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT 1662565-1110 **RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1111** SHEET 1 OF 3 **METRIC**
G.W.P. 4145-10-00 **LOCATION** N 5028135.2; E 376046.0 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.389532; LONG. -75.590123) **ORIGINATED BY** DG
DIST Eastern **HWY** 417 **BOREHOLE TYPE** Power Auger, 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)/Rotary Drill, NW Casing **COMPILED BY** ZS
DATUM Geodetic **DATE** August 24-25, 2017 **CHECKED BY** WAM

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)							
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	SHEAR STRENGTH kPa									WATER CONTENT (%)						
						20	40	60	80	100	20	40	60	80	100	25	50	75	GR	SA	SI	CL	
70.4	GROUND SURFACE																						
0.0	(SM) Gravelly silty sand, trace clay (FILL) Compact to dense Brown Moist																						
			1	SS	20																		
			2	SS	32																		
			3	SS	30																		
67.4	(SM) Silty sand, trace gravel (FILL) Compact Brown Moist																						
3.1			4	SS	15																		
			5	SS	24																		
65.8	(CI/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY (WEATHERED CRUST) Very stiff to stiff Grey-brown Moist																						
4.6			6	SS	10																		
			7	SS	10																		
			8	SS	6																		
			9	SS	2																		
62.9	(CL/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY Stiff to firm Grey Wet																						
7.5			10	SS	1																		
61.3	(ML/SP) SILT and SAND, some gravel and clay, contains cobbles and boulders (TILL) Compact to very loose Dark grey Wet																						
9.1			11	SS	18																		

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 +³, ×³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT 1662565-1110 **RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1111** SHEET 2 OF 3 **METRIC**
 G.W.P. 4145-10-00 LOCATION N 5028135.2; E 376046.0 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.389532; LONG. -75.590123) ORIGINATED BY DG
 DIST Eastern HWY 417 BOREHOLE TYPE Power Auger, 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)/Rotary Drill, NW Casing COMPILED BY ZS
 DATUM Geodetic DATE August 24-25, 2017 CHECKED BY WAM

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL				
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	SHEAR STRENGTH kPa									WATER CONTENT (%)			
						20	40	60	80	100	20	40	60	80	100	25	50	75		
58.2	(ML/SP) SILT and SAND, some gravel and clay, contains cobbles and boulders (TILL) Compact to very loose Dark grey Wet		12	SS	WH															15 43 30 12
12.2	Shale (BEDROCK) Bedrock cored from depths of 12.2 m to 16.3 m For bedrock coring details refer to Record of Drillhole 17-1111		1	RC	REC 100%															RQD = 52%
			2	RC	REC 95%															RQD = 22%
			3	RC	REC 99%															RQD = 55%
54.1	END OF BOREHOLE NOTES: 1. Water level in open borehole at a depth of 8.8 m below ground surface (Elev. 64.6), measured during drilling.																			

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+³, ×³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT <u>1662565-1110</u>	RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1113	SHEET 1 OF 3	METRIC
G.W.P. <u>4145-10-00</u>	LOCATION <u>N 5028164.4; E 376031.8 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.389797; LONG. -75.590301)</u>	ORIGINATED BY <u>RI</u>	
DIST <u>Eastern</u> HWY <u>417</u>	BOREHOLE TYPE <u>Portable Drill, BW Casing/Rotary Drill, BQ Rod</u>	COMPILED BY <u>ZS</u>	
DATUM <u>Geodetic</u>	DATE <u>August 27-28, 2017</u>	CHECKED BY <u>WAM</u>	

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)							
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	SHEAR STRENGTH kPa									WATER CONTENT (%)						
						20	40	60	80	100	20	40	60	80	100	25	50	75	GR	SA	SI	CL	
66.9 0.0	GROUND SURFACE (SP) Sand, trace gravel, contains organic matter (FILL) Compact Brown to dark brown Moist to wet		1	SS	14																		
			2	SS	22																		
65.4 1.5	(CL/ML) Sandy silty clay to clayey silt, trace gravel (FILL) Grey Moist		3	SS	11																		
64.6 2.3	(CI/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY, trace to some sand (WEATHERED CRUST) Very stiff Grey-brown Moist		4	SS	7																		
			5	SS	14																		
			6	SS	6																		
63.2 3.7	(CI/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY, trace sand Stiff to firm Grey Wet		7	SS	2																		
61.4 5.5	(ML) CLAYEY SILT, some sand Firm Grey Wet		8	SS	3																		
			9	SS	7																		
60.8 6.1	(ML/SP) SILT and SAND, some gravel and clay, contains cobbles and boulders (TILL) Very loose to loose Dark brown Wet		10	SS	5																		
59.1 7.8	Shale (BEDROCK) Bedrock cored from depths of 7.8 m to 10.8 m For bedrock coring details refer to Record of Drillhole 17-1113		11	SS	50/0.15																		
			1	RC	REC 89%																		
			2	RC	REC 99%																		

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 +³, ×³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT <u>1662565-1110</u>	RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1113	SHEET 2 OF 3	METRIC
G.W.P. <u>4145-10-00</u>	LOCATION <u>N 5028164.4; E 376031.8 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.389797; LONG. -75.590301)</u>	ORIGINATED BY <u>RI</u>	
DIST <u>Eastern</u> HWY <u>417</u>	BOREHOLE TYPE <u>Portable Drill, BW Casing/Rotary Drill, BQ Rod</u>	COMPILED BY <u>ZS</u>	
DATUM <u>Geodetic</u>	DATE <u>August 27-28, 2017</u>	CHECKED BY <u>WAM</u>	

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC NATURAL LIQUID LIMIT MOISTURE LIMIT CONTENT			UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	20	40	60	80	100	W _p	W			W _L
56.1	10.8	--- CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE ---	2	RC	REC 99%												
	END OF BOREHOLE NOTES: 1. Water level in open borehole at a depth of 1.3 m below ground surface (Elev. 65.6), measured during drilling.																

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+³, X³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT 1662565-1110 **RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1114** SHEET 1 OF 3 **METRIC**
G.W.P. 4145-10-00 **LOCATION** N 5028179.8; E 376023.8 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.389935; LONG. -75.590399) **ORIGINATED BY** DG
DIST Eastern **HWY** 417 **BOREHOLE TYPE** Portable Drill, NW-BW Casing/Rotary Drill, HW-BW Casing **COMPILED BY** ZS
DATUM Geodetic **DATE** August 29-30, 2017 **CHECKED BY** WAM

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)									
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	SHEAR STRENGTH kPa									WATER CONTENT (%)								
						20	40	60	80	100	20	40	60	80	100	25	50	75	GR	SA	SI	CL			
70.4	GROUND SURFACE																								
0.0	(SM) Gravelly silty sand (TOPSOIL/FILL)	[Hatched pattern]	1	SS	17																				
0.2	Dark brown Moist (SP) Sand, trace to some gravel, trace silt (FILL) Compact to dense Brown Moist		2	SS	25																				
			3	SS	42																				
68.6	(SP) Gravelly sand, some silt (FILL) Compact to dense Brown Wet		4	SS	30																20	65	13	2	
			5	SS	18																				
67.1	(SP) Sand, some silt, trace clay (FILL) Compact to dense Grey-brown Moist		6	SS	48																				
			7	SS	19																				
			8	SS	47																	0	80	16	4
65.5	(ML) Clayey silt, trace to some sand, contains organic matter (rootlets, wood) (FILL) Grey-brown Moist		9	SS	10																				
			10	SS	11																	0	11	50	39
64.2	(CI/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY, trace sand (WEATHERED CRUST) Very stiff Grey-brown Moist		11	SS	12																				
			12	SS	12																				
			13	SS	9																				
62.5	(CL/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY Stiff to firm Grey Moist to wet																								
			14	SS	3																				
60.7																									
9.8																									

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 +³, ×³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT <u>1662565-1110</u>	RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1114	SHEET 2 OF 3	METRIC
G.W.P. <u>4145-10-00</u>	LOCATION <u>N 5028179.8; E 376023.8 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.389935; LONG. -75.590399)</u>	ORIGINATED BY <u>DG</u>	
DIST <u>Eastern</u> HWY <u>417</u>	BOREHOLE TYPE <u>Portable Drill, NW-BW Casing/Rotary Drill, HW-BW Casing</u>	COMPILED BY <u>ZS</u>	
DATUM <u>Geodetic</u>	DATE <u>August 29-30, 2017</u>	CHECKED BY <u>WAM</u>	

ELEV DEPTH	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)		
			NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			20	40	60	80	100						25	50
60.3	(ML) CLAYEY SILT Firm Dark grey Wet		15	SS	3														
	(SM) Silty SAND, some gravel and clay, contains cobbles and boulders (TILL) Very loose to loose Dark grey Wet		16	SS	6													19 42 27 12	
			17	SS	2													CHEM	
58.4			18	SS	8														
12.0	Shale (BEDROCK) Bedrock cored from depths of 12.0 m to 15.3 m For bedrock coring details refer to Record of Drillhole 17-1114		1	RC	REC 100%													RQD = 86%	
			2	RC	REC 100%														RQD = 70%
			3	RC	REC 100%														RQD = 57%
55.1	END OF BOREHOLE																		
15.3																			

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+³, ×³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT 1662565-1110 **RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1115** SHEET 2 OF 4 **METRIC**
 G.W.P. 4145-10-00 LOCATION N 5028195.6; E 376020.9 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.390079; LONG. -75.590435) ORIGINATED BY RI
 DIST Eastern HWY 417 BOREHOLE TYPE Power Auger, 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)/Rotary Drill, NQ Core COMPILED BY ZS
 DATUM Geodetic DATE June 28 - July 4, 2017 CHECKED BY WAM

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC NATURAL LIQUID LIMIT			UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)					
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			20	40	60	80	100			W _p	W	W _L	GR	SA
65.5	(ML) Sandy SILT, contains organic matter (rootlets) Compact Grey Moist (CI/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY, trace sand (WEATHERED CRUST) Very stiff to stiff Grey-brown Moist	14	SS	20														
10.5		15	SS	14													0 5 49 46	
63.4		16	SS	8														
12.5	(CI/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY, trace sand Stiff Grey Moist to wet	17	SS	1														
60.7		18	SS	WH														
15.2	(CI/CH-ML) SILTY CLAY to CLAYEY SILT, contains silty sand seams Firm Grey Wet	19	SS	1														
59.9		20	SS	WH														
16.0	(ML/SP) SILT and SAND, some gravel and clay, contains cobbles and boulders (TILL) Very loose to compact Dark brown to black Wet	21	SS	WH													16 41 31 12	
57.8		22	SS	18														
18.1		Shale (BEDROCK) Bedrock cored from depths 18.1 m to 21.7 m For bedrock coring details refer to Record of Drillhole 17-1115	1	RC	REC 100%													RQD = 74%
		2	RC	REC 100%														RQD = 100%
		3	RC	REC 97%														RQD = 88%

GTA-MTO 001 N:\ACTIVE\SPATIAL_IMMTO\HWY417\REHAB&WIDENING\02_DATA\GINT\1662565.GPJ GAL-GTA.GDT 9/16/19 ZS

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 +³, ×³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT <u>1662565-1110</u>	RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1115	SHEET 3 OF 4	METRIC
G.W.P. <u>4145-10-00</u>	LOCATION <u>N 5028195.6; E 376020.9 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.390079; LONG. -75.590435)</u>	ORIGINATED BY <u>RI</u>	
DIST <u>Eastern</u> HWY <u>417</u>	BOREHOLE TYPE <u>Power Auger, 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)/Rotary Drill, NQ Core</u>	COMPILED BY <u>ZS</u>	
DATUM <u>Geodetic</u>	DATE <u>June 28 - July 4, 2017</u>	CHECKED BY <u>WAM</u>	

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC NATURAL LIQUID LIMIT MOISTURE LIMIT CONTENT			UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	20	40	60	80	100	W _p	W			W _L
54.2	21.7	--- CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE --- Shale (BEDROCK) Bedrock cored from depths 18.1 m to 21.7 m For bedrock coring details refer to Record of Drillhole 17-1115	3	RC	REC 97%												
			4	RC	REC 96%												
		END OF BOREHOLE NOTES: 1. Water level in well screen at a depth of 10.3 m below ground surface (Elev. 65.6 m), measured on Sept. 25, 2017.															

GTA-MTO 001 N:\ACTIVE\SPATIAL_IMMTO\HWY417\REHAB&WIDENING\02_DATA\GINT\1662565.GPJ GAL-GTA.GDT 9/16/19 ZS

+³, ×³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT <u>1662565-1110</u>	RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1116	SHEET 1 OF 2	METRIC
G.W.P. <u>4145-10-00</u>	LOCATION <u>N 5028207.2; E 376015.1 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.390183; LONG. -75.590507)</u>	ORIGINATED BY <u>RI</u>	
DIST <u>Eastern</u> HWY <u>417</u>	BOREHOLE TYPE <u>Power Auger, 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)</u>	COMPILED BY <u>ZS</u>	
DATUM <u>Geodetic</u>	DATE <u>July 4-5, 2017</u>	CHECKED BY <u>WAM</u>	

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)								
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	SHEAR STRENGTH kPa									WATER CONTENT (%)							
						20	40	60	80	100	20	40	60	80	100	25	50	75		GR	SA	SI	CL	
75.9	GROUND SURFACE																							
0.0	ASPHALTIC CONCRETE																							
0.2	(SP) Gravelly sand (FILL) Dense Grey Moist		1	SS	40																			
75.2	(SP) Sand, trace gravel (FILL) Compact Brown Moist		2	SS	29																			
0.7	(SP) Sand, trace gravel (FILL) Compact Brown Moist																							
74.4	(SP/GP) Sand, some gravel, some silt (FILL) Dense to compact Grey Moist		3	SS	35																			
1.5	(SP/GP) Sand, some gravel, some silt (FILL) Dense to compact Grey Moist		4	SS	37																			
72.6	(SP) Sand, some gravel and silt (FILL) Compact to very dense Brown Moist		5	SS	24																			
3.4	(SP) Sand, some gravel and silt (FILL) Compact to very dense Brown Moist		6	SS	27																			
			7	SS	28																			
			8	SS	52																			
			9	SS	74																			
			10	SS	58																			
			11	SS	32																			
67.7	(SM) Silty sand, trace to some gravel, contains silty clay layers (FILL) Compact to very dense Brown Moist		12	SS	28																			
8.2	(SM) Silty sand, trace to some gravel, contains silty clay layers (FILL) Compact to very dense Brown Moist																							
			13	SS	53																			
66.1																								
9.8																								

GTA-MTO 001 N:\ACTIVE\SPATIAL_IMMTO\HWY417\REHAB&WIDENING\02_DATA\GINT\1662565.GPJ GAL-GTA.GDT 9/16/19 ZS

Continued Next Page

 +³, ×³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

PROJECT 1662565-1110 **RECORD OF BOREHOLE No 17-1116** **SHEET 2 OF 2** **METRIC**
G.W.P. 4145-10-00 **LOCATION** N 5028207.2; E 376015.1 NAD 83 MTM ZONE 9 (LAT. 45.390183; LONG. -75.590507) **ORIGINATED BY** RI
DIST Eastern **HWY** 417 **BOREHOLE TYPE** Power Auger, 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem) **COMPILED BY** ZS
DATUM Geodetic **DATE** July 4-5, 2017 **CHECKED BY** WAM

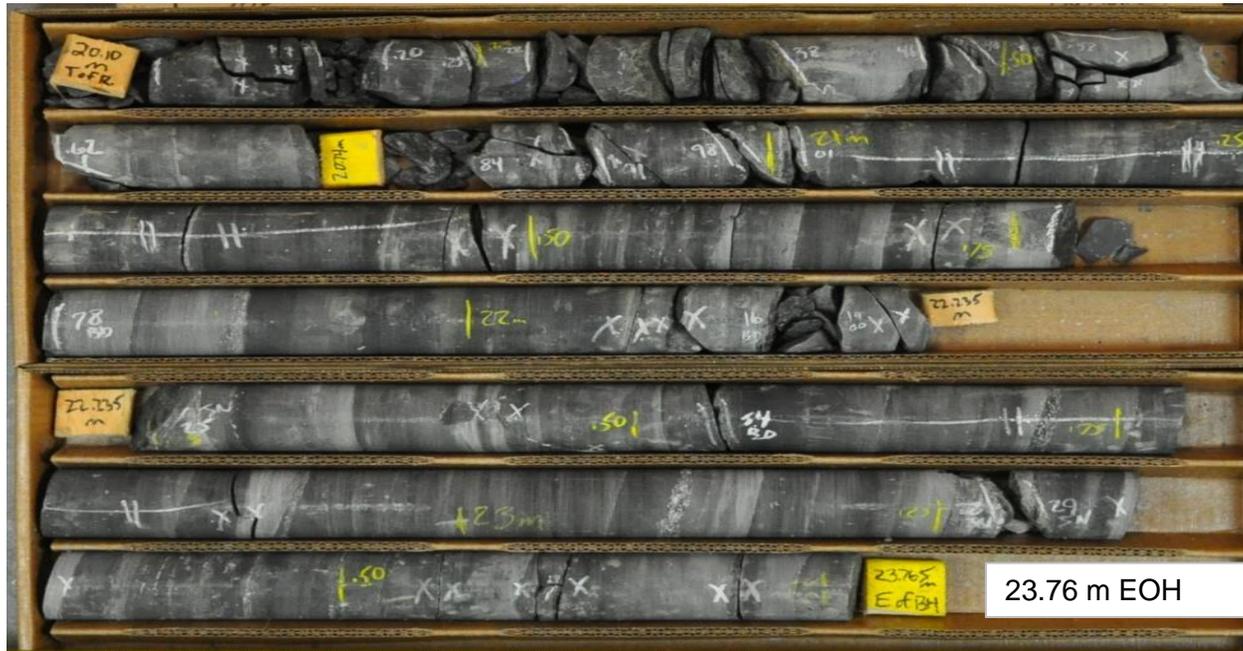
SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)							
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	SHEAR STRENGTH kPa									WATER CONTENT (%)						
						20	40	60	80	100	20	40	60	80	100	25	50	75	GR	SA	SI	CL	
65.7 10.2	(SP) Sand, trace silt (FILL) Compact Grey-brown Wet		14	SS	26																		
65.2 10.7	(ML) Sandy silt (FILL) Compact Grey Moist		15	SS	13																		
63.4 12.5	(CI/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY, trace sand (WEATHERED CRUST) Very stiff Grey-brown Moist		16	SS	6																		
63.4 12.5	(CI/CH) SILTY CLAY to CLAY Firm to stiff Grey Moist to wet		17	SS	4																		
60.7 15.2	(CL) SILTY CLAY, trace sand Firm Grey Wet		18	TP	PH																		
60.1 15.8	(ML) Sandy SILT, trace gravel Dark grey Wet		19	SS	3																		
57.7 18.2	(ML/SP) SILT and SAND, some gravel and clay, contains cobbles and boulders (TILL) Very loose Dark brown to black Wet		20	SS	WH															16	41	31	12
57.7 18.2	END OF BOREHOLE AUGER REFUSAL		21	SS	2																		
57.7 18.2	END OF BOREHOLE AUGER REFUSAL		22	SS	50/0.13																		

GTA-MTO 001 N:\ACTIVE\SPATIAL_IMMTO\HWY417REHAB&WIDENING02_DATA\GINT\1662565.GPJ GAL-GTA.GDT 9/16/19 ZS

+³, X³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

BH 17-1102 (Dry)
Cored Length of 20.10 to 23.76 metres
Core Box 1 and 2 of 2

20.10 m Top of Bedrock



23.76 m EOH



Foundation Investigation

CNR Overhead

Ottawa, Ontario

Project No.	1662565 / 1110
Drawn:	KS
Date:	2017-09-01
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Figure A1

BH 17-1102 (Wet)
Cored Length of 20.10 to 23.76 metres
Core Box 1 and 2 of 2

20.10 m Top of Bedrock



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Figure A2

BH 17-1103 (Dry)
Cored Length of 12.55 to 17.07 metres
Core Box 1 and 2 of 2

12.55 m

13.63 m Top of Bedrock



Note: Material in core box from 12.55 to 13.63 is gravel and cobbles in Till.



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Figure A3

BH 17-1103 (Wet)
Cored Length of 12.55 to 17.07 metres
Core Box 1 and 2 of 2

12.55 m

13.63 m Top of Bedrock



17.07 m EOH

Note: Material in core box from 12.55 to 13.63 is gravel and cobbles in Till.



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Figure A4

BH 17-1104 (Dry)
Cored Length of 8.78 to 11.87 metres
Core Box 1 and 2 of 2

8.78 m Top of Bedrock



11.87 m EOH



Foundation Investigation
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Figure A5

BH 17-1104 (Wet)
Cored Length of 8.78 to 11.87 metres
Core Box 1 and 2 of 2

8.78 m Top of Bedrock



11.87 m EOH



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Figure A6

BH 17-1106 (Dry)
Cored Length of 11.25 to 12.79 metres
Core Box 1 of 1

11.25 m Top of Bedrock



Foundation Investigation
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Figure A7

BH 17-1106 (Wet)
Cored Length of 11.25 to 12.79 metres
Core Box 1 of 1

11.25 m Top of Bedrock



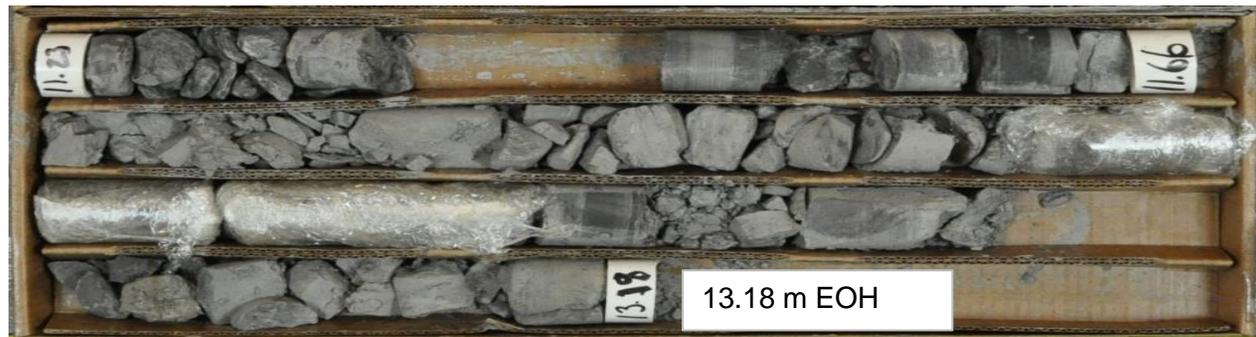
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CNR Overhead
Ottawa, Ontario

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Date:	2017-09-01
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Figure A8

BH 17-1106A (Dry)
Cored Length of 11.23 to 13.18 metres
Core Box 1 of 1

11.23 m Top of Bedrock



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Figure A9

BH 17-1106A (Wet)
Cored Length of 11.23 to 13.18 metres
Core Box 1 of 1

11.23 m Top of Bedrock



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Figure A10

BH 17-1107 (Dry)
Cored Length of 16.15 to 19.20 metres
Core Box 1 of 1

16.15 m Top of Bedrock



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Figure A11

BH 17-1107 (Wet)
Cored Length of 16.15 to 19.20 metres
Core Box 1 of 1

16.15 m Top of Bedrock



19.20 m EOH



Foundation Investigation

CNR Overhead

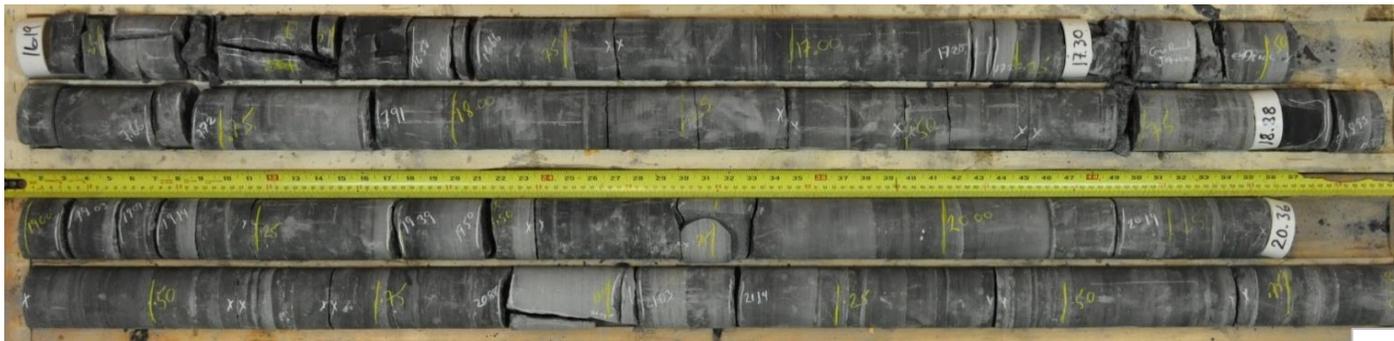
Ottawa, Ontario

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Figure A12

BH 17-1110 (Dry)
Cored Length of 16.19 to 21.88 metres
Core Box 1 and 2 of 2

16.19 m Top of Bedrock



21.88 m EOH



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Figure A13

BH 17-1110 (Wet)
Cored Length of 16.19 to 21.88 metres
Core Box 1 and 2 of 2

16.19 m Top of Bedrock



21.88 m EOH

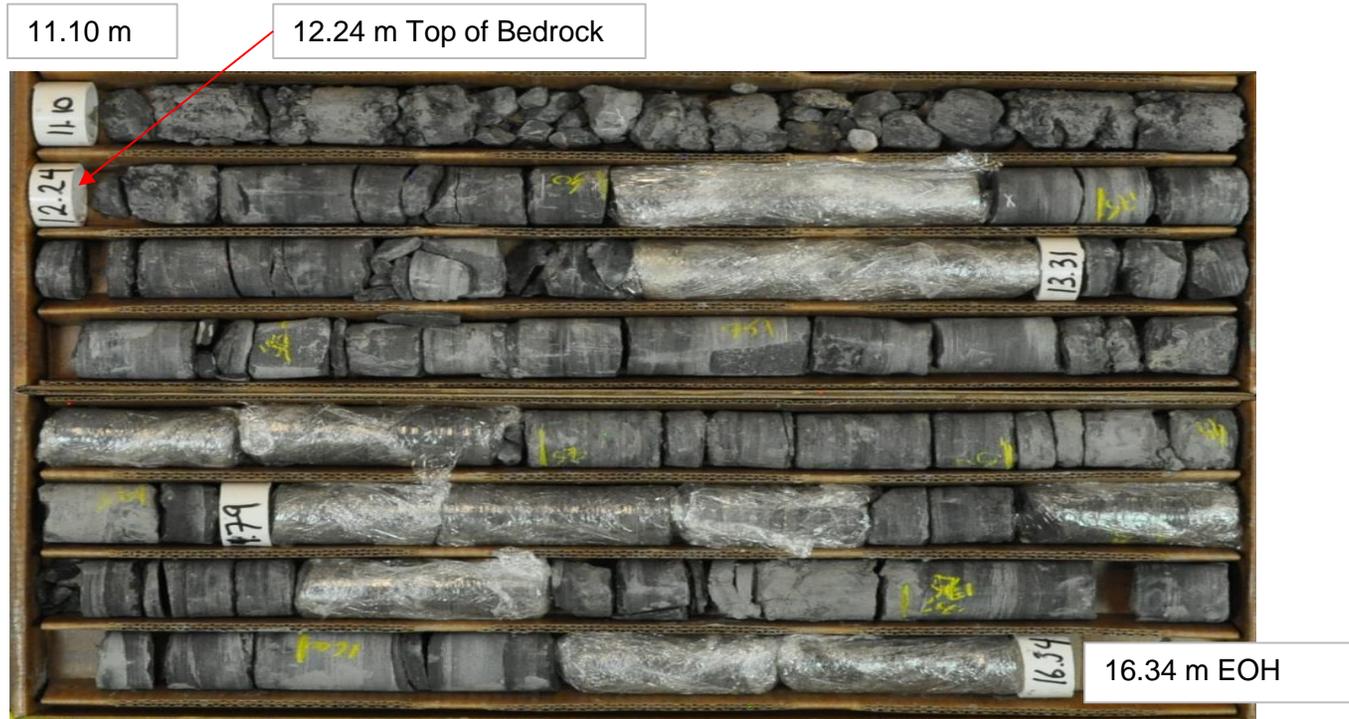


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CNR Overhead
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Figure A14

BH 17-1111 (Dry)
Cored Length of 11.10 to 16.34 metres
Core Box 1 and 2 of 2



Note: Material in core box from 11.10 to 12.24 is gravel and cobbles in Till.



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Figure A15

BH 17-1111 (Wet)
Cored Length of 11.10 to 16.34 metres
Core Box 1 and 2 of 2



Note: Material in core box from 11.10 to 12.24 is gravel and cobbles in Till.



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Figure A17

BH 17-1113 (Dry)
Cored Length of 7.77 to 10.78 metres
Core Box 1 of 1

7.77 m Top of Bedrock



10.78 m EOH



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Figure A17

BH 17-1113 (Wet)
Cored Length of 7.77 to 10.78 metres
Core Box 1 of 1

7.77 m Top of Bedrock



10.78 m EOH



Foundation Investigation

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Figure A18

BH 17-1114 (Dry)
Cored Length of 11.96 to 15.27 metres
Core Box 1 and 2 of 2

11.96 m Top of Bedrock



15.27 m EOH



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Figure A19

BH 17-1114 (Wet)
Cored Length of 11.96 to 15.27 metres
Core Box 1 and 2 of 2

11.96 m Top of Bedrock



15.27 m EOH



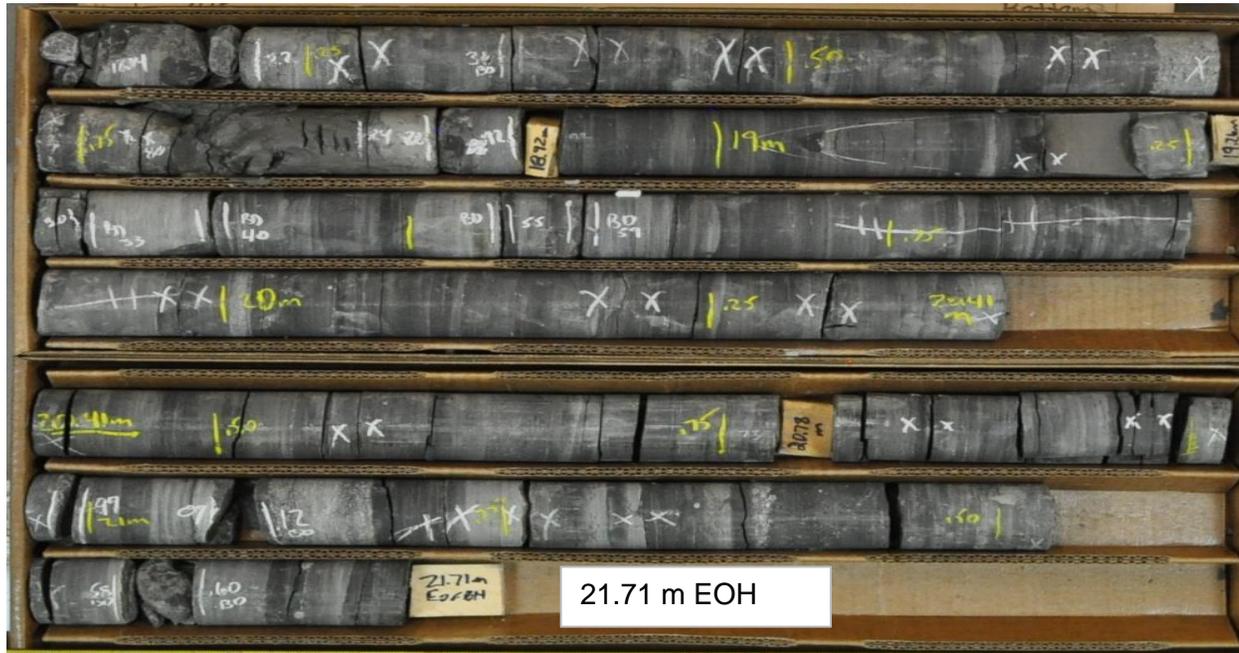
Foundation Investigation
CNR Overhead
Ottawa, Ontario

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Drawn:	KS
Date:	2017-09-01
Checked:	SAT
Review:	FJH

Figure A20

BH 17-1115 (Dry)
Cored Length of 18.14 to 21.71 metres
Core Box 1 and 2 of 2

18.14 m Top of Bedrock



21.71 m EOH



Foundation Investigation

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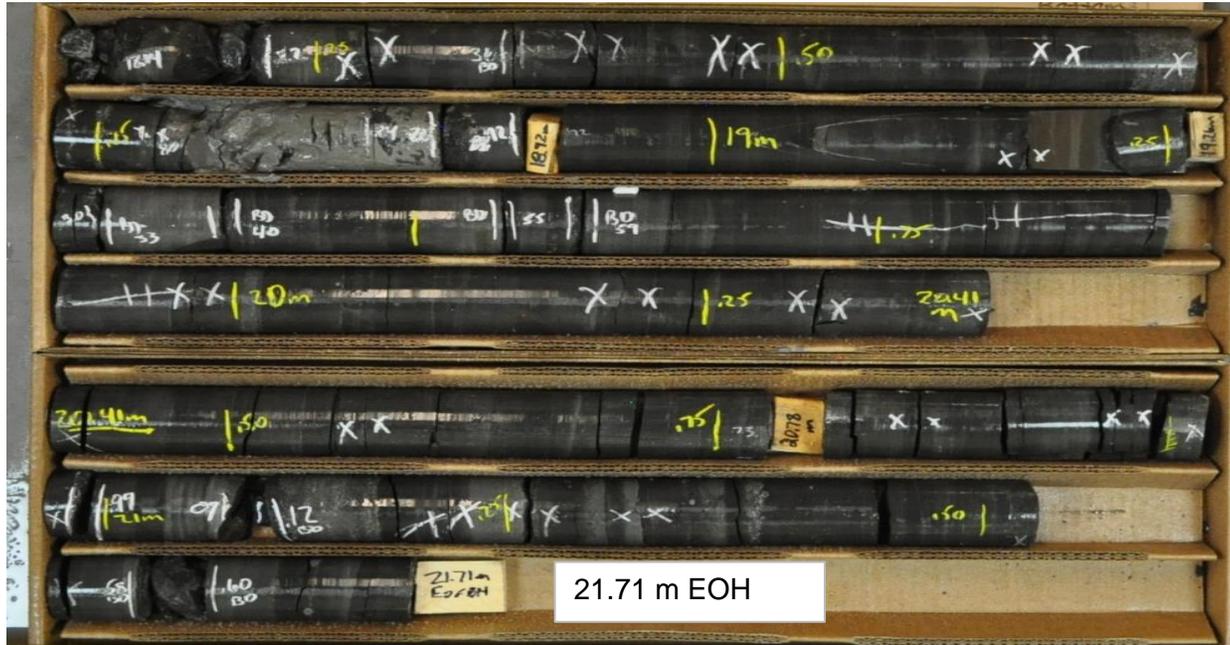
Ottawa, Ontario

Project No.	1662565 / 1110
Drawn:	KS
Date:	2017-09-01
Checked:	SAT
Review:	FJH

Figure A21

BH 17-1115 (Wet)
Cored Length of 18.14 to 21.71 metres
Core Box 1 and 2 of 2

18.14 m Top of Bedrock



21.71 m EOH



Foundation Investigation
CNR Overhead
Ottawa, Ontario

Project No.	1662565 / 1110
Drawn:	KS
Date:	2017-09-01
Checked:	SAT
Review:	FJH

Figure A22

APPENDIX B

Laboratory Test Results, Current Investigation

Figures B1a & B1b – Grain Size Distribution Test Results – Fill

Figure B2 – Plasticity Chart – Weathered Silty Clay to Clay

Figure B3 – Grain Size Distribution Test Results – Weathered Silty Clay to Clay

Figure B4 – Plasticity Chart – Unweathered Silty Clay to Clay

Figure B5 – Grain Size Distribution Test Results – Unweathered Silty Clay to Clay

Figures B6 & B7 – Consolidation Test Results

Figure B8 – Plasticity Chart – Silt and Sand, Silty Sand, and Clayey Silt Till

Figure B9a – Grain Size Distribution Test Results – Silty Sand, Sandy Silt, Sand and Gravel,
and Clayey Silt Till

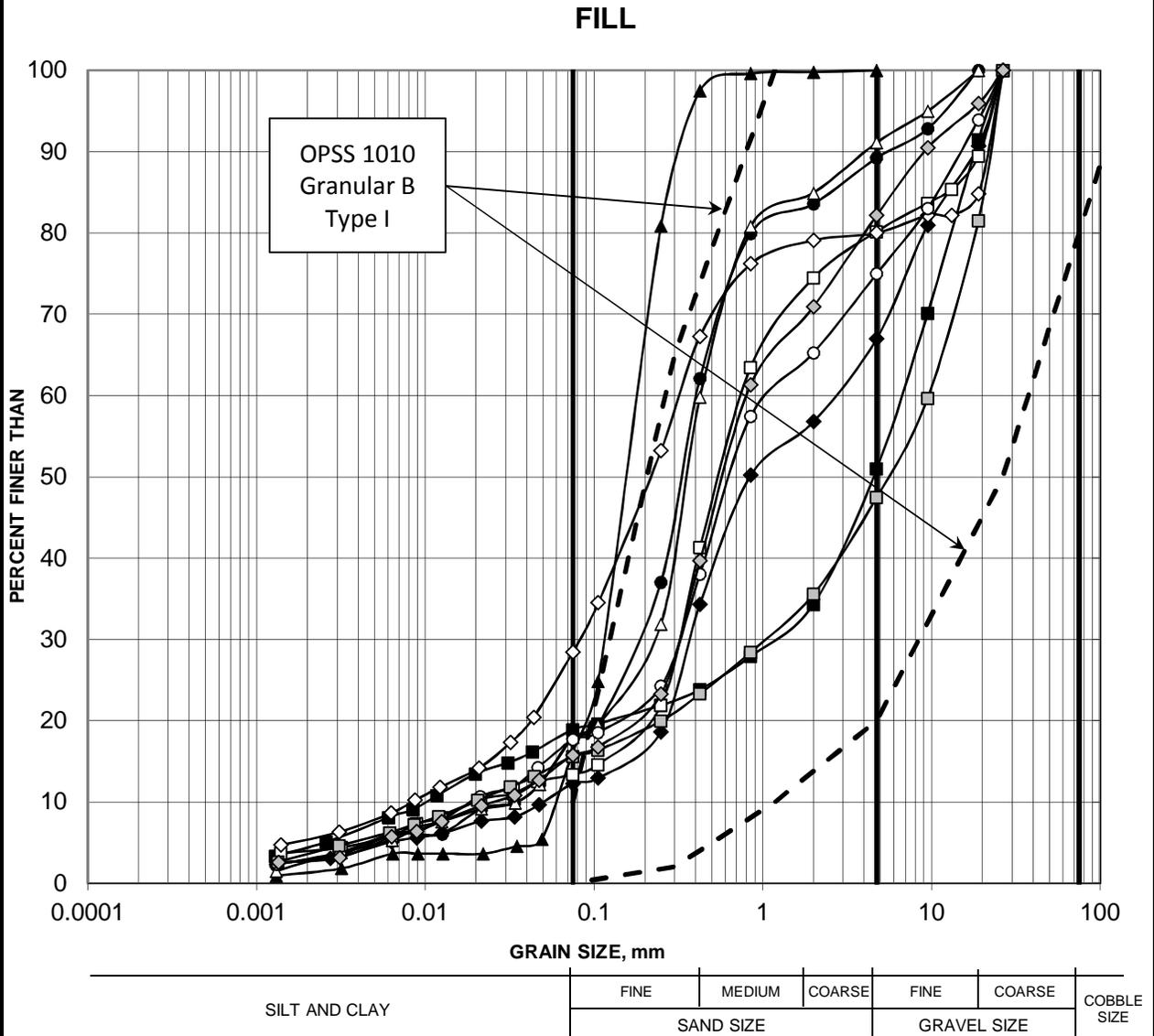
Figure B9b – Grain Size Distribution Test Results – Silt and Sand to Silty Sand Till

Figure B10 – Summary of Laboratory Compressive Strength Testing – Unconfined
Compression Tests

Figure B11 – Summary of Engineering Properties

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

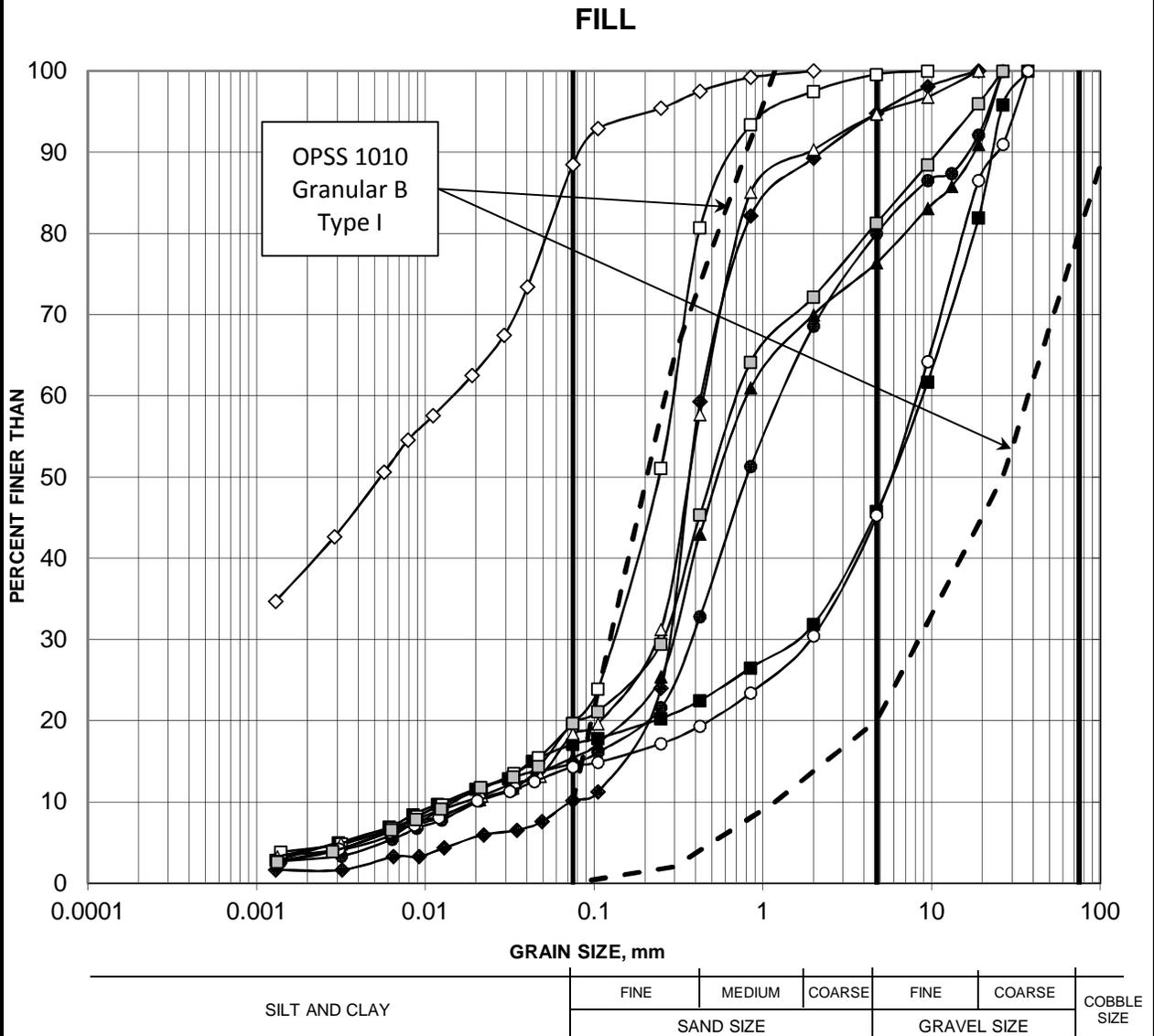
FIGURE B1a



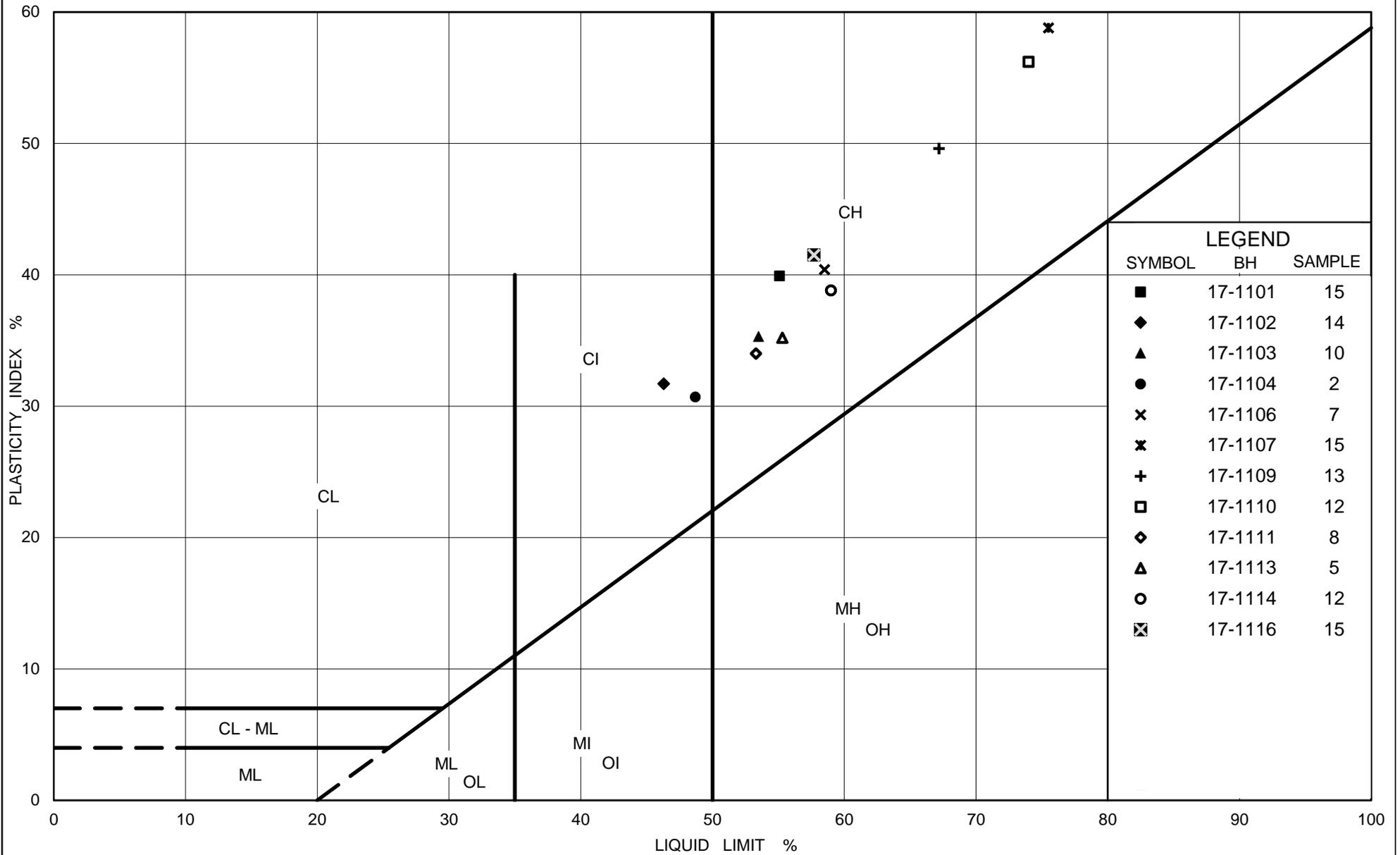
Borehole	Sample	Depth (m)
■ 17-1101	4	2.29-2.90
◆ 17-1101	8	5.33-5.94
▲ 17-1101	12	8.38-8.99
● 17-1102	6	3.81-4.42
□ 17-1103	3	1.22-1.83
◇ 17-1106	5A	3.81-4.27
△ 17-1107	6	3.81-4.42
○ 17-1107	11	7.62-8.23
▣ 17-1108	4	2.29-2.90
◇ 17-1108	9	6.10-6.71

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

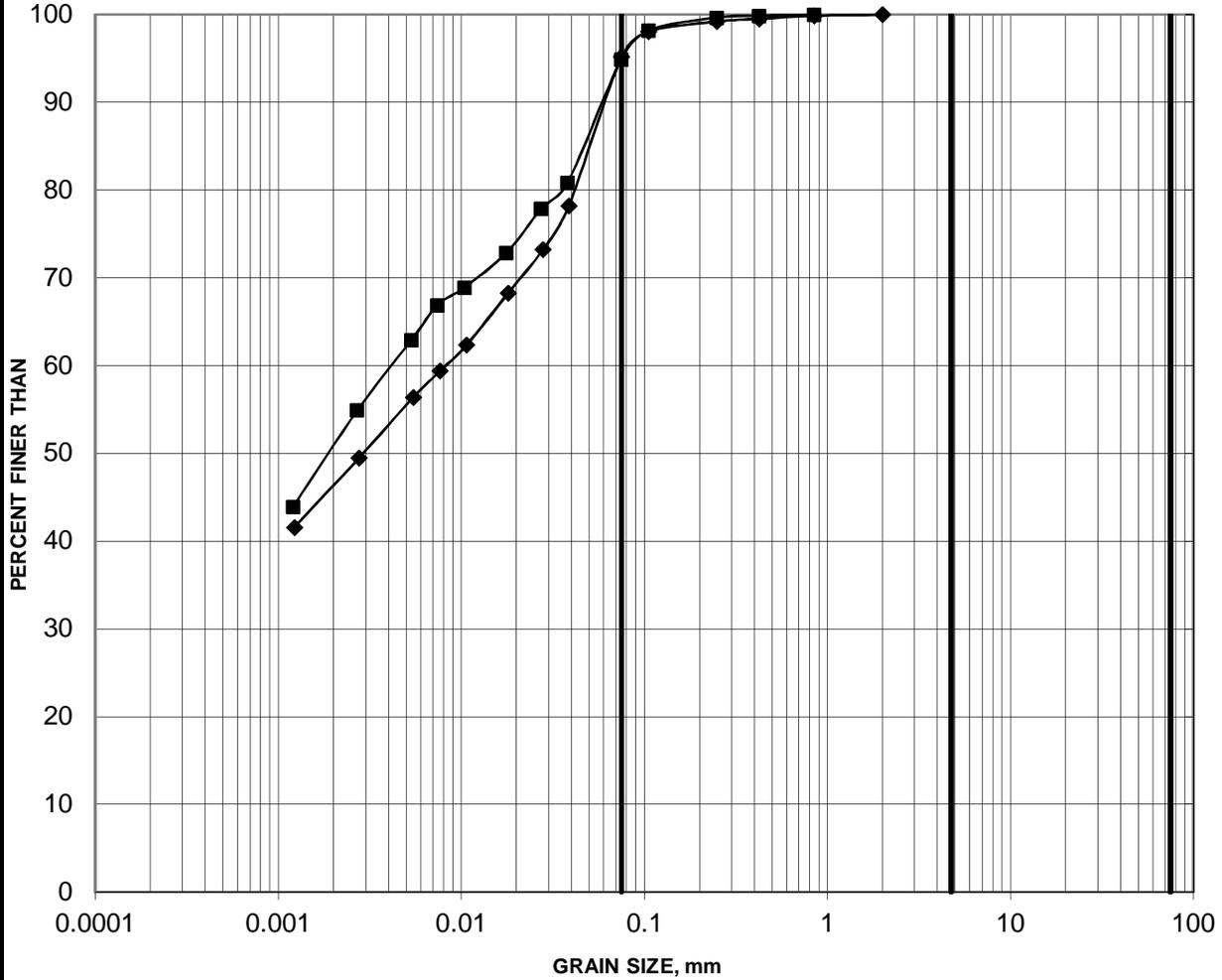
FIGURE B1b



Borehole	Sample	Depth (m)
■ 17-1109	3	1.52-2.13
◆ 17-1110	7	4.57-5.18
▲ 17-1111	2	1.52-2.13
● 17-1114	4	1.83-2.44
□ 17-1114	8	4.27-4.88
◇ 17-1114	10	5.49-6.10
△ 17-1115	8	5.33-5.94
○ 17-1116	4	2.29-2.90
◻ 17-1116	10	6.86-7.47

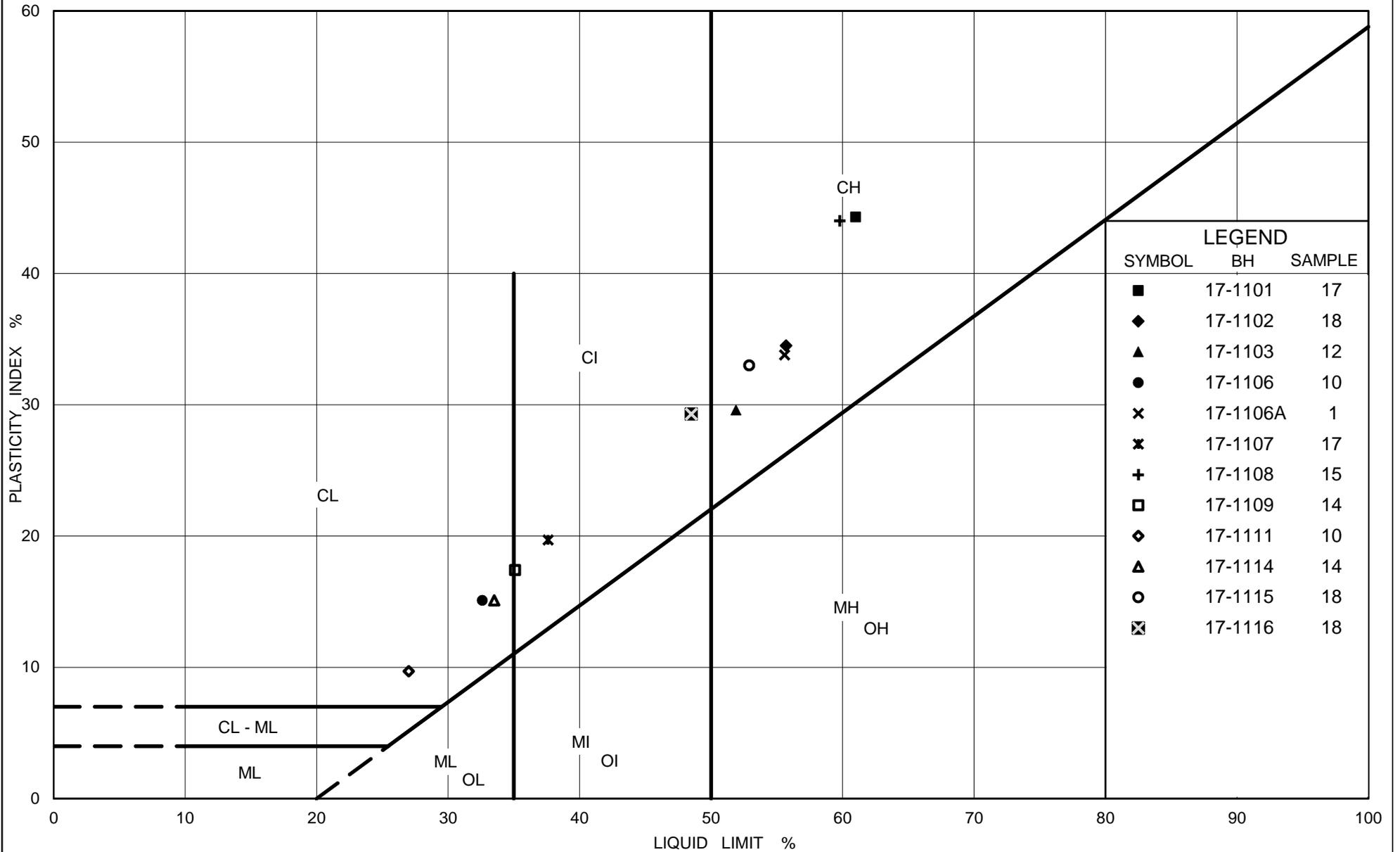


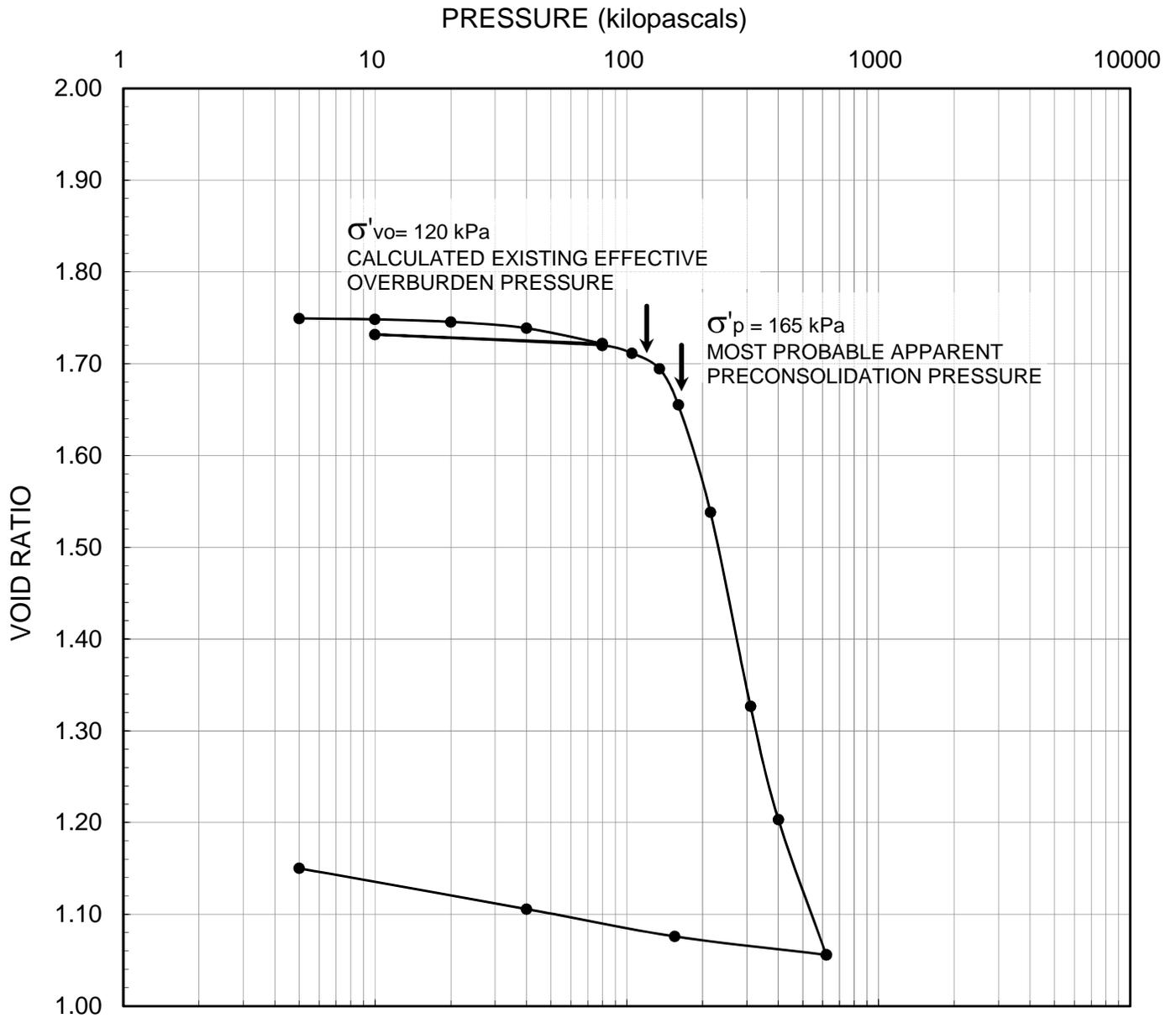
WEATHERED SILTY CLAY to CLAY



SILT AND CLAY	FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	COBBLE SIZE
	SAND SIZE			GRAVEL SIZE		

Borehole	Sample	Depth (m)
17-1108	13	10.67-11.28
17-1115	15	10.67-11.28





LEGEND

Borehole: 17-1106A	$w_i = 62\%$	$S_o = 100\%$	$\gamma = 16.2$ kN/m ³
Sample: 1	$w_f = 42\%$	$e_o = 1.75$	$G_s = 2.79$
Depth (m): 8.1	$w_l = 56\%$	$C_c = 1.33$	
Elevation (m): 62.2	$w_p = 22\%$	$C_r = 0.013$	



GOLDER

SCALE	AS SHOWN
DATE	12/20/17
CADD	N/A
ENTERED	CNM

TITLE

CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

FILE No. Consolidation summary

CHECK	AC
-------	----

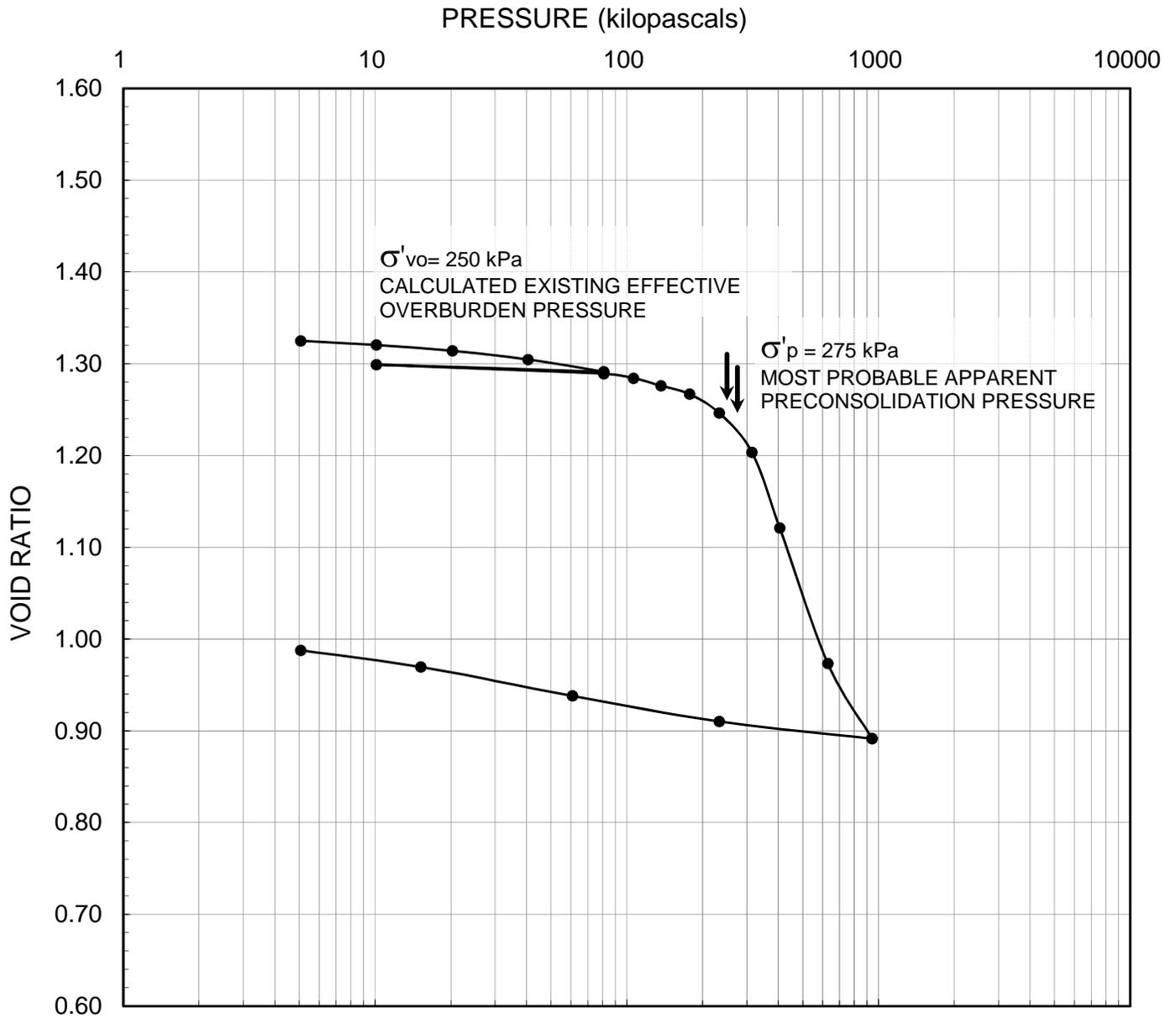
PROJECT No. 1662565 /1110

REV. 2

REVIEW	SAT
--------	-----

FIGURE

B6



LEGEND

Borehole: 17-1116	$w_i = 46\%$	$S_o = 97\%$	$\gamma = 17.1 \text{ kN/m}^3$
Sample: 18	$w_f = 35\%$	$e_o = 1.33$	$G_s = 2.78$
Depth (m): 14.1	$w_l = 49\%$	$C_c = 0.76$	
Elevation (m): 61.8	$w_p = 19\%$	$C_r = 0.011$	



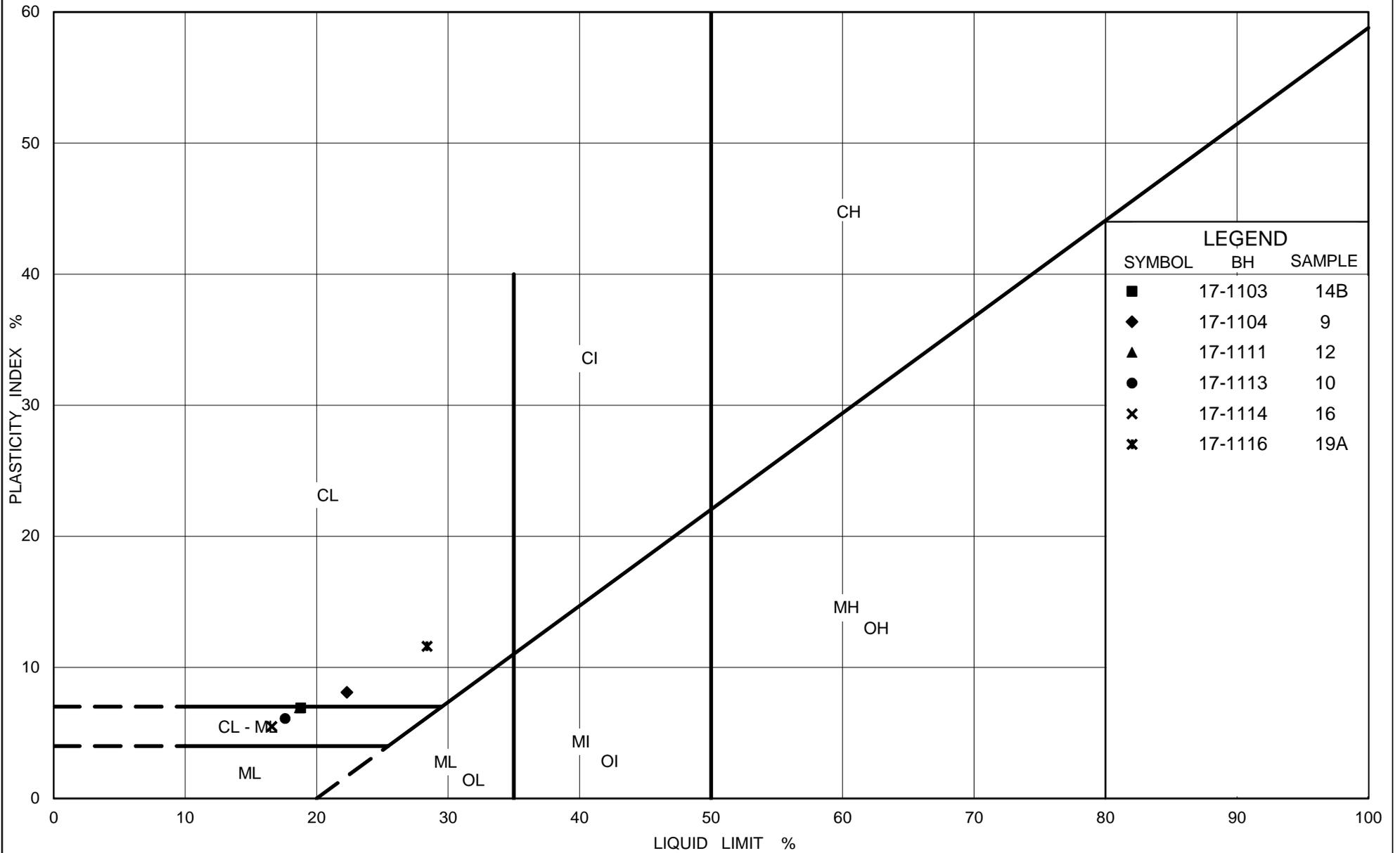
SCALE	AS SHOWN
DATE	12/20/17
CADD	N/A
ENTERED	CNM

TITLE
CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

FILE No.	Consolidation summary
PROJECT No.	1662565 /1110

CHECK	AC
REVIEW	SAT

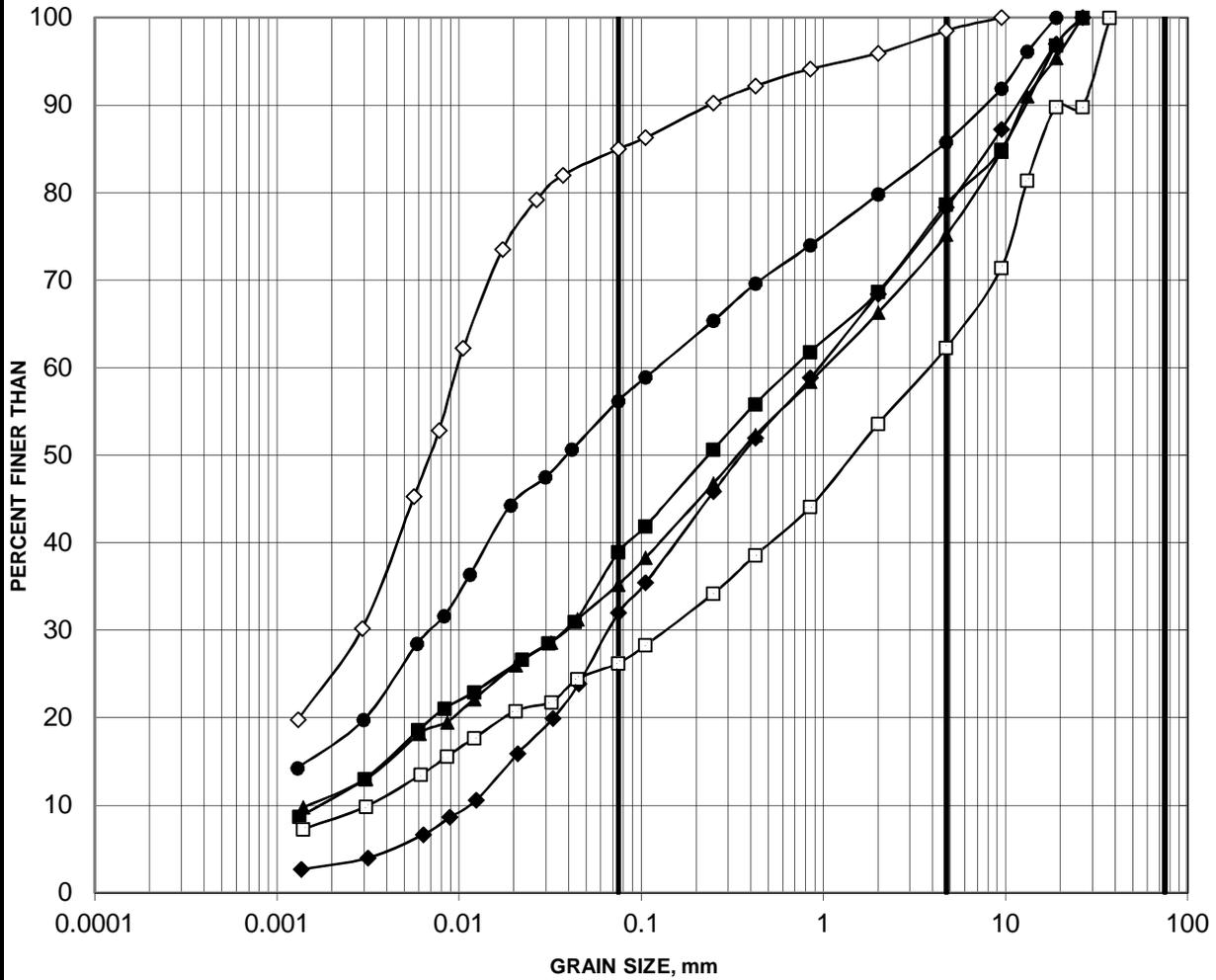
FIGURE **B7**



GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIGURE B9a

Silty SAND, Sandy SILT, SAND and GRAVEL, and CLAYEY SILT TILL



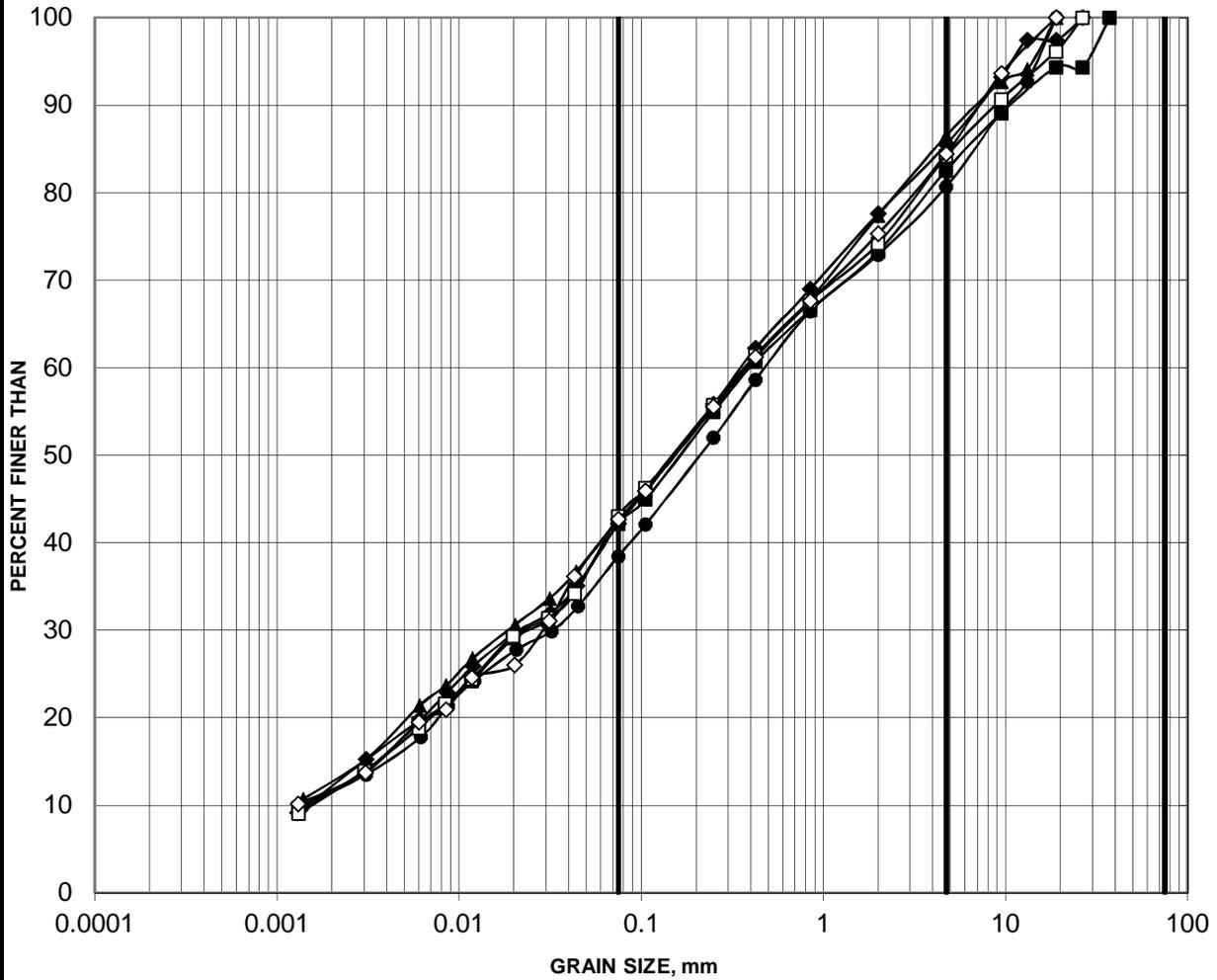
SILT AND CLAY	FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	COBBLE SIZE
	SAND SIZE			GRAVEL SIZE		

Borehole	Sample	Depth (m)
17-1101	20	16.76-17.37
17-1102	23	19.05-19.66
17-1103	15	11.49-12.10
17-1104	9	6.71-7.32
17-1106	11	10.67-11.10
17-1108	17A	15.24-15.54

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIGURE B9b

SILT and SAND to Silty SAND TILL

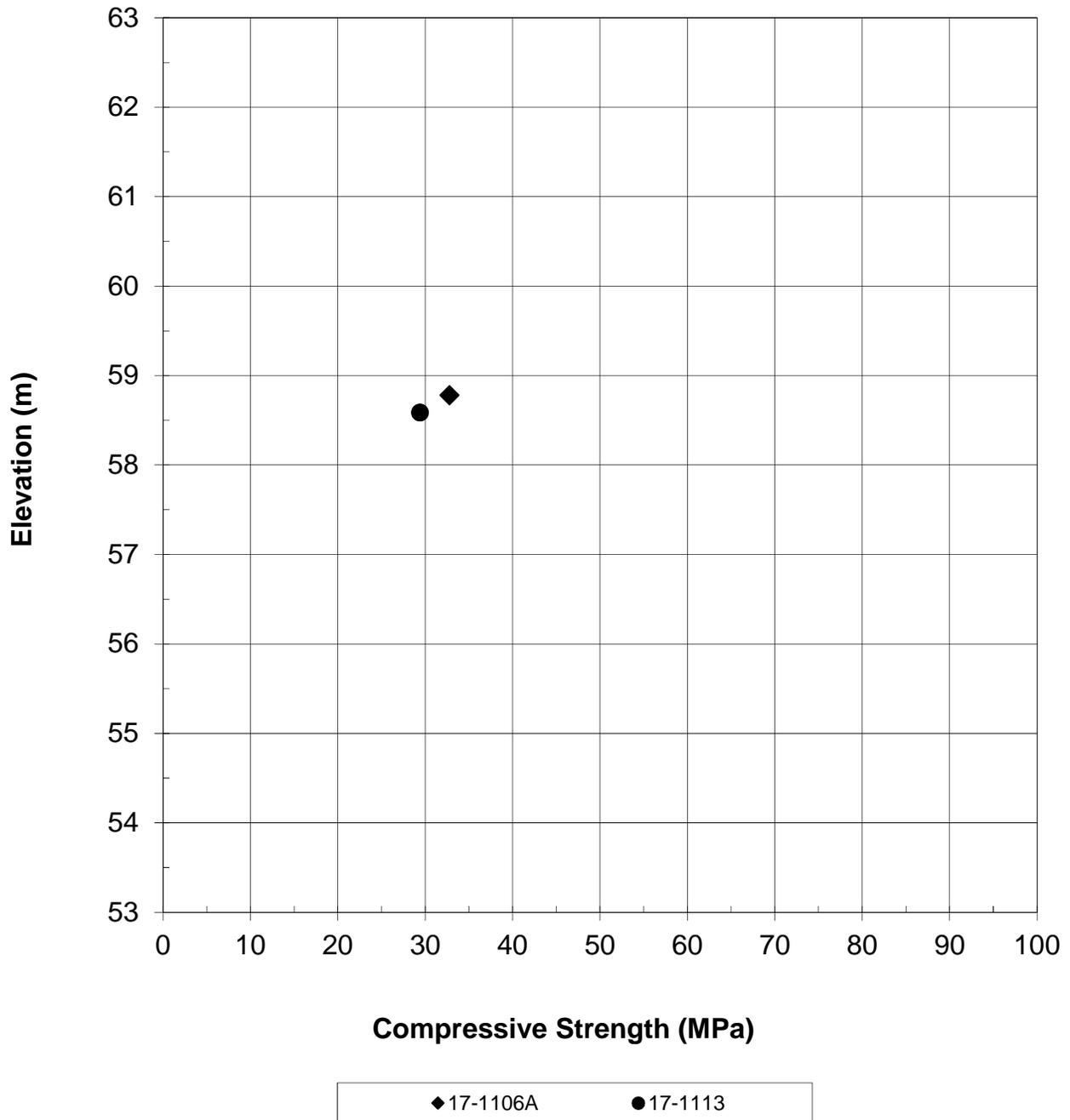


SILT AND CLAY	FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	COBBLE SIZE
	SAND SIZE			GRAVEL SIZE		

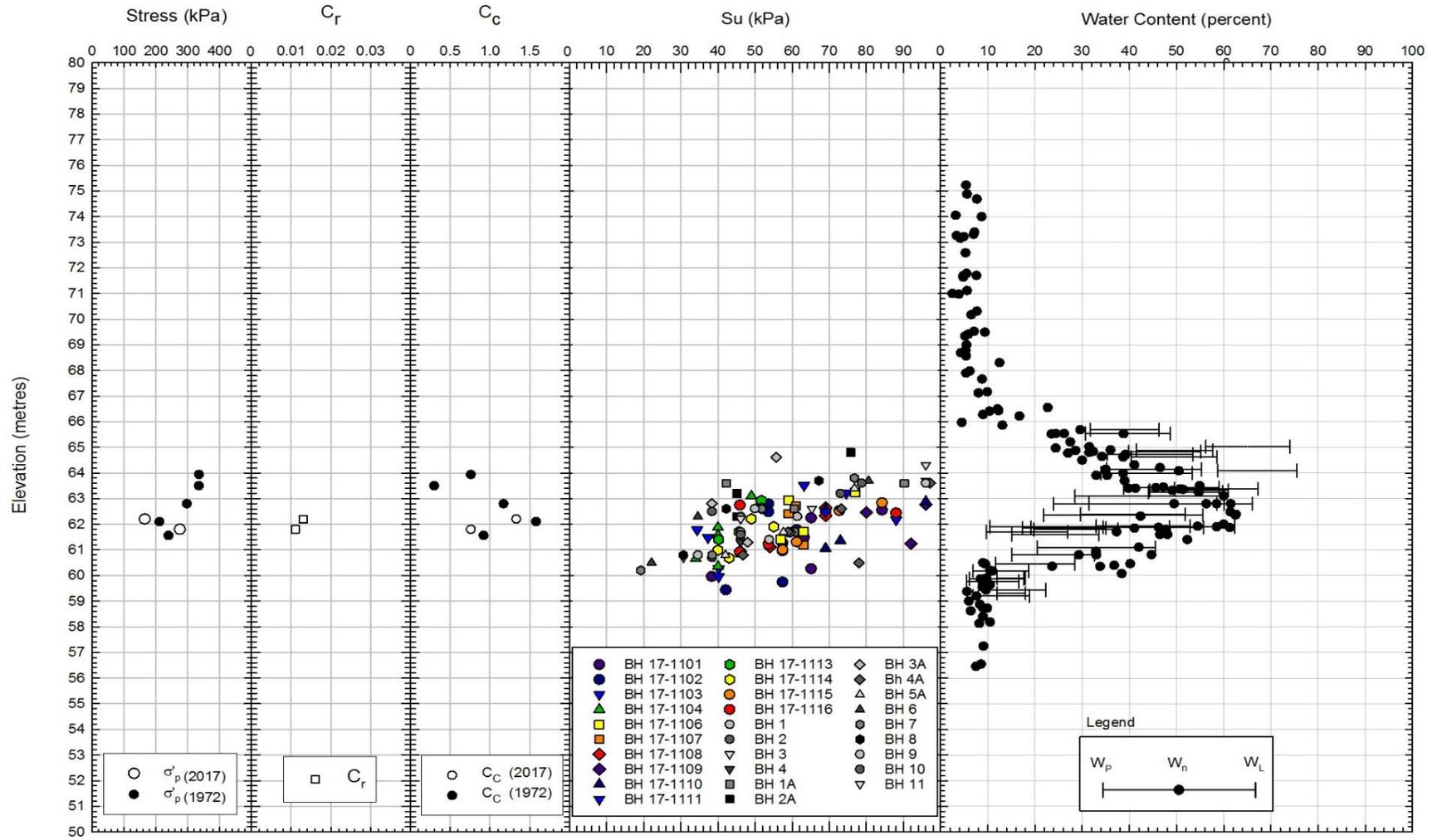
Borehole	Sample	Depth (m)
■ 17-1110	16	15.24-15.85
◆ 17-1111	12	9.91-10.52
▲ 17-1113	10	6.71-7.32
● 17-1114	16	10.36-10.97
□ 17-1115	21	16.76-17.37
◇ 17-1116	20	16.00-16.61

**SUMMARY OF LABORATORY COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH
UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TESTS**

FIGURE B10



SUMMARY OF ENGINEERING PROPERTIES



CNR OVERHEAD WIDENING
SITE NOS. 3-301/1 AND 3-301/2
HIGHWAY 417, OTTAWA, ONTARIO

Project No.	1662565 / 1110
Drawn:	WT/WAM
Date:	2018-05-03
Checked:	WT
Review:	MSS

Figure B11

APPENDIX C

Borehole Record and Laboratory Test Results (Previous Investigation, Geocres No. 31G5-79)

Records of Previous Boreholes BH1 to BH11 and BH1A to BH5A

Laboratory Test Results – Previous Investigation

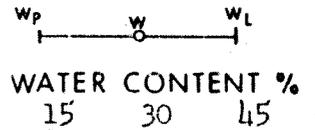
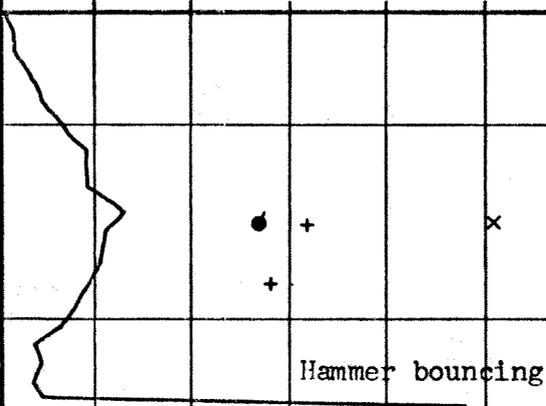
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS- ONTARIO
MATERIALS & TESTING OFFICE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No. 1

FOUNDATION SECTION

JOB 71-11124 LOCATION Co-ords. 495,769 N; 233,682 E. ORIGINATED BY WH
 W.P. 10-69-03 & 04 BORING DATE Nov. 10, 1971 COMPILED BY SO
 DATUM Geodetic BOREHOLE TYPE NX Washboring CHECKED BY [Signature]

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE BLOWS / FOOT					LIQUID LIMIT ——— w_L PLASTIC LIMIT ——— w_p WATER CONTENT ——— w			BULK DENSITY γ P.C.F.	REMARKS
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS / FOOT		20	40	60	80	100	w_p	w	w_L		
215.7	Ground Level															
0.0	Silty clay to clay Firm to Very Stiff Grey	[Hatched]	1	SS	23											
			2	SS	7											
			3	TW	PM											
			4	TW	PM											
200.7																
15.0	Het. mix. of silt, sand & gravel, some clay	[Dotted]	5	SS	2											
195.2	Glac. Till. V. Loose	[Dotted]	6	SS	4											
20.5	Shale Bedrock	[Cross-hatched]	7	BX	100%											
	Sound Grey		8	BX	95%											
185.6			9	BX	98%											
30.1	End of Borehole															



213.
 104
 23 41 26 10

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS - ONTARIO
MATERIALS & TESTING OFFICE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No.7

FOUNDATION SECTION

JOB 71-11124 LOCATION Co-ords. 496,028 N; 233,220 E. ORIGINATED BY JS
 W.P. 10-69-03 & 04 BORING DATE Dec. 7, 1971 COMPILED BY SO
 DATUM Geodetic BOREHOLE TYPE NX Washboring CHECKED BY [Signature]

SOIL PROFILE		STRAT. PLOT	SAMPLES			ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE					LIQUID LIMIT — WL PLASTIC LIMIT — WP WATER CONTENT — W			BULK DENSITY γ P.C.F.	REMARKS
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION		NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/FOOT		20	40	60	80	100	WP	W	WL		
216.6	Ground Level															
0.0	Silty clay to clay Firm to Stiff Grey	[Hatched]	1	TW	PH											
			2	TW	PH	210										
			3	TW	PH											
			4	TW	PH											
199.6			5	TW	PH	200										
17.0	Het. mix. of silt, sand and gravel, trace of clay.	[Dotted]	6	TW	PH											
			7	SS	5											
	Loose to Very Dense Grey		8	SS	37											
188.1			9	SS	163	190										
28.5	End of Borehole Probable Bedrock	[Diagonal]				180										

GR. SA. SI. CL.
216.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No. 1A

FOUNDATION SECTION

DESIGN SERVICES BRANCH

JOB 71-11124
 W.P. 10-69-03
10-69-04
 DATUM Geodetic

LOCATION Co-ord's 496,188N. 233,106 E.
 BORING DATE April 18, 1972
 BOREHOLE TYPE Auger & RE Rock Core

ORIGINATED BY S.A.A.
 COMPILED BY A.T.
 CHECKED BY [Signature]

ELEV. DEPTH	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLOT	SAMPLES			ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE					LIQUID LIMIT — w_L			BULK DENSITY γ	REMARKS
			NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS / FOOT		BLOWS / FOOT					PLASTIC LIMIT — w_p				
216.7	Ground surface.						20	40	60	80	100	WATER CONTENT — w				
	Silty clay to clay. Firm to very stiff. Grey.	[Hatched]	1	SS	16							WATER CONTENT %				
			2	TW	PH	210										
			3	TW	PH											
			4	TW	PH											
			5	TW	PH	200										
197.7																
19.0	Het. mix. of silt, sand and gravel. Trace of clay. Loose to very dense. Grey.	[Dotted]	6	SS	5											
			7	SS	14	190										
			8	SS	23											
			9	SS	136											
181.9																
179.9	Shale bedrock.	[Diagonal lines]	10	RC BX	Rec. 100%	180										
36.8	End of borehole.															
						170										

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS
DESIGN SERVICES BRANCH

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No. 2 A

FOUNDATION SECTION

JOB 71-11124 LOCATION Co-ord's 495,909 N. 233,656 E. ORIGINATED BY S.A.A.
 W.P. 10-69-03 BORING DATE April 19, 1972 COMPILED BY A.T.
 DATUM Geodetic BOREHOLE TYPE Auger & Re Rock Core CHECKED BY [Signature]

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE					LIQUID LIMIT — W_L PLASTIC LIMIT — W_P WATER CONTENT — W			BULK DENSITY γ P.C.F.	REMARKS
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS / FOOT		BLOWS / FOOT					WATER CONTENT %				
						20	40	60	80	100	SHEAR STRENGTH P.S.F.					
											○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB. VANE					
						400	800	1200	1600	2000						
215.8	Ground surface.															
	Silty Clay to Clay. Firm to stiff. Grey.	[Diagonal Hatching]	1	SS	12											
			2	TW	PH											
			3	TW	PH											
202.8			4	TW	PH											
13.0	Het. mix. of silt, sand and gravel. Trace of clay.	[Dotted Pattern]	5	SS	1											
194.8			6	SS	18											
21.0	Shale bedrock.	[Cross-hatching]	7	RC BX	Rec. 89%											
189.3	Sound-grey.															
26.5	End of borehole.															

▽
El. 211.8

DESIGN SERVICES BRANCH

FOUNDATION OFFICE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE NO 4A

JOB 71-11124

LOCATION Co'ord's 496,069 N. 233,124 E.

ORIGINATED BY S.A.A.

W.P. 10-69-03

BORING DATE June 16, 1972

COMPILED BY S.A.A.

DATUM Geodetic

BOREHOLE TYPE Washboring - NX Casing

CHECKED BY [Signature]

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE BLOWS / FOOT					LIQUID LIMIT W_L PLASTIC LIMIT W_P WATER CONTENT W			BULK DENSITY γ P.C.F.	REMARKS
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/FOOT		SHEAR STRENGTH P.S.F.					WATER CONTENT %				
						○ UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE ● QUICK TRIAXIAL x LAB VANE	100	800	1200	1600	2000					
216.6	Ground surface.															
0.0	Silty clay, with trace of sand.	[Diagonal Hatching]	1	SS	11											Elev. 213.6 in open B.H. June 16/72
	Firm to very stiff.		2	TW	PM	210										
	Grey.		3	TW	PM											
			4	TW	PM											
198.6			5	TW	PM	200										
18.0	Het. Mix. of silt, sand and gravel, trace of clay.	[Dotted Pattern]	6	TW	PM											
	Glacial Till.		7	TW	60	190										
187.1	Very dense.	[Cross-hatch Pattern]														
29.5	Shale bedrock.		8	RC	Rec											
184.0	Sound - grey.		BX	100%												
32.0	End of borehole.															

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

DESIGN SERVICES BRANCH

FOUNDATIONS OFFICE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE NO 5A

JOB 71-11124

LOCATION Co-ord's 495,951 N. 233,170 E.

ORIGINATED BY S.A.A.

W.P. 10-69-03

BORING DATE June 19, 1972

COMPILED BY S.A.A.

DATUM Geodetic

BOREHOLE TYPE Washboring - NX Casing

CHECKED BY [Signature]

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE BLOWS / FOOT					LIQUID LIMIT W_L PLASTIC LIMIT W_P WATER CONTENT W			BULK DENSITY γ P.C.F.	REMARKS	
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/FOOT		SHEAR STRENGTH P.S.F.					WATER CONTENT %					
						400	800	1200	1600	2000							
216.3	Ground surface.																
0.0	Silty clay, with trace of sand.	[Hatched]	1	SS	11											215.2	
	Firm to very stiff.		2	TW	PM												
			3	TW	PM												
	Grey.		4	TW	PM												
199.3			5	TW	PM												
17.0	Het. mix. of silt, sand & gravel, trace of clay. Glacial Till	[Dotted]	6	TW	PM												
	Very dense. Probable Bedrock.		7	SS	118												
188.3	End of borehole.	[Hatched]															
28.0																	

OFFICE REPORT ON SOIL EXPLORATION

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS- ONTARIO
MATERIALS & TESTING OFFICE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No. 11

FOUNDATION SECTION

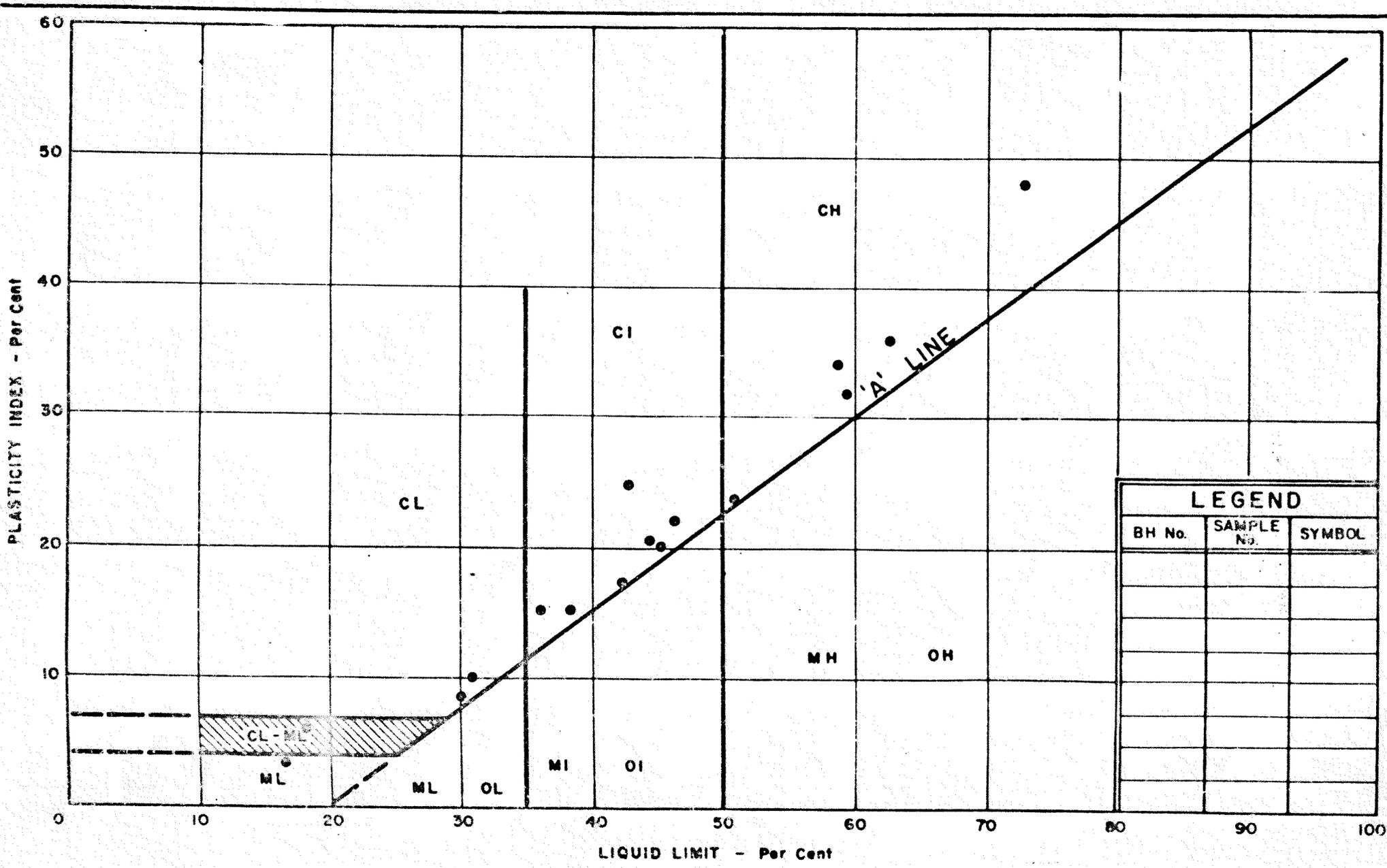
JOB 71-11124
W.P. 10-69-03 & 04
DATUM Geodetic

LOCATION Co-ords. 495,866 N; 233,206 E.
BORING DATE Dec. 13, 1971
BOREHOLE TYPE NX Washboring

ORIGINATED BY JS
COMPILED BY SO
CHECKED BY [Signature]

SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			ELEV. SCALE	DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE					LIQUID LIMIT ——— w_L PLASTIC LIMIT ——— w_p WATER CONTENT ——— w			BULK DENSITY γ P.C.F.	REMARKS	
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/FOOT		20	40	60	80	100	w_p	w	w_L			
216.1	Ground Level																
0.0	Silty clay to clay Firm to Very Stiff	[Hatched]	1	TW	PM	210										113.5	
	Grey		2	TW	PM				a	x							117
198.6			3	TW	PM	200											
17.5	Het. mix. of silt, sand & gravel, trace of clay		4	SS	100	195.5											
20.5	End of Borehole					190											

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LEGEND		
BH No.	SAMPLE No.	SYMBOL



DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
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 TESTING
 DIVISION

PLASTICITY CHART
 SILTY CLAY TO CLAY

W.P. No. 10-69-03 & 04

JOB No. 71-11124

FIG. 1

VOID RATIO - PRESSURE CURVES

JOB NO. 71-11124

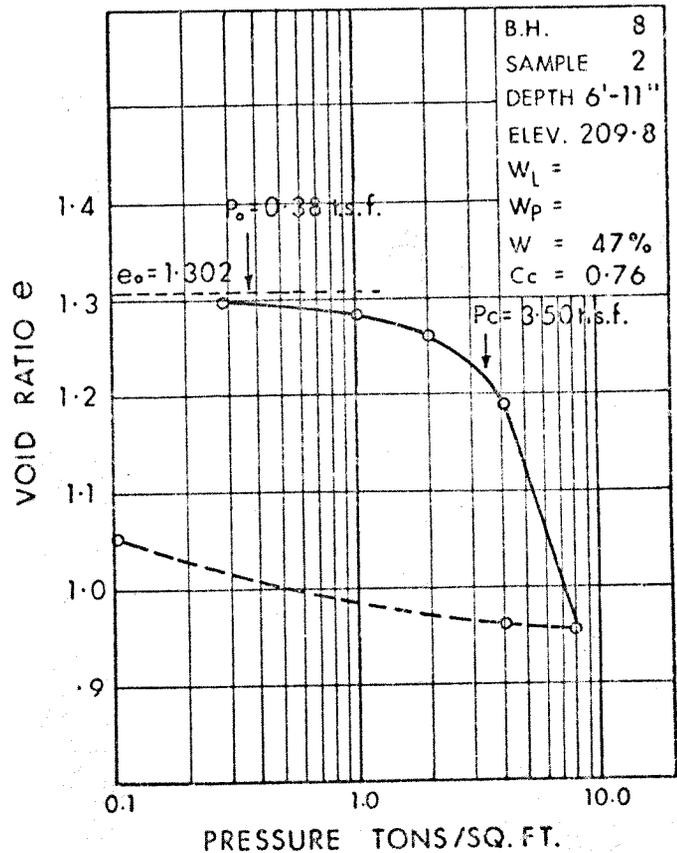
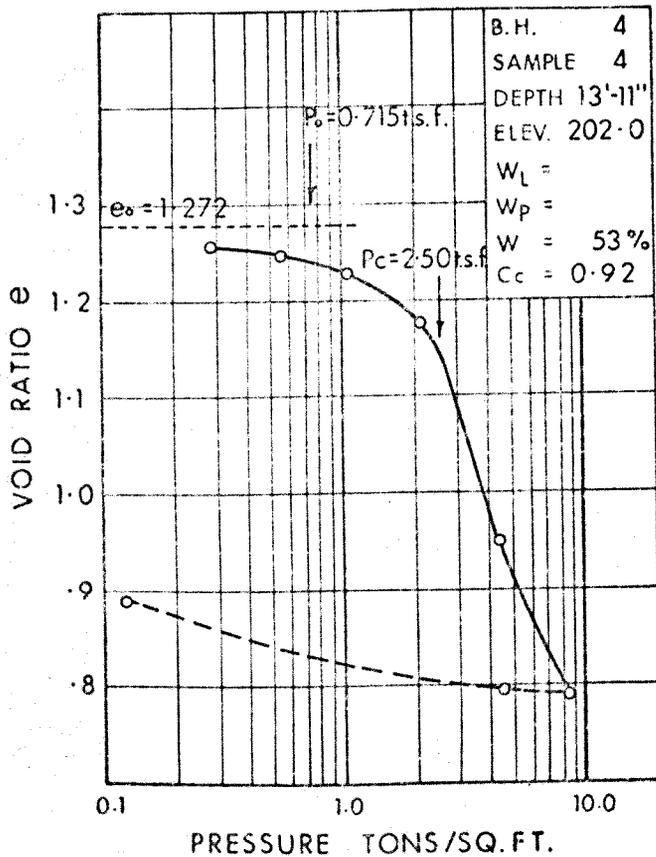
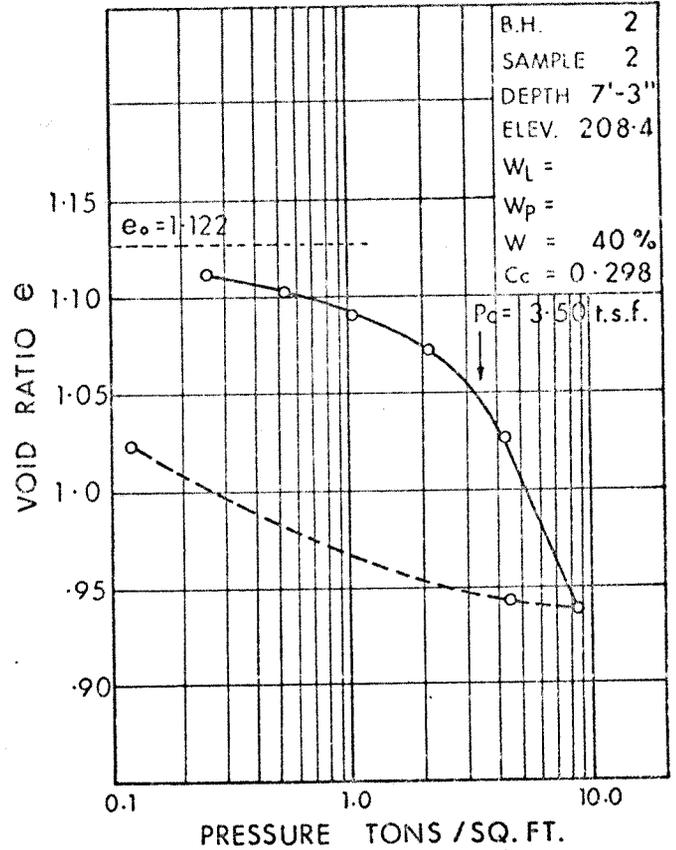
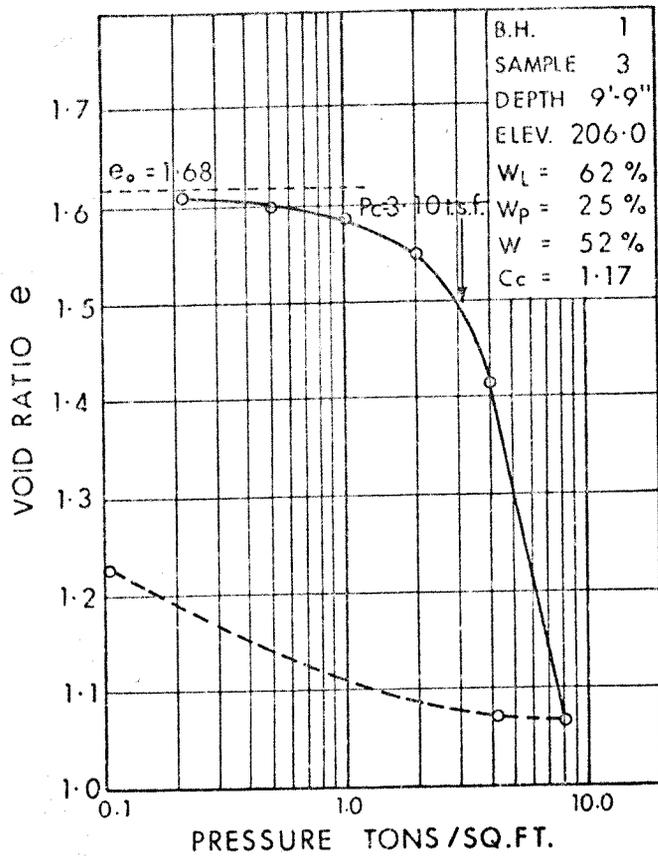


FIG. 4

VOID RATIO - PRESSURE CURVES

JOB NO. 71-11124

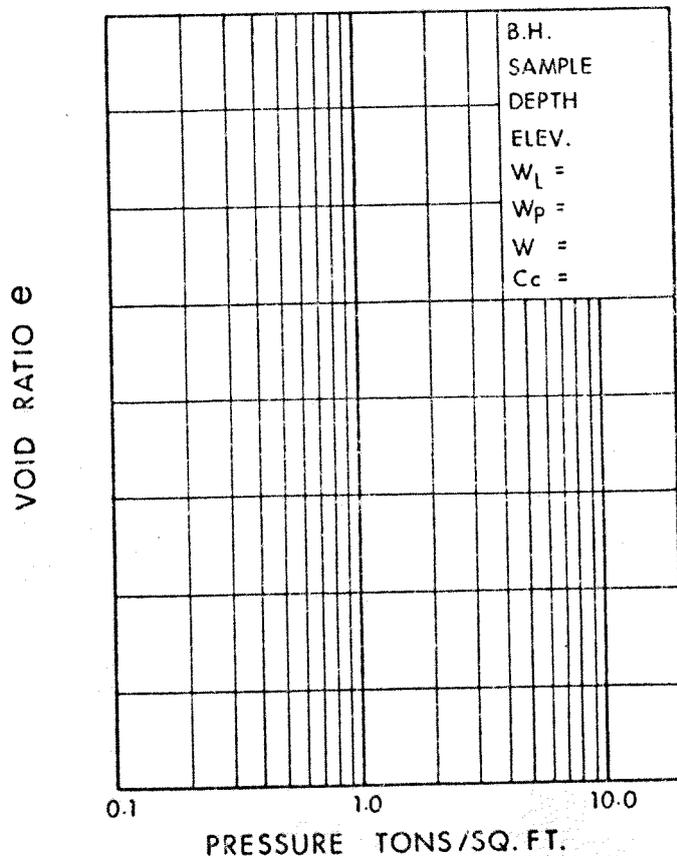
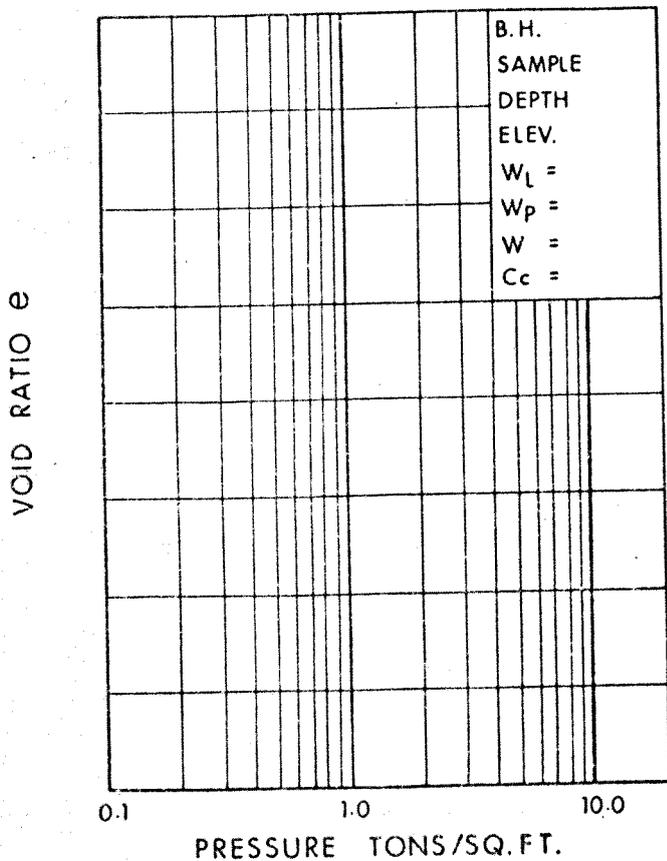
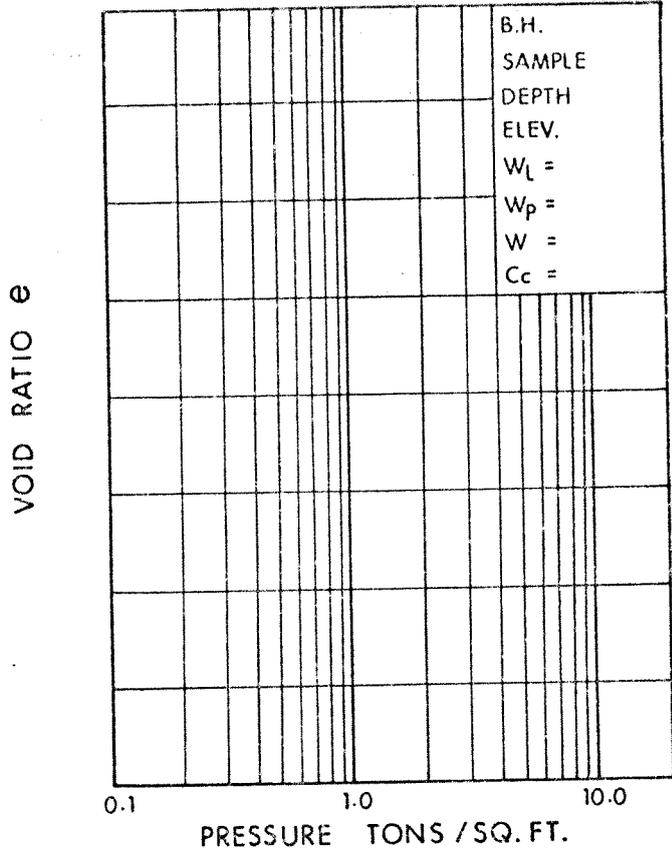
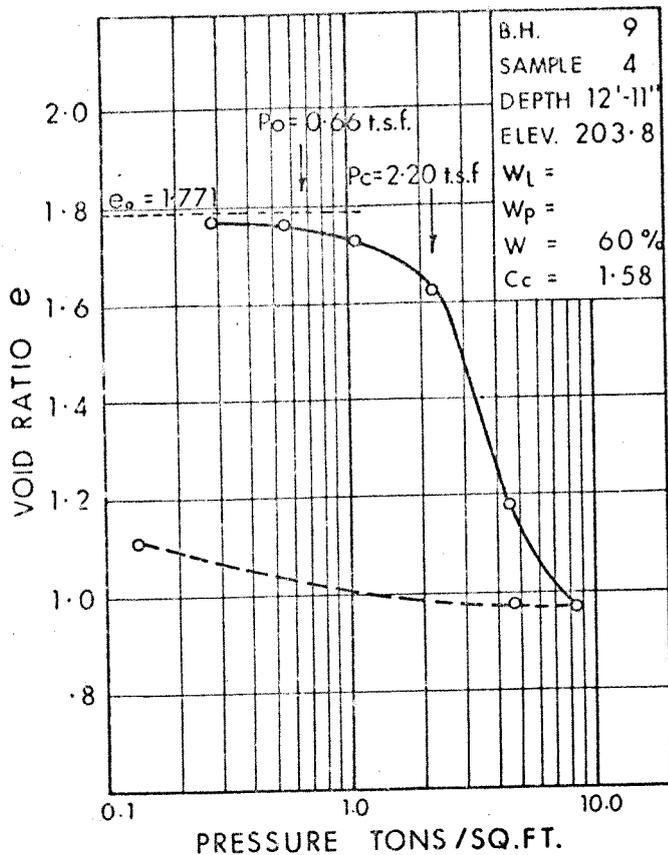


FIG. 5

APPENDIX D

Selected Site Photographs



Photograph 1: Site 3-301/1 (EBL), East side, looking North (June 14, 2017).



Photograph 2: Site 3-301/1 (EBL), CNR Tracks, looking North (June 14, 2017).

CLIENT
WSP CANADA GROUP LIMITED

CONSULTANT



YYYY-MM-DD 2018/02/21

PREPARED SAT

DESIGN SAT

REVIEW MSS

APPROVED FJH

PROJECT
CNR OVERHEAD WIDENING
SITE NOS. 3-301/1 & 3-301/2
HIGHWAY 417, OTTAWA, ONTARIO

TITLE
SELECTED SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

PROJECT No.
1662565

Phase
1110

Rev.
1

Figure
D1

1 in IF THIS MEASUREMENT DOES NOT MATCH WHAT IS SHOWN, THE SHEET SIZE HAS BEEN MODIFIED FROM ANSI A



Photograph 3: Site 3-301/2 (WBL), East side, looking North (June 14, 2017).



Photograph 4: Site 3-301/2 (WBL), CNR Tracks, looking North (June 14, 2017).

CLIENT
WSP CANADA GROUP LIMITED

CONSULTANT



YYYY-MM-DD 2018/02/28

PREPARED SAT

DESIGN SAT

REVIEW MSS

APPROVED FJH

PROJECT
CNR OVERHEAD WIDENING
SITE NOS. 3-301/1 & 3-301/2
HIGHWAY 417, OTTAWA, ONTARIO

TITLE
SELECTED SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

PROJECT No.
1662565

Phase
1110

Rev.
1

Figure
D2

1 in IF THIS MEASUREMENT DOES NOT MATCH WHAT IS SHOWN, THE SHEET SIZE HAS BEEN MODIFIED FROM ANSI A

APPENDIX E

**Basic Chemical Analysis –
Eurofins Report Numbers 1713269 and 1718216**

Certificate of Analysis

Client: Golder Associates Ltd. (Ottawa)
 1931 Robertson Road
 Ottawa, ON
 K2H 5B7
 Attention: Ms. Susan Trickey
 PO#:
 Invoice to: Golder Associates Ltd. (Ottawa)

Report Number: 1713269
 Date Submitted: 2017-07-17
 Date Reported: 2017-07-24
 Project: 1662565/1110
 COC #: 821253

Group	Analyte	MRL	Units	Guideline	Lab I.D.	Sample Matrix	Sample Type	Sampling Date	Sample I.D.
					1306727	1306728	1306729	1306730	
Agri. - Soil	pH	2.0			Soil	Soil			
	SO4	0.01	%		2017-07-05	2017-06-26	2017-07-04	2017-06-28	
General Chemistry	Cl	0.002	%		17-1102 SA 15/35-37	17-1107 SA5/10-12	17-1110 SA 13/37.5-39.5	17-1115 SA 9/20-22	
	Electrical Conductivity	0.05	mS/cm		7.6	9.2	8.3	8.3	
	Resistivity	1	ohm-cm		<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	

Guideline = * = **Guideline Exceedence**
 All analysis completed in Ottawa, Ontario (unless otherwise indicated by ** which indicates analysis was completed in Mississauga, Ontario).
 Results relate only to the parameters tested on the samples submitted.
 Methods references and/or additional QA/QC information available on request.

MRL = Method Reporting Limit, AO = Aesthetic Objective, OG = Operational Guideline, MAC = Maximum Acceptable Concentration, IMAC = Interim Maximum Acceptable Concentration, STD = Standard, PWQO = Provincial Water Quality Guideline, IPWQO = Interim Provincial Water Quality Objective, TDR = Typical Desired Range

Certificate of Analysis

Client: Golder Associates Ltd. (Ottawa)
 1931 Robertson Road
 Ottawa, ON
 K2H 5B7
 Attention: Mr. Alex Meacoe
 PO#:
 Invoice to: Golder Associates Ltd. (Ottawa)

Report Number: 1718216
 Date Submitted: 2017-09-21
 Date Reported: 2017-09-27
 Project: 1662565/1110
 COC #: 823662

Group	Analyte	MRL	Units	Guideline	Lab I.D.	Sample Matrix	Sample Type	Sampling Date	Sample I.D.
					1321667	Soil		2017-08-21	17-1103 SA9/16-18
Agri. - Soil	pH	2.0			1321668	Soil		2017-09-08	17-1104 SA10/24-25.8
	SO4	0.01	%		1321669	Soil		2017-08-22	17-1106 SA8/20-22
General Chemistry	Cl	0.002	%		1321670	Soil		2017-08-26	17-1111 SA11/30-32
	Electrical Conductivity	0.05	mS/cm						
	Resistivity	1	ohm-cm						

Group	Analyte	MRL	Units	Guideline	Lab I.D.	Sample Matrix	Sample Type	Sampling Date	Sample I.D.
					1321671	Soil		2017-08-27	17-11113 SA6/10-12
Agri. - Soil	pH	2.0			1321672	Soil		2017-08-21	17-1114 SA 17/36-38
	SO4	0.01	%						
General Chemistry	Cl	0.002	%						
	Electrical Conductivity	0.05	mS/cm						
	Resistivity	1	ohm-cm						

Guideline = * = Guideline Exceedence

All analysis completed in Ottawa, Ontario (unless otherwise indicated by ** which indicates analysis was completed in Mississauga, Ontario).
 Results relate only to the parameters tested on the samples submitted.
 Methods references and/or additional QA/QC information available on request.

MRL = Method Reporting Limit, AO = Aesthetic Objective, OG = Operational Guideline, MAC = Maximum Acceptable Concentration, IMAC = Interim Maximum Acceptable Concentration, STD = Standard, PWQO = Provincial Water Quality Guideline, IPWQO = Interim Provincial Water Quality Objective, TDR = Typical Desired Range

APPENDIX F

Results of MASW and VSP Testing

DATE December 19, 2017**PROJECT No.** 1662565/1110**TO** Susan Trickey
Golder Associates Ltd.**FROM** Stephane Sol, Christopher Phillips**EMAIL** ssol@golder.com;cphillips@golder.com**CHBDC SEISMIC SITE CLASS TESTING RESULTS
CNR OVERHEAD AND HWY 417, OTTAWA, ONTARIO**

This technical memorandum presents the results of two Multichannel Analysis of Surface Waves (MASW) tests performed for the purpose of the Canadian Highway Bridge Design Code (CHBDC 2014) Seismic Site Classification for the widening of the CNR Overhead (Figure 1). The tests are located on each side of the CNR line at the intersection with Highway 417 in Ottawa. The geophysical testing was performed by Golder Associates Ltd. (Golder) personnel on May 25, 2017.

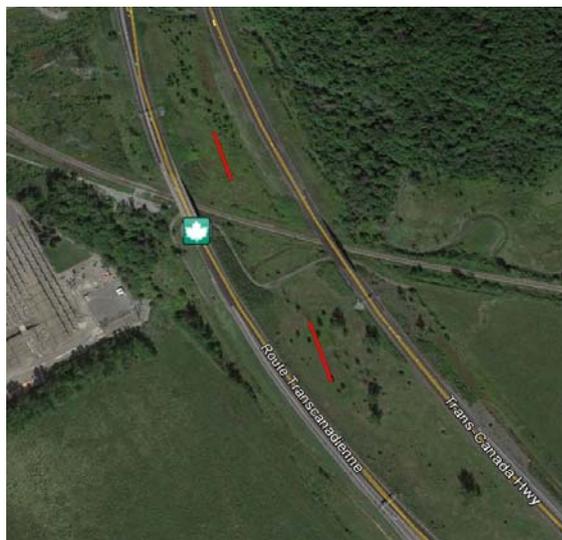


Figure 1: MASW Location Site Map (MASW Lines in red – Line 1 (North) and Line 2 (South))

Golder Associates Ltd.6925 Century Avenue, Suite #100, Mississauga, Ontario, Canada L5N 7K2
Tel: +1 (905) 567 4444 Fax: +1 (905) 567 6561 www.golder.com**Golder Associates: Operations in Africa, Asia, Australasia, Europe, North America and South America**

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Methodology

The MASW method measures variations in surface-wave velocity with increasing distance and wavelength and can be used to infer the rock/soil types, stratigraphy and soil conditions.

A typical MASW survey requires a seismic source, to generate surface waves, and a minimum of two geophone receivers, to measure the ground response at some distance from the source. Surface waves are a special type of seismic wave whose propagation is confined to the near surface medium.

The depth of penetration of a surface wave into a medium is directly proportional to its wavelength. In a non-homogeneous medium, surface waves are dispersive, i.e., each wavelength has a characteristic velocity owing to the subsurface heterogeneities within the depth interval that particular wavelength of surface wave propagates through. The relationship between surface-wave velocity and wavelength is used to obtain the shear-wave velocity and attenuation profile of the medium with increasing depth.

The seismic source used can be either active or passive, depending on the application and location of the survey. Examples of active sources include explosives, weight-drops, sledge hammer and vibrating pads. Examples of passive sources are road traffic, micro-tremors, and water-wave action (in near-shore environments).

The geophone receivers measure the wave-train associated with the surface wave travelling from a seismic source at different distances from the source.

The participation of surface waves with different wavelengths can be determined from the wave-train by transforming the wave-train results into the frequency domain. The surface-wave velocity profile with respect to wavelength (called the 'dispersion curve') is determined by the delay in wave propagation measured between the geophone receivers. The dispersion curve is then matched to a theoretical dispersion curve using an iterative forward-modelling procedure. The result is a shear-wave velocity profile of the tested medium with depth, which can be used to estimate the dynamic shear-modulus of the medium as a function of depth.

Field Work

The MASW field work was conducted on May 25, 2017, by personnel from the Golder Mississauga and Ottawa offices. For each MASW line, a series of 24 low frequency (4.5 Hz) geophones were laid out at 3 m intervals. Both active and passive readings were recorded along the MASW lines. For the active investigation, a seismic drop of 45 kg and a 9.9 kg sledge hammer were used as seismic sources. Active seismic records were collected with seismic sources located 5, 10, and 15 m from the end and collinear to the geophone array. An example of active seismic records collected at each line are shown in Figures 2 and 3, below.

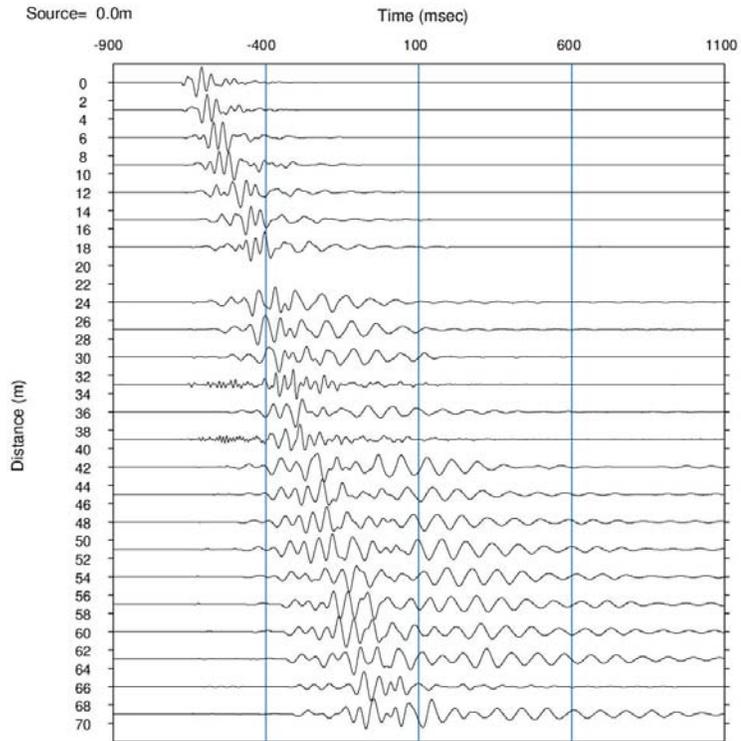


Figure 2: Typical seismic record collected at the site of MASW Line 1 (North).

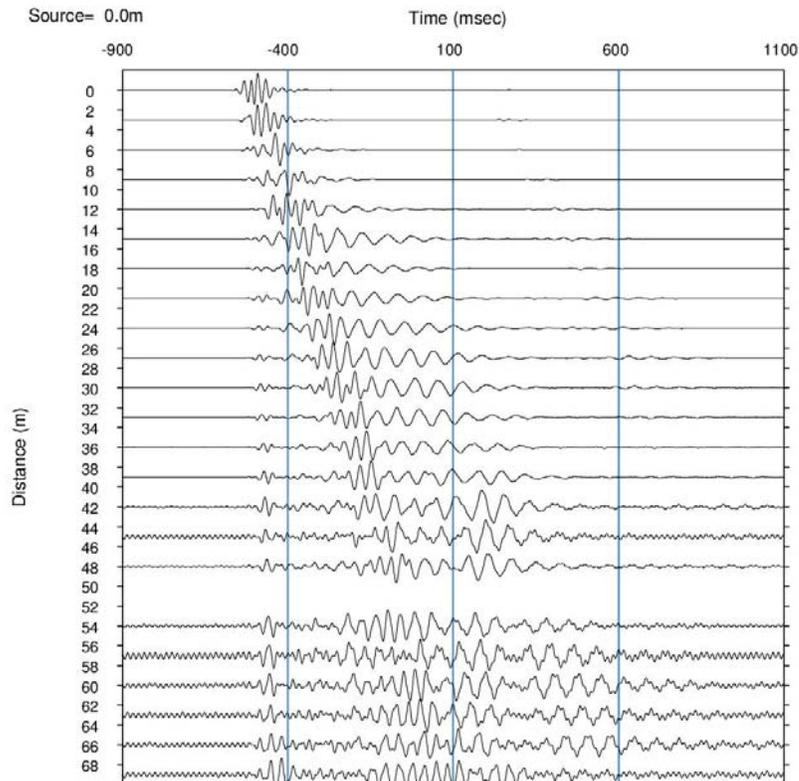


Figure 3: Typical seismic record collected at the site of MASW Line 2 (South).

Data Processing

Processing of the MASW test results consisted of the following main steps:

- 1) Transformation of the time domain data into the frequency domain using a Fast-Fourier Transform (FFT) for each source location;
- 2) Calculation of the phase for each frequency component;
- 3) Linear regression to calculate phase velocity for each frequency component;
- 4) Filtering of the calculated phase velocities based on the Pearson correlation coefficient (r^2) between the data and the linear regression best fit line used to calculate phase velocity;
- 5) Generation of the dispersion curve by combining calculated phase velocities for each shot location of a single MASW test; and,
- 6) Generation of the stiffness profile, through forward iterative modelling and matching of model data to the field collected dispersion curve.

Processing of the MASW data was completed using the SeisImager/SW software package (Geometrics Inc.). The calculated phase velocities for a seismic shot point were combined and the dispersion curve generated by choosing the minimum phase velocity calculated for each frequency component as shown on Figure 4 for Line 1 and Figure 5 for Line 2. Shear wave velocity profiles were generated through inverse modelling to best fit the calculated dispersion curves. The active survey of Line 1 provided a dispersion curve with a suitable frequency range (5.8-23 Hz). The active survey of Line 2 provided a dispersion curve with a suitable frequency range (6.8-19.5 Hz). The minimum measured surface wave frequency with sufficient signal-to-noise ratio to accurately measure phase velocity was approximately 5.8 Hz at Line 1 and 6.8 Hz at Line 2.

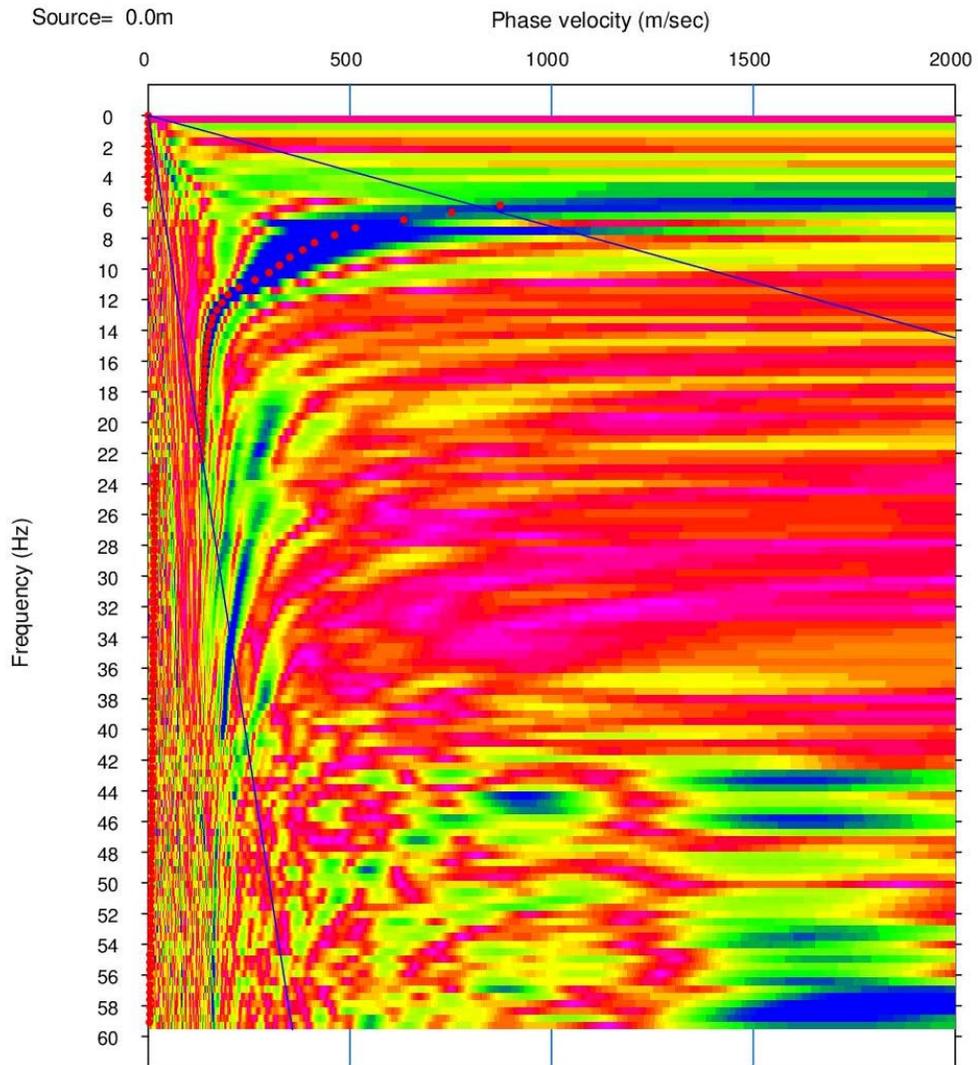


Figure 4: Active MASW Dispersion Curve Picks (red dots) along MASW Line 1

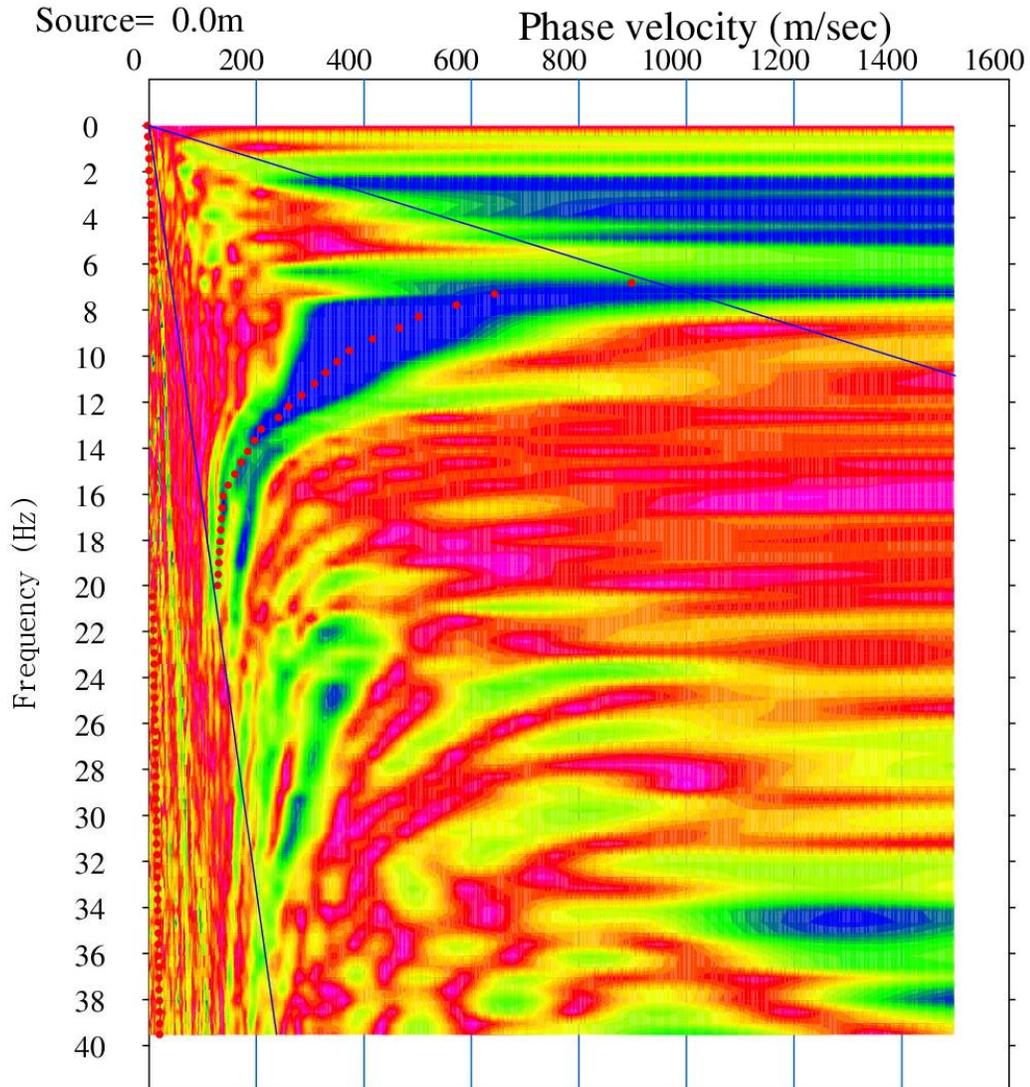


Figure 5: Active MASW Dispersion Curve Picks (red dots) along MASW Line 2

Results

The MASW test results are presented in Figures 6 and 7, which present the calculated shear wave velocity profile derived from the field testing along MASW Lines 1 and 2, respectively. The results along MASW Line 1 have been calculated using a weight-drop located 5 m from the last geophone. The results along MASW Line 2 have also been calculated using a weight-drop located 5 m from the last geophone. The field collected dispersion curves are compared with the model generated dispersion curves on Figures 8 and 9 for MASW Lines 1 and 2, respectively. There is a satisfactory correlation between the field collected and model calculated dispersion curves, with a root mean squared error of less than 4% along both lines.

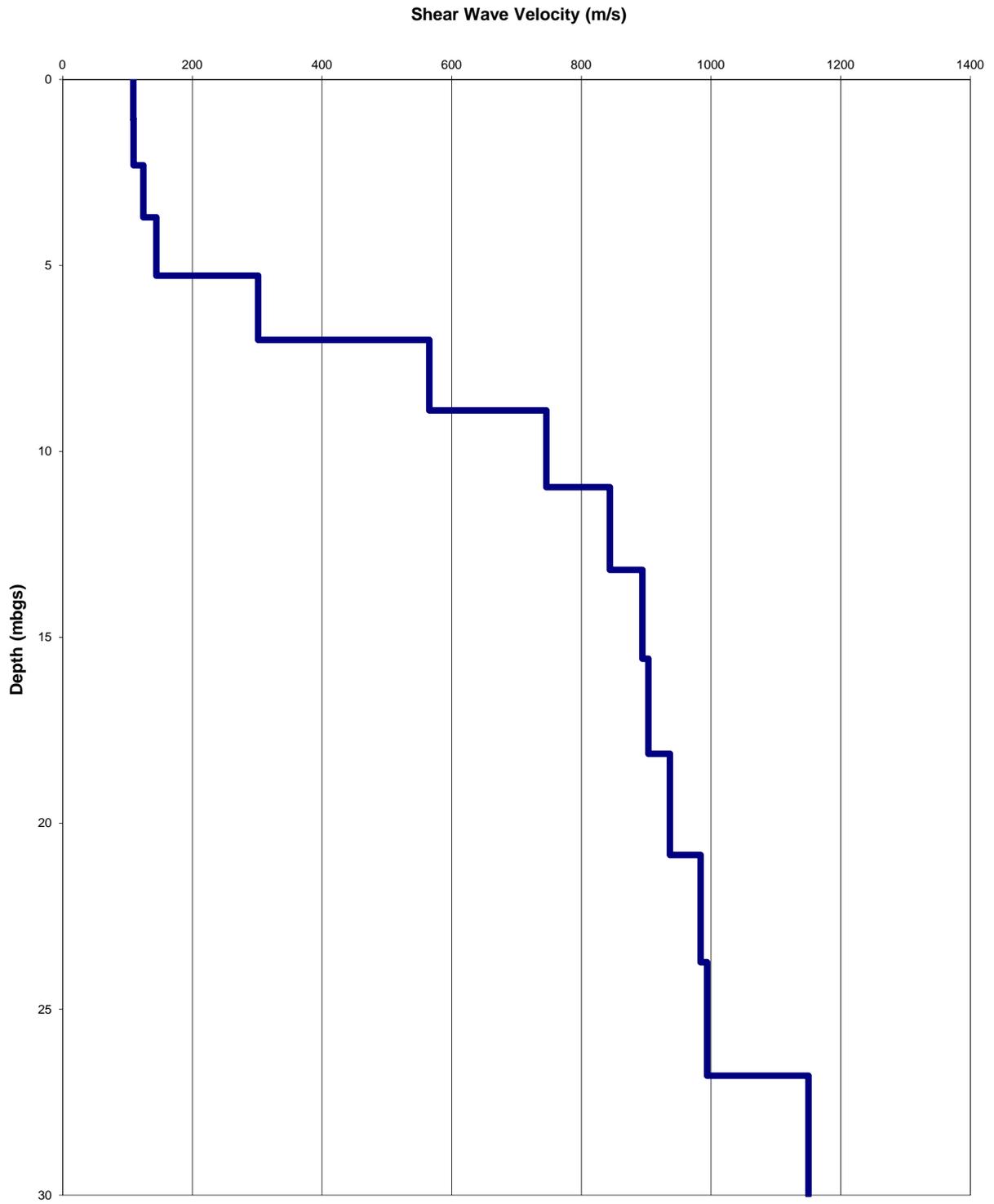


Figure 6: MASW Modelled Shear-Wave Velocity Depth profile along MASW Line 1

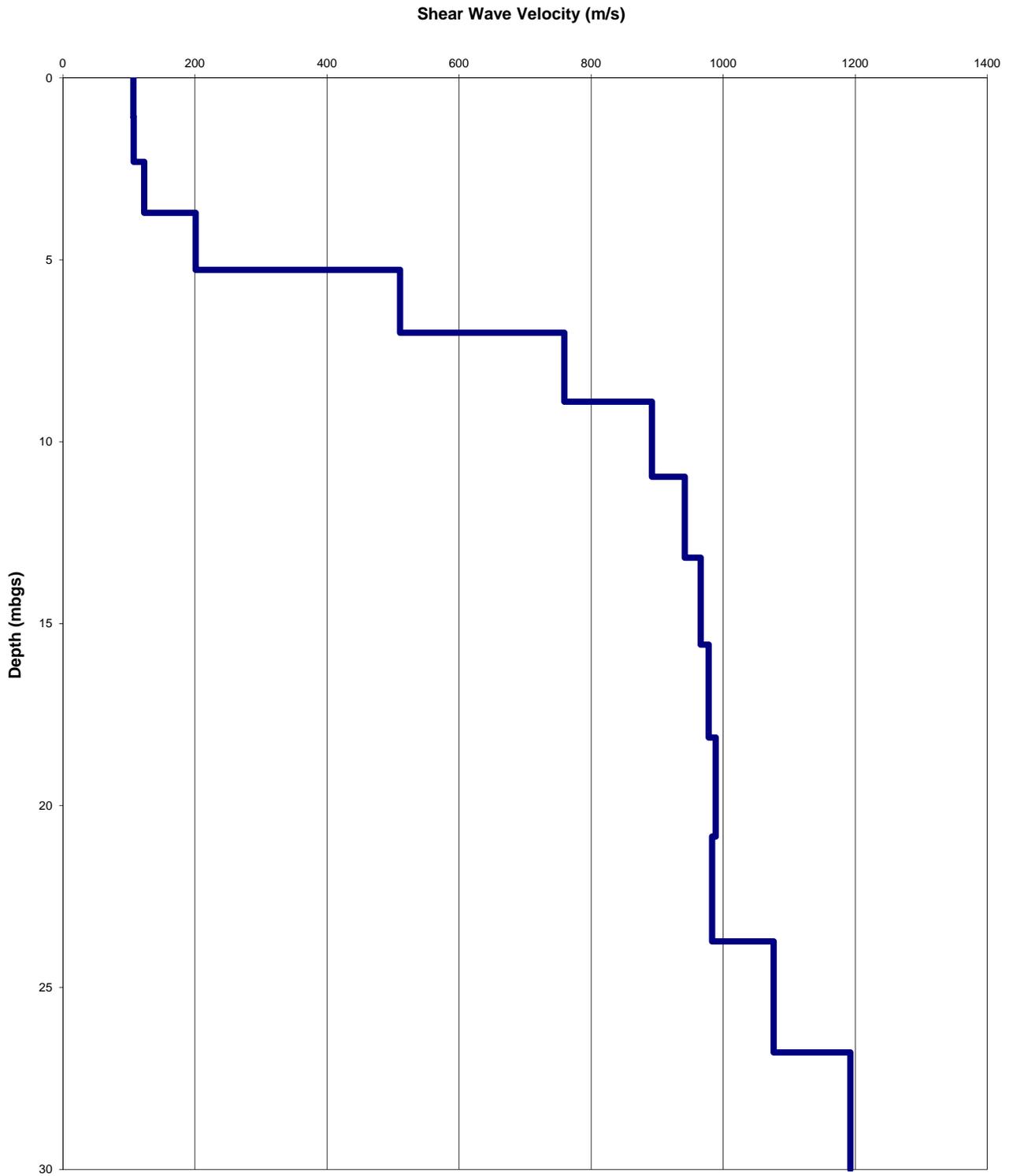


Figure 7: MASW Modelled Shear-Wave Velocity Depth profile along MASW Line 2

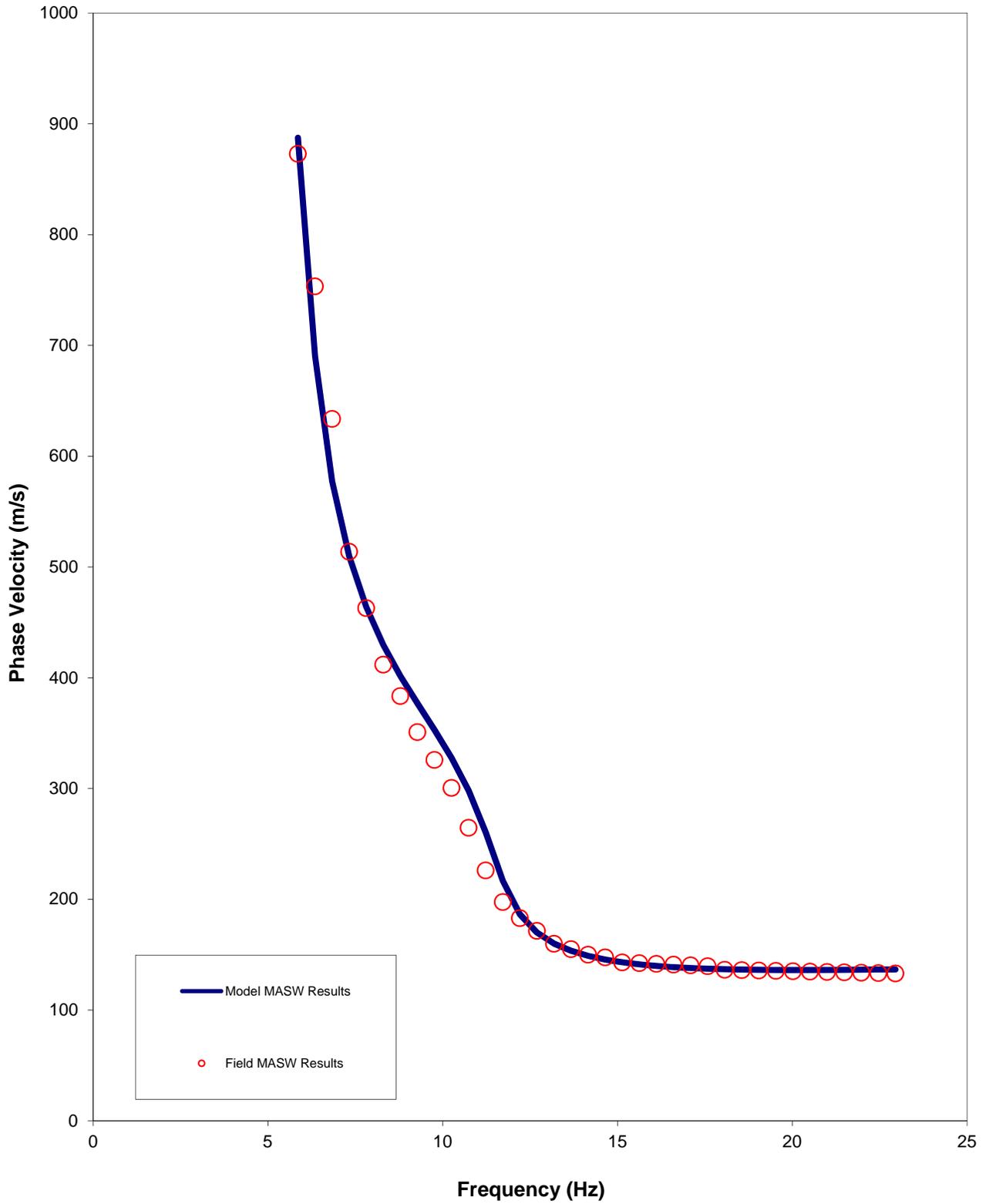


Figure 8: Comparison of Field (red dots) vs. Modelled Data (blue line) along MASW Line 1

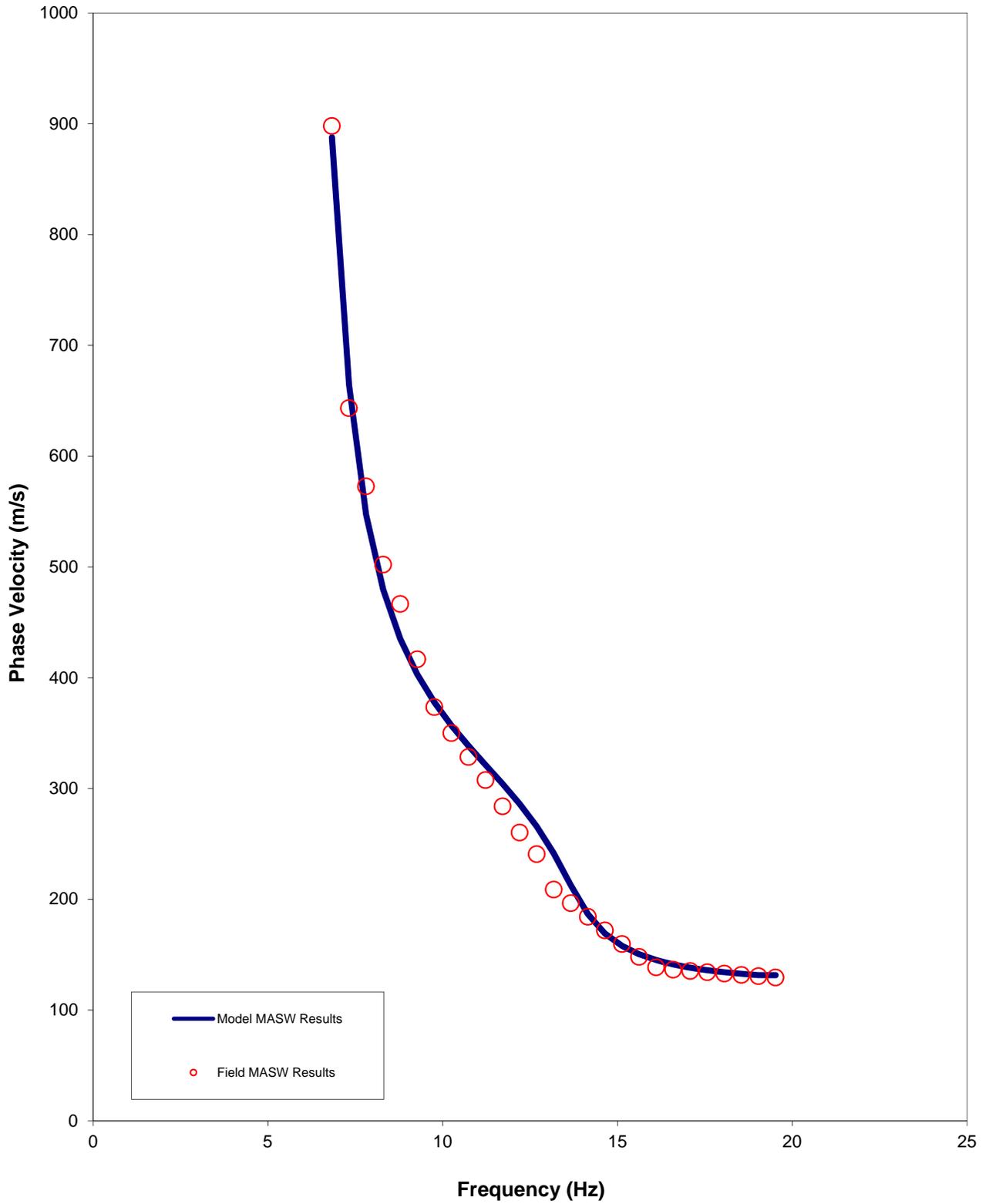


Figure 9: Comparison of Field (red dots) vs. Modelled Data (blue line) along MASW Line 2

To calculate the average shear-wave velocity as required by the CHBDC 2014, the results were modelled to 30 metres below ground surface. The average shear-wave velocity along MASW Line 1 in the north was found to be 400 m/s (Table 1). The average shear-wave velocity along MASW Line 2 in the south was found to be 444 m/s (Table 2).

Table 1: Shear-Wave Velocity Profile along MASW Line 1

Model Layer (mbgs)		Layer Thickness (m)	Shear Wave Velocity (m/s)	Shear Wave Travel Time Through Layer (s)
Top	Bottom			
0.00	1.07	1.07	109	0.009830
1.07	2.31	1.24	109	0.011296
2.31	3.71	1.40	124	0.011266
3.71	5.27	1.56	145	0.010832
5.27	7.01	1.74	302	0.005737
7.01	8.90	1.89	566	0.003352
8.90	10.96	2.06	746	0.002762
10.96	13.19	2.23	844	0.002636
13.19	15.58	2.39	894	0.002673
15.58	18.13	2.55	903	0.002828
18.13	20.85	2.72	937	0.002904
20.85	23.74	2.89	984	0.002931
23.74	26.79	3.05	994	0.003068
26.79	30.00	3.21	1150	0.002794
Vs Average to 30 mbgs (m/s)			400	

Table 2: Shear-Wave Velocity Profile along MASW Line 2

Model Layer (mbgs)		Layer Thickness (m)	Shear Wave Velocity (m/s)	Shear Wave Travel Time Through Layer (s)
Top	Bottom			
0.00	1.07	1.07	107	0.010013
1.07	2.31	1.24	107	0.011518
2.31	3.71	1.40	123	0.011356
3.71	5.27	1.56	201	0.007781
5.27	7.01	1.74	511	0.003388
7.01	8.90	1.89	760	0.002496
8.90	10.96	2.06	892	0.002310
10.96	13.19	2.23	942	0.002362
13.19	15.58	2.39	966	0.002474
15.58	18.13	2.55	978	0.002612
18.13	20.85	2.72	989	0.002751
20.85	23.74	2.89	983	0.002933
23.74	26.79	3.05	1077	0.002832
26.79	30.00	3.21	1193	0.002695
Vs Average to 30 mbgs (m/s)				444

The CHBDC 2014 requires special site specific evaluation if certain soil types are encountered on the site, so the site classification stated here should be reviewed, and modified if necessary, according to borehole stratigraphy, standard penetration resistance results, and undrained shear strength measurements, if available for this site.

Limitations

This technical memorandum is based on data and information collected by Golder Associates Ltd. and is based solely on the conditions of the properties at the time of the work, supplemented by historical information and data obtained by Golder Associates Ltd. as described in this memo.

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The services performed, as described in this memo, were conducted in a manner consistent with that level of care and skill normally exercised by other members of the engineering and science professions currently practicing under similar conditions, subject to the time limits and financial and physical constraints applicable to the services.

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The findings and conclusions of this memo are valid only as of the date of this memo. If new information is discovered in future work, including excavations, borings, or other studies, Golder Associates Ltd. should be requested to re-evaluate the conclusions of this memo, and to provide amendments as required.

Closure

We trust that this technical memorandum meets your needs at the present time. If you have any questions or require clarification, please contact the undersigned at your convenience.

GOLDER ASSOCIATES LTD.



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DATE March 06, 2018**PROJECT No.** 1662565/1110**TO** Susan Trickey
Golder Associates Ltd.**FROM** Stephane Sol, Christopher Phillips**EMAIL** ssol@golder.com, cphillips@golder.com**VERTICAL SEISMIC PROFILING TEST RESULTS
CNR OVERPASS ALONG HWY 17, OTTAWA, ONTARIO**

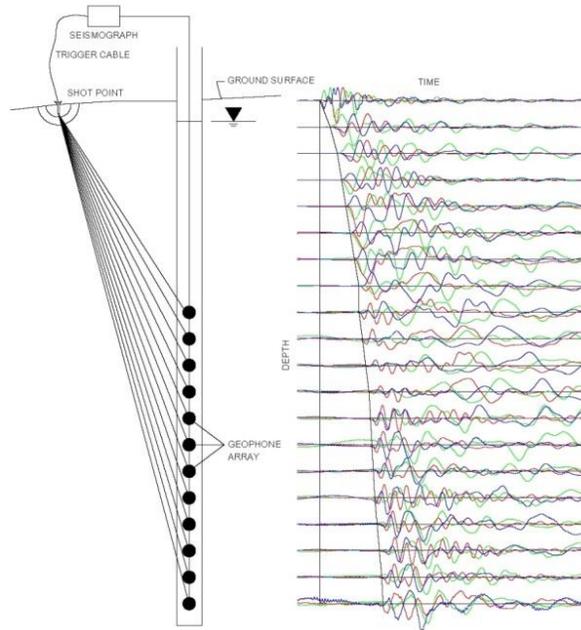
This memorandum presents the results of a Vertical Seismic Profiling (VSP) testing carried out at the CNR Overpass along HWY417 in Ottawa, Ontario. VSP testing was completed in Borehole 17-1110. VSP testing was carried out on July 27, 2017. Borehole 17-1110 was drilled to an approximate depth of 21.9 m below the existing ground surface and then cased with a PVC pipe grouted in place. The overburden consisted of approximately 0.7 m of asphalt and road granular, overlying approximately 10 m of sand fill, 4.2 m of weathered and unweathered silty clay, and 1.3 m of glacial till. At Borehole 17-1110 the shale bedrock was located at approximately 16.2 mbgs to the bottom of the hole.

Methodology

For the VSP method, seismic energy is generated at the ground surface by an active seismic source and recorded by a geophone located in a nearby borehole at a known depth. The active seismic source can be either compression or shear wave. The time required for the energy to travel from the source to the receiver (geophone) provides a measurement of the average compression or shear wave seismic velocity of the medium between the source and the receiver. Data obtained from different geophone depths are used to calculate a detailed vertical seismic velocity profile of the subsurface in the immediate vicinity of the test borehole.

The high resolution results of a VSP survey are often used for earthquake engineering site classification, as per the 2014 Canadian Highway Bridge Design Code (CHBDC 2014).





Example 1: Layout and resulting time traces from a VSP survey.

Fieldwork

The fieldwork was carried out on July 27, 2017, by personnel from the Golder Mississauga and Ottawa offices.

Both compression and shear-wave seismic sources were used and both were located 2 m from the borehole. The seismic source for the compression wave test consisted of a 9.9 kg sledge hammer vertically impacted on a metal plate. The seismic source for the shear-wave test consisted of a 2.4 m long, 150 mm by 150 mm wooden beam, weighted by a vehicle and horizontally struck with a 9.9 kilogram sledge hammer on alternate ends of the beam to induce polarized shear waves. The shear source was coupled to the ground surface by parking a vehicle on top of it. Test measurements started at ground surface and were recorded in the borehole with a 3-component receiver spaced at 1-metre intervals below the ground surface to a depth of 12 m and spaced at 0.5 metre intervals from 12 m to 21.5 m.

The seismic records collected for each source location were stacked a minimum of five times to minimize the effects of ambient background seismic noise on the collected data. The data was sampled at 0.020833 ms intervals and a total time window of 0.341 s was collected for each seismic shot.

Data Processing

Processing of the VSP test results consisted of the following main steps:

- 1) Combination of seismic records to present seismic traces for all depth intervals on a single plot for each seismic source and for each component;
- 2) Low pass filtering of data to remove spurious high frequency noise;
- 3) First break picking of the compression and shear wave arrivals; and,
- 4) Calculation of the average compression and shear wave velocity to each tested depth interval.

Processing of the VSP data was completed using the SeisImager/SW software package (Geometrics Inc.). The seismic records are presented on the following two plots and show the first break picks of the compression wave at Borehole 17-1110 (Figure 1) and shear wave arrivals at Borehole 17-1110 (Figure 2) overlaid on the seismic waveform traces recorded at the different geophone depths for each borehole. The arrivals were picked on the vertical component for the compression source and on the two horizontal components for the shear source.

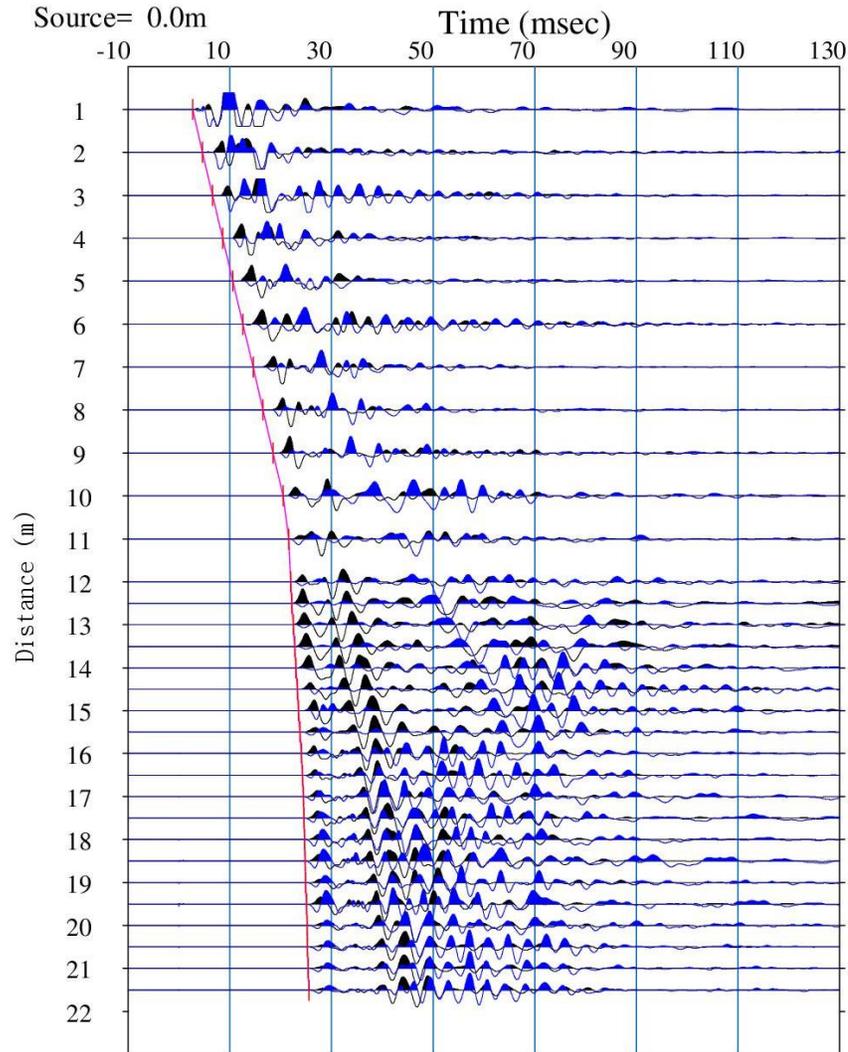


Figure 1: First break picking of compression wave arrivals (red) along the seismic traces recorded at each receiver depth of Borehole 17-1110.

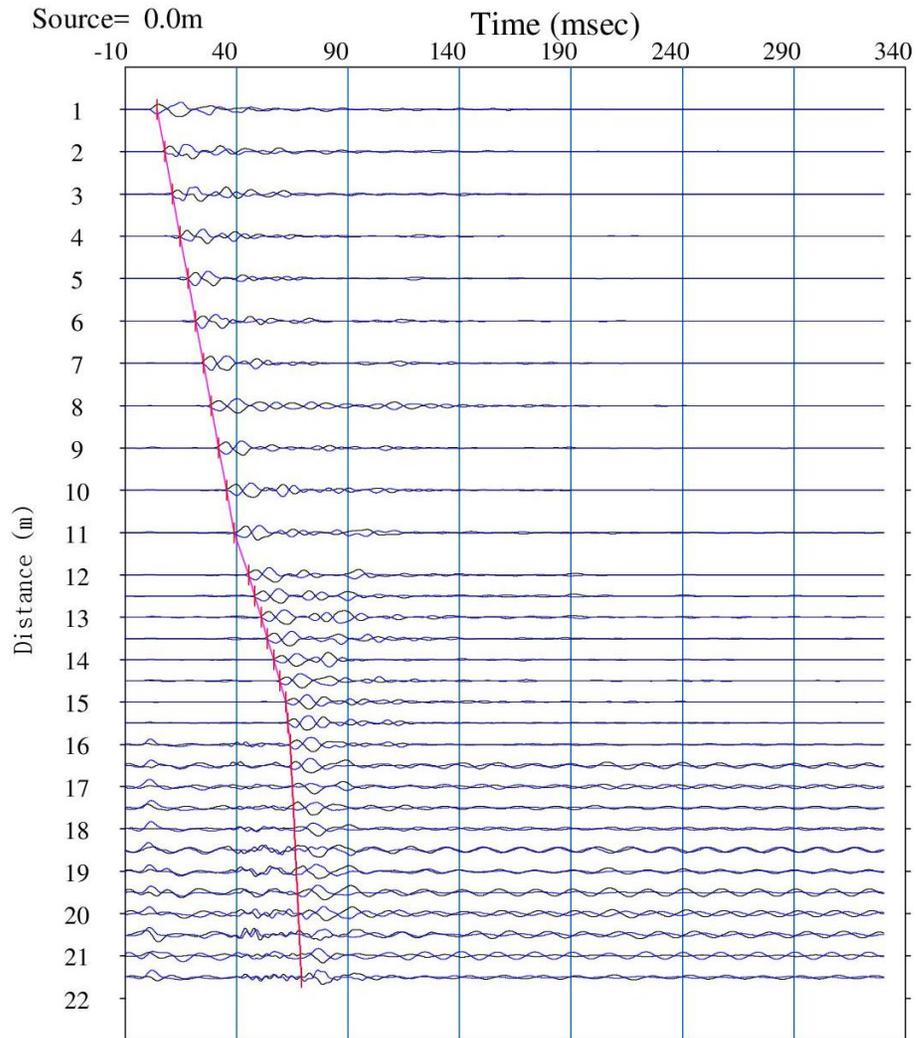


Figure 2: First break picking of shear wave arrivals (red) along the seismic traces recorded at each receiver depth of Borehole 17-1110.

Results

The VSP results at Borehole 17-1110 are summarized in Table 1. The compression and shear wave layer velocities were calculated by best fitting a theoretical travel time model to the field data. The depths presented on the table are relative to ground surface.

The estimated dynamic engineering moduli, based on the calculated wave velocities, are also presented in Table 1. The engineering moduli were calculated using an estimated bulk density of 2,140 kg/m³ for sand fill, 1,835 kg/m³ for the weathered silty clay, 1,750 kg/m³ for unweathered silty clay, 2,365 kg/m³ for glacial till and an estimated shale bedrock bulk density of 2,400 kg/m³ based on the borehole log.

The average shear wave velocity from ground surface to a depth of 30 m (Vs30) was measured to be 393 m/s at Borehole 17-1110. The average velocity was calculated assuming that the velocity from 21.5 m to a depth of

30 m was constant with an average shear wave velocity value of 1,100 m/s which is equal to the velocity of the bedrock at the bottom of the borehole.

Limitations

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Closure

We trust that these results meet your current needs. If you have any questions or require clarification, please contact the undersigned at your convenience.

GOLDER ASSOCIATES LTD.



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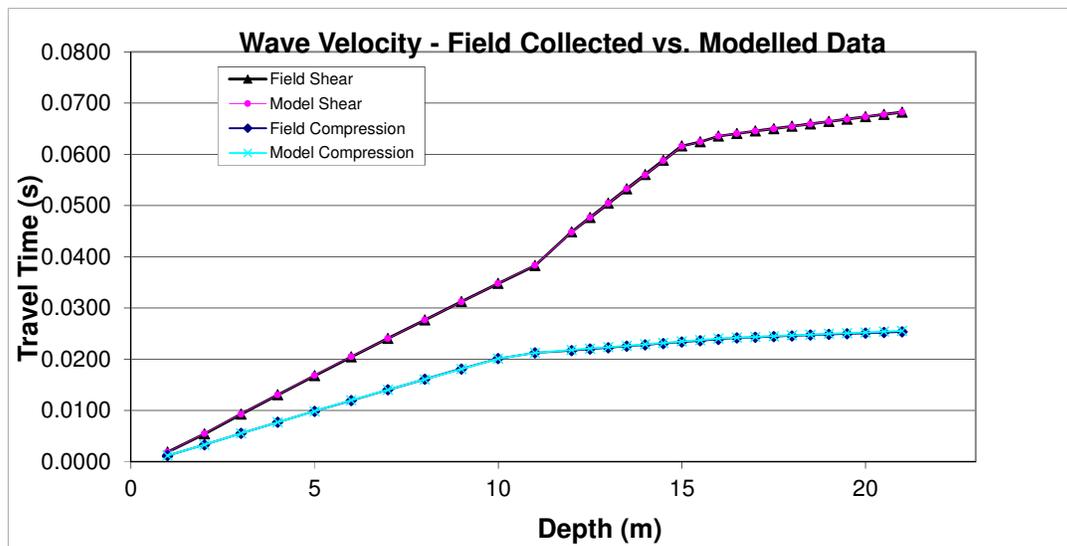
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Attachment: Table 1 – Shear Wave Velocity Profile at Borehole 17-1110

TABLE 1

SHEAR WAVE VELOCITY PROFILE AT BOREHOLE 17-1110

Layer Depth (m)		Velocities (m/s)		Estimated Bulk Density (kg/m ³)	Dynamic Engineering Properties			
Top	Bottom	Compressional Wave	Shear Wave		Poissons Ratio	Shear Modulus (MPa)	Deformation Modulus (MPa)	Bulk Modulus (MPa)
0.0	1.0	830	530	2140	0.16	601	1390	673
1.0	2.0	475	280	2140	0.23	168	414	259
2.0	3.0	450	260	2140	0.25	145	361	240
3.0	4.0	455	265	2140	0.24	150	374	243
4.0	5.0	470	265	2140	0.27	150	381	272
5.0	6.0	470	275	2140	0.24	162	401	257
6.0	7.0	485	280	2140	0.25	168	419	280
7.0	8.0	495	280	2140	0.26	168	424	301
8.0	9.0	490	280	2140	0.26	168	422	290
9.0	10.0	490	280	2140	0.26	168	422	290
10.0	11.0	900	280	2140	0.45	168	485	1510
11.0	12.0	1800	155	1835	0.50	44	132	5887
12.0	12.5	1800	175	1835	0.50	56	168	5870
12.5	13.0	1800	180	1835	0.49	59	178	5866
13.0	13.5	1800	180	1750	0.49	57	170	5594
13.5	14.0	1800	180	1750	0.49	57	170	5594
14.0	14.5	1800	180	1750	0.49	57	170	5594
14.5	15.0	1800	180	1750	0.49	57	170	5594
15.0	15.5	1800	550	2365	0.45	715	2073	6709
15.5	16.0	1800	450	2365	0.47	479	1405	7024
16.0	16.5	2900	1000	2365	0.43	2365	6776	16736
16.5	17.0	3300	1100	2400	0.44	2904	8349	22264
17.0	17.5	3300	1100	2400	0.44	2904	8349	22264
17.5	18.0	3400	1100	2400	0.44	2904	8372	23872
18.0	18.5	3400	1050	2400	0.45	2646	7659	24216
18.5	19.0	3400	1050	2400	0.45	2646	7659	24216
19.0	19.5	3400	1050	2400	0.45	2646	7659	24216
19.5	20.0	3400	1100	2400	0.44	2904	8372	23872
20.0	20.5	3400	1100	2400	0.44	2904	8372	23872
20.5	21.0	3400	1100	2400	0.44	2904	8372	23872
21.0	21.5	3400	1100	2400	0.44	2904	8372	23872



Notes

1. Depth Presented relative to ground surface.
2. This Table to be analyzed in conjunction with the accompanying report.



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