



Terraprobe

Consulting Geotechnical & Environmental Engineering
Construction Materials Inspection & Testing

FOUNDATION INVESTIGATION REPORT
WOODLAWN ROAD OVERPASS, HIGHWAY 406 SBL
HIGHWAY 406 TWINNING
PORT ROBINSON ROAD TO EAST MAIN STREET
AGREEMENT No. 2008-E-0016, W.P. 280-99-00, SITE: 34-463/2
GEOCRES NO. 30M3-260

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PART 1: FACTUAL INFORMATION

1 INTRODUCTION

This report presents the factual findings obtained from a foundation investigation conducted at the Woodlawn Overpass bridge site on the proposed Highway 406 SBL in the City of Welland, Ontario.

The purpose of this investigation was to explore the subsurface conditions at the site and based on the data obtained, to provide a borehole location plan, records of boreholes, stratigraphic profile and cross-sections, laboratory test results and a written description of the subsurface conditions. A model of the subsurface conditions was developed from the data obtained.

Terraprobe conducted the investigation as a sub-consultant to Giffels Associates Ltd./IBI Group, under the Ministry of Transportation Ontario (MTO) Agreement Number 2008-E-0016.

2 SITE DESCRIPTION & PHYSIOGRAPHY

The site is located approximately 50 m north of the existing at grade intersection of Highway 406 and Woodlawn Road/Daimler Parkway in the City of Welland, Regional Municipality of Niagara, Ontario. At this location Highway 406 is a two-lane highway with gravel shoulders carrying both north and south bound traffic.

The topography is generally flat and vegetation at this site consists primarily of deciduous trees and wild bush. Areas of groomed grass can be found at some locations along the existing roadways.

The site is located between the Niagara Escarpment and Lake Erie in the physiographic region of Southern Ontario referred to as the Haldimand Clay Plain. The Haldimand Clay Plain is best described as falling into a series of parallel belts with the highest ground adjacent to the Escarpment. Generally this region is flat and poorly drained although it includes several distinctive landforms such as dunes, cobble, clay and sand beaches, limestone pavements and back-shore wetland basins¹.

The Niagara Region is underlain by a sequence of very gently south-dipping dolostones, limestones, shales and sandstones overlying Precambrian basement rock. The key elements in the

¹ Chapman and Putnam, "The Physiography of South Ontario", 3rd Edition, 1984.



bedrock geology of the region are the multiple layers of softer sedimentary limestones, shale, sandstone and dolostone.

The bedrock unit at this site is the Salina Formation of Upper Silurian Age². This unit consists essentially of easily weathered, grey, very finely crystalline, laminated argillaceous dolostone with grey, calcareous shale partings and gypsum veins and lenses of varying thicknesses.

3 SITE INVESTIGATION AND FIELD TESTING

The site investigation and field testing for this project were carried out between November 10, 2009 and April 29, 2010 and consisted of drilling and sampling six boreholes to depths ranging from 11.3 m to 32.2 m. The boreholes were numbered SBL 12+685CL, SBL 12+750CL, WS1, WS2, WS3 and WS4 and their approximate locations are shown on the attached Borehole Locations and Soil Strata Drawing in Appendix C.

The borehole locations were marked in the field by surveyors from Callon Dietz Inc. who also provided Terraprobe with their coordinates and geodetic elevations. Access to some specific borehole locations was difficult due to locally steep slopes. The locations of these boreholes were selected to be as close as feasible to the staked out location while allowing safe operation of the drill rig. Terraprobe obtained utility clearances and permits prior to drilling.

Samples of the overburden soils were obtained at selected intervals using a split spoon sampler in conjunction with Standard Penetration Testing (SPT), as specified in ASTM Method D1586. In the cohesive (clayey) deposits the undrained shear strength of the soil was measured in-situ by means of field vane tests using an MTO type field vane. Relatively undisturbed soil samples were also collected with thin-walled Shelby Tube samplers. The boreholes at the abutments were also advanced into bedrock by NQ size diamond coring techniques.

Ground water conditions in the open boreholes were observed throughout the drilling operations and standpipe piezometers consisting of 19 mm diameter PVC pipe with a slotted screen enclosed in sand were installed in selected boreholes to permit longer term ground water level monitoring. The remaining boreholes were abandoned in accordance with MOE Regulation 903 by sealing/grouting with a bentonite slurry mixture after drilling was complete.

² Ontario Division of Mines, "Quaternary Geology Of The Welland Area", Preliminary Map P.796, 1972.



The locations and completion details of the piezometers are shown in Table 3.1.

Table 3.1 – Piezometer Installation Details

Piezometer Location	Piezometer Details	
	Tip Depth/ Elevation (m)	Completion Details
SBL 12+685CL	10.7/172.0	Piezometer with 3.0 m slotted screen installed with filter sand to 7.0 m, bentonite seal from 7.0 m to 6.4 m, drill cuttings from 6.4 m to 0.3 m, bentonite seal from 0.3 m to 0.2 m and a flush mounted casing installation from 0.2 m to ground surface.
SBL 12+750CL	10.5/172.4	Piezometer with 3.0 m slotted screen installed with filter sand to 6.9 m, bentonite seal from 6.9 m to 6.6 m, drill cuttings from 6.6 m to 0.3 m and bentonite seal from 0.3 m to ground surface.
WS1	22.9/159.8	Hole sealed to 22.9 m with bentonite, piezometer with 1.5 m slotted screen installed with filter sand to 20.4 m, bentonite seal from 20.4 m to ground surface.
WS4	24.4/158.3	Hole sealed to 24.4 m with bentonite, piezometer with 1.5 m slotted screen installed with filter sand to 21.9 m, bentonite seal from 21.9 m to ground surface.

The drilling, sampling and coring operations were observed on a full time basis by members of Terraprobe’s technical staff who logged the boreholes and rock cores and processed the recovered soil and rock samples for transport to Terraprobe’s Brampton laboratory for further examination and testing.

4 LABORATORY TESTING

The recovered soil samples were subjected to Visual Identification (VI) and natural moisture content determination. Select samples were also subjected to a laboratory testing programme consisting of gradation analysis, Atterberg Limits tests, consolidation tests, unit weight, unconfined compression tests and undrained shear strength testing with a laboratory vane. The results of this testing program are shown on the Record of Borehole sheets in Appendix A and the figures in Appendix B.

5 DESCRIPTION OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

Reference is made to the Record of Borehole sheets in Appendix A. Details of the encountered soil and rock stratigraphy are presented in this appendix and on the “Borehole Locations and Soil Strata” drawings in Appendix C. An overall description of the stratigraphy is given in the following paragraphs. However, the factual data presented in the Record of Borehole Sheets governs any interpretation of the site conditions.

In general, the site is underlain by topsoil and about 25.9 m to 27.5 m of overburden soils consisting of topsoil, fill material (sand and gravel and silty clay) and native deposits of silty clay, silt, silty clay till, sandy silt to sand and silt till, and clayey silt till. These soils are underlain by bedrock of the Salina Formation.



5.1 Topsoil

Topsoil ranging from 25 mm to 200 mm in thickness was encountered at this site. Topsoil thickness may vary between and beyond the boreholes.

5.2 Fill – Sand and Gravel

Borehole SBL 12+685CL was drilled on the gravel shoulder of the dedicated right turn lane that carries Highway 406 north bound traffic to Woodlawn Road. The sand and gravel fill is approximately 470 mm thick and extends to a depth of 0.5 m (Elev. 182.2 m) below ground surface.

A sample of this fill material was subjected to a grain size analysis and the results are presented in Figure B1. These results show a grain size distribution consisting of 41% gravel, 42% sand, 13% silt and 4% clay size particles.

A Standard Penetration test in the sand and gravel fill gave an ‘N’ value of 11 blows for 0.3 m penetration indicating a compact relative density. The moisture content of a sample of this fill was 4% by weight.

5.3 Fill – Silty Clay

Silty clay fill material was encountered at this site extending to depths ranging from 0.7 m (Elev.182.2) to 2.9 m (Elev.180.1) below ground surface. Silty clay fill was not encountered in Boreholes SBL12+685CL and WS2.

Samples of this fill material were subjected to grain size analysis and the grain size distribution curves are illustrated in Figure B2. These results show a grain size distribution consisting of 0% gravel, 2-3% sand, 36% silt and 61-62% clay size particles.

Samples of the fill were also subjected to Atterberg Limits tests and the results are plotted on the plasticity chart, Figure B3. The index values from this test are summarized below:

Liquid Limit:	49-53%
Plastic Limit:	23-24%
Plasticity Index:	26-29%
Natural Moisture Content:	18-22%

These values are characteristic of clayey soils of intermediate to high plasticity.

Standard Penetration tests in the silty clay fill gave ‘N’ values that ranged from 7 to 43 blows for 0.3 m penetration but generally, the recorded ‘N’ values ranged from 17 to 43 blows for 0.3 m penetration. Based on these results the fill is considered to have a generally very stiff to hard consistency with occasional firm to stiff zones. The moisture content of samples of this fill ranged from 18% to 31% by weight.



5.4 Silty Clay

A major silty clay deposit was encountered across the site. This deposit was fully penetrated in some of the boreholes where it was found to extend to depths of 14.7 m below ground surface or to elevations ranging from 168.4 m to 168.0 m. The approach boreholes were terminated in this deposit at depths of 11.3 m (Elev. 171.6 m) and 12.2 m (Elev. 170.5 m).

The grain size distribution plots of tested samples of the silty clay are presented in Figures B4 to B8 inclusive. These results show a grain size distribution consisting of 0-8% gravel, 0-6% sand, 37-83% silt and 12-58% clay size particles.

Samples of the silty clay were also subjected to Atterberg Limits tests and the results are illustrated on the plasticity charts, Figures B9 to B13 inclusive. The index values from these tests are summarized below:

Liquid Limit:	25-47%
Plastic Limit:	15-23%
Plasticity Index:	9-24%
Natural Moisture Content:	16-24%

These values indicate that the silty clay has a generally low to intermediate plasticity.

Standard Penetration tests in this stratum gave 'N' values that ranged from 7 to 61 blows for 0.3 m penetration but generally the recorded 'N' values ranged from 15 to 46 blows for 0.3 m penetration. Field vane tests gave in-situ undrained shear strengths ranging from 64 kPa to in excess of 100 kPa. An unconfined compression test gave an undrained shear strength of 77 kPa and laboratory vane tests on relatively undisturbed Shelby tube samples gave undrained shear strengths ranging from 49 kPa to 126 kPa. These values indicate that the consistency of the silty clay is generally stiff to hard with infrequent firm zones. The moisture content of samples of the silty clay range from 12% to 27% by weight and the unit weight of selected samples ranged from 20.7 to 21.1 kN/m³.

The variation of undrained shear strength with elevation is depicted in Figure B20. The plot illustrates a wide scatter in the data with no obvious trend with depth. An interpreted dashed line is shown representing a lower bound trend with depth, for the data. The upper portion of this deposit up to about Elev. 176.0 m is estimated to have relatively high undrained shear strength i.e. in excess of 125 kPa. Below Elev. 176.0 m the undrained shear strength decreases with depth and is about 50 kPa at Elev. 172.0 m. Below Elev. 172.0 m the trend indicates increasing undrained shear strength with depth.

The Atterberg Limits tests results are also plotted against elevation, Figure B21. These results illustrate that the natural moisture contents are generally at or below the plastic limit up to Elev. 177.0 m. Below Elev. 177.0 m the moisture content is generally slightly above the plastic limit.



Consolidation tests were also performed on Shelby tube samples retrieved from Boreholes SBL 12+685CL and SBL 12+750CL and the results are presented in Figures B22 to B27 inclusive. These results indicate estimated preconsolidation pressures ranging between 370 kPa and 550 kPa.

5.5 Silt

A native discontinuous silt deposit was encountered at this site in Boreholes WS1, WS2 and WS4. The deposit is approximately 0.9 m to 1.5 m thick and extends to depths of 5.9 m below ground surface or to elevations ranging from 177.2 m to 176.8 m. Based on visual and tactile examinations of the retrieved samples, the unit is essentially a cohesionless silt with frequent cohesive silty clay seams and partings.

The grain size distribution curves of tested samples of the silt deposit are presented in Figure B14. These results show a grain size distribution consisting of 0-1% gravel, 1-2% sand, 75-79% silt and 20-22% clay size particles.

The deposit is considered to have a dense to very dense relative density based on SPT 'N' values that ranged from 36 to 64 blows for 0.3 m penetration. The moisture content of samples from this deposit ranged from 16% to 22% by weight.

5.6 Silty Clay Till

A deposit of silty clay till was encountered across the site extending to depths ranging from 18.0 m to 18.7 m below ground surface or to elevations ranging from 165.1 m to 164.0 m.

The grain size distribution curves of tested samples from this unit are depicted in Figure B15. These results show a grain size distribution consisting of 4-17% gravel, 17-24% sand, 48-55% silt and 17-18% clay size particles. Till soils will also contain random cobble and boulder inclusions.

Samples were also subjected to Atterberg Limits tests and the results are plotted on the plasticity chart, Figure B16. The index values from these tests are summarized below:

Liquid Limit:	21-23%
Plastic Limit:	14%
Plasticity Index:	7-9%
Natural Moisture Content:	10-13%

These values are characteristic of clayey soils of low plasticity.

Standard Penetration tests in this deposit yielded 'N' values ranging from 40 to more than 100 blows per 0.3 m penetration. A field vane test was also attempted in this deposit and the results (no-turn on vane) indicate undrained shear strengths more than 100 kPa. Based on these results the silty clay till is considered to have a hard consistency. The moisture content of samples retrieved from this stratum varies from 7% to 16% by weight.



5.7 Sandy Silt to Sand and Silt Till

The site is underlain by discontinuous deposits of sandy silt till and a deposit of sand and silt till. These units extend to depths ranging from 25.9 m (Elev. 157.1 m) to 27.5 m (Elev. 155.2 m) below ground surface.

The grain size distribution plots of tested samples from these till deposits are depicted in Figure B17. These results show a grain size distribution consisting of 2-26% gravel, 10-38% sand, 36-72% silt and 8-16% clay size particles. Till soils will also contain random cobble and boulder inclusions.

Standard Penetration tests in these deposits yielded 'N' values ranging from 65 to more than 100 blows per 0.3 m penetration. Based on these results these units are considered to have a very dense relative density. The moisture content of samples from these deposits varies from 3% to 13% by weight.

5.8 Clayey Silt Till

A deposit of clayey silt till was encountered at this site in Boreholes WS1, WS2 and WS3. The deposit is approximately 1.6 m to 2.5 m thick and extends to a depth of 22.3 m below ground surface or to elevations ranging from 160.8 m to 160.4 m.

The grain size distribution plots of tested samples from this till deposit are depicted in Figure B18. These results show a grain size distribution consisting of 2-15% gravel, 31-35% sand, 35-48% silt and 15-19% clay size particles. Till soils will also contain random cobble and boulder inclusions.

Samples were also subjected to Atterberg Limits tests and the results are plotted on the plasticity chart, Figure B19. The index values from these tests are summarized below:

Liquid Limit:	15-17%
Plastic Limit:	11-12%
Plasticity Index:	4-5%
Natural Moisture Content:	7-15%

These values indicate a clayey silt matrix of low plasticity.

Standard Penetration tests conducted in this stratum yielded 'N' values ranging from 44 to more than 100 blows per 0.3 m penetration. Based on these results the silty clay till is considered to have a hard consistency. The moisture content of samples of this till varies from 7% to 15% by weight.



5.9 Bedrock (Salina Formation)

The overburden soils described above are underlain by the Salina Formation. Bedrock was proved by coring at the abutment locations. Table 5.1 summarizes the bedrock depth and the elevations to the top of bedrock.

Table 5.1 – Depth to Bedrock

Location	BH Number	Depth to Bedrock (m)	Top of Bedrock Elevation (m)
South Abutment	WS1	27.5	155.2
	WS2	27.3	155.8
North Abutment	WS3	25.9	157.1
	WS4	26.3	156.4

The bedrock is described as unweathered dolostone and shale and its colour is generally grey. It is thinly laminated with white unweathered gypsum and calcite veins. Total core recovery in the bedrock generally ranged from 58% to 100% and one recorded TCR of 19% was obtained in Run 1 of Borehole WS1. The RQD values ranged widely from 12% to 49% and an RQD of 0% was obtained in Run 1 of Borehole WS1. Rubble and highly fractured zones were observed in the rock cores which contributed to the relatively low RQD values. The core data reveals that there is generally no trend of improving rock quality with depth. Based on these results the rock quality is considered to be very poor to poor.

5.10 Water Levels

A standpipe piezometer was installed in selected boreholes. The water level readings measured on separate visits made after the completion of drilling are presented in Table 5.2.

Table 5.2 – Water Level Measurements

Borehole	Date	Water Levels	
		Depth (m)	Elevation (m)
SBL 12+685CL	Piezometer destroyed	-	-
SBL 12+750CL	November 19, 2009	4.6	178.3
	November 30, 2009	7.8	175.1
	December 08, 2009	4.1	178.8
	December 15, 2009	3.2	179.7
	January 04, 2010	2.7	180.2
	January 11, 2010	2.7	180.2
	January 19, 2010	2.6	180.3
WS1	January 27, 2010	6.8	175.9
	February 08, 2010	6.8	175.9
WS4	February 08, 2010	4.7	178.0
	April 16, 2010	2.1	180.6
	April 29, 2010	5.1	177.6
	May 04, 2010	5.7	177.0
	May 06, 2010	4.1	178.6
	May 18, 2010	5.9	176.8

The ground water table was estimated based on the recorded water levels in the standpipe piezometers and our review of moisture contents of the retrieved samples. Based on these observations, the local ground water level is estimated at approximately Elev. ±181.0 m.



All ground water observations at this site are short term and the levels are expected to fluctuate seasonally and after severe weather events.

5.11 Miscellaneous

The drilling, sampling and in-situ testing operations were conducted with track and truck mounted drill rigs owned and operated by Groundworks Drilling Limited of Toronto, Ontario, DBW Drilling Limited of Ajax, Ontario and Determination Drilling & Soil Investigations of Hamilton, Ontario.

A combination of hollow-stem auger and solid stem auger drilling techniques and casing and washboring methods were used to advance the boreholes. NQ size rock cores of the bedrock were obtained using diamond drilling techniques.

Messrs. Alexander Winkelmann, E.I.T., Marc Paoliello, E.I.T, and Phil Khuu, B.A.T, carried out the field work. The laboratory testing was performed at Terraprobe's Brampton laboratory and the Mississauga laboratory of Golder Associates. The report was written by Rehman Abdul, P.Eng. and reviewed by Michael Tanos, P.Eng.



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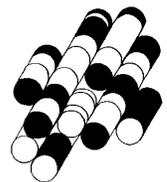


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APPENDICES

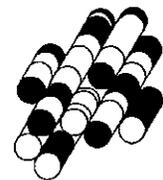
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APPENDIX A

Record of Borehole Sheets, Core Logs and Core Photos

Terraprobe Inc.



LIMITATIONS AND RISK

Procedures

The soil conditions were confirmed at the borehole and test pit locations only and conditions may vary between and beyond the boreholes. The boundaries between the various strata as shown on the logs are based on non-continuous sampling. These boundaries represent an inferred transition between the various strata, rather than a precise plane of stratigraphic change.

This investigation has been carried out using investigation techniques and engineering analysis methods consistent with those ordinarily exercised by Terraprobe and other engineering practitioners, working under similar conditions and subject to the time, financial and physical constraints applicable to this project. The discussions and recommendations that have been presented are based on the factual data obtained.

It must be recognized that there are special risks whenever engineering or related disciplines are applied to identify subsurface conditions. Even a comprehensive sampling and testing programme implemented in accordance with the most stringent level of care may fail to detect certain conditions. Terraprobe has assumed for the purposes of providing design parameters and advice, that the conditions that exist between sampling points are similar to those found at the sample locations. The conditions that Terraprobe has interpreted to exist between sampling points can differ from those that actually exist.

It may not be possible to drill a sufficient number of boreholes or sample and report them in a way that would provide all the subsurface information that could affect construction costs, techniques, equipment and scheduling. Contractors bidding on or undertaking work on the project should be directed to draw their own conclusions as to how the subsurface conditions may affect them, based on their own investigations and their own interpretations of the factual investigation results, cognizant of the risks implicit in the subsurface investigation activities.

Changes In Site And Scope

It must be recognized that the passage of time, natural occurrences, and direct or indirect human intervention at or near the site have the potential to alter subsurface conditions. Groundwater levels are particularly susceptible to seasonal fluctuations.

The design advice is based on the factual data obtained from this investigation made at the site by Terraprobe and are intended for use by the owner and its retained designers in the design phase of the project. If there are changes to the project scope and development features, or there is any additional information relevant to the interpretations made of the subsurface information, the geotechnical design parameters and comments relating to constructibility issues and quality control may not be relevant or complete for the revised project. Terraprobe should be retained to review the implications of such changes with respect to the contents of this report

This report was prepared for the express use of the Ministry of Transportation, its retained design consultants and Giffels Associates Ltd./IBI Group. It is not for use by others. This report is copyright of Terraprobe Inc. and no part of this report may be reproduced by any means, in any form, without the prior written permission of Terraprobe Inc. The Ministry of Transportation, its retained design consultants and Giffels Associates Ltd./IBI Group, are authorized users.

EXPLANATION OF TERMS USED IN REPORT

N VALUE: THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (SPT) N VALUE IS THE NUMBER OF BLOWS REQUIRED TO CAUSE A STANDARD 51mm O.D. SPLIT BARREL SAMPLER TO PENETRATE 0.3m INTO UNDISTURBED GROUND IN A BOREHOLE WHEN DRIVEN BY A HAMMER WITH A MASS OF 63.5kg. FALLING FREELY A DISTANCE OF 0.76m. FOR PENETRATIONS OF LESS THAN 0.3m N VALUES ARE INDICATED AS THE NUMBER OF BLOWS FOR THE PENETRATION ACHIEVED. AVERAGE N VALUE IS DENOTED THUS \bar{N} .

DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION TEST: CONTINUOUS PENETRATION OF A CONICAL STEEL POINT (51mm O.D. 60° CONE ANGLE) DRIVEN BY 475J IMPACT ENERGY ON 'A' SIZE DRILL RODS. THE RESISTANCE TO CONE PENETRATION IS MEASURED AS THE NUMBER OF BLOWS FOR EACH 0.3m ADVANCE OF THE CONICAL POINT INTO THE UNDISTURBED GROUND.

SOILS ARE DESCRIBED BY THEIR COMPOSITION AND CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS.

CONSISTENCY: COHESIVE SOILS ARE DESCRIBED ON THE BASIS OF THEIR UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH (c_u) AS FOLLOWS:

c_u (kPa)	0-12	12-25	25-50	50-100	100-200	>200
	VERY SOFT	SOFT	FIRM	STIFF	VERY STIFF	HARD

DENSENESS: COHESIONLESS SOILS ARE DESCRIBED ON THE BASIS OF DENSENESS AS INDICATED BY SPT N VALUES AS FOLLOWS:

N (BLOWS/0.3m)	0-5	5-10	10-30	30-50	>50
	VERY LOOSE	LOOSE	COMPACT	DENSE	VERY DENSE

ROCKS ARE DESCRIBED BY THEIR COMPOSITION AND STRUCTURAL FEATURES AND/OR STRENGTH.

RECOVERY: SUM OF ALL RECOVERED ROCK CORE PIECES FROM A CORING RUN EXPRESSED AS A PERCENT OF THE TOTAL LENGTH OF THE CORING RUN.

MODIFIED RECOVERY: SUM OF THOSE INTACT CORE PIECES, 100mm+ IN LENGTH EXPRESSED AS A PERCENT OF THE LENGTH OF THE CORING RUN. THE ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD), FOR MODIFIED RECOVERY IS:

RQD (%)	0-25	25-50	50-75	75-90	90-100
	VERY POOR	POOR	FAIR	GOOD	EXCELLENT

JOINTING AND BEDDING:

SPACING	50mm	50-300mm	0.3m-1m	1m-3m	>3m
JOINTING	VERY CLOSE	CLOSE	MOD. CLOSE	WIDE	VERY WIDE
BEDDING	VERY THIN	THIN	MEDIUM	THICK	VERY THICK

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

FIELD SAMPLING

SS	SPLIT SPOON	TP	THINWALL PISTON
WS	WASH SAMPLE	OS	OSTERBERG SAMPLE
ST	SLOTTED TUBE SAMPLE	RC	ROCK CORE
BS	BLOCK SAMPLE	PH	TW ADVANCED HYDRAULICALLY
CS	CHUNK SAMPLE	PM	TW ADVANCED MANUALLY
TW	THINWALL OPEN	FS	FOIL SAMPLE

STRESS AND STRAIN

u_w	kPa	PORE WATER PRESSURE
r_u	1	PORE PRESSURE RATIO
σ	kPa	TOTAL NORMAL STRESS
σ'	kPa	EFFECTIVE NORMAL STRESS
τ	kPa	SHEAR STRESS
$\sigma_1, \sigma_2, \sigma_3$	kPa	PRINCIPAL STRESSES
ϵ	%	LINEAR STRAIN
$\epsilon_1, \epsilon_2, \epsilon_3$	%	PRINCIPAL STRAINS
E	kPa	MODULUS OF LINEAR DEFORMATION
G	kPa	MODULUS OF SHEAR DEFORMATION
μ	1	COEFFICIENT OF FRICTION

MECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF SOIL

m_v	kPa ⁻¹	COEFFICIENT OF VOLUME CHANGE
C_c	1	COMPRESSION INDEX
C_s	1	SWELLING INDEX
C_α	1	RATE OF SECONDARY CONSOLIDATION
C	mm/s	COEFFICIENT OF CONSOLIDATION
H	m	DRAINAGE PATH
T_v	1	TIME FACTOR
U	%	DEGREE OF CONSOLIDATION
σ'_{vo}	kPa	EFFECTIVE OVERBURDEN PRESSURE
σ'_p	kPa	PRECONSOLIDATION PRESSURE
τ_r	kPa	SHEAR STRENGTH
c'	kPa	EFFECTIVE COHESION INTERCEPT
ϕ'	°	EFFECTIVE ANGLE OF INTERNAL FRICTION
c_u	kPa	APPARENT COHESION INTERCEPT
ϕ_u	°	APPARENT ANGLE OF INTERNAL FRICTION
τ_R	kPa	RESIDUAL SHEAR STRENGTH
τ_r	kPa	REMOULDED SHEAR STRENGTH
S	1	SENSITIVITY = c_u / τ_r

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF SOIL

ρ_s	kg/m ³	DENSITY OF SOLID PARTICLES	e	1%	VOID RATIO	e_{min}	1%	VOID RATIO IN DENSEST STATE
γ_s	kN/m ³	UNIT WEIGHT OF SOLID PARTICLES	n	1%	POROSITY	I_c	1	DENSITY INDEX = $\frac{e_{max} - e}{e_{max} - e_{min}}$
ρ_w	kg/m ³	DENSITY OF WATER	w	1%	WATER CONTENT	D	mm	GRAIN DIAMETER
γ_w	kN/m ³	UNIT WEIGHT OF WATER	S_r	%	DEGREE OF SATURATION	D_r	mm	n PERCENT - DIAMETER
ρ	kg/m ³	DENSITY OF SOIL	w_L	%	LIQUID LIMIT	C_u	1	UNIFORMITY COEFFICIENT
γ	kN/m ³	UNIT WEIGHT OF SOIL	w_p	%	PLASTIC LIMIT	h	m	HYDRAULIC HEAD OR POTENTIAL
ρ_d	kg/m ³	DENSITY OF DRY SOIL	w_s	%	SHRINKAGE LIMIT	q	m/s	RATE OF DISCHARGE
γ_d	kN/m ³	UNIT WEIGHT OF DRY SOIL	I_p	%	PLASTICITY INDEX = $(w_L - w_p)$	v	m/s	DISCHARGE VELOCITY
ρ_{sat}	kg/m ³	DENSITY OF SATURATED SOIL	I_L	1	LIQUIDITY INDEX = $(w - w_p) / I_p$	i	1	HYDRAULIC GRADIENT
γ_{sat}	kN/m ³	UNIT WEIGHT OF SATURATED SOIL	I_c	1	CONSISTENCY INDEX = $(w - w_p) / I_p$	k	m/s	HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY
ρ'	kg/m ³	DENSITY OF SUBMERGED SOIL	e_{max}	1%	VOID RATIO IN LOOSEST STATE	j	kN/m ²	SEEPAGE FORCE
γ'	kN/m ³	UNIT WEIGHT OF SUBMERGED SOIL						

EXPLANATORY SHEET FOR CORE LOG

Column Number

1. Elevation of borehole collar.
2. Depth of geotechnical boundary in borehole
3. Geologic symbol for rock or soil material
4. General description of geotechnical unit - qualitative description, including rock type(s), percentage rock types, frequency and sizes of interbeds, colour, texture.

Joint (discontinuity) Characteristics

5. Number of joint sets: a rock mass can be intersected by a number of joint sets of varying orientations.
6. Joint type: B = Bedding joint C = Cross joint
7. Orientation: only variations in dip can be identified in core; dip direction is from field mapping or oriented core:
F = Flat = 0 - 20° D = Dipping = 20 - 50° V = Vertical = 50 - 90°
8. Joint spacing: this is an approximate measure of spacing between joints in specific joint sets.

SPACING	> 3 m	1 m - 3 m	0.3 m - 1 m	50 mm - 300 mm	< 50 mm
	VERY WIDE	WIDE	MODERATE	CLOSE	VERY CLOSE

9. Roughness:

RU = Rough Undulating	RP = Rough Planar
SU = Smooth Undulating	SP = Smooth Planar
LU = Slickensided Undulating	LP = Slickensided Planar

10. Filling:

	Approximate q
T = Tight, hard, non-softened	
O = Oxidation surface staining only	25 - 35
SA = Slightly altered; clay-free	25 - 30
S = Sandy particles; clay-free	25 - 30
Si = Sandy and silty, minor clay	20 - 25
NC = Non-softening Clays; 5mm	16 - 24
SC = Swelling Clay fillings; 5mm	6 - 12

11. Aperture: estimated size of joint opening.

12. Degree of weathered rock material:

DEGREE	DESCRIPTION				
UNWEATHERED	NO SIGNS OF DISCOLOURATION OR OXIDIZATION				
SLIGHTLY WEATHERED	PARTIAL DISCOLOURATION; FRACTURES (JOINTS), TYPICALLY OXIDIZED				
MODERATELY WEATHERED	TOTAL DISCOLOURATION				
HIGHLY WEATHERED	TOTAL DISCOLOURATION; TYPICALLY FRIABLE AND PITTED				
COMPLETELY WEATHERED	RESEMBLE A SOIL; ROCK STRUCTURE - USUALLY PRESERVED				

13. Strength of rock material:

		MPa				
VERY HIGH STRENGTH	SPECIMEN CAN ONLY BE CHIPPED BY GEOLOGICAL HAMMER	> 200				
HIGH STRENGTH	SPECIMEN REQUIRES A NUMBER OF BLOWS OF A GEOLOGICAL HAMMER TO FRACTURE IT; CANNOT BE SCRAPPED WITH POCKET KNIFE	50 - 200				
MEDIUM STRENGTH	SPECIMEN CANNOT BE FRACTURED BY A SINGLE, FIRM BLOW OF GEOLOGICAL HAMMER; CAN BE SCRAPPED WITH POCKET KNIFE, NOT PEELED	15 - 50				
LOW STRENGTH	SHALLOW INDENTATIONS MADE BY FIRM BLOW WITH POINT OF GEOLOGICAL HAMMER; CAN BE PEELED WITH POCKET KNIFE WITH DIFFICULTY	4 - 15				
VERY LOW STRENGTH	CRUMBLES UNDER FIRM BLOW WITH POINT OF GEOLOGICAL HAMMER; CAN BE PEELED	1 - 4				

14. Fracture frequency: number of natural joints occurring over a meter length of core. All natural joints are counted irrespective of the number of joint sets.

FRACTURE FREQUENCY	JOINT SPACING	LENGTH				
0.3 m	VERY WIDE	> 3 m				
0.3 - 1 m	WIDE	1 m - 3 m				
1 - 3 m	MODERATE	0.03 m - 1 m				
3 - 20 m	CLOSE	0.005 m - 0.03 m				
20 m	VERY CLOSE	< 0.005 m				

15. Run number and Core Recovery

(i) Drill run number

(ii) Total Core Recovery is the total length of core pieces, irrespective of their individual lengths obtained in a core run, and expressed as a percentage of the length of that core run.

16. Rock Quantity Designation (RQD): The total length of those pieces of sound core which are 0.01 metres or greater in length in a core run, expressed as a percentage of the total length of that core run. Sound pieces of rock are those pieces separated by natural breaks and not machine breaks or subsequent artificial breaks.

Rock Mass Classification (after Deare)

RQD (%)	0 - 25	25 - 50	50 - 75	75 - 90	90 - 100
DESCRIPTION	VERY POOR	POOR	FAIR	GOOD	EXCELLENT

17. Core and Casing sizes: changes of core and casing sizes are indicated.

18. Water recovery, level and tests:

(i) percentage drill water recovery

(ii) water level depth

(iii) positions and results of tests, e.g., permeability and packer tests

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No SBL 12+685CL 1 OF 1 METRIC

W.P. 280-99-00 LOCATION Coords: N:4764160.4 E:327319.7 ORIGINATED BY MP
 DIST HWY 406 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY DB
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 11.17.09 CHECKED BY RA

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC NATURAL LIQUID LIMIT MOISTURE CONTENT			UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)		
ELEV. DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT. PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	20	40	60	80	100	W _p	w			W _L	GR
182.7	Ground Surface																	
0.0	470mm FILL - Sand and Gravel, some silt, trace clay, compact, grey, damp		1	SS	11													41 42 13 4
182.2	SILTY CLAY trace sand, occasional gravel inclusions, very stiff, brown, moist		2	SS	18													
0.5			3	SS	15													
			4	SS	16													0 1 50 49
			5	SS	19													
			6	SS	15													
	stiff		7	SS	13													0 2 68 30
			8	SS	11													
			9	SS	8													1 5 68 26
			10	TW	PH													20.7 0 3 70 27
170.5	End of Borehole																	
12.2	Borehole was dry (not stabilized) and hole open to full depth on completion. Piezometer installation consists of a 19mm diameter, Schedule 40 PVC pipe with a 3.0m slotted screen. Water Level Readings: Date Depth(m) Elevation(m) Piezometer destroyed after drilling. Consolidation test performed on TW 10.																	

ONTARIO MOT 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ ONTARIO MOT.GDT 05/26/10

+ 3, x 3: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No WS1

1 OF 3

METRIC

W.P. 280-99-00 LOCATION Coords: N:4764163.6 E:327303.9 ORIGINATED BY MP
 DIST HWY 406 BOREHOLE TYPE Solid Stem Augers / Casing and Washboring / NQ Rock Coring COMPILED BY DB
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 01.19.10 - 04.29.10 CHECKED BY RA

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT w _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT w	LIQUID LIMIT w _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)					
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	20						40	60	80	100	10
182.7	Ground Surface																	
182.6	80mm TOPSOIL		1	SS	7													
	FILL - Silty Clay, trace sand, firm to hard, brown, damp		2	SS	28							53		0	2	36	62	
			3	SS	37													
180.6																		
2.1	SILTY CLAY trace sand, trace gravel, hard, brown, damp		4	SS	32													
			5	SS	33													
			6	SS	52													
178.3																		
4.4	SILT trace sand, trace gravel, frequent silty clay seams and partings, dense, brown, damp		7	SS	47									1	2	75	22	
			8	SS	39													
176.8																		
5.9	SILTY CLAY trace sand, trace gravel, very stiff to hard, brown, damp to moist		9	SS	15													
			10	SS	23							3.3		0	5	83	12	
			11	SS	25							1.8		0	4	62	34	
			12	TW	PH													
			13	SS	41													
			14	SS	28													
168.0																		
14.7																		

ONTARIO MCT 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ ONTARIO MCT.GDT 05/26/10

Continued Next Page

+3, x3: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No WS1

2 OF 3

METRIC

W.P. 280-99-00 LOCATION Coords: N:4764163.6 E:327303.9 ORIGINATED BY MP
 DIST HWY 406 BOREHOLE TYPE Solid Stem Augers / Casing and Washboring / NQ Rock Coring COMPILED BY DB
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 01.19.10 - 04.29.10 CHECKED BY RA

ELEV DEPTH	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE ELEVATION	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT w	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
			NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH kPa									
							20	40	60	80	100						
164.1	SILTY CLAY sandy, trace gravel, hard, brown, damp to moist (GLACIAL TILL)		15	SS	55		167									4 24 55 17	
18.6	SANDY SILT some clay, trace gravel, very dense, brown, damp to moist (GLACIAL TILL)		16	SS	66		166									Jan.19 Jan.20	
162.1			17	SS	104		165										
20.6	CLAYEY SILT sandy, trace gravel, hard, brown, damp (GLACIAL TILL)		18	SS	100/ 13cm/		164										
160.4			19	SS	129		163									2 31 48 19	
22.3	SANDY SILT trace to some gravel, trace clay, very dense, brown, moist to wet (GLACIAL TILL)		20	SS	100/ 13cm/		162									Jan.20 Apr.29	
155.2			21	SS	192		161										
27.5	BEDROCK - INTERBEDDED DOLOSTONE AND SHALE Unweathered, thinly laminated, grey, medium strength, argillaceous with unweathered, laminated, white, very low strength gypsum and calcite layers / veins and frequent unweathered, white, low strength, coarse grained calcitic vugs.		1	RUN	NQ		160									RUN#1 TCR=19% SCR=11% RQD=0%	
			2	RUN	NQ		159									RUN#2 TCR=62% SCR=34% RQD=18%	
							158										
							157										
							156										
							155										
							154										
							153										

ONTARIO MOT 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ ONTARIO MOT.GDT 05/26/10

Continued Next Page

+ 3, x 3: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No WS1

3 OF 3

METRIC

W.P. 280-99-00 LOCATION Coords: N:4764163.6 E:327303.9 ORIGINATED BY MP
 DIST HWY 406 BOREHOLE TYPE Solid Stem Augers / Casing and Washboring / NQ Rock Coring COMPILED BY DB
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 01.19.10 - 04.29.10 CHECKED BY RA

ELEV DEPTH	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE ELEVATION (m)	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL	
			NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			SHEAR STRENGTH kPa										
								20	40	60	80	100						
								○ UNCONFINED	+	FIELD VANE								
								● QUICK TRIAXIAL	×	LAB VANE								
								20	40	60	80	100	10	20	30			
	BEDROCK - INTERBEDDED DOLOSTONE AND SHALE Unweathered, thinly laminated, grey, medium strength, argillaceous with unweathered, laminated, white, very low strength gypsum and calcite layers / veins and frequent unweathered, white, low strength, coarse grained calcitic vugs. (continued)		3	RUN	NQ		152										RUN#3 TCR=91% SCR=69% RQD=43%	
			4	RUN	NQ		151										RUN#4 TCR=94% SCR=80% RQD=30%	
150.5 32.2	End of Borehole Water level at 6.1m (not stabilized) and hole open to full depth on completion. Unable to push vane beyond 12.0m. Resistance to augering below 23.6m. Piezometer installation consists of a 19mm diameter, Schedule 40 PVC pipe with a 1.52m slotted screen. Water Level Readings: Date Depth(m) Elevation(m) Jan.27.10 6.8 175.9 Feb.08.10 6.8 175.9 April 29, 2010 borehole drilled 1m south of original borehole location.																	

ONTARIO MOT 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ ONTARIO MOT.GDT 05/26/10

+ 3, X 3: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

CORE LOG



Terraprobe

Project	Highway 406 Twinning	Orientation	Vertical	Ground Elevation	182.7m	Datum	Geodetic	Borehole No.	WS1
Location	Welland, Ontario	Date Started	April 29, 2010	Completed	April 29, 2010	Logged By	AW	Sheet	1 of 1
W.P.:	280-99-00	Drilling Agency	DDSI	Drill Type	Track-Mount	Core Barrel & Bit Design	NQ	Project No.	1-09-4135

ELEVATION (m)	DEPTH (m)	SYMBOL	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	Joint Characteristics								WEATHERING	STRENGTH	FRACTURE FREQUENCY	RUN NO.	CORE RECOVERY %	R O D %	CORE SIZE/CASING	MPa UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	UNIT WEIGHT (kN/m ³)
				No. OF SETS	JOINT TYPE	ORIENTATION	SPACING	ROUGHNESS	FILLING	APERTURE										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19		
155.7	27.0		Overburden, refer to Borehole Log WS1																	
155.2	27.5		SALINA FORMATION BEDROCK	1	B	F	VC	RP	T	0 to 1				#1 TCR 19 SCR 11	0	NQ				
154.7	28.0		INTERBEDDED DOLOSTONE AND SHALE Unweathered, thinly laminated, grey, medium strength, argillaceous with unweathered, laminated, white, very low strength gypsum and calcite layers / veins and frequent unweathered, white, low strength, coarse grained calcitic vugs.	1	B	F	VC	RP	T											
154.2	28.5			1	B	F	VC	RP	T											
153.7	29.0			1	B	F	C	SP	T	0 to 1				#2 TCR 62 SCR 34	18	NQ				
153.2	29.5			2	BC	FV	VC	SP	T											
152.7	30.0			1	B	F	C	SP	T	0 to 5				#3 TCR 91 SCR 69	43	NQ				
152.2	30.5			1	B	F	VC	SP	T	0 to 1										
151.7	31.0			1	B	F	C	SP	T	0 to 1										
151.7	31.0			1	B	F	VC	SP	T	0 to 1										
151.2	31.5			2	BC	FV	C	SP	T	0 to 1				#4 TCR 94 SCR 80	30	NQ				
151.2	31.5			2	BC	FV	VC	SP	T	0 to 1										
150.7	32.0			1	B	F	C	SP	T	0 to 2										
150.5	32.5		End of Core Log Rubbilized zones at: 27.50-29.00m; 29.50-29.70m; 30.70-30.80m; 31.00-31.30m. Rubble indicated by 'a'.																	
150.0	33.0		Highly fractured zone at: 31.80-32.00m.																	

Remarks:

LEGEND:

- Interbedded Dolostone and Shale
- Rubble

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No WS2

1 OF 3

METRIC

W.P. 280-99-00 LOCATION Coords: N:4764174.7 E:327313.4 ORIGINATED BY AW
 DIST HWY 406 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers / NQ Rock Coring COMPILED BY DB
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 01.28.10 - 02.01.10 CHECKED BY RA

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT w _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT w	LIQUID LIMIT w _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)							
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			20	40	60	80	100						20	40	60	80	100	10	20
183.1	Ground Surface																						
0.0	firm	1	SS	7																			
	SILTY CLAY trace sand, trace gravel, hard, brown, damp	2	SS	38													45			2	3	37	58
		3	SS	43																			
		4	SS	36													47			0	1	51	48
		5	SS	29																			
		6	SS	24																			
178.7																							
4.4	SILT trace sand, frequent silty clay seams and partings, dense, brown, damp	7	SS	37																0	1	79	20
		8	SS	36																			
177.2																							
5.9	SILTY CLAY trace sand, trace gravel, stiff to very stiff, brown, damp to moist	9	SS	21																0	5	68	27
		10	SS	22																			
		11	TW	PH																			
		12	SS	10																0	3	70	27
		13	SS	15																			
		14	SS	28																0	2	72	26
168.4																							
14.7																							

ONTARIO MOT 1-09-4136 WS BRIDGE.GPJ ONTARIO MOT.GDT 05/26/10

Continued Next Page

+ 3, x 3: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No WS2

2 OF 3

METRIC

W.P. 280-99-00 LOCATION Coords. N:4764174.7 E:327313.4 ORIGINATED BY AW
 DIST HWY 406 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers / NQ Rock Coring COMPILED BY DB
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 01.28.10 - 02.01.10 CHECKED BY RA

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT w _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT w	LIQUID LIMIT w _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)								
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	20	40	60	80						100	20	40	60	80	100	10	20
165.1	SILTY CLAY trace sand, trace gravel, hard, brown, damp (GLACIAL TILL)	[Hatched pattern]	15	SS	40																			
166.0			16	SS	52																			
165.1 18.0	SANDY SILT trace to some clay, trace gravel to gravelly, very dense, brown, damp to moist (GLACIAL TILL)	[Hatched pattern]	17	SS	111																			
164.0			18	SS	100/ 13cm																			
162.4 20.7			19	SS	87																			
160.8 22.3	CLAYEY SILT and sand, some gravel, hard, brown, damp (GLACIAL TILL)	[Hatched pattern]	20	SS	100/ 10cm																			
158.0			21	SS	100/ 10cm																			
157.0			22	SS	100/ 5cm																			
155.8 27.3			1	RUN	NQ																			
153.2	BEDROCK - INTERBEDDED DOLOSTONE AND SHALE Unweathered, thinly laminated, grey, medium strength, argillaceous with unweathered, laminated, white, very low strength gypsum and calcite layers / veins and frequent unweathered, white, low strength, coarse grained calcitic vugs.	[Diagonal hatched pattern]	2	RUN	NQ																			

ONTARIO MOT 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ ONTARIO MOT.GDT 05/28/10

Continued Next Page

+ 3, x 3: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No WS2

3 OF 3

METRIC

W.P. 280-99-00 LOCATION Coords: N:4764174.7 E:327313.4 ORIGINATED BY AW
 DIST HWY 406 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers / NQ Rock Coring COMPILED BY DB
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 01.28.10 - 02.01.10 CHECKED BY RA

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)	
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			20	40	60	80	100						10
29.9	End of Borehole No sample recovery at SS12. Sampler redriven and disturbed sample collected. Unable to push vane beyond 12m. Borehole open to full depth and filled with drill water upon completion of drilling. Borehole sealed with bentonite slurry to ground surface.																

ONTARIO MOT 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ ONTARIO MOT.GDT 05/28/10

+ 3, x 3: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

CORE LOG



Terraprobe

Project Highway 406 Twinning	Orientation Vertical	Ground Elevation 183.1m	Datum Geodetic	Borehole No. WS2
Location Welland, Ontario	Date Started February 1, 2010	Completed February 1, 2010	Logged By AW	Sheet 1 of 1
W.P.: 280-99-00	Drilling Agency GW	Drill Type Track-Mount	Core Barrel & Bit Design NQ	Project No. 1-09-4135

ELEVATION (m)	DEPTH (m)	SYMBOL	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	Joint Characteristics								WEATHERING	STRENGTH	FRACTURE FREQUENCY	RUN NO.	CORE RECOVERY %	R O D %	CORE SIZE/CASING	MPa UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	UNIT WEIGHT (KN/m ³)
				No. OF SETS	JOINT TYPE	ORIENTATION	SPACING	ROUGHNESS	FILLING	APERTURE										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19		
156.6	26.5		Overburden, refer to Borehole Log WS2																	
156.1	27.0		Sandy Silt TILL, refer to Borehole Log WS2																	
155.6	27.5		SALINA FORMATION BEDROCK	1	B	F	C	SU	T	0.63				#1						
			INTERBEDDED DOLOSTONE AND SHALE Unweathered, thinly laminated, grey, medium strength, argillaceous with unweathered, laminated, white, very low strength gypsum and calcite layers / veins and frequent unweathered, white, low strength, coarse grained calcitic vugs.	1	B	F	VC	SP	T	0.61				71		18	NQ			
155.1	28.0			1	B	F	C	SP	T	0.61										
154.6	28.5			1	B	F	VC	SP	T	0.61										
154.1	29.0													#2						
														89		30	NQ			
153.6	29.5			1	B	F	C	SP	T	0.61				57						
153.1	30.0		End of Core Log <u>Rubble zones at:</u> 27.80-27.90m; 28.80-28.90m. Rubble indicated by 'a'.																	
152.6	30.5		<u>Highly fractured zone at:</u> 28.30-28.80m.																	
152.1	31.0																			
151.6	31.5																			
151.1	32.0																			
150.6	32.5																			

Remarks:

LEGEND:

- Interbedded Dolostone and Shale
- Rubble
- Sandy Silt Till

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No WS3

1 OF 2

METRIC

W.P. 280-99-00 LOCATION Coords: N:4764192.6 E:327292.7 ORIGINATED BY MP
 DIST HWY 406 BOREHOLE TYPE Solid Stem Augers / NQ Rock Coring COMPILED BY DB
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 01.20.10 - 01.22.10 CHECKED BY RA

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT LIQUID LIMIT			UNIT WEIGHT γ	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)		
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	20	40	60	80	100	w_p	w			w_L	GR
183.0	Ground Surface																	
182.9	50mm TOPSOIL		1	SS	17													
	FILL - Silty Clay, trace sand, very stiff to hard, brown, damp		2	SS	23													
		3	SS	36														
		4	SS	43														
180.1			5	SS	39													
2.9	SILTY CLAY trace sand, trace gravel, stiff to hard, brown, damp		6	SS	30													
		7	SS	24														
		8	SS	20														
		9	TW	PH														
		10	SS	9														
		11	SS	13														
		12	SS	17														
		13	SS	23														
		14	SS	23														
168.3																		
14.7																		

ONTARIO MOT 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ_ONTARIO MOT.GDT_05/26/10

Continued Next Page

+³, x³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

CORE LOG



Terraprobe

Project	Highway 406 Twinning	Orientation	Vertical	Ground Elevation	183.0m	Datum	Geodetic	Borehole No.	WS3
Location	Welland, Ontario	Date Started	January 22, 2010	Completed	January 22, 2010	Logged By	AW	Sheet	1 of 1
W.P.:	280-99-00	Drilling Agency	DBW	Drill Type	Track-Mount	Core Barrel & Bit Design	NQ	Project No.	1-09-4135

ELEVATION (m)	DEPTH (m)	SYMBOL	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	Joint Characteristics								WEATHERING	STRENGTH	FRACTURE FREQUENCY	RUN NO. CORE RECOVERY %	R Q D %	CORE SIZE/CASING	MPa UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	UNIT WEIGHT (kN/m ³)
				No. OF SETS	JOINT TYPE	ORIENTATION	SPACING	ROUGHNESS	FILLING	APERTURE									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
158.5	24.5																		
158.0	25.0		Overburden, refer to Borehole Log WS3																
157.5	25.5		Sandy Silt TILL, (Boulder 25.07 to 25.90m), refer to Borehole Log WS3																
157.0	26.0		SALINA FORMATION BEDROCK	1	B	F	M	SP	T										
156.5	26.5		INTERBEDDED DOLOSTONE AND SHALE Unweathered, thinly laminated, grey, medium strength, argillaceous with unweathered, laminated, white, very low strength gypsum and calcite layers / veins and frequent unweathered, white, low strength, coarse grained calcitic vugs.	1	B	F	VC	SP	T	0 to 1									
156.0	27.0																		
155.5	27.5																		
155.0	28.0																		
154.5	28.5		End of Core Log <u>Rubbilized zones at:</u> 26.10-26.20m. Rubble indicated by 'a'.																
154.0	29.0																		
153.5	29.5																		
153.0	30.0																		
152.5	30.5																		

Remarks: 0.5m boulder present in recovered rock core at top of Run No.1

LEGEND:

- Interbedded Dolostone and Shale
- Rubble
- Sandy Silt TILL

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No WS4

1 OF 3

METRIC

W.P. 280-99-00 LOCATION Coords: N:4764202.3 E:327305.2 ORIGINATED BY MP
 DIST HWY 406 BOREHOLE TYPE Solid Stem Augers / NQ Rock Coring COMPILED BY DB
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 01.28.10 - 02.01.10 CHECKED BY RA

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	SHEAR STRENGTH kPa								
						20	40	60	80	100						
182.7	Ground Surface 25mm TOPSOIL		1	SS	13											
	FILL - Silty Clay, trace sand, trace gravel, stiff to very stiff, brown, damp to moist		2	SS	17											
			3	SS	13											
180.6 2.1	SILTY CLAY trace sand, trace gravel, hard, brown, damp		4	SS	45									45		1 1 48 50
			5	SS	45											
			6	SS	43											
			7	SS	61											
177.7 5.0	SILT trace clay, trace sand, frequent silty clay seams and partings, very dense, brown, damp		8	SS	64											
176.8 5.9	SILTY CLAY trace sand, trace gravel, stiff to hard, brown, damp		9	SS	37											
			10	SS	37											
			11	SS	20											0 3 67 30
			12	TW	PH											
			13	SS	25											1 6 71 22
			14	SS	23											
168.0 14.7																

ONTARIO MOT. 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ ONTARIO MOT.GDT 05/26/10

Continued Next Page

+³, X³: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No WS4

2 OF 3

METRIC

W.P. 280-99-00 LOCATION Coords: N:4764202.3 E:327305.2 ORIGINATED BY MP
 DIST HWY 405 BOREHOLE TYPE Solid Stem Augers / NQ Rock Coring COMPILED BY DB
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 01.28.10 - 02.01.10 CHECKED BY RA

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT W	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%)									
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE			"N" VALUES	SHEAR STRENGTH kPa									WATER CONTENT (%)			GR	SA	SI	CL		
						20	40	60	80	100	20	40	60	80	100	10	20	30							
164.0	SILTY CLAY some sand, some gravel, hard, brown, damp to moist (GLACIAL TILL)		15	SS	120																		17 17 48 18		
			16	SS	73																			Jan.28 Jan.29	
18.7			SAND AND SILT some gravel, trace clay, occasional cobbles, cemented, very dense, brown, damp to moist (GLACIAL TILL)		17	SS	102																		
	18	SS			67																				
	19	SS			100/ 13cm/																				
	20	SS			190																				18 38 36 8
	21	SS			177																				
156.4	BEDROCK - INTERBEDDED DOLOSTONE AND SHALE Unweathered, thinly laminated, grey, medium strength, argillaceous with unweathered, laminated, white, very low strength gypsum and calcite layers / veins and frequent unweathered, white, low strength, coarse grained calcitic vugs.		22	SS	100/ 0cm/																		Jan.29 Feb.01		
26.3			1	RUN	NQ																			RUN#1 TCR=59% SCR=27% RQD=12%	
			2	RUN	NQ																				RUN#2 TCR=100% SCR=92% RQD=26%
153.5	End of Borehole		3	RUN	NQ																		RUN#3 TCR=58% SCR=47% RQD=22%		
29.2																									

ONTARIO MOT. 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ ONTARIO MOT.GDT 05/26/10

Continued Next Page

+ 3 , X 3: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No WS4

3 OF 3

METRIC

W.P. 280-99-00 LOCATION Coords: N:4764202.3 E:327305.2 ORIGINATED BY MP
 DIST HWY 406 BOREHOLE TYPE Solid Stem Augers / NQ Rock Coring COMPILED BY DB
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 01.28.10 - 02.01.10 CHECKED BY RA

ELEV DEPTH	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	STRAT PLOT	SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT					PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT w	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ kNm ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
			NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			20	40	60	80	100					
	Water level at approx. 9.1m (not stabilized) and hole open to full depth on completion. Unable to push vane beyond 14.7m. Resistance to augering from 25.0m to 25.8m. Piezometer installation consists of a 19mm diameter, Schedule 40 PVC pipe with a 1.52m slotted screen. Water Level Readings: Date Depth(m) Elevation(m) Feb.08.10 4.7 178.0 Apr.16.10 2.1 180.6 Apr.29.10 5.1 177.6 May.04.10 5.7 177.0 May.06.10 4.1 178.6 May.18.10 5.9 176.8																

ONTARIO MOT 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ ONTARIO MOT.GDT 05/26/10

CORE LOG



Terraprobe

Project	Highway 406 Twinning	Orientation	Vertical	Ground Elevation	182.7m	Datum	Geodetic	Borehole No.	WS4
Location	Welland, Ontario	Date Started	February 1, 2010	Completed	February 1, 2010	Logged By	AW	Sheet	1 of 1
W.P.:	280-99-00	Drilling Agency	DBW	Drill Type	Track-Mount	Core Barrel & Bit Design	NQ	Project No.	1-09-4135

ELEVATION (m)	DEPTH (m)	SYMBOL	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	Joint Characteristics							WEATHERING	STRENGTH	FRACTURE FREQUENCY	RUN NO.	CORE RECOVERY %	R O D %	CORE SIZE/CASING	UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH MPa	UNIT WEIGHT (KN/m ³)
				NO. OF SETS	JOINT TYPE	ORIENTATION	SPACING	ROUGHNESS	FILLING	APERTURE									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
158.0	25.0																		
157.5	25.5		Overburden, refer to Borehole Log WS4																
157.0	26.0		Sand and Silt TILL, refer to Borehole Log WS4											#1					
156.5	26.5		SALINA FORMATION BEDROCK	1	B	F	C	SP	T	o				59	12	NQ			
156.0	27.0		INTERBEDDED DOLOSTONE AND SHALE Unweathered, thinly laminated, grey, medium strength, argilloceous with unweathered, laminated, white, very low strength gypsum and calcite layers / veins and frequent unweathered, white, low strength, coarse grained calcitic vugs.	1	B	F	VC	SP	T	o				27					
155.5	27.5			1	B	F	C	SP	T	o				#2					
155.0	28.0													100	26	NQ			
154.5	28.5													92					
154.0	29.0			1	B	F	C	SP	T	o				#3					
153.5	29.5		End of Core Log <u>Rubble zones at:</u> 26.50-26.80m. Rubble indicated by 'o'.											58	22	NQ			
153.0	30.0													47					
152.5	30.5																		
152.0	31.0																		

Remarks:

LEGEND:

- Interbedded Dolostone and Shale
- Rubble
- Sand and Silt TILL

RECORD OF BOREHOLE No SBL 12+750CL 1 OF 1 METRIC

W.P. 280-99-00 LOCATION Coords: N:4764219.9 E:327296.2 ORIGINATED BY PK
 DIST HWY 406 BOREHOLE TYPE Hollow Stem Augers COMPILED BY DB
 DATUM Geodetic DATE 11.10.09 CHECKED BY RA

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			GROUND WATER CONDITIONS	ELEVATION SCALE	DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE PLOT		PLASTIC LIMIT W _p	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT w	LIQUID LIMIT W _L	UNIT WEIGHT γ kN/m ³	REMARKS & GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI CL
ELEV DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	NUMBER	TYPE	"N" VALUES			20	40					
182.9	Ground Surface												
182.7	200mm TOPSOIL												
0.2	FILL - Silty Clay, trace sand, trace organics, stiff, dark brown, moist	1	SS	8									
182.2													
0.7	SILTY CLAY trace sand, very stiff to hard, brown, moist	2	SS	24									
		3	SS	37									
		4	SS	46									
		5	SS	33									0 0 60 40
		6	SS	20									
		7	SS	27									
		8	SS	34									0 4 68 28
	trace gravel	9	SS	21									
		10	TW	PH								21.1	6 3 65 26
171.6	End of Borehole												
11.3	Water level at 10.4m (not stabilized) and hole open to full depth on completion. Piezometer installation consists of a 19mm diameter, Schedule 40 PVC pipe with a 3.0m slotted screen. Water Level Readings: Date Depth(m) Elevation(m) Nov.19.09 4.6 178.3 Nov.30.09 7.8 175.1 Dec.08.09 4.1 178.8 Dec.15.09 3.2 179.7 Jan.04.10 2.7 180.2 Jan.11.10 2.7 180.2 Jan.19.10 2.6 180.3 Consolidation test performed on TW 10.												

ONTARIO MOT 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ ONTARIO MOT.GDT 05/26/10

+ 3, x 3: Numbers refer to Sensitivity ○ 3% STRAIN AT FAILURE

Foundation Investigation Report
Highway 406 Twinning - Port Robinson Road to East Main Street
Agreement No.: 2008-E-0016; W.P. 280-99-00



Bedrock Core Sample

Borehole: WS1

Runs: 1, 2, 3 & 4

Depth: 27.5m – 32.2m



Foundation Investigation Report
Highway 406 Twinning - Port Robinson Road to East Main Street
Agreement No.: 2008-E-0016; W.P. 280-99-00



Bedrock Core Sample
Borehole: WS2
Runs: 1 & 2
Depth: 26.8m – 29.9m



Foundation Investigation Report
Highway 406 Twinning - Port Robinson Road to East Main Street
Agreement No.: 2008-E-0016; W.P. 280-99-00



Bedrock Core Sample
Borehole: WS3
Runs 1 & 2
Depth: 25.1m – 28.2m



Foundation Investigation Report
Highway 406 Twinning - Port Robinson Road to East Main Street
Agreement No.: 2008-E-0016; W.P. 280-99-00



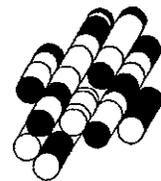
Bedrock Core Sample
Borehole: WS4
Runs: 1, 2 & 3
Depth: 25.8m – 29.2m



APPENDIX B

Laboratory Test Results

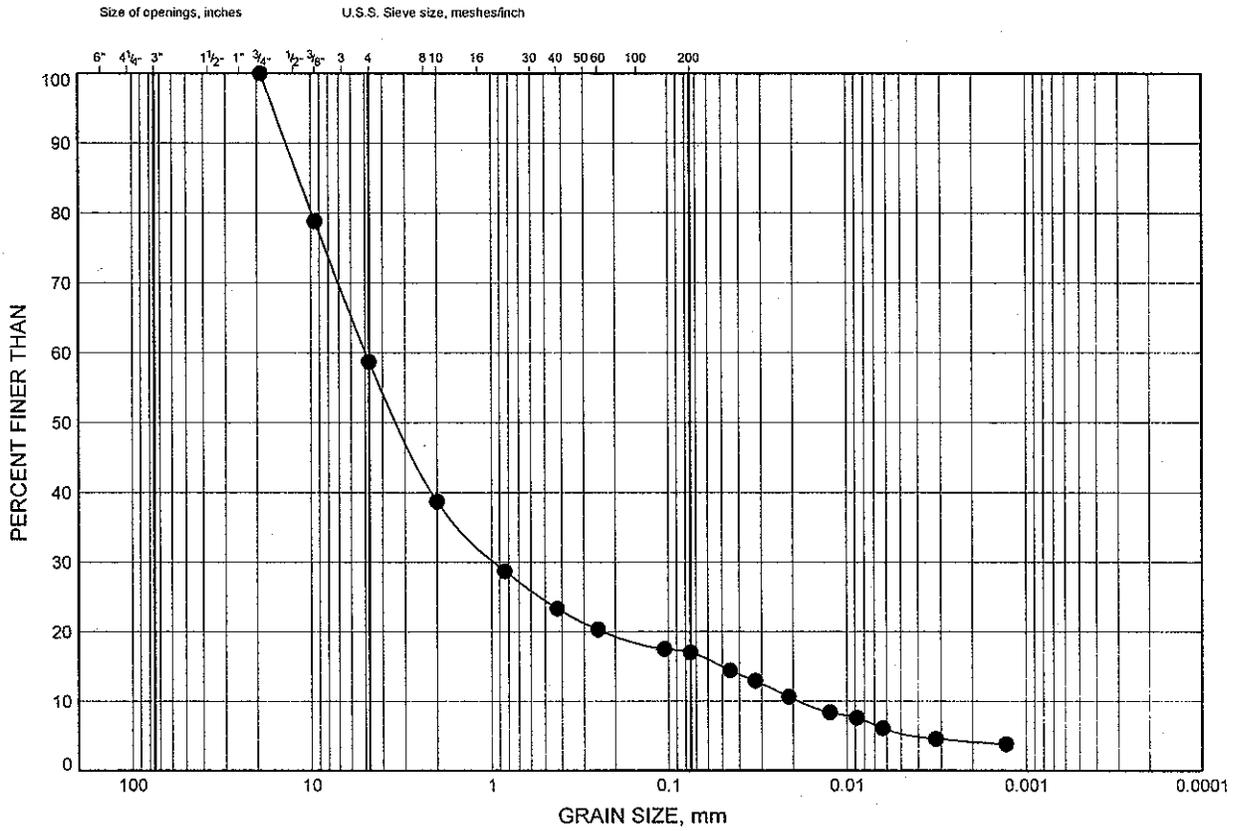
Terraprobe Inc.



GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIGURE B1

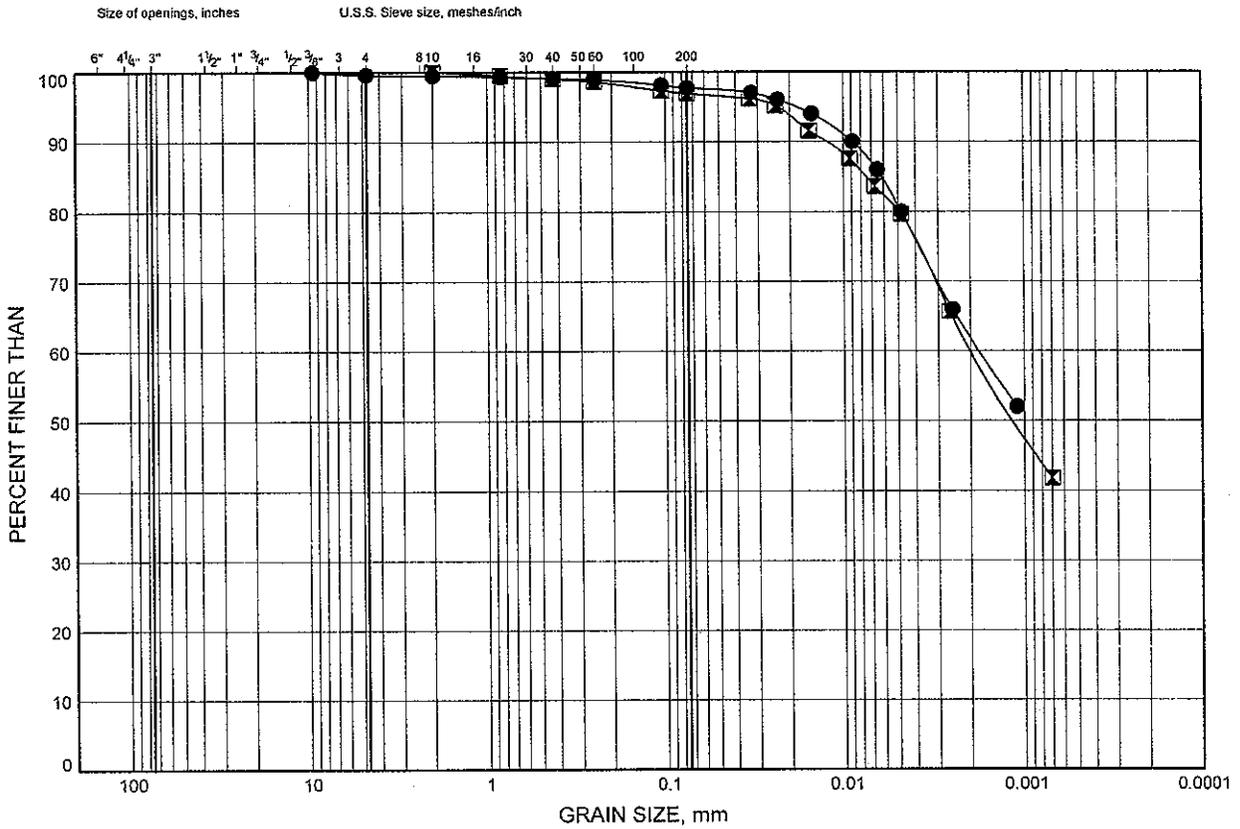
FILL - Sand and Gravel



GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIGURE B2

FILL - Silty Clay

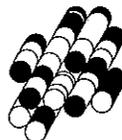


COBBLE SIZE	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE	SILT and CLAY
	GRAVEL		SAND			FINE GRAINED

SYMBOL	BOREHOLE	DEPTH (m)	ELEVATION (m)
●	WS1	1.0	181.7
⊠	WS3	1.7	181.3

GSD 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ 05/27/10

Date May 2010
Project 1-09-4135

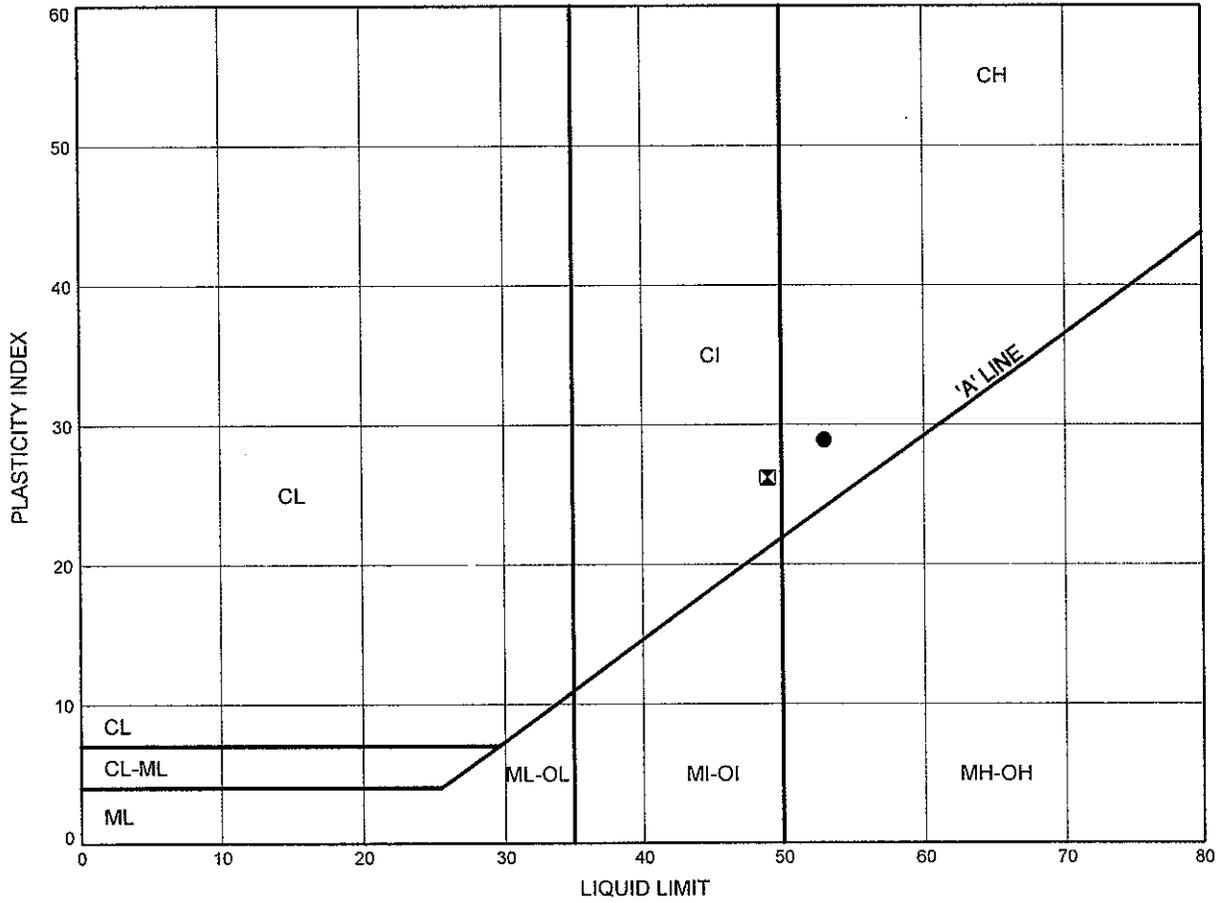


Prep'd DB
Chkd. MP

ATTERBERG LIMITS TEST RESULTS

FIGURE B3

FILL - Silty Clay



SYMBOL	BOREHOLE	DEPTH (m)	ELEVATION (m)
●	WS1	1.0	181.7
⊠	WS3	1.7	181.3

ALTR 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ 05/27/10

Date May 2010
 Project 1-09-4135

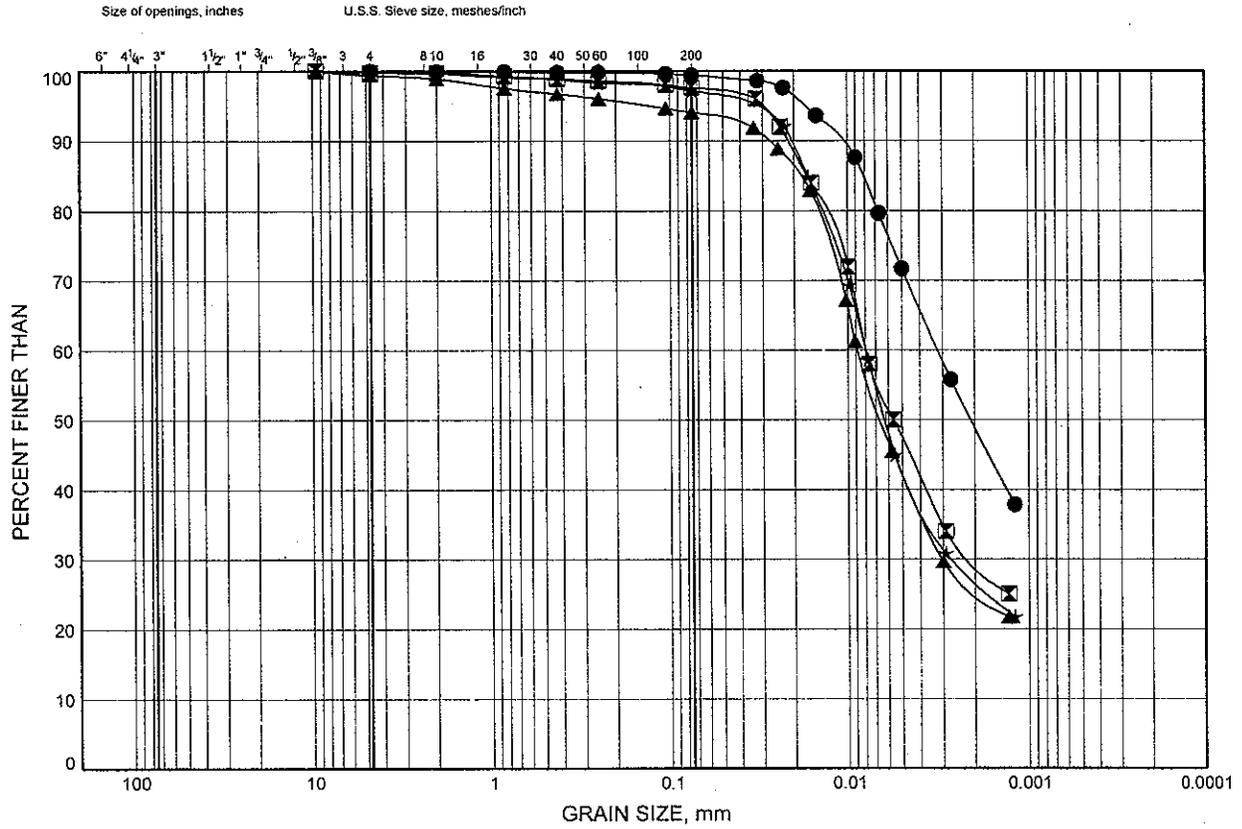


Prep'd DB
 Chkd. MP

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIGURE B4

SILTY CLAY



COBBLE SIZE	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE	SILT and CLAY FINE GRAINED
	GRAVEL		SAND			

SYMBOL	BOREHOLE	DEPTH (m)	ELEVATION (m)
●	SBL 12+685CL	2.5	180.2
⊠	SBL 12+685CL	6.3	176.4
▲	SBL 12+685CL	9.3	173.4
★	SBL 12+685CL	10.9	171.8

GSD 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ 05/27/10

Date May 2010

Project 1-09-4135



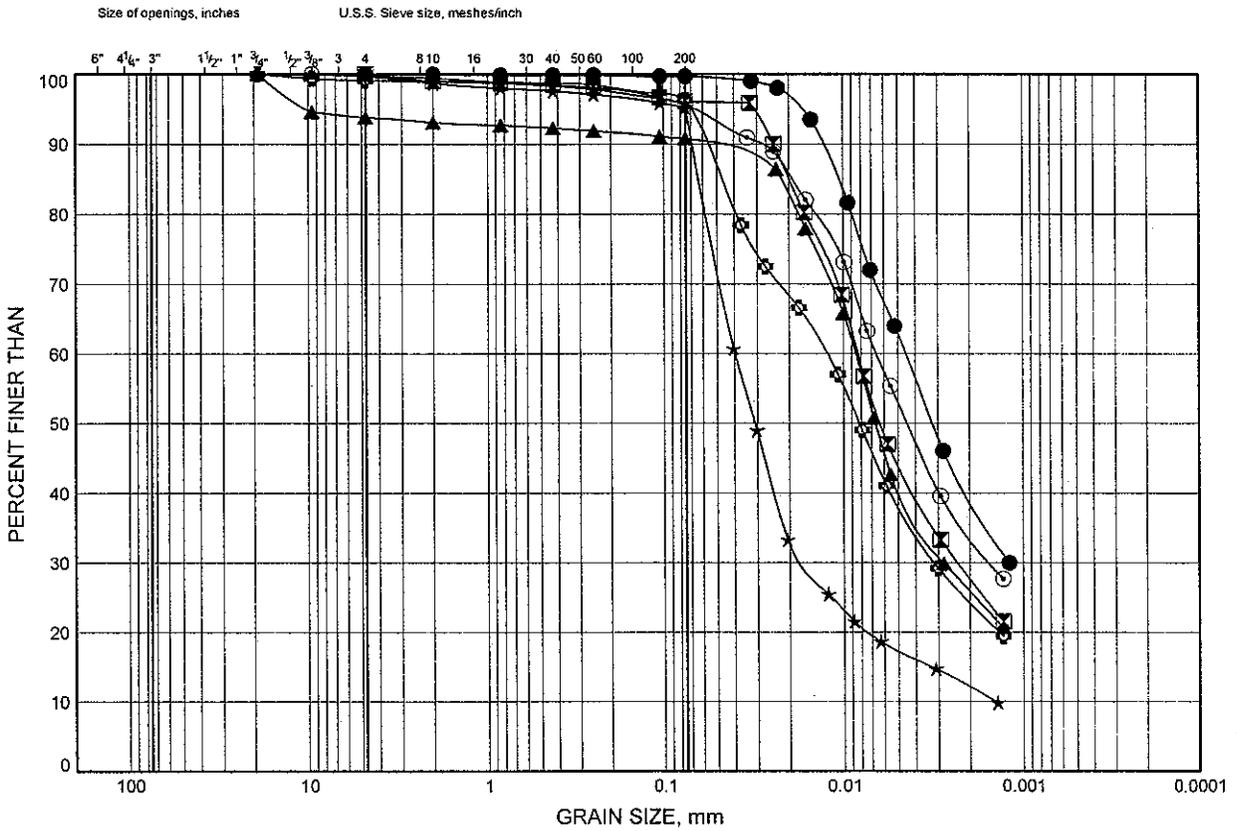
Prep'd DB

Chkd. MP

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIGURE B5

SILTY CLAY



COBBLE SIZE	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE	SILT and CLAY
	GRAVEL		SAND			

SYMBOL BOREHOLE DEPTH (m) ELEVATION (m)

●	SBL 12+750CL	3.2	179.7
⊠	SBL 12+750CL	7.8	175.1
▲	SBL 12+750CL	10.1	172.8
★	WS1	7.8	174.9
⊙	WS1	9.3	173.4
⊛	WS1	13.9	168.8

GSD 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ 05/27/10

Date May 2010
Project 1-09-4135

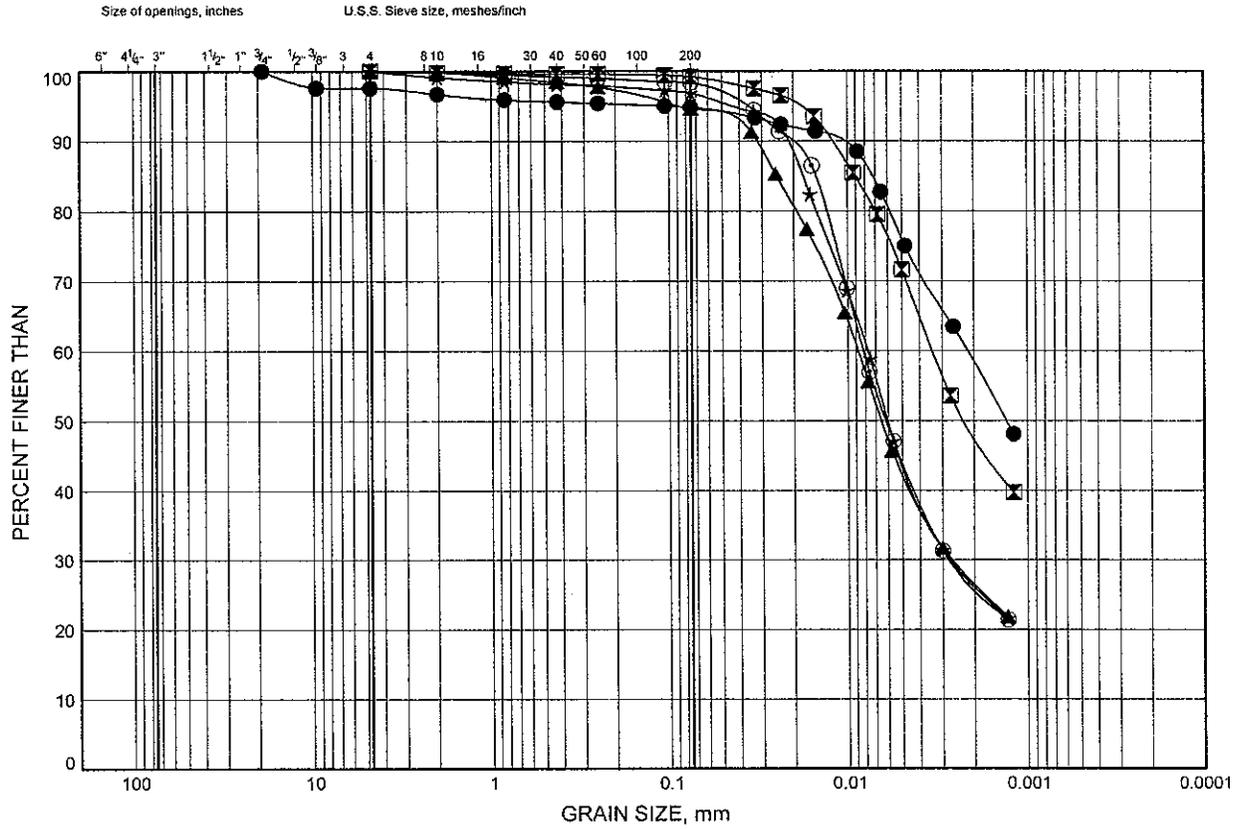


Prep'd DB
Chkd. MP

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIGURE B6

SILTY CLAY

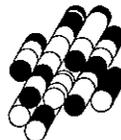


COBBLE SIZE	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE	SILT and CLAY
	GRAVEL		SAND			FINE GRAINED

SYMBOL	BOREHOLE	DEPTH (m)	ELEVATION (m)
●	WS2	1.0	182.1
⊠	WS2	2.5	180.6
▲	WS2	6.3	176.8
★	WS2	10.9	172.2
⊙	WS2	12.4	170.7

GSD 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ 05/27/10

Date May 2010
Project 1-09-4135

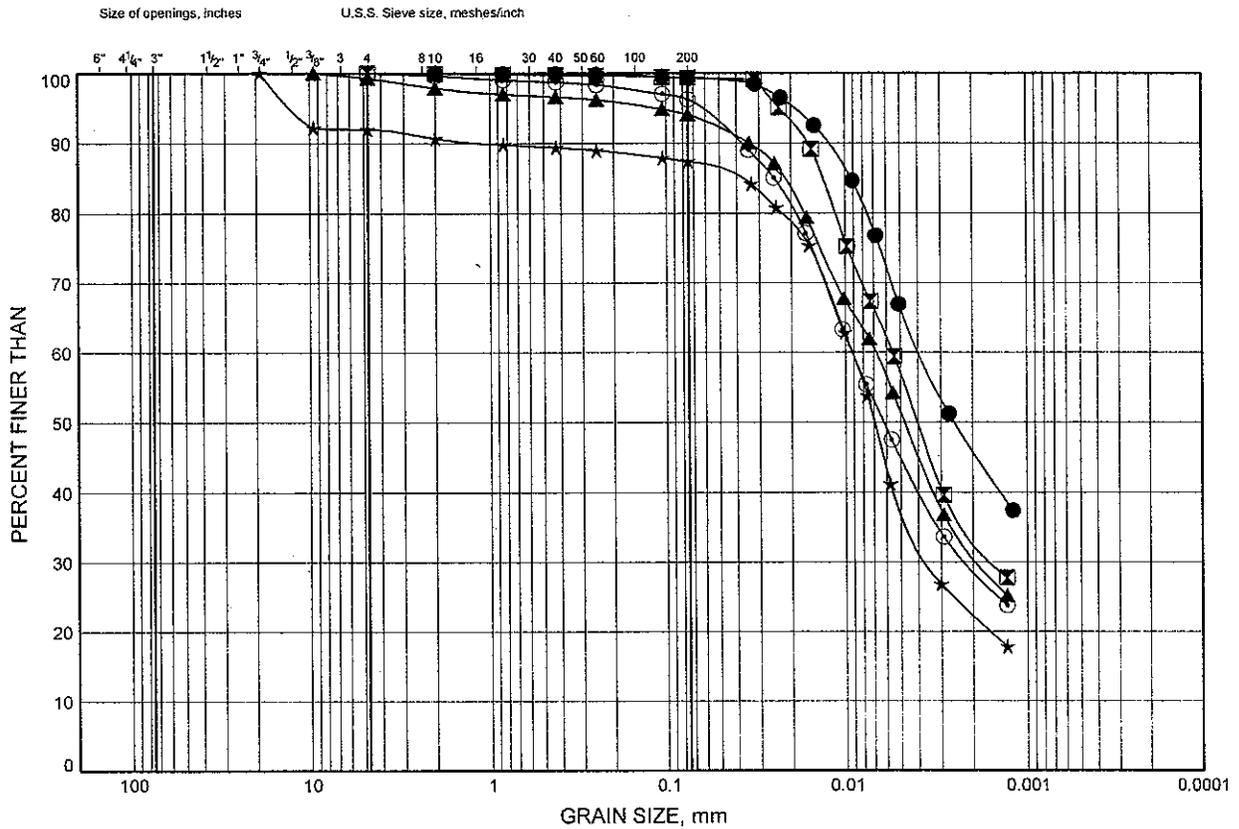


Prep'd DB
Chkd. MP

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIGURE B7

SILTY CLAY



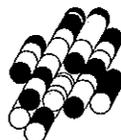
COBBLE SIZE	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE	SILT and CLAY
	GRAVEL		SAND			

SYMBOL BOREHOLE DEPTH (m) ELEVATION (m)

●	WS3	3.2	179.8
⊠	WS3	4.7	178.3
▲	WS3	7.8	175.2
★	WS3	10.9	172.1
⊙	WS3	13.9	169.1

GSD 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ 05/27/10

Date May 2010
 Project 1-09-4135

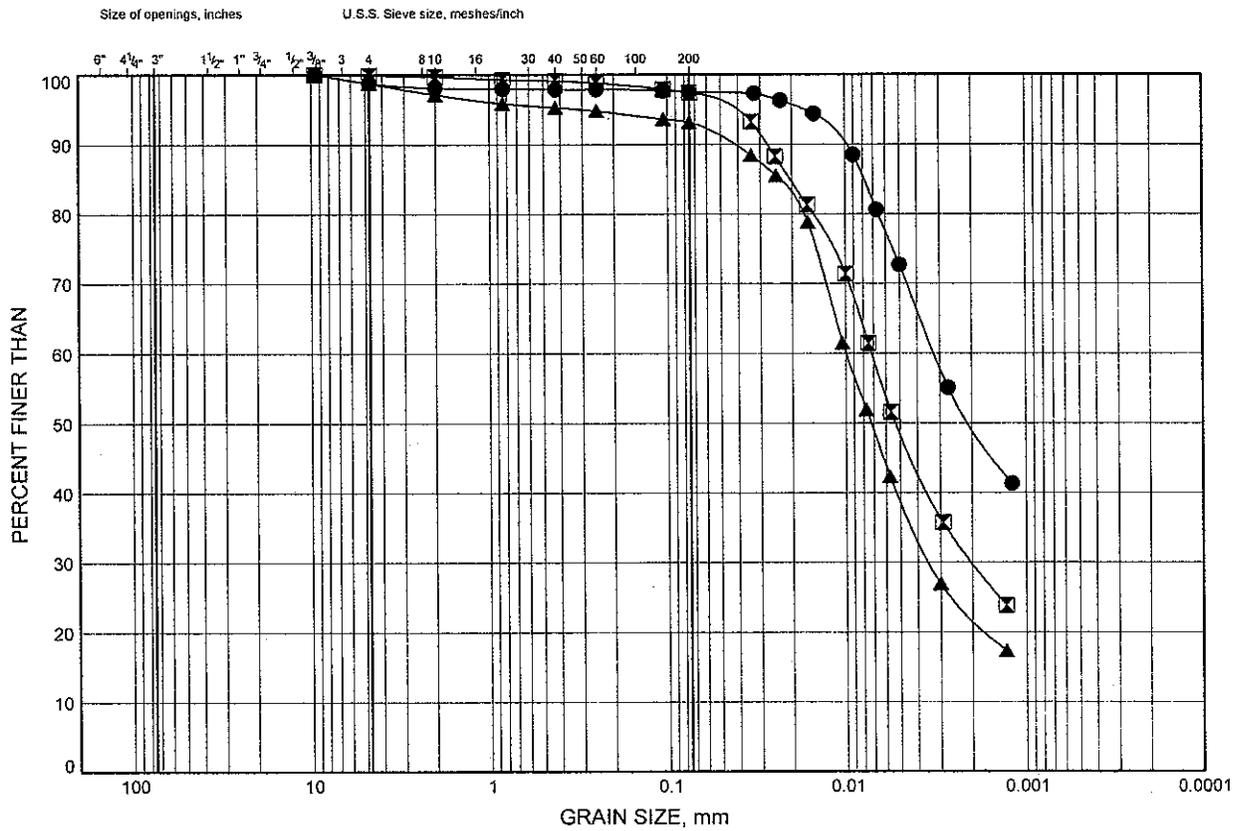


Prep'd DB
 Chkd. MP

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIGURE B8

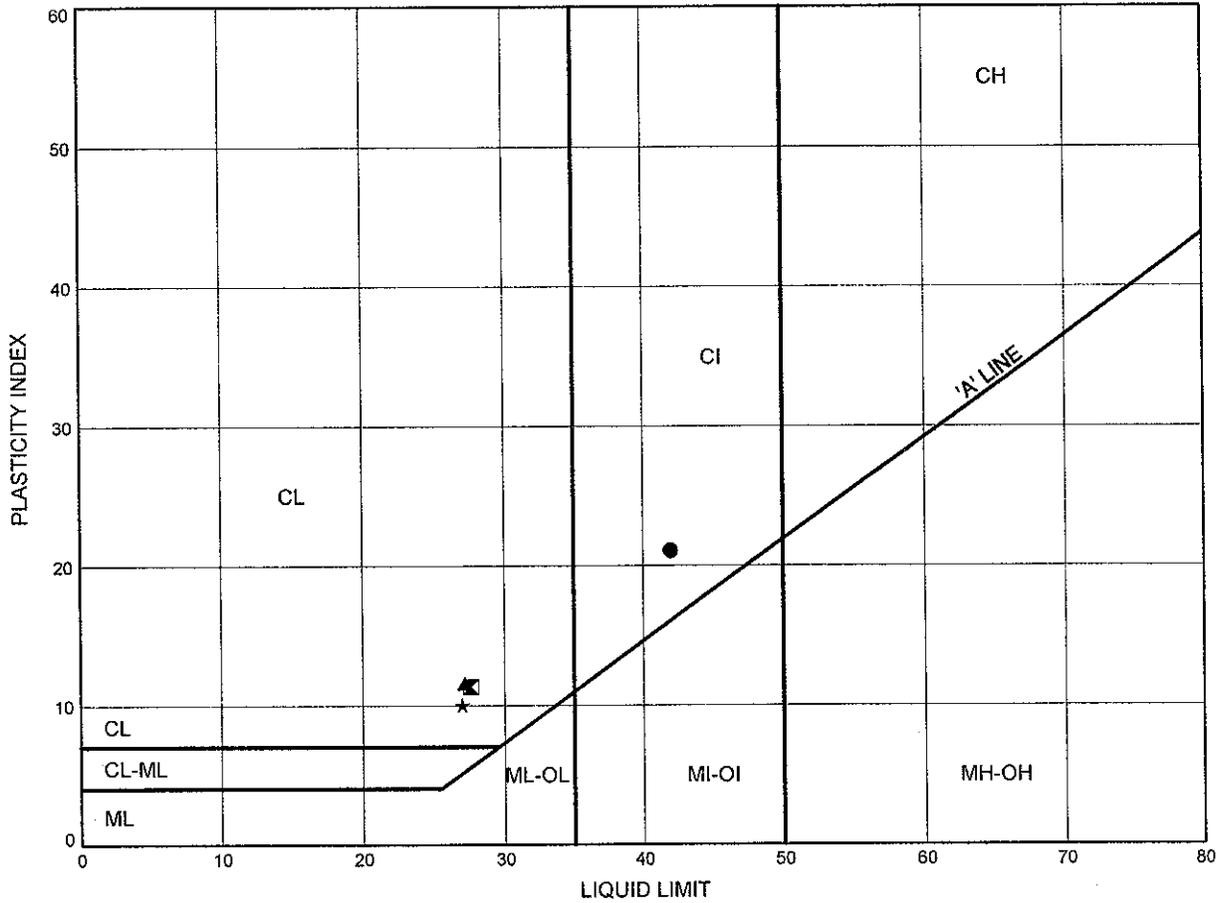
SILTY CLAY



ATTERBERG LIMITS TEST RESULTS

FIGURE B9

SILTY CLAY



SYMBOL	BOREHOLE	DEPTH (m)	ELEVATION (m)
●	SBL 12+685CL	2.5	180.2
⊠	SBL 12+685CL	6.3	176.4
▲	SBL 12+685CL	9.3	173.4
★	SBL 12+685CL	10.9	171.8

ALTR 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ 06/27/10

Date May 2010

Project 1-09-4135



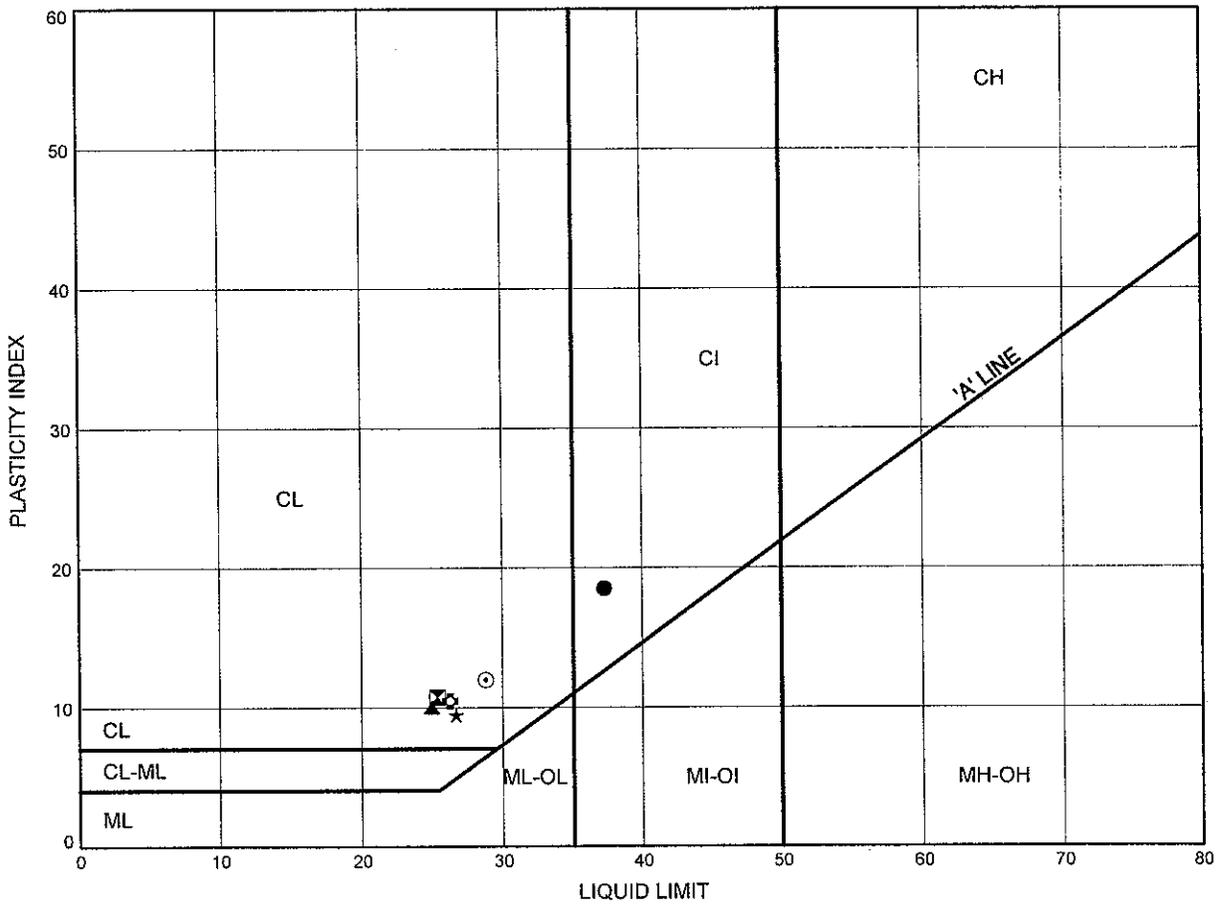
Prep'd DB

Chkd. MP

ATTERBERG LIMITS TEST RESULTS

FIGURE B10

SILTY CLAY



SYMBOL	BOREHOLE	DEPTH (m)	ELEVATION (m)
●	SBL 12+750CL	3.2	179.7
⊠	SBL 12+750CL	7.8	175.1
▲	SBL 12+750CL	10.1	172.8
★	WS1	7.8	174.9
⊙	WS1	9.3	173.4
⊛	WS1	13.9	168.8

ALTR 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ 05/27/10

Date May 2010
 Project 1-09-4135

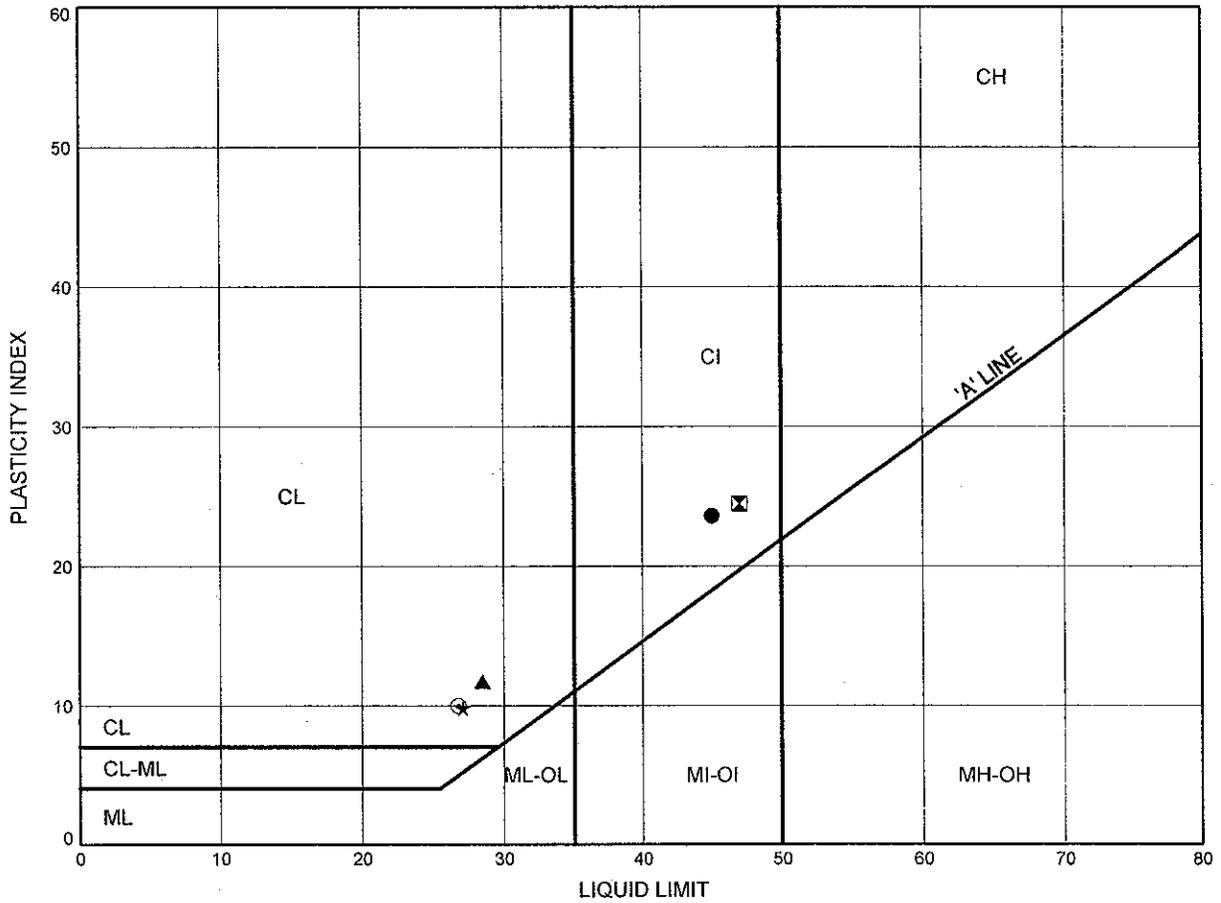


Prep'd DB
 Chkd. MP

ATTERBERG LIMITS TEST RESULTS

FIGURE B11

SILTY CLAY

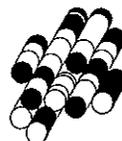


SYMBOL	BOREHOLE	DEPTH (m)	ELEVATION (m)
●	WS2	1.0	182.1
⊠	WS2	2.5	180.6
▲	WS2	6.3	176.8
★	WS2	10.9	172.2
⊙	WS2	12.4	170.7

ALTR 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ 05/27/10

Date May 2010

Project 1-09-4135



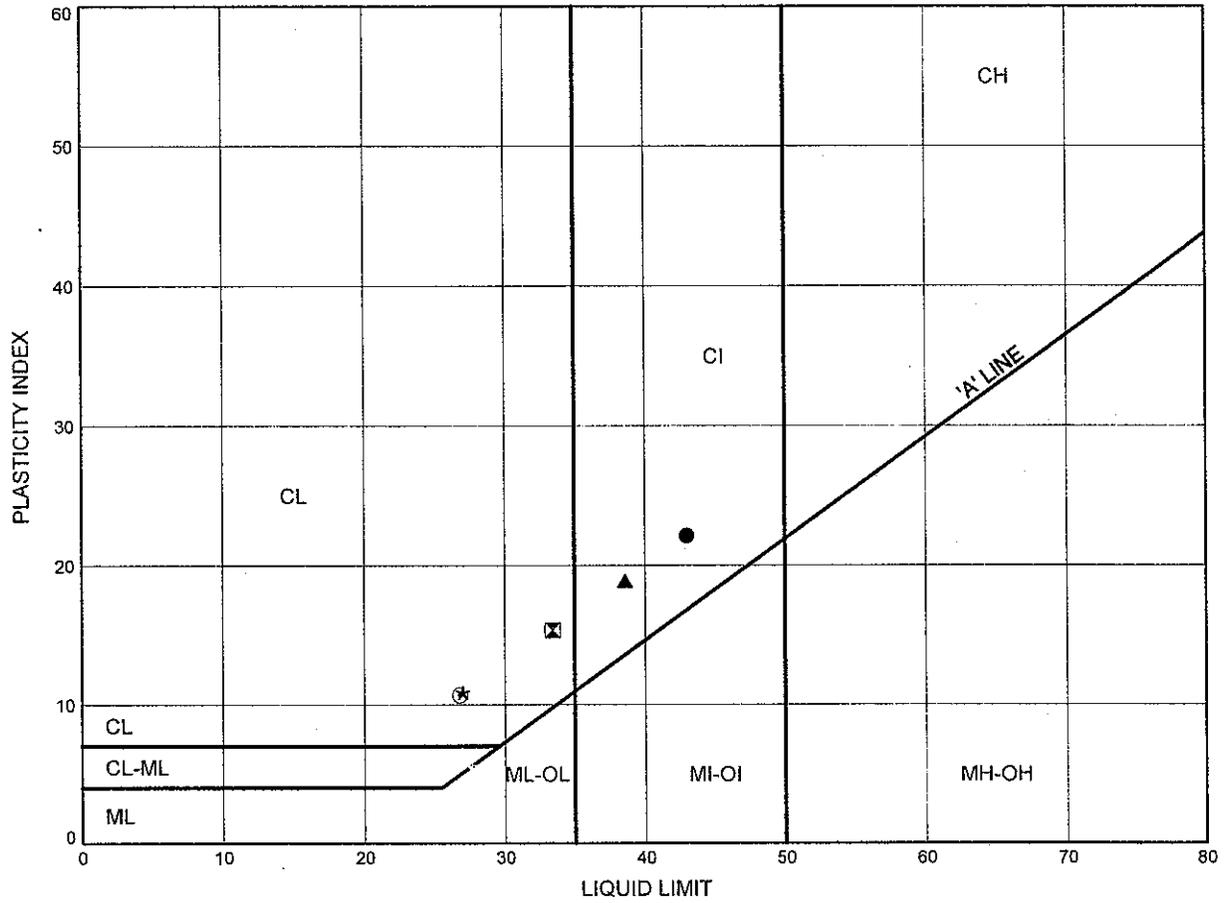
Prep'd DB

Chkd. MP

ATTERBERG LIMITS TEST RESULTS

FIGURE B12

SILTY CLAY



SYMBOL	BOREHOLE	DEPTH (m)	ELEVATION (m)
●	WS3	3.2	179.8
⊠	WS3	4.7	178.3
▲	WS3	7.8	175.2
★	WS3	10.9	172.1
⊙	WS3	13.9	169.1

ALTR 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ 05/27/10

Date May 2010

Project 1-09-4135



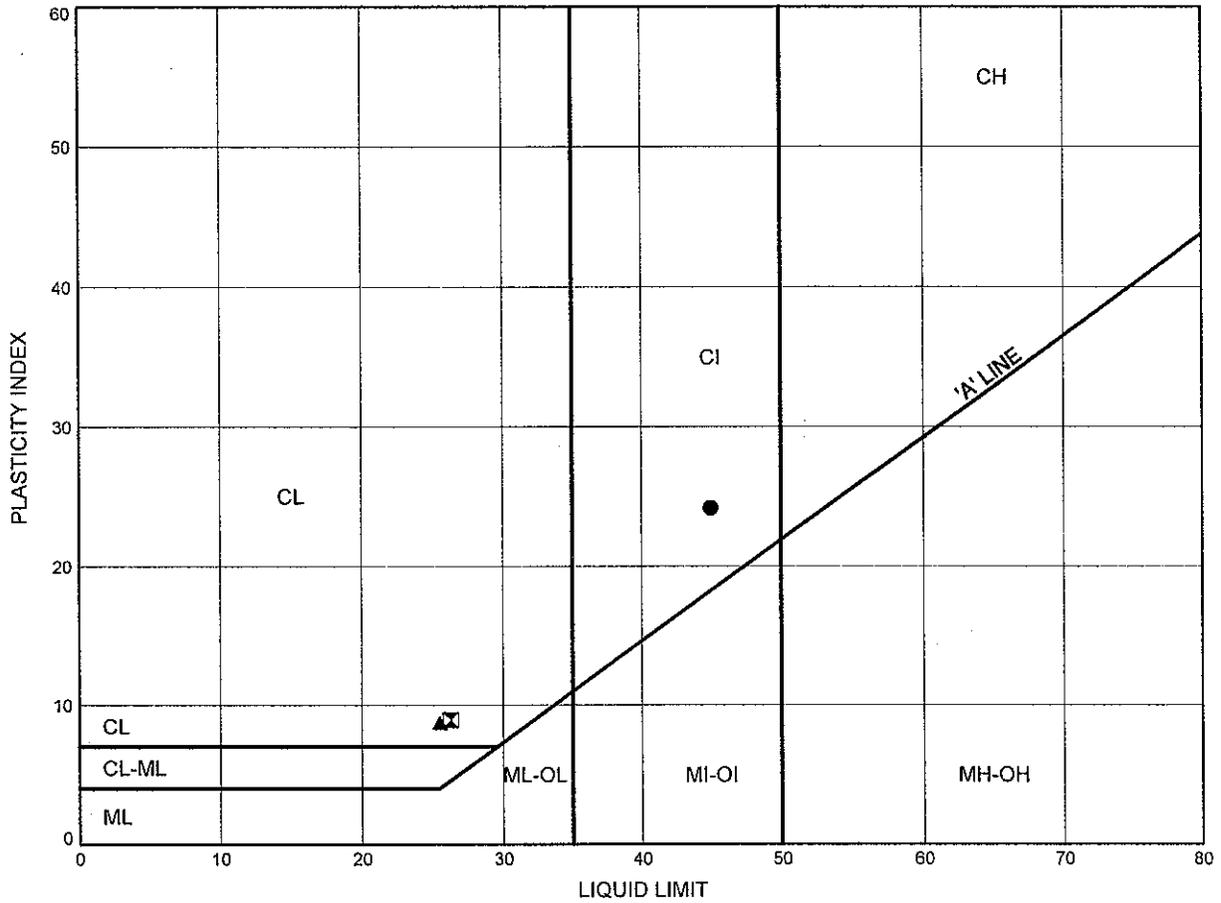
Prep'd DB

Chkd. MP

ATTERBERG LIMITS TEST RESULTS

FIGURE B13

SILTY CLAY

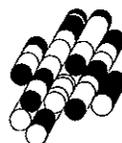


SYMBOL	BOREHOLE	DEPTH (m)	ELEVATION (m)
●	WS4	2.5	180.2
⊠	WS4	9.3	173.4
▲	WS4	12.4	170.3

ALTR 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ 05/27/10

Date May 2010

Project 1-09-4135



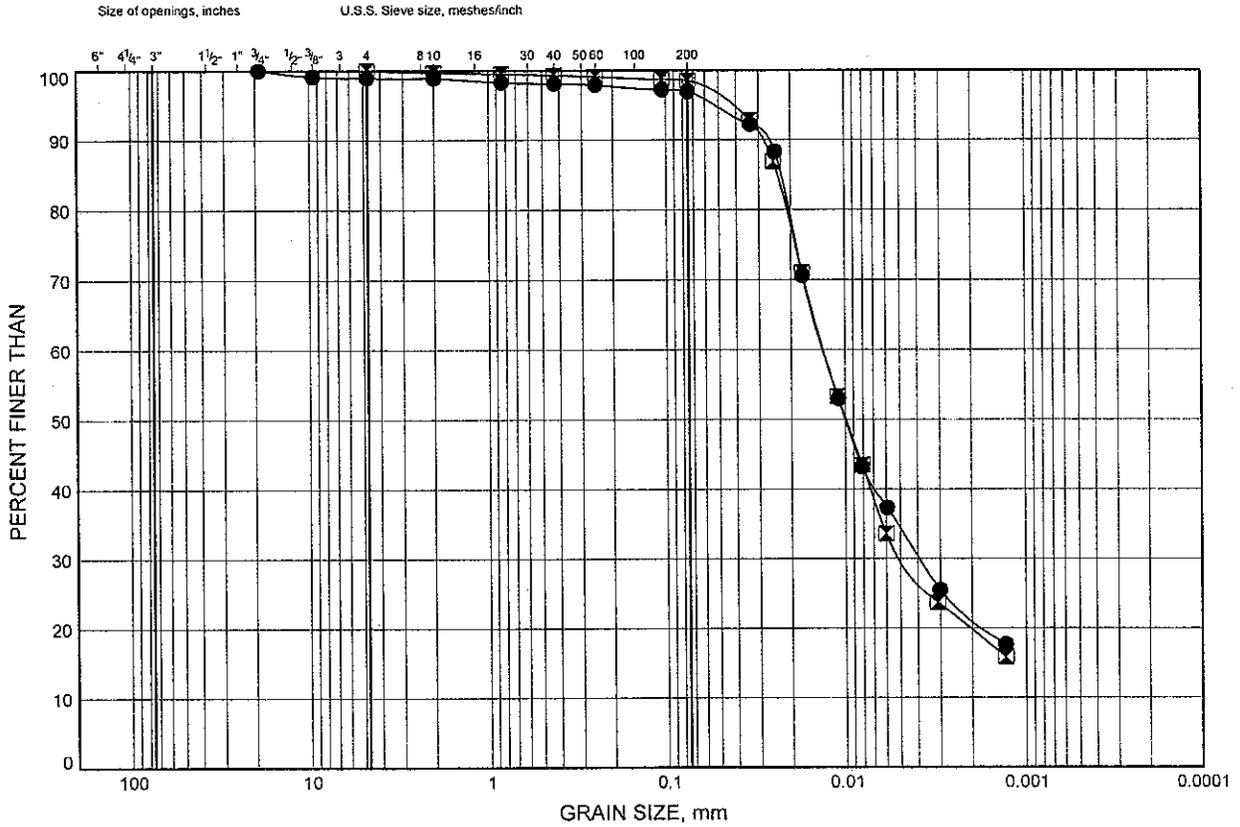
Prep'd DB

Chkd. MP

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIGURE B14

SILT



COBBLE SIZE	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE	SILT and CLAY
	GRAVEL		SAND			FINE GRAINED

SYMBOL BOREHOLE DEPTH (m) ELEVATION (m)

● WS1 4.7 178.0

◻ WS2 4.7 178.4

GSD 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ 05/27/10

Date May 2010
Project 1-09-4135

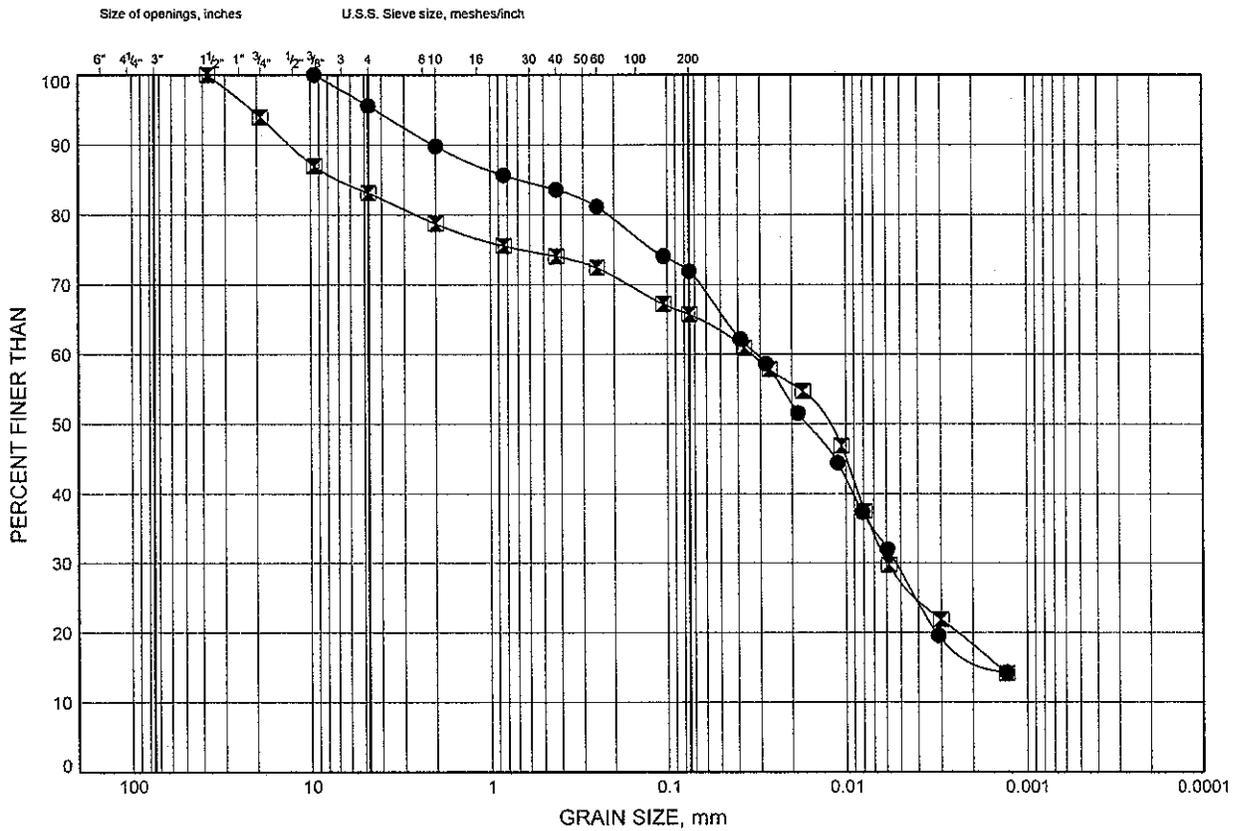


Prep'd DB
Chkd. MP

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIGURE B15

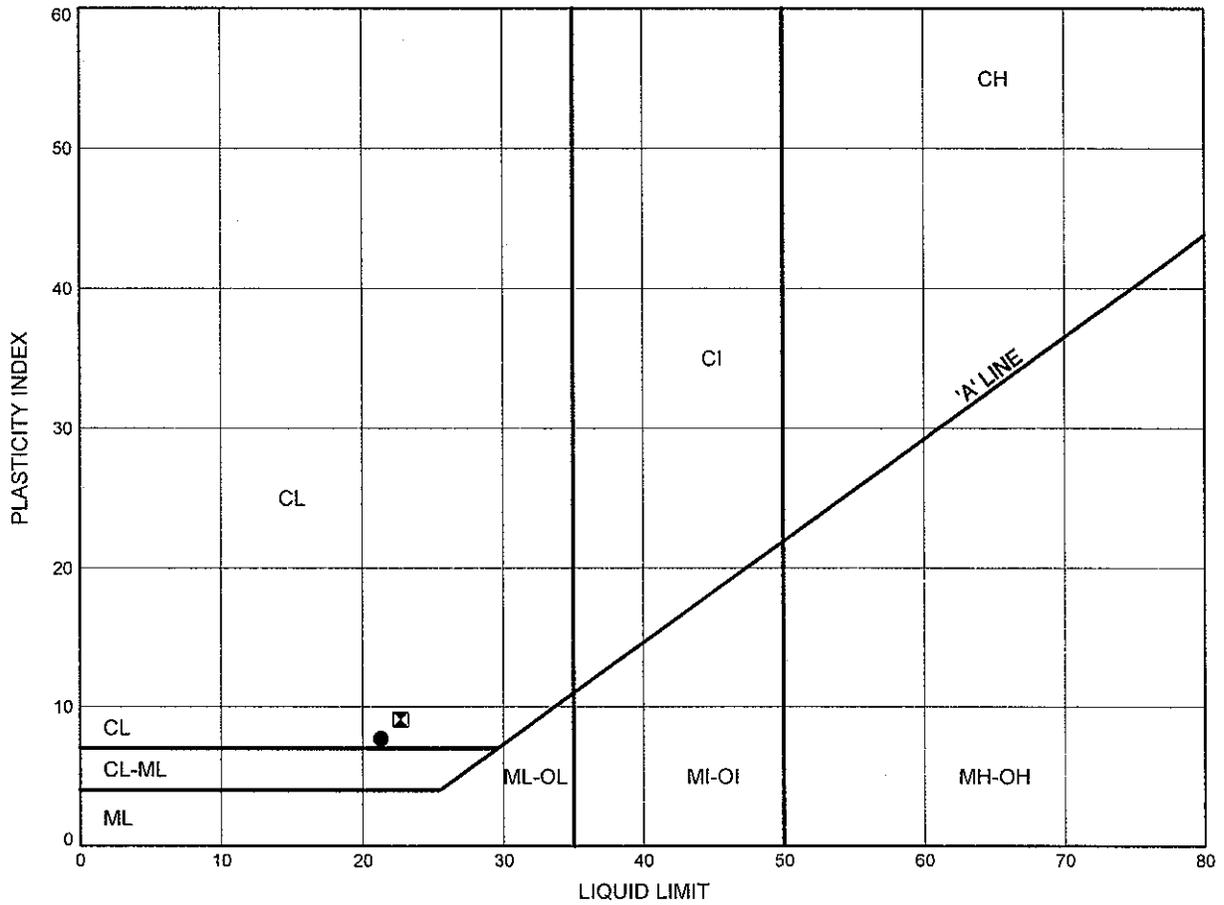
SILTY CLAY TILL



ATTERBERG LIMITS TEST RESULTS

FIGURE B16

SILTY CLAY TILL

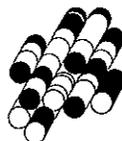


SYMBOL	BOREHOLE	DEPTH (m)	ELEVATION (m)
●	WS1	15.4	167.3
⊠	WS4	15.4	167.3

ALTR 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ 05/27/10

Date May 2010

Project 1-09-4135



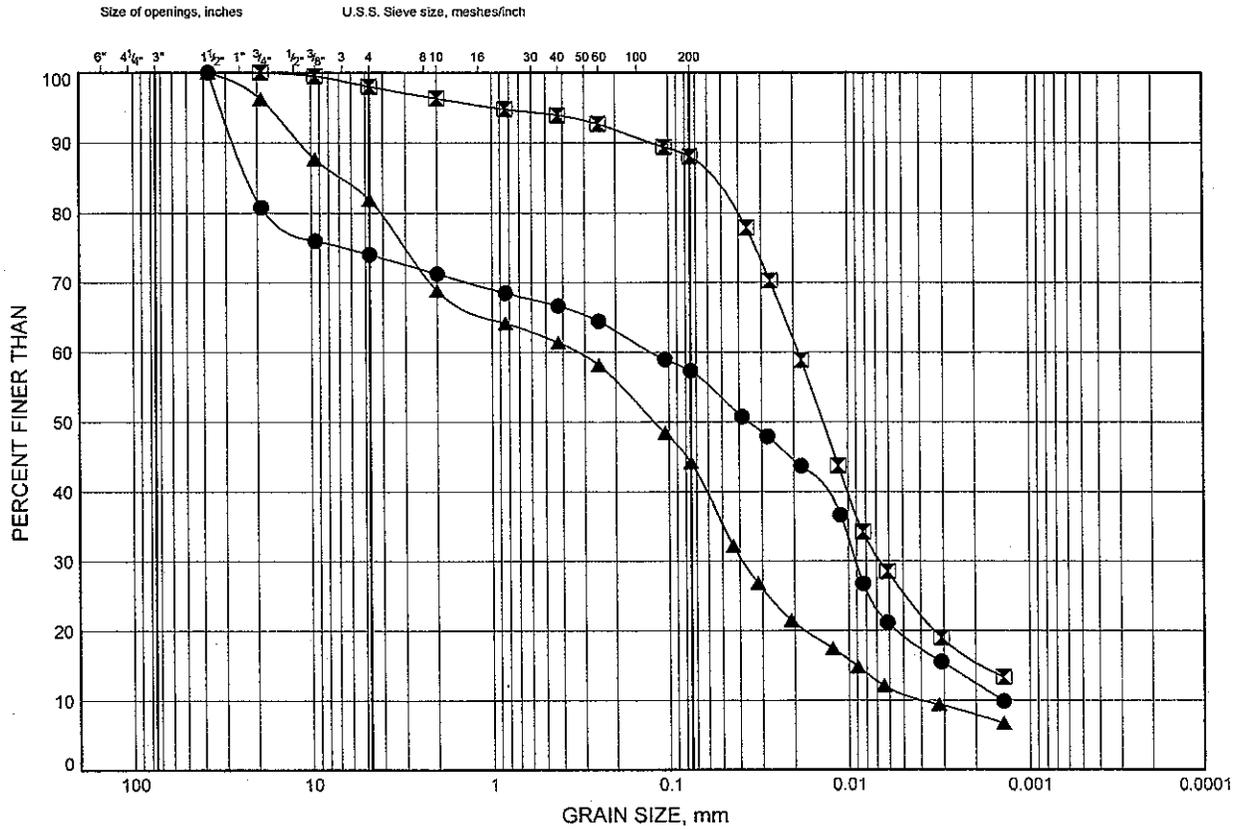
Prep'd DB

Chkd. MP

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIGURE B17

SANDY SILT TO SAND AND SILT TILL



COBBLE SIZE	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE	SILT and CLAY FINE GRAINED
	GRAVEL		SAND			

SYMBOL	BOREHOLE	DEPTH (m)	ELEVATION (m)
●	WS2	18.5	164.6
⊠	WS3	18.5	164.5
▲	WS4	23.1	159.6

GSD 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ 05/27/10

Date May 2010

Project 1-09-4135



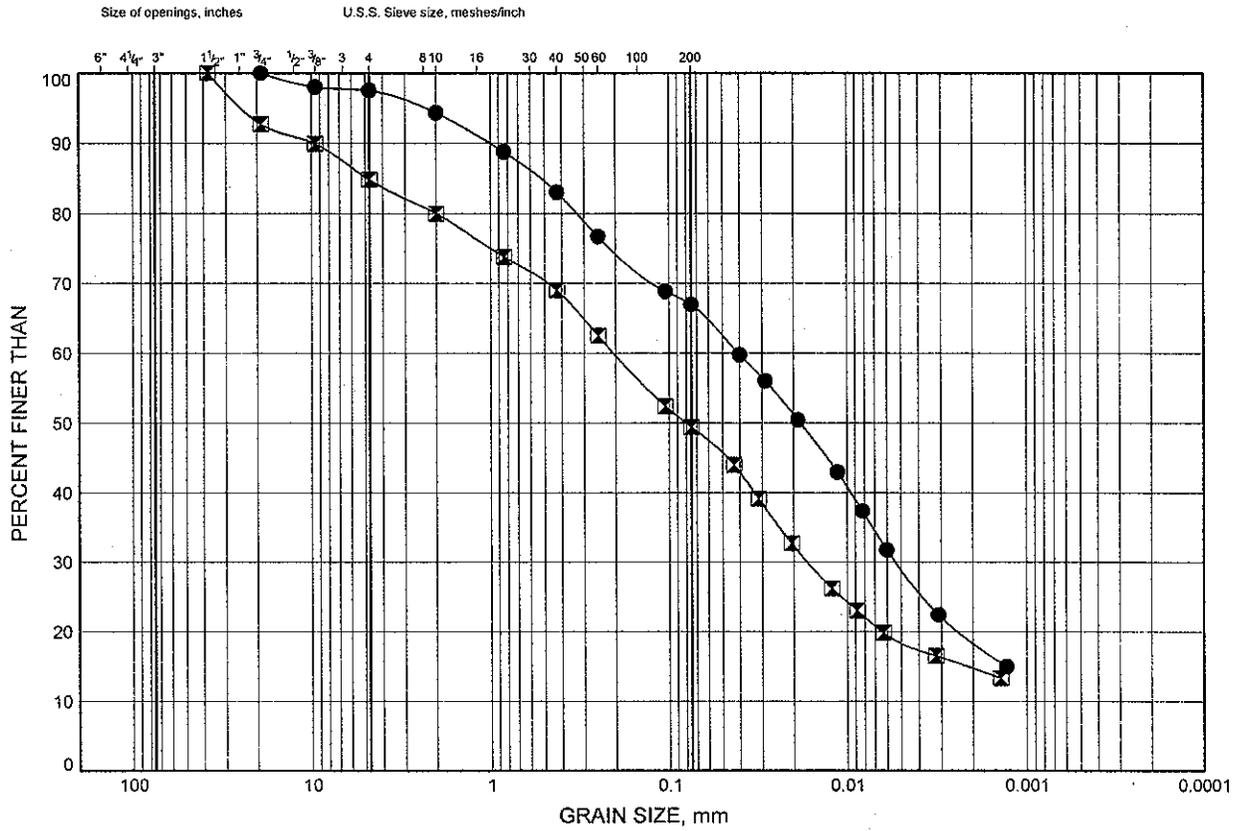
Prep'd DB

Chkd. MP

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

FIGURE B18

CLAYEY SILT TILL



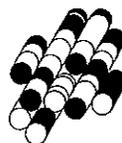
COBBLE SIZE	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE	SILT and CLAY
	GRAVEL		SAND			

SYMBOL	BOREHOLE	DEPTH (m)	ELEVATION (m)
●	WS1	21.5	161.2
⊠	WS2	21.5	161.6

GSD 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ 05/27/10

Date May 2010

Project 1-09-4135



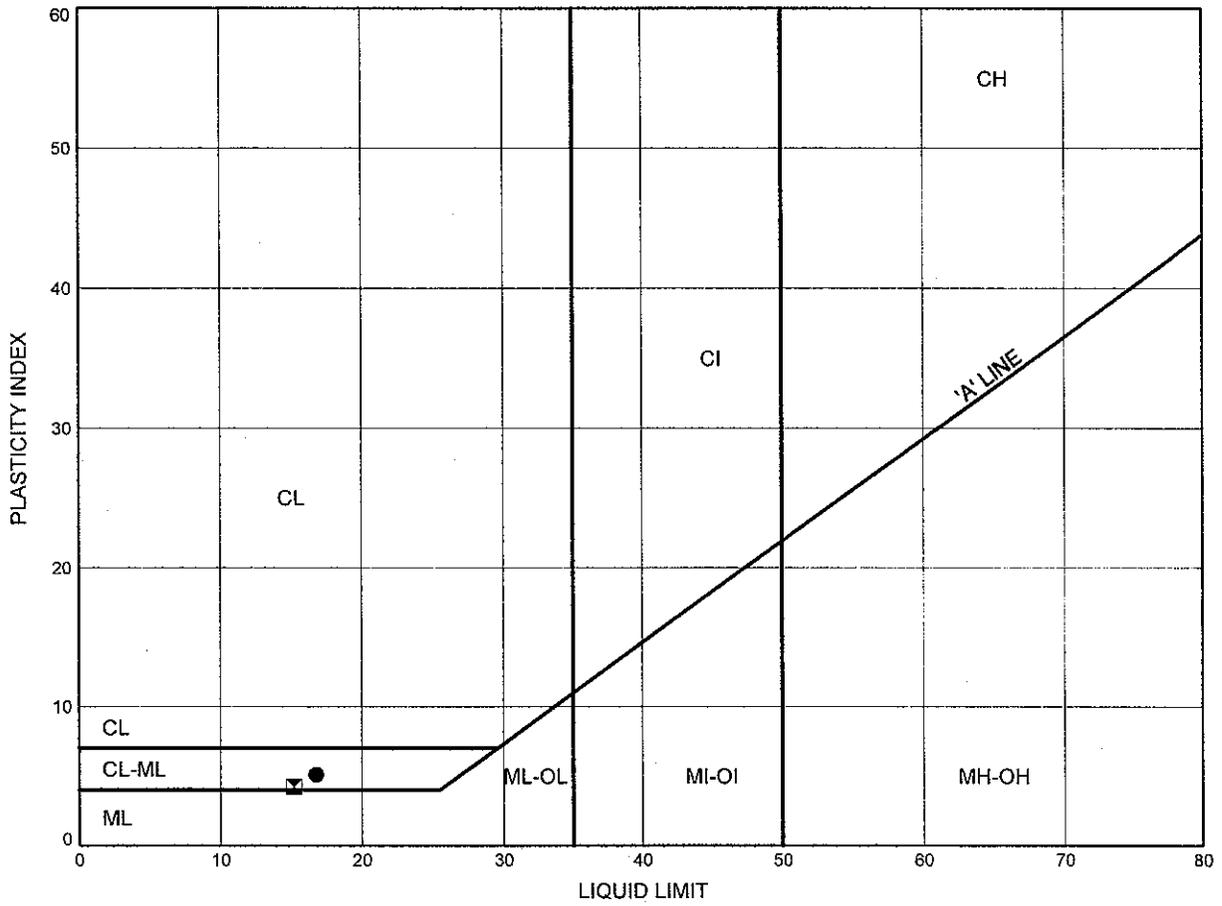
Prep'd DB

Chkd. MP

ATTERBERG LIMITS TEST RESULTS

FIGURE B19

CLAYEY SILT TILL



SYMBOL	BOREHOLE	DEPTH (m)	ELEVATION (m)
●	WS1	21.5	161.2
⊠	WS2	21.5	161.6

ALTR 1-09-4135 WS BRIDGE.GPJ 05/27/10

Date May 2010

Project 1-09-4135



Prep'd DB

Chkd. MP

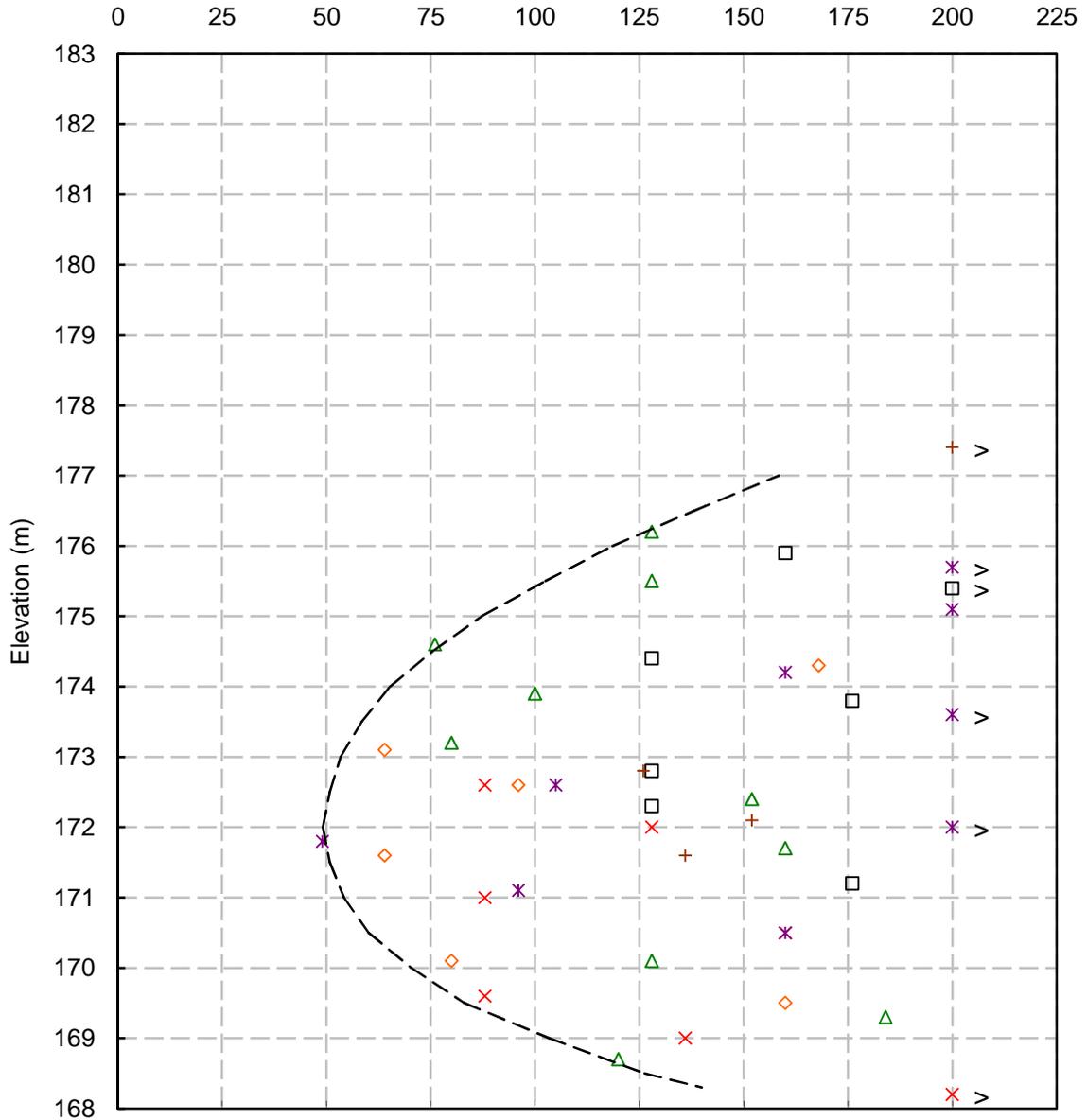
CORRECTED UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH

FIGURE B20

HWY 406 TWINNING - WOODLAWN OVERPASS (SBL)

Silty Clay

Corrected Cu (kPa)



□ WS1 ◇ WS2 △ WS3 × WS4 * SBL 12+685 CL + SBL 12+750 CL

Field Shear Vane Correction

Applied Correction Factors

Morris & Williams (1994)

0.79 (Elev.>177m)

1.00 (Elev.<177m)

($\mu = 1.18 \text{ EXP}(-0.08 \text{ Ip}) + 0.57$)

Project No. : 1-09-4135

Date : September, 2010



Terraprobe Inc.

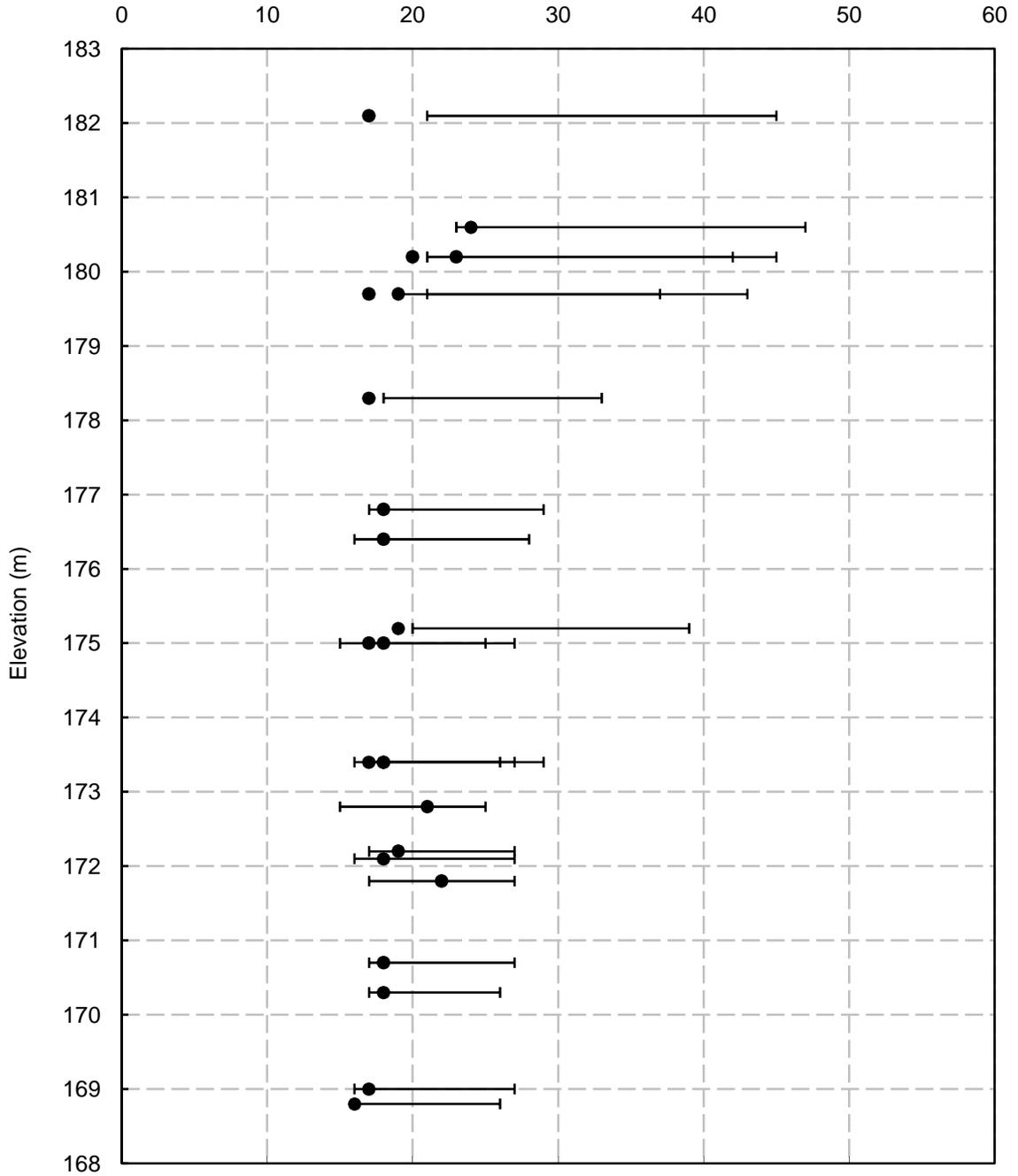
Prepared By : HW

Checked By : RA

HWY 406 TWINNING - WOODLAWN OVERPASS (SBL)

Silty Clay

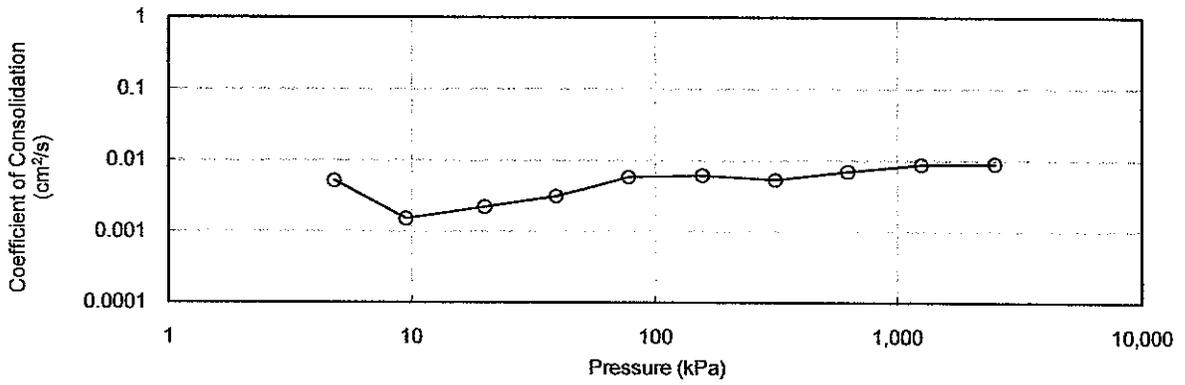
Atterberg Limits & Water Contents (%)



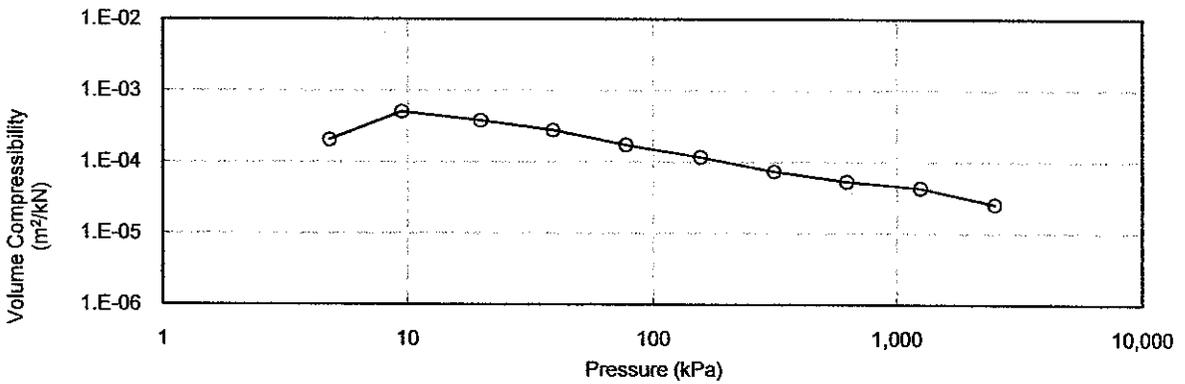
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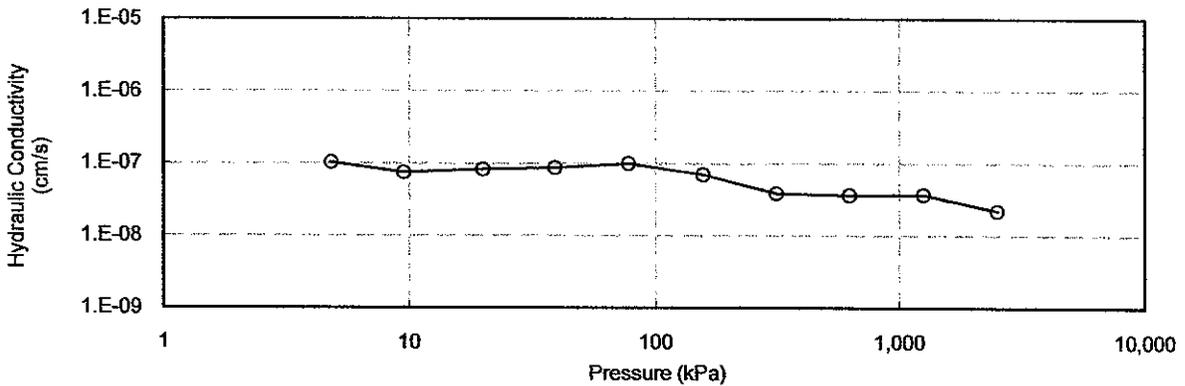
CONSOLIDATION TEST
Cv vs Pressure
SBL 12+685 CL, TW10



CONSOLIDATION TEST
mv vs Pressure
SBL 12+685 CL, TW10



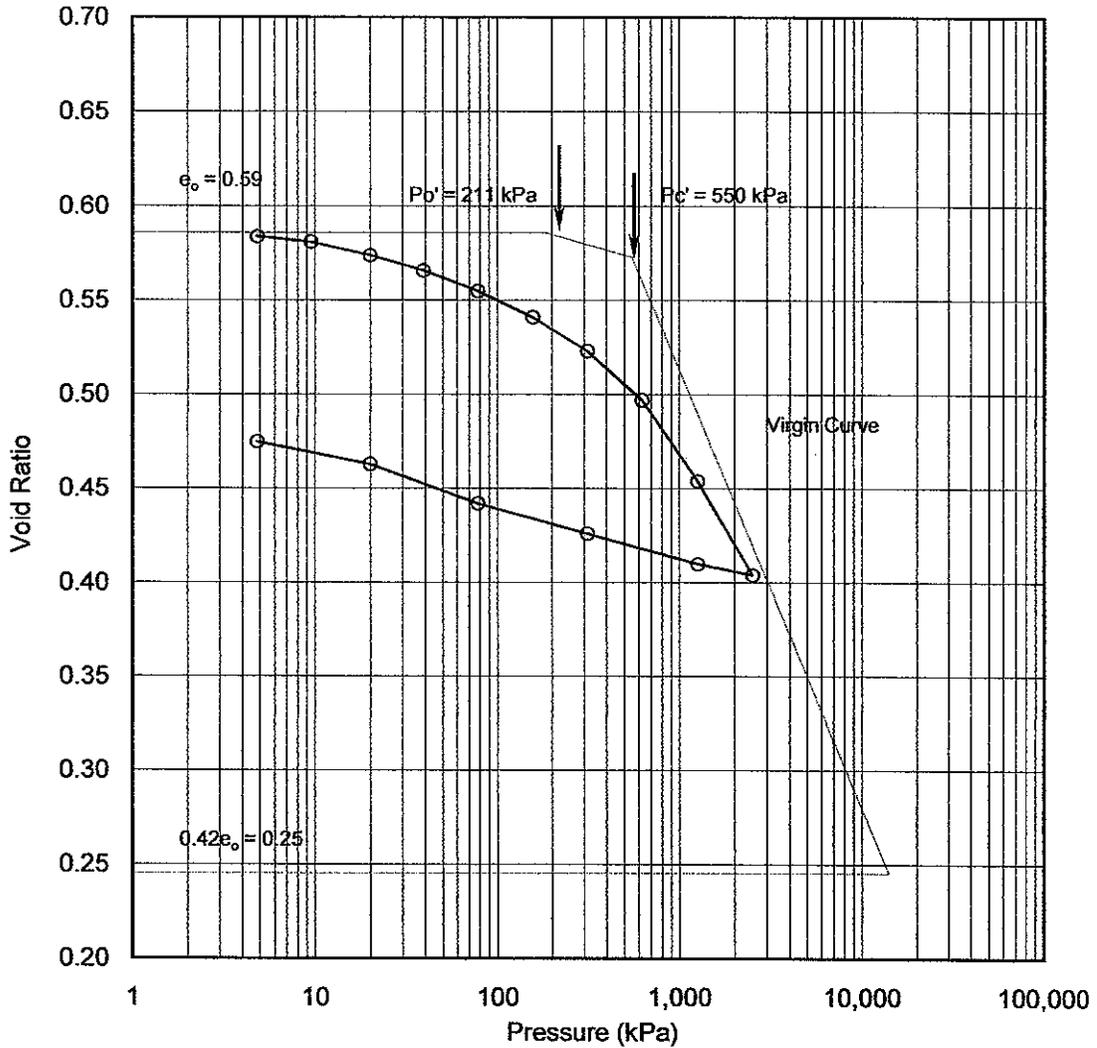
CONSOLIDATION TEST
k vs Pressure
SBL 12+685 CL, TW10



C:\Documents and Settings\Hongliu\My Documents\Project 2008\1-09-4135 - HWY 406 Foundations\Bridges\1-09-4135 Consolidation Results-WS.xls



CONSOLIDATION TEST
e vs Pressure
SBL 12+685 CL, TW10



Soil Type :	Silty Clay		
$e_0 =$	0.59	$\omega_L =$	27%
$\omega =$	22%	$\omega_P =$	17%
$\gamma =$	20.7 kN/m ³	PI =	10%
$G_s =$	2.75	$P_{c'} =$	550 kPa
		$P_{o'} =$	211 kPa
		Cc =	0.233
		Cr =	0.027

C:\Documents and Settings\Hongli\My Documents\Project 2009\1-09-4135 - HWY 406 Foundations\Bridges\1-09-4135 Consolidation Results-VIS.xls

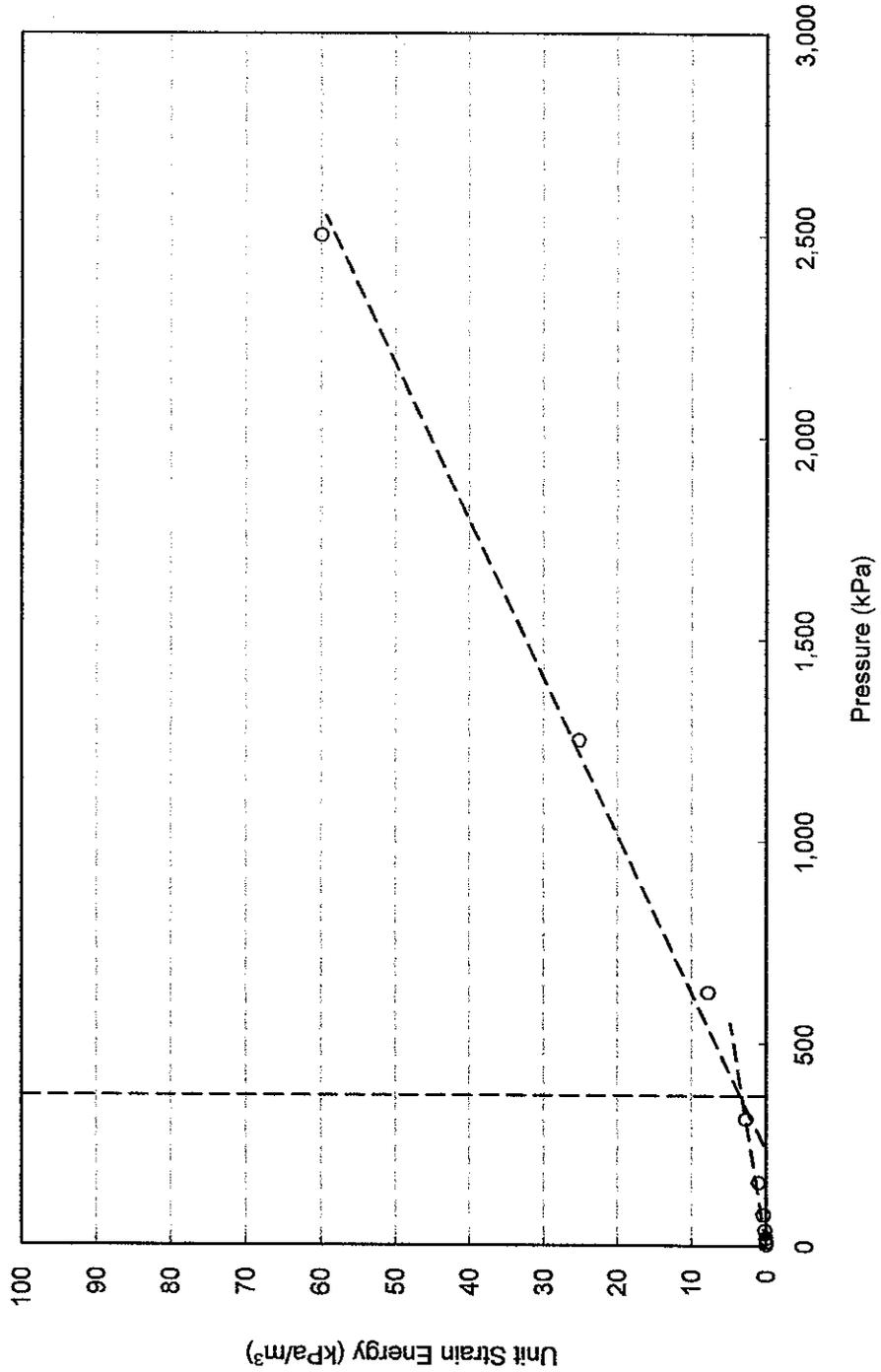
Project No. : 1-09-4135
Date : September 2010



Terraprobe Inc.

Prepared By : HW
Checked By : RA

CONSOLIDATION TEST
 Unit Strain Energy vs Pressure
 SBL 12+685 CL, TW10



Pc = 370 kPa

C:\Documents and Settings\hongl\My Documents\Project 2009\1-09-4135 - HWY 406 Foundations\Bridges\1-09-4135 Consolidation Results-MS.xls

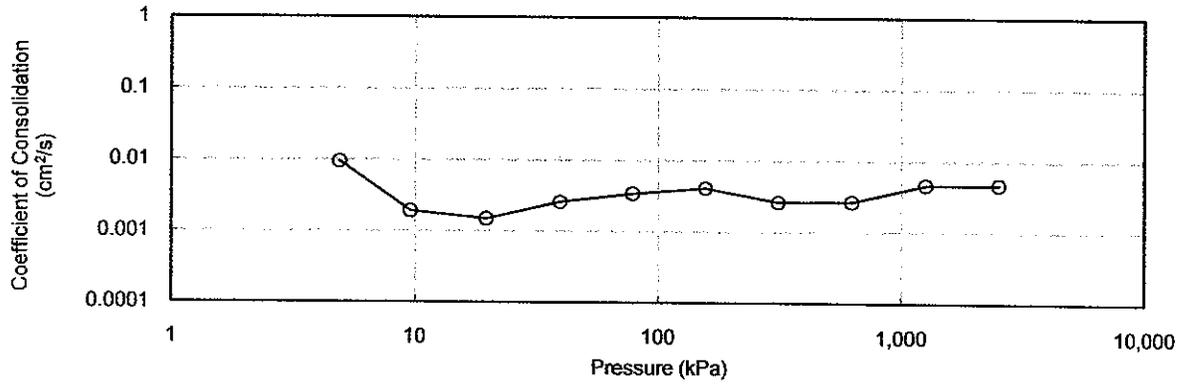
Project No. : 1-09-4135
 Date : September 2010



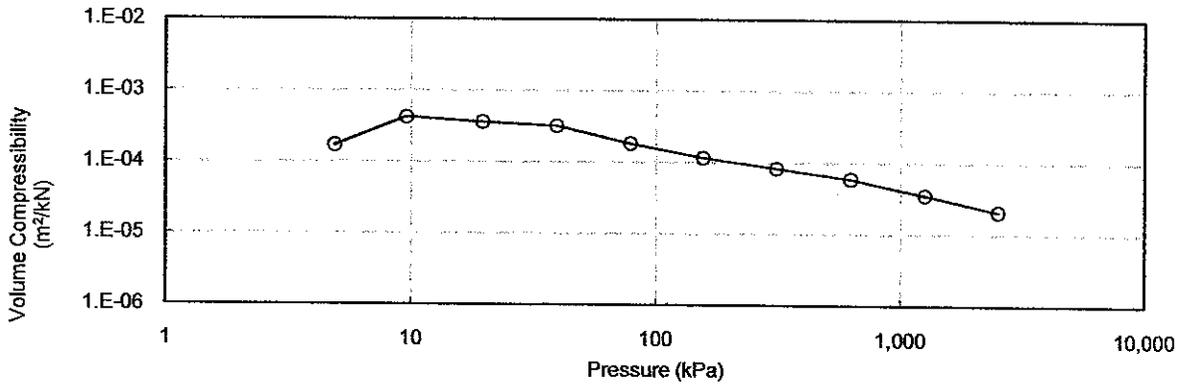
Terraprobe Inc

Prepared By : HW
 Checked By : RA

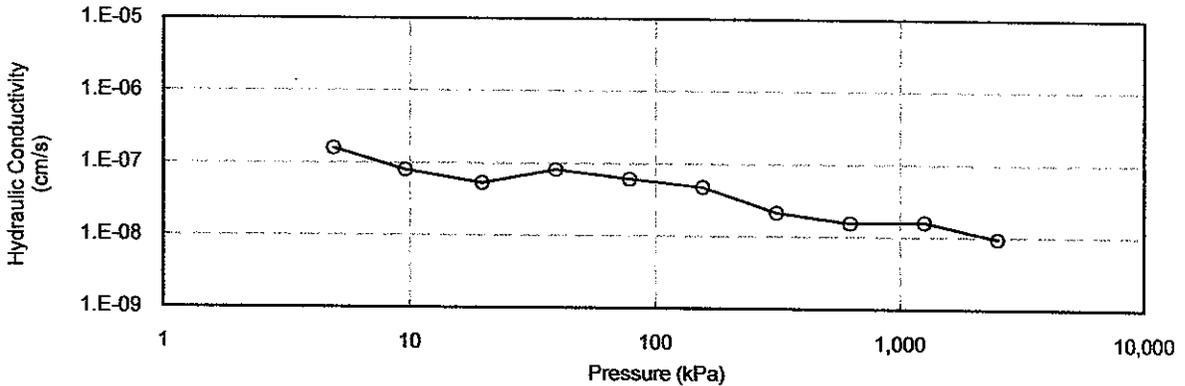
CONSOLIDATION TEST
Cv vs Pressure
SBL 12+750 CL, TW10



CONSOLIDATION TEST
mv vs Pressure
SBL 12+750 CL, TW10



CONSOLIDATION TEST
k vs Pressure
SBL 12+750 CL, TW10



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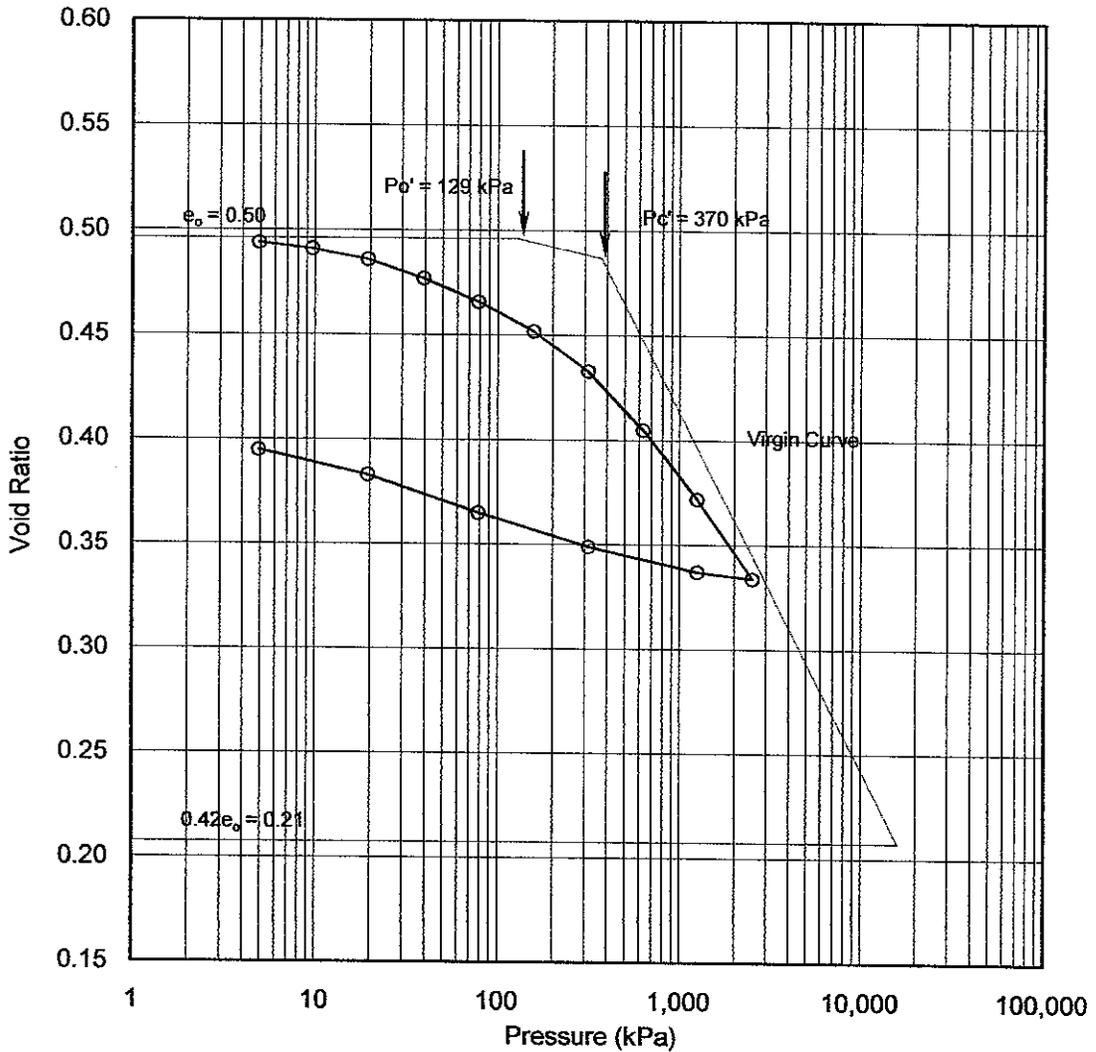
Project No. : 1-09-4135
Date : September 2010



Terraprobe Inc.

Prepared By : HW
Checked By : RA

CONSOLIDATION TEST
e vs Pressure
SBL 12+750 CL, TW10



Soil Type : Silty Clay

$e_o =$	0.50	$\omega_L =$	25%	$P_{o'} =$	129 kPa
$\omega =$	19%	$\omega_P =$	15%	$P_{c'} =$	370 kPa
$\gamma =$	21.1 kN/m ³	PI =	10%	Cc =	0.171
Gs =	2.70			Cr =	0.020

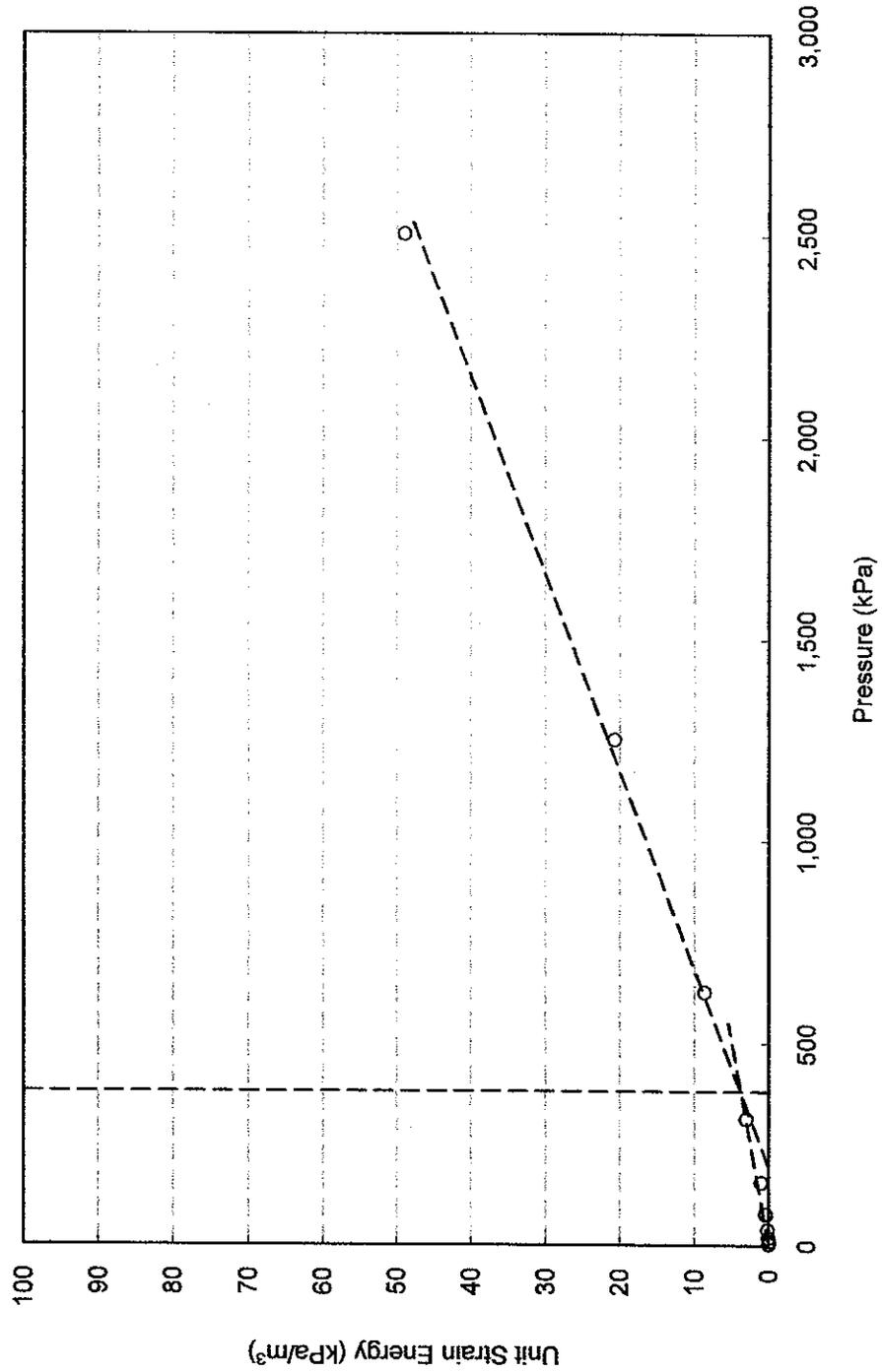
Project No. : 1-09-4135
Date : September 2010



Terraprobe Inc.

Prepared By : HW
Checked By : RA

CONSOLIDATION TEST
 Unit Strain Energy vs Pressure
 SBL 12+750 CL, TW10



Pc = 380 kPa

C:\Documents and Settings\Hong\My Documents\Project 2009\1-09-4135 - HWY 406 Foundations\Bridges\1-09-4135 Consolidation Results-WS.xls

Project No. : 1-09-4135

Date : September 2010



Terraprobe Inc.

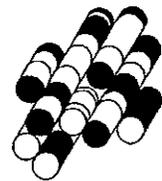
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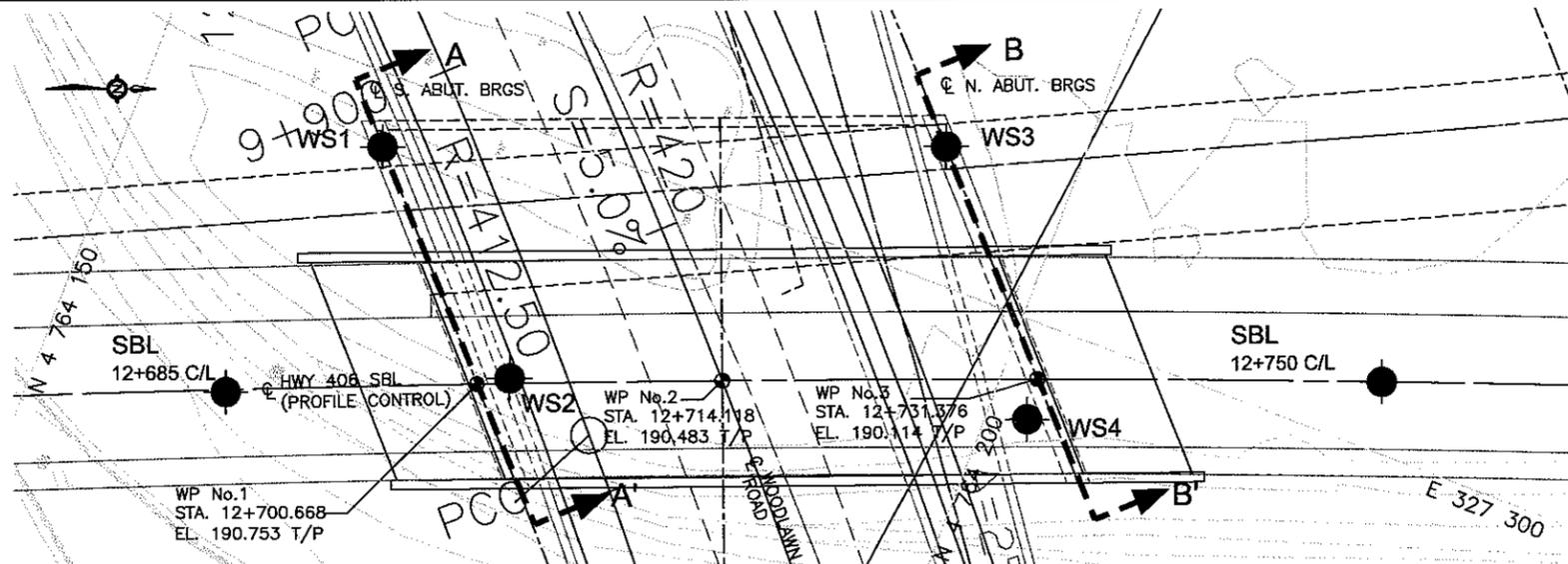
Checked By : RA

APPENDIX C

**Drawings titled “Borehole
Locations and Soil Strata”**

Terraprobe Inc.





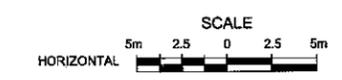
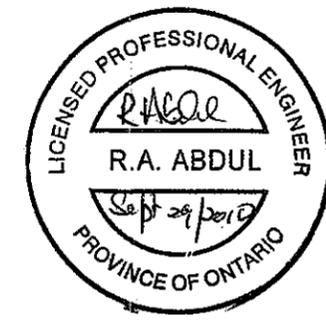
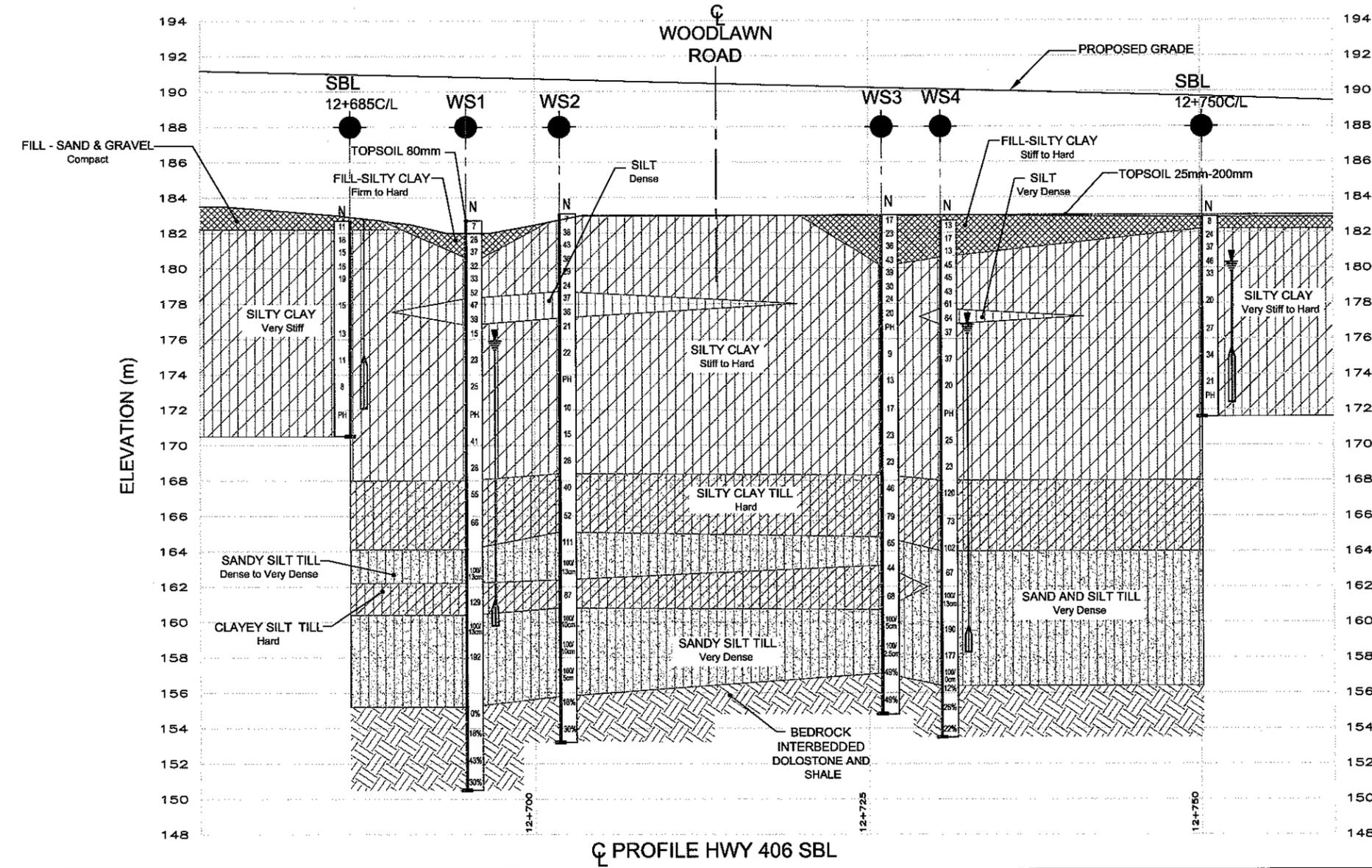
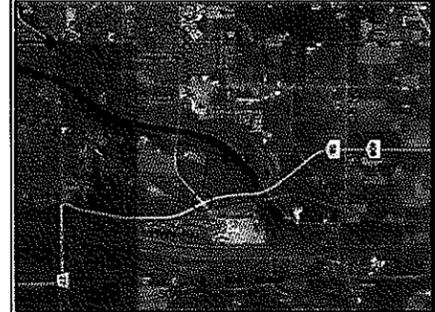
METRIC
DIMENSIONS ARE IN METRES
AND/OR MILLIMETERS
UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN

CONT No
WP No 280-99-00

HIGHWAY 406
HIGHWAY 406 SBL
WOODLAWN ROAD OVERPASS
BOREHOLE LOCATIONS AND SOIL STRATA

SHEET
1 OF

Giffels Associates Limited
Consulting Engineers and Architects
An IBI Group Company



KEY PLAN

LEGEND

- Bore Hole
- ⊕ Dynamic Cone Penetration Test
- ⊙ Bore Hole And Cone
- 'N' Blows/0.3m (Std Pen Test, 475 J/blow)
- CONE Blows/0.3m (60' Cone, 475 J/blow)
- ≡ WL at Time of Investigation
- ⊕ WL in Piezometer (MAY 2010)
- ⊕ Piezometer
- 90% Rock Quality Designation
- A/R Auger Refusal

No	ELEV.	COORDINATES	
		NORTHING	EASTING
WS1	182.7	4 764 163.6	327 303.9
WS2	183.1	4 764 174.7	327 313.4
WS3	183.0	4 764 192.6	327 292.7
WS4	182.7	4 764 202.3	327 305.2
SBL 12+685C/L	182.7	4 764 160.4	327 319.7
SBL 12+750C/L	182.9	4 764 219.9	327 296.2

NOTE

The boundaries between soil strata have been established only at Bore Hole locations. Between Bore Holes the boundaries are assumed from geological evidence.

This drawing is for subsurface information only. Surface details and features are for conceptual illustration.

REVISIONS	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

DESIGN R.A.	CODE CHBDC2006	LOAD	DATE SEPT. 2010
DRAWN K.C.	CHK R.A.	STRUCT 34-463/2	GEODCS 30M3-280

☐ PROFILE HWY 406 SBL

METRIC
DIMENSIONS ARE IN METRES
AND/OR MILLIMETERS
UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN

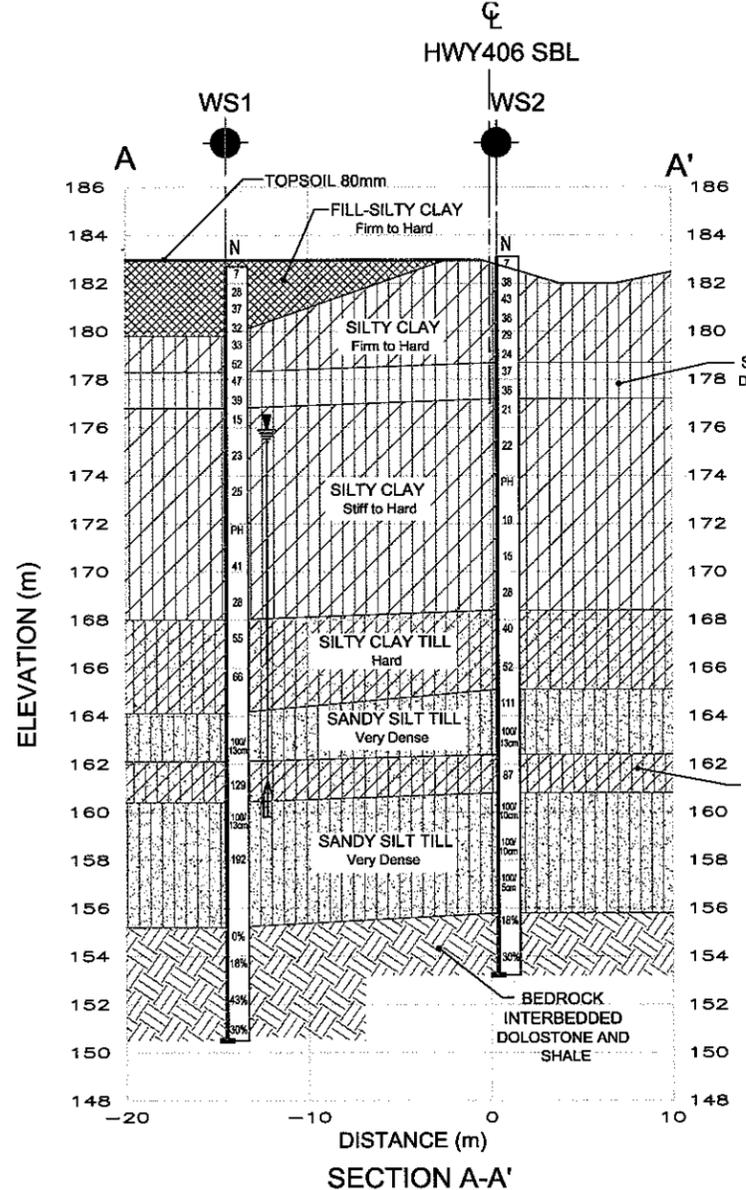
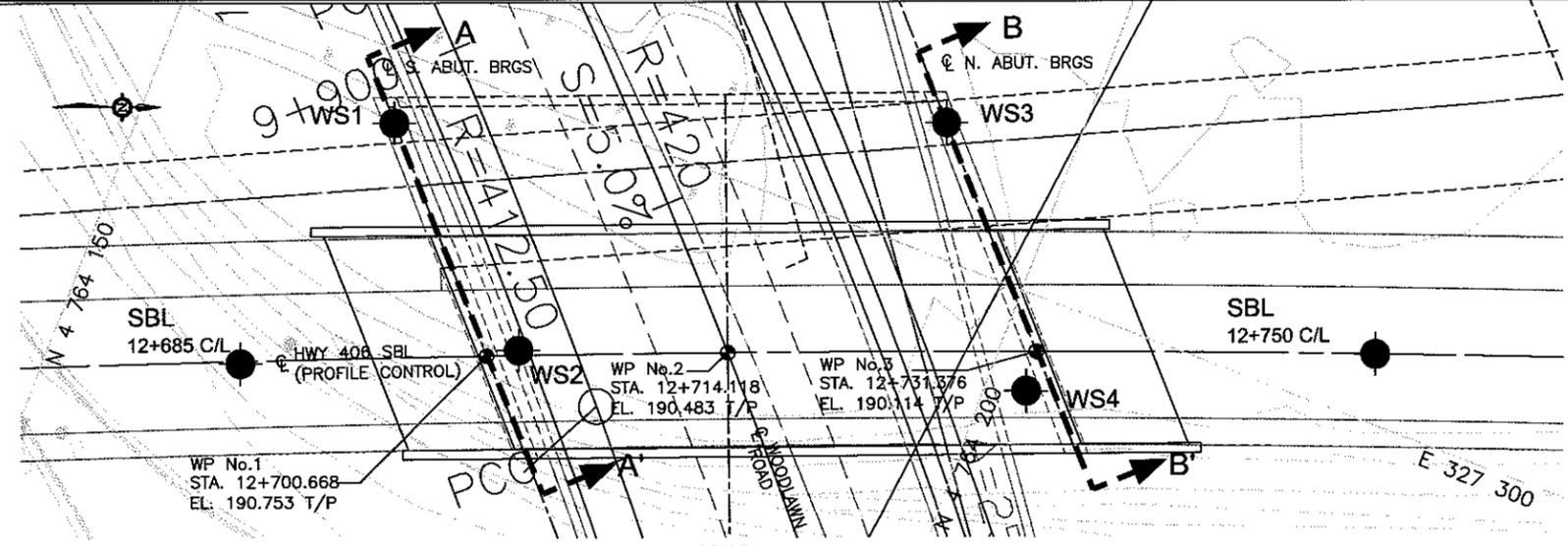
CONT No
WP No 280-99-00



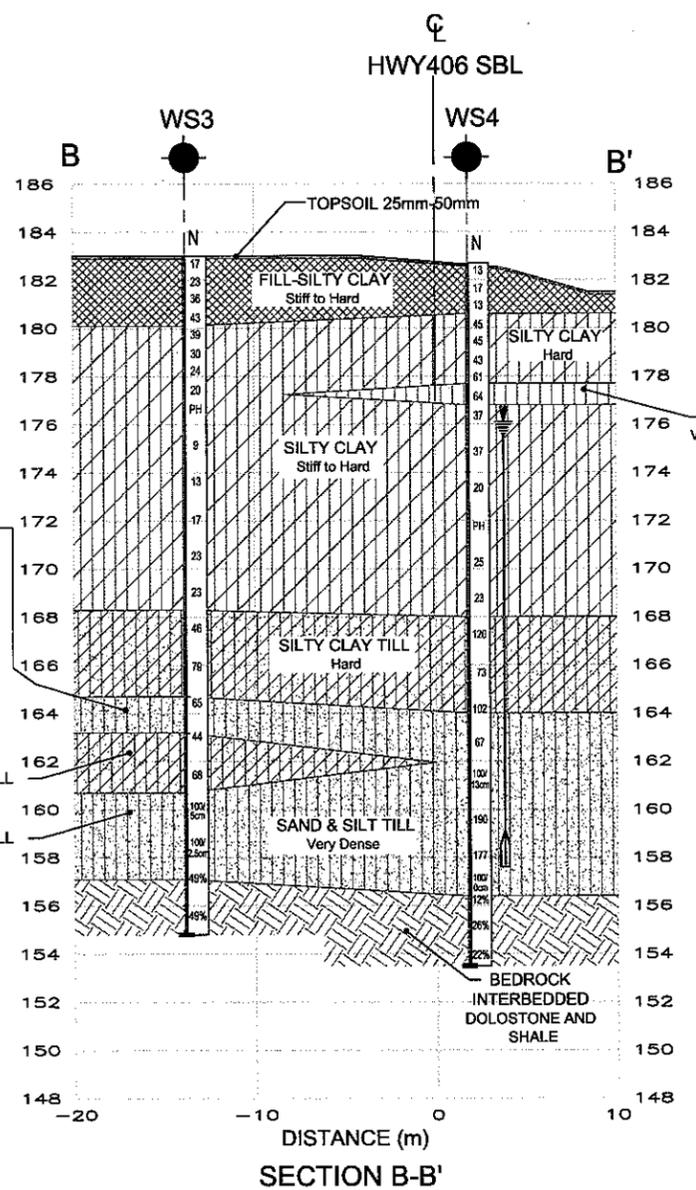
HIGHWAY 406
HIGHWAY 406 SBL
WOODLAWN ROAD OVERPASS
BOREHOLE LOCATIONS AND SOIL STRATA

SHEET
1 OF

Giffels Associates Limited
Consulting Engineers and Architects
An IBI Group Company



PLAN
SCALE
5m 2.5 0 2.5 5m



KEY PLAN

LEGEND

- Bore Hole
- Dynamic Cone Penetration Test
- Bore Hole And Cone
- Blows/0.3m (Std Pen Test, 475 J/blow)
- Blows/0.3m (60° Cone, 475 J/blow)
- WL at Time of Investigation
- WL in Piezometer (MAY 2010)
- Piezometer
- Rock Quality Designation
- Auger Refusal

No	ELEV.	COORDINATES	
		NORTHING	EASTING
WS1	182.7	4 764 163.6	327 303.9
WS2	183.1	4 764 174.7	327 313.4
WS3	183.0	4 764 192.6	327 292.7
WS4	182.7	4 764 202.3	327 305.2
SBL 12+685C/L	182.7	4 764 160.4	327 319.7
SBL 12+750C/L	182.9	4 764 219.9	327 296.2

NOTE
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This drawing is for subsurface information only. Surface details and features are for conceptual illustration.

REVISIONS	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION
DESIGN	RA	CODE	CHBDC2006
DRAWN	K.C.	CHK	RA
		STRUCT	34-483/2
		DATE	SEPT. 2010
		GEODCS	30M3-280